General Awareness - 1 to 40 General English - 41 to 80 Quantitative Aptitude - 81 to 120 Computer/Marketing Awareness - 81 to 120

TEST - I : GENERAL AWARENESS

- 1. Shri Mukul Roy who was inducted in the Union Cabinet belongs to which of the following political parties?
 - (1) Communist Party (M)
 - (2) Samajwadi Party
 - (3) All India Trinamool Congress
 - (4) Congress (I)
 - (5) Janata Dal
- Providing bank finance to Self Help Groups (SHGs) is considered a part of
 - (1) Micro Credit
- (2) Agricultural Finance
- (3) Mobile Banking
- (4) Rural Banking
- (5) None of these
- 3. Which of the following is a function of the Reserve Bank of India?
 - (1) Issuing Kisan Credit Cards
 - (2) Issuing Aadhar Cards
 - (3) Acting as Banker's Bank
 - (4) Deciding the slabs of personal income tax
 - (5) Issuing National Savings Certificates
- 4. "The only way Greece can survive is to dramatically boost trade with Turkey" was the headline in a major newspaper. Why Turkey has to advice Greece like this?
 - (1) Greece is passing through an economic crisis. Turkey wants to help it by more imports.
 - (2) Turkey which is a powerful nation has attacked Greece to settle a long pending border dispute with it.
 - (3) Greece and Turkey are partners in a plan launched by the IMF to rescue Greece from economic crisis.
 - (4) Greece has refused to honour an old trade agreement with Turkey. Hence Turkey is threatening Greece
 - (5) Turkey's survival depends on Greece
- 5. Who among the following represented India in Conventional Indo-Russia Meet, organized in December 2011?
 - (1) Mrs. Pratibha Patil (2) Smt. Sonia Gandhi
 - (3) Mr. S. M. Krishna (4) Mr. R Chidambaram
 - (5) None of these
- 6. Which of the following is the purpose of creating Eurozone Financial Stability Facility (EFSF) created by European Union (EU)?

- (1) To provide financial aid to member countries in case of crisis
- (2) To ensure that the EURO does not get depreciated against pound sterling and/or yen
- (3) To ensure that no non-euro member country enters into any currency swap agreement with euro members.
- (4) To ensure that there is no shortage of essential goods and food products in euro zone countries.
- (5) To pressurize UK to adopt Euro as its official currency
- 7. Which of the following countries had shown interest in purchasing nuclear reactors from India? (The efforts are/were being made to finalise the deal)?
 - (1) Russia
- (2) China
- (3) Turkey
- (4) Kazakhstan
- (5) Bangladesh
- 8. Which of the following countries has launched a new index-Comparative Rating Index of Sovereigns (CRIS)?
 - (1) USA
- (2) India
- (3) China
- (4) Japan
- (5) Britain
- 9. Which of the following is the literacy rate in India as per new data released by the census commission? About
 - (1) 60%
- (2) 68%
- (3) 70%
- (4) 75%
- (5) 83%
- 10. Which of the following countries in India's neighbourhood has agreed that Indians staying in the border areas will be allowed to visit upto 16 km. inside its boundary without obtaining Visa/permits?
 - (1) Bangladesh
- (2) Nepal
- (3) China
- (4) Myanmar
- (5) Pakistan
- 11. Sheikh Hasina who was on a two day visit to Tripura in January 2012, is the present
 - (1) President of Bangladesh
 - (2) Prime Minister of Bangladesh
 - (3) President of Indonesia
 - (4) Prime Minister of Indonesia
 - (5) None of these

12. Who among the Army General of 2012? (1) Gen. V. K. S (2) Gen. Bikram		21. Which among the following agencies/organizations will act as Regulator of Micro-finance Institutions in India? (1) RBI (2) NABARD (3) SIDBI (4) SEBI (5) IBA					
(3) Gen. Deepak (4) Gen. Joginde	Kapoor	22. The 3rd Summit of BRICS was organized in 2011 in					
(5) None of thes		(1) China (2) India					
	following is the Minister of Foreign	(3) Brazil (4) South Africa (5) Russia					
(1) Dr. Manmoh (3) Shri Kamal I (5) None of thes		23. Which of the following days is observed as 'World Population Day' every year? (1) 11th March (2) 11th July					
defeating which	npic 2012 berth in Hockey after h of the following countries in	(3) 11th August (4) 10th January (5) 10th July					
qualifying round (1) Pakistan (3) Spain (5) S. Korea	s held in February 2012 ? (2) France' (4) England	24. The 38th Summit of 'G-8' is being organized in which of the following countries in May 2012? (1) Canada (2) Germany (3) China (4) France					
15. Who among the 2012, Men's Sir		(5) USA 25. What is the Bank Rate at present?					
(1) David Ferrer(3) Novak Djok(5) Radek Stepa	ovic (4) Leander Paes	(1) 5% (2) 5.5% (3) 6% (4) 6.5% (5) None of these					
	opra (4) Rani Mukherjee	26. Which of the following schemes/programmes is launched to develop rural infrastructure in India? (1) MG National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (2) Bharat Nirman (3) Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (4) Total Sanitation Campaign					
	was awarded Padmashri in 2012, is a	(5) Indira Awas Yojana					
well known (1) industrialist (3) social worke (5) politician	(2) medical professional	27. Which of the following terms is NOT used in the field of banking and finance? (1) Real Time Gross Settlement (2) Special Drawing Rights (3) Ways and Means Advance (4) Amplitude					
18. The members of period of							
(1) 4 years	(2) 5 years	(5) Open Market Operations28. Who among the following is the winner of Pulitzer					
(3) 6 years	(4) $2\frac{1}{2}$ years	prize for literature in 2011? (1) Bob Dylan (2) Hank Williams					
Association for	India in 17th Summit of South Asian Regional Cooperation (SAARC) held	(3) Janathan Dee (4) Lee C. Bollinger (5) Jennifer Egan					
in November 20 (1) Smt. Pratibh (2) Smt. Sonia 0 (3) Dr. Manmol (4) Shri Pranab	Gandhi nan Singh	29. Who among the following is the Chief Election Commissioner of India at present? (1) Shri Navin Chawla (2) Shri S. V. Qurashi (3) Shri Ajit Seth (4) Shri Vinod Rai (5) None of these					
(5) Shri P Chida		30. Which of the following is true about the Railway					
is a well known (1) Cine actress (3) Author (5) Chess Playe	(2) Lawn Tennis Player(4) Politician of Spain	Budget 2012-13 finally passed by the Parliament? (1) No hike in passenger fares upto 3rd AC (2) 30 new trains-introduced on Delhi/Mumbai route (3) Three new Shatabdi trains introduced last year withdrawn					

