CET - CHEMISTRY - 2013

VERSION CODE: B – 1

- IUPAC name of $\rm H_3C$ — $\rm CH$ — $\rm CH_2$ — $\rm CH$ — $\rm CH_3$ is OH COOH
 - (1) 4-hydroxy 1 methyl pentanoic acid
- (2) 4-hydroxy 2 methyl pentanoic acid
- (3) 2-hydroxy 4 methyl pentanoic acid
- (4) 2-hydroxy 2 methyl pentanoic acid

Ans: (2)

- Alkali metals have negative reduction potential and hence they behave as
 - (1) Oxidising agents (2) Lewis bases
- (3) Reducing agents
- (4) Electrolytes

Ans: (3)

- Which of the following gases has the highest value of RMS velocity at 298 K?
 - (1) CH₄
- (2) CO

(3) Cl_2

 $(4) CO_2$

Ans: (1)

- Cycloalkane formed when 1, 4-dibromopentane is heated with Sodium is
 - (1) Methyl cyclobutane

(2) Cyclopentane

(3) Cyclobutane

(4) Methyl cyclopentane

Ans: (2)

- In the reaction, $2\text{FeSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2$ (SO₄)₃ + $2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the oxidizing agent is
 - (1) FeSO₄

(2) H_2SO_4

(3) H_2O_2

(4) Both H₂SO₄ and H₂O₂

Ans: (3)

- Given Thermochemical equation, $2H_{2(q)} + O_{2(q)} \rightarrow 2H_{2}O_{(\ell)}$; $\Delta H = -571.6$ kJ. Heat of decomposition of water is
 - (1) -571.6 kJ
- (2) + 571.6 kJ
- (3) -1143.2 kJ
- (4) + 285.8 kJ

Ans: (4)

- In Buna-S, the symbol "Bu" stands for
 - (1) 1-Butene
- (2) n-Butene
- (3) 2-Butene
- (4) Butadiene

Ans: (4)

- The electronic configuration of Cu²⁺ ion is

 - (1) [Ar] $3d^8 4s^1$ (2) [Ar] $3d^9 4s^0$
- (3) [Ar] $3d^7 4s^2$
- (4) [Ar] $3d^8 4s^0$

Ans: (2)

- The yield of the products in the reaction, $A_{2(g)} + 2B_{(g)} = C_{(g)} + Q$. kJ would be higher at
 - (1) High temperature and high pressure
- (2) High temperature and low pressure
- (3) Low temperature and high pressure (4) Low temperature and low pressure

Ans: (3)

10.	Mesomeric effect involved	ves		
	(1) delocalisation of π	- electrons	(2) delocalisation of σ -	electrons
	(3) partial displacemen	nt of electrons	(4) delocalisation of π a	and σ electrons
Ans	: (1)			
		ving sets of ions repres	ents the collection of isc	
	(1) K^+ , CI^- , Mg^{2+} , Sc^{3+}		(2) Na $^+$, Ca $^{2+}$, Sc $^{3+}$, F $^-$	
	(3) K^+ , Ca^{2+} , Sc^{3+} , CI^-		(4) Na ⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , Al ³⁺ , Cl ⁻²	_
Ans	: (3)			
12.	Adsorption theory is ap			
	(1) Homogeneous cata	llysis	(2) Heterogeneous cata	alysis
_	(3) Autocatalysis		(4) Induced catalysis	
Ans	: (2)			
4.0				
13. Methane can be converted into Ethane by the reactions				
		ed by the reaction with		
		ed by the reaction with	aqueous KOH	
	(3) Chlorination follows			
A mag	(4) Chlorination follows	ed by decarboxylation		
Ans	. (3)			
11	Intramolecular Hydrog	en bonding is formed ir		
14.		(2) Salicyladehyde	(3) NH ₃	(4) Benzophenone
Ans		(2) Salicyladerlyde	(3) 14113	(4) Delizophenone
AII3	. (2)			
15	If 50% of the reactant	is converted into a pro	nduct in a first order rea	ction in 25 minutes, how
	much of it would react		radot in a mot order rea	ottori iri 20 minates, nev
	(1) 93.75%	(2) 87.5%	(3) 75%	(4) 100%
Ans	: (1)			
16.	The number of optical	isomers of the compou	nd CH ₃ – CHBr – CHBr –	- COOH is
	(1) 0	(2) 1	(3) 3	(4) 4
Ans	: (4)			
17.	When limestone is hea	ted, CO ₂ is given off. TI	he metallurgical operation	on is
	(1) Smelting	(2) Reduction	(3) Calcination	(4) Roasting
Ans	: (3)			
18.		creases with rise in tem		
	(1) increase in number of activated molecules			
	(2) increase in energy	of activation		
	(3) decrease in energy			
		nber of effective collision	ons	
Ans	: (1, 3 & 4)			

