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GATE 2012: Computer Science And Information Technology

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Maximum Marks: 100

Read the following instructions carefully.

Duration: Three Hours

- 1. Do not open the seal of the Question Booklet until you are asked to do so by the invigilator.
- Take out the Optical Response Sheet (ORS) from this Question Booklet without breaking the seal
 and read the instructions printed on the ORS carefully. If you find that the Question Booklet Code
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 exchange the booklet immediately with a new sealed Question Booklet.
- 3. On the right half of the ORS, using ONLY a black ink ball point pen, (i) darken the bubble corresponding to your test paper code and the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and (ii) write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre and put your signature at the specified location.
- 4. This Question Booklet contains 20 pages including blank pages for rough work. After you are permitted to open the seal, please check all pages and report discrepancies, if any, to the invigilator.
- 5. There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks. All these questions are of objective type. Each question has only one correct answer. Questions must be answered on the left hand side of the ORS by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using ONLY a black ink ball point pen against the question number. For each question darken the bubble of the correct answer. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as an incorrect response.
- Since bubbles darkened by the black ink ball point pen cannot be erased, candidates should darken the bubbles in the ORS very carefully.
- 7. Questions Q.1 Q.25 carry 1 mark each. Questions Q.26 Q.55 carry 2 marks each. The 2 marks questions include two pairs of common data questions and two pairs of linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is unattempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA) section and carry a total of 15 marks. Questions Q.56 – Q.60 carry 1 mark each, and questions Q.61 – Q.65 carry 2 marks each.
- 9. Unattempted questions will result in zero mark and wrong answers will result in NEGATIVE marks. For all 1 mark questions, ¼ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For all 2 marks questions, ¾ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. However, in the case of the linked answer question pair, there will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question and no negative marks for wrong answer to the second question.
- 10. Calculator is allowed whereas charts, graph sheets or tables are NOT allowed in the examination hall.
- Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Blank pages are provided at the end of the question paper for rough work.
- 12. Before the start of the examination, write your name and registration number in the space provided below using a black ink ball point pen.

Name	S		200	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
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CS-A (1/20

Q. 1 - Q. 25 carry one mark each.

- Q.1 Consider the following logical inferences.
 - I1: If it rains then the cricket match will not be played.

The cricket match was played.

Inference: There was no rain.

I2: If it rains then the cricket match will not be played.

It did not rain.

Inference: The cricket match was played.

Which of the following is TRUE?

- (A) Both I1 and I2 are correct inferences
- (B) I₁ is correct but I₂ is not a correct inference
- (C) I₁ is not correct but I₂ is a correct inference
- (D) Both I1 and I2 are not correct inferences
- Q.2 Which of the following is TRUE?
 - (A) Every relation in 3NF is also in BCNF
 - (B) A relation R is in 3NF if every non-prime attribute of R is fully functionally dependent on every key of R
 - (C) Every relation in BCNF is also in 3NF
 - (D) No relation can be in both BCNF and 3NF
- Q.3 What will be the output of the following C program segment?

```
char inChar = 'A';
switch ( inChar ) {
  case 'A' : printf ("Choice A\ n") ;
  case 'B' :
  case 'C' : printf ("Choice B") ;
  case 'D' :
  case 'E' :
  default : printf ( " No Choice" ) ; }
```

- (A) No Choice
- (B) Choice A
- (C) Choice A

Choice B No Choice

- (D) Program gives no output as it is erroneous
- Q.4 Assuming $P \neq NP$, which of the following is **TRUE**?
 - (A) NP-complete = NP

(B) NP-complete \cap P = \emptyset

(C) NP-hard = NP

- (D) P = NP-complete
- Q.5 The worst case running time to search for an element in a balanced binary search tree with n2ⁿ elements is
 - (A) Θ (n log n)
- (B) Θ (n2ⁿ)
- (C) Θ (n)
- (D) Θ (log n)