21.	Which among the following agencies/organizations will act as Regulator of Micro-finance Institutions in India?					
	(1) RBI	(2) NABARD				
	(3) SIDBI	(4) SEBI				
	(5) IBA					
22.	A	f BRICS was organized in 2011				
	in					
	(1) China	(2) India				
	(3) Brazil	(4) South Africa				
	(5) Russia	and the second contract of				
23.	Which of the following days is observed as 'World					
	Population Day' ev					
	(1) 11th March					
	(3) 11th August	(4) 10th January				
	(5) 10th July					
24.		f 'G-8' is being organized in which				
		untries in May 2012 ?				
	(1) Canada	(2) Germany				
	(3) China	(4) France				
	(5) USA					
25.	What is the Bank F					
	(1) 5%	(2) 5.5%				
	(3) 6%	(4) 6.5%				
	(5) None of these					
26.	Which of the fo	llowing schemes/programmes is				
		p rural infrastructure in India?				
	(1) MG National R	ural Employment Guarantee Act				
	(2) Bharat Nirman					
=	(3) Pradhan Mantri	Gram Sadak Yojana				
	(4) Total Sanitation	r Campaign				
	(5) Indira Awas Yo	ojana				
27.	Which of the follow	wing terms is NOT used in the field				
	of banking and fin	ance?				
	(1) Real Time Gros					
	(2) Special Drawin					
	(3) Ways and Mea	ns Advance				
	(4) Amplitude					
	(5) Open Market C	perations				
28.		ollowing is the winner of Pulitzer				
	prize for literature	in 2011 ?				
	(1) Bob Dylan	(2) Hank Williams				
	(3) Janathan Dee	(4) Lee C. Bollinger				
	(5) Jennifer Egan	7				

(4) A new zone created as Central Railway divided in two zones South Central and Central Main

(5) All of these

31. Which of the following countries is NOT a member of Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)?

(1) Angola

(2) Libya

(3) Bangladesh

(4) Venezuela

(5) Qatar

32. Which of the following books is written by Vikram Seth?

(1) The Golden Gate

(2) A Peep into the Past

(3) Between the Lines (4) City of Joy

(5) Revolution 2020

33. Which of the following awards is given for contribution in the field of literature?

(1) Kirti Chakra

- (2) Jamnalal Bajaj Award
- (3) S. S. Bhatnagar Award
- (4) Saraswati Samman
- (5) Kalidas Samman
- 34. Which of the following combinations of the States and their Chief Ministers (at present) is NOT correct?
 - (1) Uttar Pradesh-Akhilesh Yadav
 - (2) Rajasthan-Ashok Gehlot
 - (3) Himachal Pradesh-Shanta Kumar
 - (4) West Bengal-Mamta Banerjee
 - (5) All are correct
- 35. Which of the following terms is **NOT** used in the game of cricket?

- (1) Bouncer
- (2) Hit wicket(4) Leg Spinner
- (3) Cover Point (5) Jockey
- 36. Which of the following is the Unit of work?

(1) Ohm

(2) Ampere

(3) Coulomb

(4) Newton

(5) Joule

37. When the expenditure of the government exceeds the revenue, the difference of balance between the two is called

(1) Balance of payment

(2) Deflation

(3) Devaluation

(4) Budget deficit

(5) Depreciation

38. What does the letter C' denote in the term 'ECB' as used in the banking and financial operations?

(1) Cartel

(2) Credit

(3) Control

(4) Caution

(5) Commercial

39. Who among the following is the Secretary of State (Foreign Minister) of USA at present?

(1) Mr. Barak Obama

(2) Mr. Jean Claude

(3) Mrs. Hillary Clinton

(4) Mr. David Cameron

(5) None of these

40. Which of the following cups/trophies is used in the game of Lawn Tennis?

(1) Duleep Trophy

(2) DCM Trophy

(3) Ryder Cup

(4) Merdeka Cup

(5) Wimbledon Cup

TEST - II: GENERAL ENGLISH

Directions (41-55): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been printed in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Princess Chandravati was very beautiful. She loved all kinds of ornaments and always wanted to wear the most precious and lovely jewels. Once, a jeweller came to the palace and gifted the king a wonderful diamond necklace. It glittered with big and small diamonds. It was certainly a very expensive necklace. The princess fell in love with it as soon as she saw it. So the king presented it to her.

From that day on, the princess always wore that necklace, wherever she went. One day before going for a swim in the pond, she took the necklace off and put in the hands of her oldest and the most trustworthy servant. "Hold this and be careful. This is the most precious necklace in the whole world," she said. The servant was an old woman. She sat under a tree, holding, the ornament tightly and waited for the princess. It was a hot afternoon and the servant was

very tired so she **dozed off** under the tree. Suddenly the servant felt that someone was **tugging** at the necklace and She Woke up with a start. She looked around but no one was there and the necklace was gone. Scared out of her wits, the old servant started screaming. On hearing her scream the royal guards rushed to her. She pointed towards the direction in which the thief may have gone and the guards ran off that way.