19.	(1) they do not contain	per imposable mirror im e of symmetry		
Ans	: (3)			
	When formic acid is he (1) only CO ₂ (3) a mixture of 'CO' a: (2)		H_2SO_4 , the gas evolved (2) only 'CO' (4) a mixture of 'SO ₂ ' a	
	Temperature coefficiengo of the rate of reaction (1) 60 times (2)		When temperature is (3) 150 times	increased from 30°C to (4) 400 times
	Conversion of benzene (1) Wurtz reaction (3) Friedel Crafts alky : (4)	e to acetophenone can lation	oe brought by (2) Wurtz-Fittig's react (4) Friedel Crafts acyla	
	Excess of PCI ₅ reacts (1) Chlorosulphuric ac (3) Sulphury chloride : (3)	with concentrated H₂SO. id	4 giving (2) Sulphurous acid (4) Thionyl chloride	
	An example for a neut (1) Ammonium hydro: (2) Acetic acid and So (3) Acetic acid and An (4) Citric acid and So (3): (3)	xide and Ammonium ch dium acetate nmonium hydroxide	loride	
	Least energetic confor (1) Chain conformatio (3) Cis conformation : (1)	rmation of cyclohexane n	is (2) Boat conformation (4) E-z form	
	Which of the following (1) Ar : (4)	is employed in flash tu (2) Ne	bes in photograph? (3) Kr	(4) Xe
	Conjugate base of H ₂ F (1) HPO ⁻ ₄ : (2)	PO_{4}^{-} is (2) HPO ₄ ²⁻	(3) H ₃ PO ₄	(4) PO ³⁻

3. An alkyl bromide (X) reacts with Sodium in ether to form 4, 5-diethyl octane, the compound 'X' is					
(1) CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ Br	(2) $CH_3(CH_2)_5Br$				
(3) CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ CH(Br)CH ₃ Ans: (4)	(4) $CH_3 - (CH_2)_2 - CH$	(Br) - CH2 - CH3			
29. Which one of the following shows highest ma	_	(A) NU2+			
(1) Fe ²⁺ (2) CO ²⁺ Ans: (1)	(3) Cr ³⁺	(4) Ni ²⁺			
30. The emf of a galvanic cell constituted with th $Fe^{2+} Fe(-0.41V)$ is	30. The emf of a galvanic cell constituted with the electrodes Zn^{2+} Zn (-0.76 V) and Fe^{2+} Fe(-0.41V) is				
(1) -0.35 V (2) +1.17 V	(3) +0.35 V	(4) -1.17 V			
Ans: (3)					
31. Which of the following pairs are correctly n	natched?				
Reactants Products					
I. RX + AgOH _(aq) RH					
$ \begin{array}{c ccc} II. & RX + AgCN_{(alco)} & RNC \\ III. & RX + KCN_{(alco)} & RNC \\ \end{array} $					
IV. RX + Na _(ether) R-R					
1) I alone 2) I and II Ans: (4)	3) II and III	4) II and IV			
	aic number the parama	anoticm			
32. In a transition series, with increase in atom1) increases gradually	lic-number, the parama	ignetism			
2) decreases gradually3) first increases to a maximum and then of	decreases				
4) first decreases to a minimum and then i					
Ans: (3)					
33. Identify a species which is 'NOT' a Bronster 1) BF ₃ 2) H ₃ ⁺ O		4) HCI			
Ans: (1)	3) NH ₃	4) 1101			
34. The compound formed when calcium acetate and calcium formate is dray distilled.					
1) Acetone 2) Acetaldehyde	3) Benzaldehyde	4) Acetophenone			
Ans: (2)					
 35. d²sp³ hybridisation of the atomic orbitals g 1) Square planar structure 					
3) Tetrahedral structure	4) Octahedral struct				
Ans: (4)					
36. The pH of 10 ⁻⁸ M HCl solution is	2) M	4) Clinkii			
1) 8 2) 6.9586 Ans: (2)	3) More than 8	4) Slightly more than 7			
37. Which of the following is strongly acidic?					
1) Phenol 2) o-cresol	3) p-nitrophenol	4) p-cresol			
Ans: (3)					