CS-A

The truth table

X	Y	f (X, Y)
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	1

represents the Boolean function

- (A) X
- (B) X + Y
- (C) X ⊕ Y
- (D)
- The decimal value 0.5 in IEEE single precision floating point representation has
 - (A) fraction bits of 000...000 and exponent value of 0
 - (B) fraction bits of 000...000 and exponent value of −1
 - (C) fraction bits of 100...000 and exponent value of 0
 - (D) no exact representation
- A process executes the code

fork();

fork();

fork();

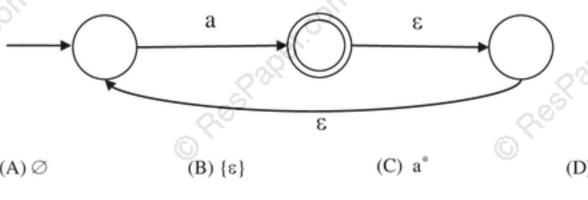
The total number of **child** processes created is

- (A) 3
- (B) 4
- (C) 7
- (D) 8
- Q.9 Consider the function $f(x) = \sin(x)$ in the interval $x \in [\pi/4, 7\pi/4]$. The number and location(s) of the local minima of this function are
 - (A) One, at $\pi/2$
 - (B) One, at $3\pi/2$
 - (C) Two, at π/2 and 3π/2
 - (D) Two, at $\pi/4$ and $3\pi/2$
- Q.10 The protocol data unit (PDU) for the application layer in the Internet stack is
 - (A) Segment
- (B) Datagram
- (C) Message
- (D) Frame
- Let A be the 2 \times 2 matrix with elements $a_{11} = a_{12} = a_{21} = +1$ and $a_{22} = -1$. Then the eigenvalues of the matrix A^{19} are Q.11
 - (A) 1024 and -1024

(B) $1024\sqrt{2}$ and $-1024\sqrt{2}$

(C) $4\sqrt{2}$ and $-4\sqrt{2}$

- (D) $512\sqrt{2}$ and $-512\sqrt{2}$
- Q.12 What is the complement of the language accepted by the NFA shown below? Assume $\Sigma = \{a\}$ and ε is the empty string.



(A) Ø

(C) a*

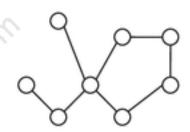
(D) {a, ε}

	as.	coll.	at colf		ar.com
	~00°.				
2	Q.13	What is the correct tro	anslation of the following	ng statement into mathem	CIENCE & INFORMATION TECH. – CS
Q. Q. Y	Q.13	What is the correct the		numbers are rational"	atical logic.
		(A) 7- (1(-)ti			
		(A) $\exists x (real(x) \lor ratio$			
		(B) $\forall x (real(x) \rightarrow ratio (C)) \exists x (real(x)) \land ratio (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C)$			
		(C) $\exists x (real(x) \land ratio$ (D) $\exists x (rational(x) \rightarrow$			OLD.
	3	(b) In (rational(n) -	rem(x))		K.G*
	Q.14	Given the basic ER ar	nd relational models, w	hich of the following is If	NCORRECT?
	3.0.	(A) An attribute of an	entity can have more t	han one value	S. C.
			entity can be composit		
				can have more than one	
		(D) In a row of a relat	tional table, an attribute	can have exactly one val	ue or a NULL value
	Q.15	Which of the following	ng statements are TRU	E about an SQL query?	20
		D : An SOL quary car	n contain a HAVING al	ausa avan if it does not be	wa a CDOUD BY clause
	30°E	Q: An SQL query can R: All attributes used	n contain a HAVING cl I in the GROUP BY cla	ause even if it does not hat ause only if it has a GRO use must appear in the SE clause need to appear in	UP BY clause LECT clause
		(A) P and R	(B) P and S	(C) Q and R	(D) Q and S
	Q.16	The recurrence relation discs is	on capturing the optima	al execution time of the T	owers of Hanoi problem with
	, est	(A) $T(n) = 2T(n-2)$ (C) $T(n) = 2T(n/2) +$		(B) $T(n) = 2T(n-1) + (D) T(n) = 2T(n-1) + (D) T(n$	- n - 1
	Q.17			n 10 vertices with 15 edg bedding of G on the plan	es. If G is a connected graph, e is equal to
		(A) 3	(B) 4	(C) 5	(D) 6
	Q.18			he worst case and avera	ge case running time of an LWAYS TRUE?
		$(A) A(n) = \Omega (W(n))$	70-	(B) $A(n) = \Theta(W(n))$	COL.
	- 3	(C) A(n) = O (W(n))	250	(D) $A(n) = o(W(n))$	35
	Q.19		needed to implement a		2300
	Q.17		- 65°		S
		(A) 64 bits	(B) 128 bits	(C) 1 Kbits	(D) 2 Kbits
	Q.20	Register renaming is	done in pipelined proce	ssors	
	, get			*	Cale of Colf
	Q.21		ariable X that takes valuation function $F(x)$ at x		bility 0.5 each. The values of
		(A) 0 and 0.5	(B) 0 and 1	(C) 0.5 and 1	(D) 0.25 and 0.75