There was a poor and dim-witted farmer walking on the same road. As soon as he saw the royal guards running towards him, he thought that they wanted to catch him and started running. But he was not a strong man and could not outrun the hefty guards. The royal guards caught him in no time. "Where is it?" they demanded, shaking him. "Where is what?" the poor farmer stammered back. The necklace you stole!" thundered one of the royal guards. The farmer had no idea what they were talking about. He only understood that some precious necklace was lost and he was supposed to have it. He quickly replied, "I don't know where it is now. I gave it to my landlord."

The guards ran towards the landlord's house. "Give us the necklace right now !" the guards demanded of the fat landlord. "Necklace? I don't have any!" the stunned landlord replied. "Then tell us quickly who does," demanded the soldiers. In order to get the royal guards off his back, the landlord pointed towards a priest who was walking by his house and said, "He does." The guards now caught hold of the priest who was walking towards the temple and thinking about the lunch he had just eaten. The priest was stunned when one of the burly guards jumped on him and asked about the necklace. He remembered that the minister, Bhupati, was at the temple. He took the guards to the temple and pointed towards the praying minister, "I gave it to him," he said. Bhupati too was caught and all four men were thrown in jail. The chief minister of the kingdom knew Bhupati well and was sure that Bhupati would never steal. He decided to find out who the culprit was. He hid near the jail where all four men were put and heard them talking. First, Bhupati asked the priest, "Panditji, why did you say that you gave the necklace to me? I was quietly praying at the temple and now you have landed me in jail for no fault of mine." The priest looked apologetic. He pointed towards the landlord and said, "I didn't know what to say. He set the guards on me. I was simply passing by his house and was on my way to the temple." The land lord looked at the priest sheepishly. Then he turned towards the poor farmer and yelled, "You lazy good-fornothing man! Why did you say that I had the necklace?" The farmer, trembling under the angry gaze of all three men, said, "I was just walking home. The guards caught me and I did not know what to say." On hearing this conversation, the chief minister understood that all the four men were innocent. He immediately ordered the royal guards to search thoroughly, near the pond. The guards searched high and low till they saw something glinting on the tree. On the tree sat a monkey with the princess' favourite necklace around his neck. It took a lot of coaxing and bananas before the monkey threw the necklace on the ground. The king apologised to all the four men and gave them gold coins as compensation. He requested his daughter to wear the necklace only indoors.

- 41. Why did the king present the diamond necklace to his daughter?
 - (1) She liked ornaments and had grown very fond of the diamond necklace
 - (2) The king did not like ornaments and had no use of the necklace
 - (3) She had demanded the necklace from him
 - (4) The king liked to give expensive gifts to his daughter
 - (5) The king wanted to test the princess' ability of handling expensive things

- 42. What did the old servant realize when she woke up?
 - (1) That there were monkeys in the palace garden
 - (2) That the princess' necklace was missing from her hands
 - (3) That a poor farmer had stolen the necklace
 - (4) That the princess had snatched the necklace from her hands
 - (5) That the princess had already left
- 43. Why did the poor farmer run?
 - (1) He was in a hurry to reach home and hide the stolen necklace
 - (2) He was worried that the guards would reach his house before him
 - (3) He had stolen the necklace and did not want to be interrogated by the guards
 - (4) He wanted to reach the landlord's house before the guards reached there.
 - (5) He saw the royal guards running after him and thought they would arrest him
- 44. Why did the landlord lie about the necklace?
 - (1) He wanted to prove that the old servant was lying
 - (2) It was a conspiracy between him and the poor farmer
 - (3) He did not like the priest and wanted to get him punished
 - (4) Bhupati had ordered him to lie about the necklace
 - (5) He didn't know anything about it and wanted to get rid of the guards
- 45. Why did the chief minister decide to intervene in the case of the stolen necklace?
 - (1) He suspected that the old servant was the actual culprit
 - (2) He knew that the poor farmer was dim-witted and that he had created all the confusion
 - (3) He knew that Bhupati was an honest minister and would never do such a thing
 - (4) He suspected that the landlord was the actual culprit and wanted to get him punished
 - (5) He already knew that all four men were innocent
- 46. What did the chief minister do in order to find out who the actual culprit was?
 - (1) He sent a spy and asked him to find out the actual culprit
 - (2) He directly asked Bhupati if he had stolen the princess' necklace
 - (3) He asked the soldiers to keep a thorough watch on the old servant
 - (4) He hid near the jail and overheard the conversation among the four men
 - (5) He interrogated all the four men
- 47. Who among the following was the actual culprit?
 - (1) The monkey
 - (2) Bhupati, the minister
 - (3) The poor dimwitted farmer

Directions (56-60): Each sentence below has two

blanks, each blank indicating that something has been

omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank which

(2) has, at

best fits the meaning of the sentence as a whole.

56. They invited all the members of the

association, the inauguration.

- (4) The old and trusted servant
- (5) One of the royal guards
- 48. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
 - (1) The necklace was made of big and small rubies
 - (2) The royal guards did not hear the old servant
 - (3) The royal guards were polite to all four men
 - (4) The priest Was on his way to the temple
 - (5) None is true
- 49. Arrange the following incidents in a chronological order as they occurred in the passage.
 - (A) The landlord pointed towards the priest
 - (B) The old servant dozed off
 - (C) The monkeys were offered bananas
 - (D) A jeweller visited the king
 - (1) DBCA
- (2) DBAC
- (3) BDAC
- (4) DABC
- (5) BDCA
- 50. What did the king do after the necklace was found?
 - (1) He rewarded the chief minister and thanked him
 - (2) He rewarded the guards
 - (3) He took the necklace away from the princess
 - (4) He apologised to all the four men
 - (5) Not mentioned in the passage