38.	A group of atoms can function as a ligand only when				
	1) it is a small molecule3) it is a negatively charged ion	2) it has an unshared electron pair4) it is a positively charge ion			
Ans:		, , ,			
39.	Which of the following is 'NOT' a colligative property? 1) Elevation in boiling point 2) Depression in freezing point				
_	3) Osmotic pressure	4) Lowering of vapour pressure			
Ans:	(4)				
40.	Acetone and Propanal are 1) Functional isomers	2) Position isomers			
Ans:	3) Geometrical isomers : (1)				
41.	Which of the following is diamagnetic?				
Ans:	1) H ₂ ⁺ 2) He ₂ ⁺ (4)	3) O ₂ 4) N ₂			
42.	3 gms of urea is dissolved in 45 gms of H ₂ O.	The relative lowering in vapour pressure is			
Δ	1) 0.05 2) 0.04	3) 0.02 4) 0.01			
Ans:	(3)				
43.	The reagent used to distinguish between acet 1) Tollen's reagent 3) 2-4-dinitrohenyl hydrazine	aldehyde and benzaldehyde is 2) Fehling's solution 4) Semicarbazide			
Ans:	(2)				
44.	Metallic luster is due to 1) high density of metals 3) reflection of light by mobile electrons	2) high polish on the surface of metals4) chemical inertness of metals			
Ans:					
45.	Which of the following aqueous solutions will 1) 0.01 M urea 2) 0.01 M KNO ₃	exhibit highest boiling point? 3) 0.01 M Na ₂ SO ₄ 4) 0.015M C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆			
Ans:	(3)				
46.	Which one of the following gives amine on he 1) Br ₂ in aqueous KOH	2) Br ₂ on alcoholic KOH			
Ans:	3) Cl ₂ in Sodium (1)	4) Sodium in Ether			
47.	The number of antibonding electrons present				
Ans:	1) 8 2) 6 (3)	3) 5 4) 4			
48.	The process is spontaneous at the given tempt 1) ΔH is +ve and ΔS is -ve	2) ΔH is -ve and ΔS is +ve			
Ans:	3) ΔH is +ve and ΔS is +ve (2)	4) ΔH is +ve and ΔS is equal to zero			
49.	Glucose when reduced with HI and Red Phosp	ohorus gives			
Ans:	1) n-hexane 2) n-heptane	3) n-pentane 4) n-octane			

50. Ans:	The stability of a Lyophobic colloid is due to 1) Adsorption of covalent molecules on the colloid 2) The size of the particles 3) The charge on the particles 4) Tyndall effect (1)				
51.	Oils are liquids at ro	om temperature since the	ey contain higher perc	entage of	
Ans:	1) Oleates	2)Palmitates	3) Stearates	4) Myristates	
52.	Which of the following	ng cations will have miniu	m flocculation value fo	or arsenic sulphide sol?	
	1) Na ⁺	2) Mg ²⁺	3) Ca ²⁺	4) Al ³⁺	
Ans:	(4)				
53.	The value of entropy				
Ans:	1) increasing	2) decreasing	3) constant	4) zero	
AIIS.					
54.	In face centred cubic lattice, a unit cell is shared equally by how many unit cells?				
Ans:	1) 6 (4)	2) 4	3) 2	4) 8	
711131					
55.	The number of disulphide linkages present in Insulin are				
Ans:	1) 4 (2)	2) 3	3) 2	4) 1	
56.	The process of zone 1) Al	refining is used in the pure 2) Ge	rification of 3) Cu	4) Ag	
Ans:	•	2) 30	3) 04	T) Ng	
	The second second			0.010	
57.	1) 6.022 x 10 ²⁶	r molecules present in a c 2) 6.022 x 10 ²³	irop of water weigning 3) 6.022 x 10 ¹⁹	9 0.018 gm is 4) 6.022 x 10 ²⁰	
Ans:		L) 0.022 X 10	o, 0.022 x 10	1) 0.022 X 10	
EO	Empirical formula of	a compound is CH ₂ O and	ita malagular maga ia	00 the meleculer	
58.	formula of the comp	_	its molecular mass is	90, the molecular	
	1) C ₃ H ₆ O ₃	2) $C_2H_4O_2$	3) C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	4) CH ₂ O	
Ans:	(1)				
59.	Hybridised states of carbon in Graphite and Diamond are respectively				
_	1) sp ³ , sp ³	2) sp ³ , sp ²	3) sp^2 , sp^2	4) sp^2 , sp^3	
Ans:	(4)				
60.	The mass of 112 cm ³ of NH ₃ gas at STP is				
Λ mar	1) 0.085 g	2) 0.850 g	3) 8.500 g	4) 80.500 g	
Ans:					