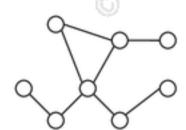
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esper.						
Q.22	Which of the fo	ollowing transport layer	r protocols is used		CIENCE & INFORMATION T ectronic mail?	ECH. – CS
© (7.6)	(A) SMTP	(B) IP	(C) TCP	11 (0)	(D) UDP	
Q.23	In the IPv4 add	ressing format, the nur	nber of networks a	llowed under	Class C addresses is	
	(A) 2 ¹⁴	(B) 2^7	(C) 2 ²¹		(D) 2 ²⁴	
Q.24	Which of the fo	ollowing problems are	decidable?		at. O	
© Flags Park	1) 2) 3) 4)	Does a given program If L is a context-free l If L is a regular langu If L is a recursive languer	anguage, then, is \overline{L} age, then, is \overline{L} also	also contex o regular?		
Q.25	(A) 1, 2, 3, 4 Given the language (A)	(B) 1, 2 lage L = {ab, aa, baa} abaabaaabaa aaaabaaaa	(C) 2, 3, which of the follo	wing strings	930°	
O Cray	3)	baaaaabaaaab		© <<		
O Res Paper	(A) 1, 2 and 3 (C) 1, 2 and 4	o Free France	(B) 2, 3 (D) 1, 3		SEL SUEL COLL	
O CLOSE Y		© Crack		© <<		

Q. 26 to Q. 55 carry two marks each.

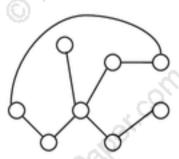
Q.26 Which of the following graphs is isomorphic to



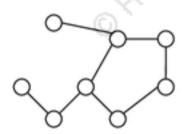
(A)



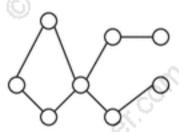
(B)



(C)



(D)



Q.27 Consider the following transactions with data items P and Q initialized to zero:

```
T1:read (P);
  read (Q);
  if P = O then Q := Q + 1;
  write (Q).

T2:read (Q);
  read (P);
  if Q = O then P := P + 1;
  write (P).
```

Any non-serial interleaving of T₁ and T₂ for concurrent execution leads to

- (A) a serializable schedule
- (B) a schedule that is not conflict serializable
- (C) a conflict serializable schedule
- (D) a schedule for which a precedence graph cannot be drawn
- Q.28 The bisection method is applied to compute a zero of the function $f(x) = x^4 x^3 x^2 4$ in the interval [1,9]. The method converges to a solution after ______ iterations.
 - (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 5
- (D) 7
- Q.29 Let G be a weighted graph with edge weights greater than one and G' be the graph constructed by squaring the weights of edges in G. Let T and T' be the minimum spanning trees of G and G', respectively, with total weights t and t'. Which of the following statements is TRUE?
 - (A) T' = T with total weight $t' = t^2$
 - (B) T' = T with total weight $t' < t^2$
 - (C) $T' \neq T$ but total weight $t' = t^2$
 - (D) None of the above