Directions (51-53): Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in the meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

51. Dozed off

- (1) Waited
- (2) Dreamt
- (3) Slept
- (4) Nodded
- (5) Sat
- 52. Tugging
 - (1) Tearing
- (2) Stealing
- (3) Cheating
- (4) Pushing
- (5) Pulling
- 53. Precious
 - (1) Valuable
- (2) Best
- (3) Biggest
- (4) Ordinary
- (5) Worthless

Directions (54-55): Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

54. Caught hold

- (1) Nabbed
- (2) Picked up
- (3) Let go
- (4) Plunged
- (5) Slipped off

55. Trembling

- (1) Scared
- (2) Tensed
- (3) Calm
- (4) Quite
- (5) Shaking

- (4) have, for (3) can, in (5) want, by 57. They their best, but were to retrieve any data from that computer.
 - (1) gave, sorry
- (2) showed, able
- (3) thought, happy
- (4) sent, unsuccessful
- (5) tried, unable

(1) had, by

- 58. The of rural schools is poor as to their urban counterparts.
 - (1) functions, like
- (2) progress, unlike
- (3) condition, compared
 - (4) state, matched
- (5) situation, contrast
- 59. She would prefer travel early rather during peak hours.
 - (1) for, to
- (2) to, than (4) not, if
- (3) in, so
- (5) at, about
- 60. Her purse was at the bus stop so she a complaint at the nearest police station.
 - (1) taken, did
- (2) stolen, filed
- (3) given, gave
- (4) left, register
- (5) sneaked, put

Directions (61-65): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is 'No error' the answer is (5). (Ignore errors of punctuation if any.)

61. He have started/(1) making a note of/(2) his appointments as /(3) he tends to forget them/(4) No

Error (5)

62. Ajay was adamant/(1) on finishing the/(2) work before leaving/(3) by the day/(4) No Error (5)

63. His teacher was pleasantly/(1) surprised when she learned/(2) that despite the all problems/(3) he participated/(4) No.Error (5)

64. His brother is/(1) not only a good/(2) guitarist but

also/(4) a good singer/(4) No Error (5)

65. The priest then request/(1) all the wealthy men to/(2) donate atleast some money/(3) for building a new temple./(4) No Error (5)

Directions (66-70): Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below should replace the phrase given in bold in the following sentence to make the sentence grammatically meaningful and correct? If the sentence is correct as it is and 'No correction is required', mark (5) as the answer.

- 66. The painter never let anyone sneaks a peek at his work before it was finished.
 - (1) sneak a peeks
- (2) sneak a peek
- (3) sneak and peek
- (4) sneaking and peeking
- (5) No correction required
- 67. Came what may, she never missed a single sermon.
 - (1) Come whatever may
- (2) Come what may
- (3) Come what maybe
- (4) Came what maybe
- (5) No correction required
- 68. Peter won the race fair and square.
 - (1) fare and square
- (2) fairly and square
- (3) fair square
- (4) fair not square
- (5) No correction required
- 69. He decided to play in time in the hope that the prices would decrease.
 - (1) play the time
- (2) played for time
- (3) play for time
- (4) play the timing
- (5) No correction required
- 70. Instead of going through the preliminaries we must get to the heart in the matter.
 - (1) heart for the matter (2) heart that mattered
 - (3) heart of matters
 - (4) heart of the matter
 - (5) No correction required

Directions (71-80): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage, against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Once upon a time a foolish brahmin (71) to Birbal with a strange request. He wanted to be (72) as 'pandit'. Now, the term 'pandit' (73) to a man of knowledge. But unfortunately this poor brahmin was uneducated. Birbal tried to explain the difference to him saying that it was not correct to call an uneducated man a pandit and because of this very reason it would be improper to call him so. But the silly brahmin had his heart (74) on this title. Birbal came up with a brilliant solution and said that as the brahmin was an uneducated man he should (75) abuses and stones at anyone who dared to address him by the very same title. Then Birbal called all his servants and ordered them to call this brahmin a pandit. The brahmin was very pleased. But the moment the servants started calling out to him as 'pandit' he pretended to be very

angry and (76) abusing them loudly. Then he picked up a few stones and hurled them in their direction. All this shouting and screaming (77) a crowd. When people realised that this brahmin was erupting every time someone called him 'pandit', they all started to (78) him. Over the next couple of days, he would constantly hear the word 'pandit' wherever he went. Very soon the whole town started referring to him as 'pandit' much to his (79). The foolish brahmin never realised why people were calling him a pandit. He was extremely pleased with the result. He (80) Birbal from the bottom of his heart.

- 71. (1) came
- (2) got
- (3) reached
- (4) visited
- (5) asked
- 72. (1) call (3) addressed
- (2) referring (4) knows
- (5) written
- 73. (1) is
- (2) given (4) refers
- (3)-told
- (5) said
- 74. (1) give
- (2) set
- (3) put
- (4) steal
- (5) broken
- 75. (1) hurl
- (2) give (4) keep
- (3) stick (5) say
- 76, (1) telling
- (2) finish
- (3) hit
- (4) push
- (5) started
- 77. (1) drew
- (2) selected
- (3) get
- (4) saw
- (5) scared
- **78.** (1) remember
- (2) help
- (3) watch
- (4) tease
- (5) hurl
- 79. (1) plight
- (2) delight (4) sadness
- (3) happiness
- (5) indifference
- 80. (1) yelled
- (2) cursed
- (3) called
 - (4) smiled
- (5) thanked

VE APTITUDE TEST - III : OUA

Directions (81-95): What value should come in the place of question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 81. $(11)^2 + (9)^2 (14)^2 + ? = 3^2$
 - (1)6
- (2)7
- (3)1
- (4) 3
- (5) None of these
- 82. $0.5 \times 3.9 \div 1.3 = ? + 0.5$