CS-A

Q.30 What is the minimal form of the Karnaugh map shown below? Assume that X denotes a don't care term.

cd ^{ab}	90	01	11	10
00	1	X	x	0.1
01	X	- 05	gi.	1
11	0	8 X V		
10	Q`			X

- $(A) \overline{b} \overline{d}$
- (B) $\bar{b}\bar{d} + \bar{b}\bar{c}$
- (C) $\overline{b}\overline{d} + a\overline{b}\overline{c}d$
- (D) $\overline{bd} + \overline{bc} + \overline{cd}$
- Q.31 Consider the 3 processes, P1, P2 and P3 shown in the table.

Process	Arrival time	Time Units Required
P1	0	5
P2	1	7 (0)
P3	3	4

The completion order of the 3 processes under the policies FCFS and RR2 (round robin scheduling with CPU quantum of 2 time units) are

- (A) FCFS: P1, P2, P3 RR2: P1, P2, P3
- (B) FCFS: P1, P3, P2 RR2: P1, P3, P2
- (C) FCFS: P1, P2, P3 RR2: P1, P3, P2
- (D) FCFS: P1, P3, P2 RR2: P1, P2, P3
- Q.32 Fetch_And_Add(X,i) is an atomic Read-Modify-Write instruction that reads the value of memory location X, increments it by the value i, and returns the old value of X. It is used in the pseudocode shown below to implement a busy-wait lock. L is an unsigned integer shared variable initialized to 0. The value of 0 corresponds to lock being available, while any non-zero value corresponds to the lock being not available.

This implementation

- (A) fails as L can overflow
- (B) fails as L can take on a non-zero value when the lock is actually available
- (C) works correctly but may starve some processes
- (D) works correctly without starvation
- Q.33 Suppose a fair six-sided die is rolled once. If the value on the die is 1, 2, or 3, the die is rolled a second time. What is the probability that the sum total of values that turn up is at least 6?
 - (A) 10/21
- (B) 5/12
- (C) 2/3
- (D) 1/6

- Q.34 An Internet Service Provider (ISP) has the following chunk of CIDR-based IP addresses available with it: 245.248.128.0/20. The ISP wants to give half of this chunk of addresses to Organization A, and a quarter to Organization B, while retaining the remaining with itself. Which of the following is a valid allocation of addresses to A and B?
 - (A) 245.248.136.0/21 and 245.248.128.0/22
 - (B) 245.248.128.0/21 and 245.248.128.0/22
 - (C) 245.248.132.0/22 and 245.248.132.0/21
 - (D) 245.248.136.0/24 and 245.248.132.0/21
- Q.35 Suppose a circular queue of capacity (n -1) elements is implemented with an array of n elements. Assume that the insertion and deletion operations are carried out using REAR and FRONT as array index variables, respectively. Initially, REAR = FRONT = 0. The conditions to detect queue full and queue empty are
 - (A) full: (REAR+1) mod n == FRONT empty: REAR == FRONT
 - (C) full: REAR == FRONT empty: (REAR+1) mod n == FRONT
- (B) full: (REAR+1) mod n == FRONT empty: (FRONT+1) mod n == REAR
- (D) full: (FRONT+1) mod n == REAR empty: REAR == FRONT