- (1).01
- (2) 0.1
- (3) 0.2
- (4) 1.0
- (5) None of these

83.
$$\frac{15}{31} + \frac{90}{186} \times \frac{729}{9} = (?)^2$$

- $(1) \pm 1$
- $(2) \pm 3$
- $(3) \pm 9$
- $(4) \pm 6$

```
(5) None of these
84. 81\% of 2300 - 34\% of 596 = ?
    (1) 1060.63
                              (2) 1060.36
    (3) 1660.36
                              (4) 1006.63
    (5) None of these
85. 3.1 \times 2.6 \times 1.5 = ?
    (1) 12.09
                              (2) 12.05
    (3) 12.03
                              (4) 12.07
     (5) None of these
     \left(\frac{144}{16} \times \frac{828}{9}\right)
                              (2)535
    (1)530
    (3)505
                              (4)513
     (5) None of these
87. 9352 - 2569 + 7153 = 13900 + ?
    (1)9
                              (2)81
    (3)25
                              (4)36
    (5) None of these
88. 23% of 1630 = ?
    (1)394.7
                              (2)347.9
    (3)379.4
                              (4) 374.9
    (5) None of these
89. 73 + 238 \div 14 - 71 = ?
    (1) 16
                              (2) 15
    (3)13
                              (4) 19
    (5) None of these
90. \sqrt{576} + \sqrt{841} = ?
    (1)53
                              (2)41
    (3)51
                              (4)43
     (5) None of these
91. 71 + 897 \div 13 \times 3 = ?
    (1)276
                              (2)273
    (3)278
                              (4)271
    (5) None of these
92. 190 \times 38 \div 4 = ?
    (1) 1850
                              (2)1508
    (3)1805
                              (4) 1085
    (5) None of these
    \frac{7}{5} of \frac{30}{63} of \frac{558}{3} = ?
    (1) 122
                              (2) 142
    (3) 144
                              (4)128
    (5) None of these
94. 4.3 + 43.34 + 34.43 + 43.43 + 3.4 = ?
                              (2) 129.8
    (1) 189.2
    (3)128.9
                              (4) 182.9
     (5) None of these
95. \frac{3}{7} of \frac{497}{249}
              of ? = 639
    (1)474
    (3)477
```

(5) None of these

Directions (96-98): Study the following information and answer the questions that follow:

A sum of ₹ 7,740/- is to be divided amongst A, B and C in the ratio 7:5:8 respectively.

- 96. What is the difference between C's and B's share?
 - (1) ₹ 387/-
- (2) ₹ 774/-
- (3) ₹ 1,021/-
- (4) ₹ 591/-
- (5) ₹ 1,161/-
- 97. What is the sum of B's and A's share?
 - (1) ₹ 4.931/-
- (2) ₹ 4,644/-
- (3) ₹ 5,580/-

- (4) ₹ 5,805/-
- (5) ₹ 5,031/-
- 98. How much is A's share?
 - (1) ₹ 2,709/-
- (2) ₹ 3,096/-
- (3) ₹ 1,935/-
- (4) ₹ 2,851/-
- (5) ₹ 3,190/-
- 99. In how many different ways can the letters of the word 'FRANCE' be arranged?
 - (1)2400
- (2)270
- (3) 2005
- (4) 5040
- (5) None of these
- 100. How much will a sum of ₹ 7,250 amount to in a span of 2 years, at 6 p.c.p.a. rate of compound interest (Rounded off to the nearest integer)?
 - (1) ₹ 8,176/-
- (2) ₹ 8,146/-
- (3) ₹ 8,216/-
- (4) ₹8,170/-
- (5) ₹ 8,190/-
- 101. At what rate of simple interest will ₹ 4,200/- amount to ₹6,216/- in a span of 8 years?
 - (1)5
- (2) 3
- (3)6
- (4)4
- (5) None of these
- 102. Cost of 20 pens and 17 pencils is ₹418/-. What is the cost of 60 pens and 51 pencils?
 - (1) ₹ 1,251/-
- (2) ₹ 1,257/-
- (3) ₹ 1,227/-
- (4) ₹ 1,221/-

- (5) None of these

Directions (103-107): Study the following table carefully and answer the questions that follow.

The table represents the total number of students studying courses, P, Q, R, S and T, across eight institutes i.e., A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H.

Courses	Institutes							
	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н
P	520	410	550	450	570	210	750	450
Q ·	410	540	610	580	380	550	570	310
R	430	210	590	530	730	510	530	480
S	350	280	570	320	410	480	610	460
T	370	480	380	250	180	370	590	660

103. What is the respective ratio between the total number of students studying in institute A and the total number of students studying in institute H?