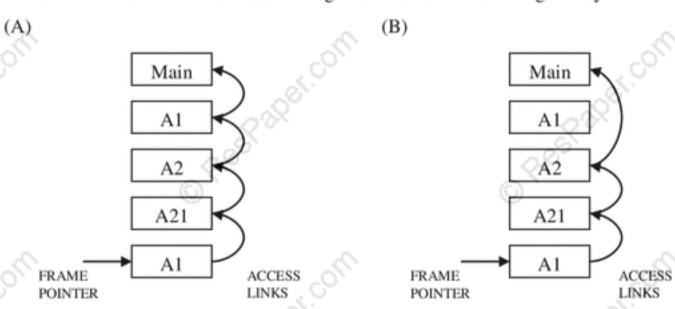
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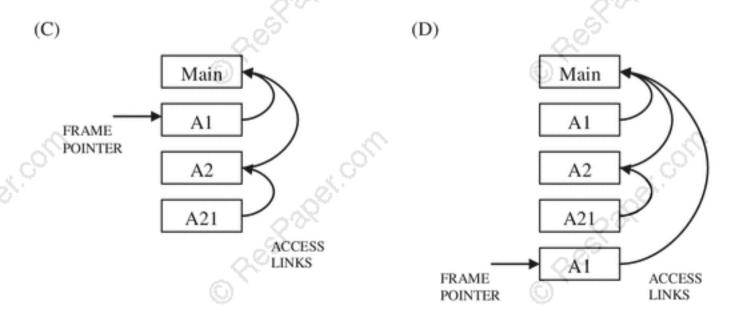
Q.36 Consider the program given below, in a block-structured pseudo-language with lexical scoping and nesting of procedures permitted.

```
Program main;
   Var ...
   Procedure A1;
      Var ...
      Call A2;
   End A1
   Procedure A2;
      Var ...
      Procedure A21
         Var ...
         Call A1;
      End A21
      Call A21;
   End A2
   Call A1:
End main.
```

Consider the calling chain: Main \rightarrow A1 \rightarrow A2 \rightarrow A21 \rightarrow A1

The correct set of activation records along with their access links is given by





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Q.37 How many onto (or surjective) functions are there from an n-element $(n \ge 2)$ set to a 2-element set?

- (A) 2^{n}
- (B) $2^n 1$
- (C) $2^n 2$
- (D) $2(2^n-2)$

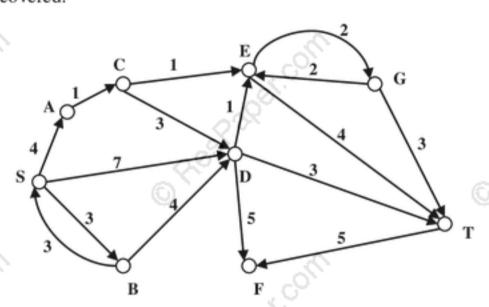
Q.38 Let G be a complete undirected graph on 6 vertices. If vertices of G are labeled, then the number of distinct cycles of length 4 in G is equal to

- (A) 15
- (B) 30
- (C) 90
- (D) 360

Q.39 A list of n strings, each of length n, is sorted into lexicographic order using the merge-sort algorithm. The worst case running time of this computation is

- (A) O (n log n)
- (B) O (n² log n)
- (C) O $(n^2 + \log n)$
- (D) O (n²)

Q.40 Consider the directed graph shown in the figure below. There are multiple shortest paths between vertices S and T. Which one will be reported by Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm? Assume that, in any iteration, the shortest path to a vertex v is updated only when a strictly shorter path to v is discovered.



- (A) SDT
- (B) SBDT
- (C) SACDT
- (D) SACET

Q.41 A file system with 300 GByte disk uses a file descriptor with 8 direct block addresses, 1 indirect block address and 1 doubly indirect block address. The size of each disk block is 128 Bytes and the size of each disk block address is 8 Bytes. The maximum possible file size in this file system is

- (A) 3 KBytes
- (B) 35 KBytes
- (C) 280 KBytes
- (D) dependent on the size of the disk

Q.42 Consider the virtual page reference string

on a demand paged virtual memory system running on a computer system that has main memory size of 3 page frames which are initially empty. Let LRU, FIFO and OPTIMAL denote the number of page faults under the corresponding page replacement policy. Then

- (A) OPTIMAL < LRU < FIFO
- (B) OPTIMAL < FIFO < LRU

(C) OPTIMAL = LRU

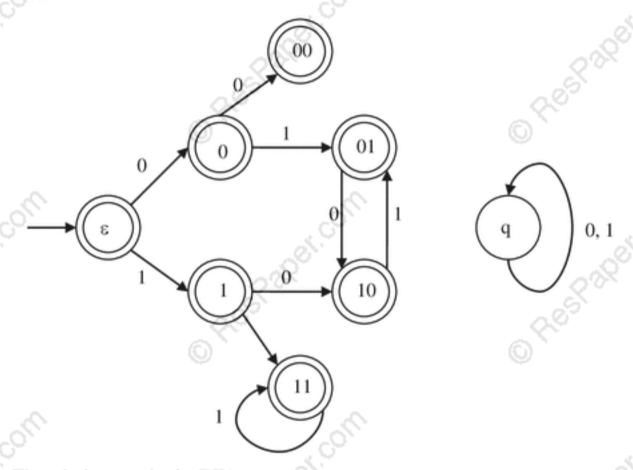
(D) OPTIMAL = FIFO

Q.43 Suppose R₁(A, B) and R₂(C, D) are two relation schemas. Let r₁ and r₂ be the corresponding relation instances. B is a foreign key that refers to C in R₂. If data in r₁ and r₂ satisfy referential integrity constraints, which of the following is **ALWAYS TRUE**?

- (A) $\prod_{B}(\mathbf{r}_1) \prod_{C}(\mathbf{r}_2) = \emptyset$
- (B) $\prod_{C}(r_2) \prod_{B}(r_1) = \emptyset$
- (C) $\prod_{B}(r_1) = \prod_{C}(r_2)$
- (D) ∏_B(r₁) − ∏_C(r₂) ≠ Ø

CS-A

- Q.44 Consider a source computer (S) transmitting a file of size 10⁶ bits to a destination computer (D) over a network of two routers (R₁ and R₂) and three links (L₁, L₂, and L₃). L₁ connects S to R₁; L₂ connects R₁ to R₂; and L₃ connects R₂ to D. Let each link be of length 100 km. Assume signals travel over each link at a speed of 10⁸ meters per second. Assume that the link bandwidth on each link is 1Mbps. Let the file be broken down into 1000 packets each of size 1000 bits. Find the total sum of transmission and propagation delays in transmitting the file from S to D?
 - (A) 1005 ms
- (B) 1010 ms
- (C) 3000 ms
- (D) 3003 ms
- Q.45 Consider an instance of TCP's Additive Increase Multiplicative Decrease (AIMD) algorithm where the window size at the start of the slow start phase is 2 MSS and the threshold at the start of the first transmission is 8 MSS. Assume that a timeout occurs during the fifth transmission. Find the congestion window size at the end of the tenth transmission.
 - (A) 8 MSS
- (B) 14 MSS
- (C) 7 MSS
- (D) 12 MSS
- Q.46 Consider the set of strings on {0,1} in which, every substring of 3 symbols has at most two zeros. For example, 001110 and 011001 are in the language, but 100010 is not. All strings of length less than 3 are also in the language. A partially completed DFA that accepts this language is shown below.



The missing arcs in the DFA are

(A)

	00	01	10	11	q
00	1	0 🔘			
01				1	
10	0				
A1			0		4

(B)

	00	01	10	11	q
00	0	0			1
01		1			
10				0	
11		0	2		

(C)

	00	01	100	11	q
00		1	200		0
01		1 _	. (
10			0		
11		0			

(D)

	00	01	10	11	q
00		्री	-		0
01	~<			1	
10	0				:
11			0		

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Q.47 The height of a tree is defined as the number of edges on the longest path in the tree. The function shown in the pseudocode below is invoked as height(root) to compute the height of a binary tree rooted at the tree pointer root.