days, how many days will B take to complete the task

if he works alone? (3)55:59(4) 59:61 (1) 15(2) 16(5) None of these (3) 14(4) 12104. The number of students studying course Q in Institute (5) None of these B forms what percent of the total number of students Directions (113-117): What should come in place of in institute C? the question mark (?) in the following number series? (1) 14(2) 17(3)11(4) 8113. 7 33 137 553 ? 8873 (1) 1217(5)20(2)2217(3)2117(4)2127105. What is the total number of students who are studying (5) None of these course T across all institutes? (1)3480(2)3280114. 8 56 336 2352 14112 ? (4)3840(3)3420(1) 98874 (2)98784(5) None of these (4) 84672 (3)87894106. The number of students studying course P in institute (5) None of these A forms what percent of the total number of students 115. 5963 ? 5938 5913 5877 5828 in institute A? (1)5932(2)5940(1)27(2)23(3)25(3)5951(4) 5954 (5)29(4)20(5) None of these 107. What is the average number of students studying in 116. 2916 972 ? 108 36 12 institute D? (1)324(2)234(3)540(1)446(2)426(4)391(3)248(5) None of these (4)454(5) None of these 108. What will be the average of the followings set of 117. 9 15 27 45 69 ? scores (Rounded off to the nearest integer)? 46, 54, (1) 109(2)99(3)91(4)8162, 68, 56, 29, 58 (2)59(5) None of these (1)45(3)62(5)53(4).48118. The cost price of an article is ₹ 390/-. If it is to be sold 109. The area of a circle is 3850 square meters. What will at a profit of 3.12 percent, how much would be its be its circumference? approximate selling price? (2) ₹ 402/-(1) 233 meters (2) 226 meters (1) ₹ 410/-(3) 230 meters (4) 220 meters (3) ₹ 417/-(4) ₹ 420/-(5) 249 meters (5) ₹ 442/-110. The product of three consecutive numbers is 4080. 119. 17 articles were bought for ₹ 3,910/- and sold for ₹ what is the least number? 4,590/-. How much was the approximate profit (1)17(2)14percentage per article? (3)13(4) 16(1) 17% (2) 12% (discount) (5) None of these (3) 9% (4) 21% 111. If the perimeter of a rectangle is 180 meters and the (5) 25% difference between the lenght and the breadth is 8 120. 12 years ago, the ages of A and B were in the ratio 15: meters, what is the area of the rectangle? 13 respectively. 19 years from now the respective (1) 2116 square meters (2) 2047 square meters ratio of their ages will be 23: 22. What is the sum of (4) 2178 square meters (3) 2090 square meters their ages at present? (5) None of these (2) 54 years (1) 57 years 112. A and B together can complete a particular task in 6 (4) 59 years (3) 52 years days. If A alone can complete the same task in 10 (5) None of these. TEST - IV : REASONING ABILITY Give answer (3) if either Conclusion I or III is true. questions, Directions (121-125): In these Give answer (4) if neither Conclusion I nor is true. relationship between different elements is shown in Give answer (5) if both Conclusions I and II are true. the statements. The statements are followed by two

121. Statements: $I = P < Q \le A > R$

II. R < P

Conclusions: I. A>1

(1)52:59

conclusions.

Give answer (1) if only Conclusion I is true.

Give answer (2) if only Conclusion II is true.

(2) 52:55

122. Statements : $F > O = L \le W = S$ Conclusions : I. O≤S II. L<F 123. Statements: $S \ge P = O > T \le R = B$ Conclusions: I. B≥O II. S>T 124. Statements: $K = F > R \ge O = M \ge T$ Conclusions: I. O> K II. F>T 125. Statements : $G > N \ge O < P \le Q = R$ Conclusions: I. G>P II. R>N Directions (126-130): Study the following information to answer the given questions: A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seated in a straight line facing North but not necessarily in the same order. Only three people sit between F and A. Neither F nor A sits at an extreme end of the line. Only two people sit between A and G. E is not an immediate neighbour of either A or F. E sits third to left of B. B is not an immediate neighbour of A. E is not an immediate neighbour of C. 126. What is the position of E with respect to C? (1) Third to the left (2) Fourth to the right (3) Second to the right (4) Second to the left (5) Third to the right 127. Which of the following pairs represents persons seated at the two extreme ends of the line? (2) B, G (1) D, E (3) B, C (5) C, E (4) E, G 128. How many persons are seated between B and A? (1) One (2) Two (3) Three (4) Four (5) More than four 129. Which of the following is true with respect to the given arrangement? (1) Two people sit to the left of D (2) E sits to the immediate left of F (3) A and D sit between F and B (4) Only one person sits to the right of B (5) None is true 130. Who amongst the following sit exactly between A and G? (3) E, F (1) B, C (2) D, E (4) C, D (5) B, D Directions (131-133): Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the English alphabetical series and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group? (2) YTUV 131. (1) TOOR (3) KFHI (4) WRTU (5) QLNO 132. (1) LOK (2) WZV

(4) DFC

(3) RUQ

(5) ILH

```
133. (1) XZTV
                          (2) QSMO
     (3) VXSU
                          (4) FHBD
     (5) MOIK
     Directions (134–135): Four of the following five are
     alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is
     the one that does not belong to that group?
134. (1) Triumph
                          (2) Win
     (3) Success
                          (4) Growth
     (5) Victory
135. (1) Fast
                          (2) Quick
     (3) Sudden
                          (4) Rapid
     (5) Speedy
     Directions (136-140): Study the following infor-
     matin to answer the given questions:
     In a certain code
     'lend me money' is written as 've ka ro',
     'money for him' is written as 'se ve di',
     'for various matters' is written as 'ba di la' and
     'matters to me' is written as 'ro ba vo'
136. What is the code for 'various'?
     (1) ba
                            (2) di
     (3) la
                            (4) yo
     (5) connot be determined
137. What does the code 'ro' stand for ?
                            (2) matters
     (1) me
                            (4) lend
     (3) money
     (5) Either 'to' or 'lend'
138. Which of the following may represent 'money matters
     most'?
                            (2) ve se ba
     (1) ve ba yo
     (3) ba zi di
                            (4) ba ka zi
     (5) ba fe ve
139. What is the code for 'lend'?
                            (2) ka
     (1) ve
     (3) ro
                            (4) di
     (5) Either 'di' or 'ro'
140. What is the code for 'to'?
     (1) ba
                            (2) ro
     (3) yo
                            (4) se
      (5) Cannot be determined
      Directions (141-145): Study the following infor-
      mation carefully and answer the given questions.
      L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular
```

table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same

P sits third to left of M.P is an immediate neighbour

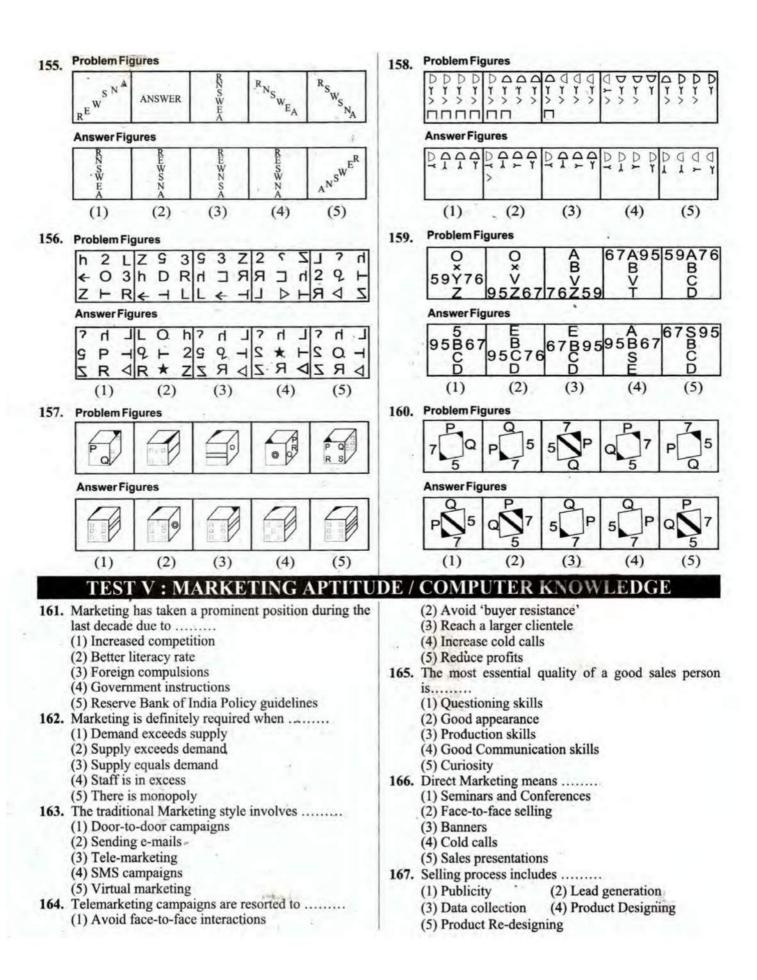
• R is an immediate neighbour of O. Only one person

Only one person sits between O and Q

of both O and S.

sits between R and N.

141	Who amongst the fo	allowing site ex	vactly between P	1	Conclusion	16 .			
141.	and N?	mowing sits ca	xactly between K		I. No orbit				
	(1) L	(2) M	(3) O		II. Atleast			c	
	(4) P	(5) Q	(3) 0	150	Statement				liquids are
142	Who sits third to the			130.	Statement		No gas is p		ilquius arc
144.			(2) 1		Conclusion		no gas is p	lasina.	
	(1) M	(2) Q	(3) L						
	(4) S	(5) O			I. All solid				
143.	Four to the followin				II. No liqu				
	and thus form a grou		one that does not	1	Directions				
	belong to that group			V	given belo				
	(1) MS	(2) QM	(3) OQ		should com			gures on th	he left, if the
	(4) RP	(5) SO			sequence w	ere contin	ued?		
144.	M is related to R in a	a certain way be	ased on the given	101	Problem Fi	auros			
	seating arrangement.			151.			0 7 0	0 0 0	ID 7 0
	M. To whom among				7 Z B		And the second second		PZO
	following the same f				△ 6 □				△ 5 □
	(1) N	(2) Q .	(3) O		PRO	O B	7 R P	P A 7	7 R B
	(4) P	(5) S	(0) 0	0	Answer Fig	urae		,	
145	What is the position of		t to P in the above					6 5 -	In [7]
140.	arrangement?	n E with respec	tior in the above				Charles The All Control of the Contr	The state of the s	B 🗆 7
	(1) Fifth to the left	(2) Immediat	to loft		Z 4 R	ZXR	Z X R		Z 🛛 🗅
		(2) Immediat			B A 7	0 = P	P A O	OAP	ORP
	(3) Fifth to the right	(4) Immediat	te right		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	(5) Second to the rig						(3)	(1)	(5)
	Directions (146-150			152.	Problem Fi	gures			-
	two/three statements				0	U	n .	U,	cuc
	numbered I and II. Yo				C 3	2 6	2 2	00	6 0
	statements to be true				0.0	20	60	60	30
	from commonly know								
	the given conclusion.				AnswerFig	gures			
	statements disregard				, n	U	U	U	U.
	Give answer (1) if or				200	2 6	0 3	20	30
	Give answer (2) if or				20	00	00	20	00
	Give answer (3) if ei	ther Conclusio	on I or conclusion		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	II fo	ollows.					(3)	(4)	(3)
	Give answer (4) if	neither Con	clusion I nor	153.	Problem Fi	gures			
	con	clusion II follow	ws.		÷		1.00	4.97	
	Give answer (5) if b	oth Conclusion	I and conclusion			III	IIITA	a III	le T I f
	II fo	ollows.			111	411	141 -		111
146.	Statements : All lin	es are circles.	Some circles are						
	square	S.			Answer Fig	gures			
	Conclusions:				LIV	A 1 U	1 * 1	A	1.1.1
	I. No square is a line	e.			1110	III	0	III	0 0
	II. Some squares are		circles.		111	1 1 1	414	1 1 1	Y * 1
147	Statements :	deminer, mor	-110101	13	(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(#)
141.	All kites are birds. N	o kite is a glide	or.	100	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Conclusions:	o kite is a girde		154.	Problem Fi	gures			
	I. Some gliders are	definitely not bi	irde	13000	1.0	1	П	127/12/	
	II. Atleast some bird		iius.		L	0000	L. D		0000
140									7
140.	Statements : No fer	n is a piant. All	roots are terns.			11		U +	1.
	Conclusions :				AnswerFig	gures			
	I. No plant is a root.				П	[]·= 2	П		Y D
	II. All ferns are root	S.			I O_			. 🗆	† □
149.	Statements :	2000 1200		1	1 0		*	L []	
	Some planets are sta	rs. Some orbits	are stars.						
				1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)