The appropriate expressions for the two boxes B1 and B2 are

- (A) B1: (1+height(n → right))B2: (1+max(h1, h2))
- (B) B1: (height(n → right)) B2: (1+max(h1,h2))

(C) B1: height(n → right)
B2: max(h1, h2)

(D) B1: (1+ height(n → right))B2: max(h1, h2)

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Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

Consider the following C code segment.

```
int a, b, c = 0;
void prtFun(void);
main()
                                        Line 1 */
    static int a = 1;
   prtFun();
   a += 1;
   prtFun( );
   printf(" \n %d %d ", a, b);
}
void prtFun(void)
    static int a = 2;
    int b = 1;
   a += ++b;
   printf(" \n %d %d
}
```

Q.48 What output will be generated by the given code segment?

Q.49 What output will be generated by the given code segment if:

Line 1 is replaced by auto int a = 1; Line 2 is replaced by register int a = 2;

```
(A) (B) (C) (D)

3 1 4 2 4 2 4 2
4 1 6 1 6 2 4 2
4 2 4 2
4 2 0 2 0
```

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Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

Consider the following relations A, B and C:

Id	Name	Age
12	Arun	60
15	Shreya	24
99	Rohit	11

	В	
Id	Name	Age
15	Shreya	24
25	Hari	40
98	Rohit	20
99	Rohit	11

Id	Phone	Area	
10	2200	02	
99	2100	01	

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Q.50 How many tuples does the result of the following relational algebra expression contain? Assume that the schema of A∪B is the same as that of A.

$$(A \cup B) \bowtie A.Id > 40 \lor C.Id < 15 C$$

- (A) 7
- (B) 4
- (C) 5
- (D) 9

Q.51 How many tuples does the result of the following SQL query contain?

SELECT A.Id

FROM A

WHERE A.Age > ALL (SELECT B.Age

FROM B

WHERE B.Name = 'Arun')

- (A) 4
- (B) :
- (C) 0
- (D) 1

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Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

For the grammar below, a partial LL(1) parsing table is also presented along with the grammar. Entries that need to be filled are indicated as E1, E2, and E3. \(\varepsilon\) is the empty string, \(\varepsilon\) indicates end of input, and, \(\varepsilon\) separates alternate right hand sides of productions.

	a	(i) b	\$
S	E1	E2	S → ε
A	$A \rightarrow S$	$A \rightarrow S$	error
В	$B \rightarrow S$	$B \rightarrow S$	E3

- Q.52 The FIRST and FOLLOW sets for the non-terminals A and B are
 - (A) $FIRST(A) = \{a, b, \epsilon\} = FIRST(B)$ $FOLLOW(A) = \{a, b\}$ $FOLLOW(B) = \{a, b, \$\}$
- (B) FIRST(A) = {a, b, \$} FIRST(B) = {a, b, ε} FOLLOW(A) = {a, b} FOLLOW(B) = {\$}
- (C) $FIRST(A) = \{a, b, \epsilon\} = FIRST(B)$ $FOLLOW(A) = \{a, b\}$ $FOLLOW(B) = \emptyset$
- (D) FIRST(A) = {a, b} = FIRST(B) FOLLOW(A) = {a, b} FOLLOW(B) = {a, b}
- Q.53 The appropriate entries for E1, E2, and E3 are
 - (A) E1: $S \rightarrow aAbB$, $A \rightarrow S$ E2: $S \rightarrow bAaB$, $B \rightarrow S$ E3: $B \rightarrow S$
- (B) E1: S \rightarrow aAbB, S \rightarrow ϵ E2: S \rightarrow bAaB, S \rightarrow ϵ E3: S \rightarrow ϵ

(C) E1: S \rightarrow aAbB, S \rightarrow ϵ E2: S \rightarrow bAaB, S \rightarrow ϵ E3: B \rightarrow S (D) E1: A \rightarrow S, S \rightarrow ϵ E2: B \rightarrow S, S \rightarrow ϵ E3: B \rightarrow S

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

A computer has a 256 KByte, 4-way set associative, write back data cache with block size of 32 Bytes. The processor sends 32 bit addresses to the cache controller. Each cache tag directory entry contains, in addition to address tag, 2 valid bits, 1 modified bit and 1 replacement bit.