168.	Web marketing involves
	(1) Selling websites
	(2) Door-to-door canvassing
	(3) E-mail chatting
	(4) Browsing the Yellow Pages
	(5) Web advertisements
169.	Marketing strategies mean
107.	(1) Ideas for new employment
	(2) Techniques for mergers
	(3) Methods to improve marketing activities
	(4) More hits per ATM
	(5) Networking
170.	The first step in Marketing is
	(1) Production work (2) Planning work
	(3) Receiving feedback (4) Telephone calls
	(5) Sending e-mails
171.	Good competition helps in
	(1) Better technology (2) More market share
	(3) Rise in profits (4) Bigger branch network
	(5) Improved customer service
172	'Push' marketing style requires
	(1) Collective effort
	(2) Good pushing strength
	(3) Lengthy talks
	(4) Ability to identify the leads
172	(5) Aggressive marketing
173.	Communication skills in the case of a DSA mea
	(1) Giving Lengthy speeches
	(2) Sending Good SMS messages
	(3) Being Talkative
	(4) Ability to convince the customer with the rig
	choice of words
	(5) Being Multi linguist
174.	Effective selling skills depend on
365735	(1) Good dress sense (2) Territory Allocation
	(3) SalesCall Planning (4) Good eye-contact
	(5) Past performance
175	'Buyer Resistance'means
1/3.	(1) Buyer's dislike for the product
	(2) Fight between buyer and the seller
	(3) Buyer's hesitation in buying the product
	(4) Exchange of products
	(5) Buyer retracting the sale
176.	Buyer Resistance can be overcome by
	(1) Good friendship between buyer and seller
	(2) Good after sales service
	(3) Good arguments
	(4) Good technology
	(5) Persuasive communication
177	'Benchmark' means
	(1) Sales performance measurement
	(2) Marks given to sales persons
	(3) Appraisal
	(4) Standard values for comparison
	(5) Automation

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178.	Innovation in marketing means	190. Which part of the hardware compensate the difference
	(1) New technology (2) Globalisation	between the speed of CPU and peripheral?
	(3) Intense competition (4) New business models	(1) Scanner (2) Printer
	(5) Internal marketing	(3) Video card (4) Motherboard
179.	Marketing Opportunities mean	(5) Interface
	(1) Scope for marketing	191. Computers designed for specialized work and specific
	(2) Proper and effective training	instructions?
	(3) Market planning	(1) Mainframe computer
	(4) Availability of sales outlets	(2) Special purpose computer
	(5) Market data	(3) Portable computer
190	The USP of a Current Account is	(4) Super computer
100.	(1) No restrictions on transactions	(5) None of these
		192. Which of the following is known as portable
	(2) Low TDS	computer?
	(3) High minimum balance	(1) Mini computer (2) Mainframe computer
	(4) High interest payable	(3) Desktop (4) workstation
	(5) No need for KYC norms fulfillment	(5) PDA
181.	The advantage of a LAN is	193. Who manages for computer resources?
	(1) Sharing peripherals (2) Backing up your data	(1) ALU (2) BUS
	(3) Saving all your data (4) Accessing the Web	(3) Control unit (4) I/O unit
	(5) Automatic printing of data	
182.	Of the 5 words listed below, which one is the odd one	(5) Secondary memory
	out?	194. Which of the following statements is true about
	(1) Applications (2) Peripherals	RAM?
	(3) Programs (4) Software	(1) It retains data when the PC is turned-off
		(2) It is a type of read and write memory
100	(5) Operating System	(3) It contains start-up instructions
183.	What type of device is a computer printer?	(4) It is a peripheral
	(1) Input (2) Input/Output	(5) It stands for Read Access Memory
	(3) Software (4) Storage	195. MB stands for :
	(5) Output	(1) Micro Bytes (2) Mega Bytes
184.	What is the biggest number you can get with 8 bits?	(3) Mini Bytes (4) Milli Bytes
	(1) 256 (2) 128 (3) 1000	(5) Midi Bytes
	(4) 255 (5) 1024	196. Identify the fastest memory:
	What type of device is a digital camera?	(1) Hard disk (2) DVD ROMs
100.	(1) Input (2) Output	(3) Cache memory (4) Static RAM
	(3) Software (4) Storage	(5) None of these
	(5) Input/Output	197. To start a computer system, which memory is
104	What is mailing-list?	optional?
100.		(1) RAM (2) ROM
	(1) Collection of e-mail addressess	
	(2) Collection of files	
	(3) Collection of folders	(5) RAM and ROM
	(4) Collection of dates	198. Translator program used in assembly language is
-	(5) Collection of events	known as :
187.	Hardware attached to a tower is known as:	(1) Compiler (2) Interpreter
- 41	(1) CPU (2) Software	(3) Translation (4) Translator
	(3) Peripheral (4) Storage	(5) Assembler
	(5) None of these	199. Which part of the CPU co-ordinates all the activities
188.	What is a standard file format for text files?	of the computer system?
	(1) JPEG (.jpg) (2) Bitmap (.bmp)	(1) Motherboard (2) Co-ordination board
	(3) Word (.doc) (4) Text (.txt)	(3) Control unit (4) Arithmatic and logic unit
	(5) .xls	(5) Memory
180	Which devices were used in first generation of	200. Which high speed memory co-ordinate with the speed
107.	전 (I. O. C. M.	gap between processor and main memory?
	computers:	
	(1) Integrated circuit (2) Processor	(1) Cache (2) PROM
	(3) Microprocessor (4) Vaccum tubes	(3) EPROM (4) SRAM
	(5) None of these	(5) None of these