- Q.54 The number of bits in the tag field of an address is
 - (A) 11
- (B) 14
- (C) 16
- (D) 27

- Q.55 The size of the cache tag directory is
 - (A) 160 Kbits
- (B) 136 Kbits
- (C) 40 Kbits
- (D) 32 Kbits

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General Aptitude (GA) Ques	tions
Q. 56 - Q. 60 carry one mark	each.

	-							
Q.56	firm can sell the pr	-	of \$ 50 per unit. The r	is the amount of production. The number of units to be produced by				
96 _{67.}	(A) 5	(B) 10	(C) 15	(D) 25				
Q.57	Choose the most appropriate alternative from the options given below to complete the following sentence:							
	Despite several	the mission so	ucceeded in its attemp	t to resolve the conflict.				
	(A) attempts	(B) setbacks	(C) meetings	(D) delegations				
Q.58	Q.58 Which one of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below?							
360.	Mitigate			3200				
	(A) Diminish	(B) Divulge	(C) Dedicate	(D) Denote				
Q.59	Choose the gramm	atically INCORRECT	sentence:					
nei.	(B) This country's (C) The committee sum.	he money back less the expenditure is not less to initially asked for a full expenditure on education	han that of Bangladesh. Inding of Fifty Lakh ru	pees, but later settled for a lesser				
Q.60	Choose the most a sentence:	appropriate alternative f	from the options given	below to complete the following				
	Suresh's dog is th	e one was h	urt in the stampede.					
	(A) that	(B) which	(C) who	(D) whom				
615	Q. 65 carry two	marks each		, coll				
.0				Con.				
Q.61	interviews to coll	Interviewer to conduct personal nts: High School-pass, must be n paid, expenses reimbursed.						
	Which one of the following is the best inference from the above advertisement?							
ogi.	(A) Gender-discrin(B) Xenophobic(C) Not designed to(D) Not gender-dis	o make the post attractive	ve	ADEL COLL				
Q.62	A political party orders an arch for the entrance to the ground in which the annual convention is being held. The profile of the arch follows the equation $y = 2x - 0.1x^2$ where y is the height of the arch in meters. The maximum possible height of the arch is							
	(A) 8 meters	(B) 10 meters	(C) 12 meters	(D) 14 meters				

Q.63 An automobile plant contracted to buy shock absorbers from two suppliers X and Y. X supplies 60% and Y supplies 40% of the shock absorbers. All shock absorbers are subjected to a quality test. The ones that pass the quality test are considered reliable. Of X's shock absorbers, 96% are reliable. Of Y's shock absorbers, 72% are reliable.

The probability that a randomly chosen shock absorber, which is found to be reliable, is made by Y is

- (A) 0.288
- (B) 0.334
- (C) 0.667
- (D) 0.720

- Q.64 Which of the following assertions are CORRECT?
 - P: Adding 7 to each entry in a list adds 7 to the mean of the list
 - Q: Adding 7 to each entry in a list adds 7 to the standard deviation of the list
 - R: Doubling each entry in a list doubles the mean of the list
 - S: Doubling each entry in a list leaves the standard deviation of the list unchanged
 - (A) P, Q
- (B) Q, R
- (C) P, R
- (D) R, S
- Q.65 Given the sequence of terms, AD CG FK JP, the next term is
 - (A) OV
- (B) OW
- (C) PV
- (D) PW

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Space for Rough Work

CS-A 18/20

Space for Rough Work

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Space for Rough Work

CS-A 20/20