

VERSION CODE

**D**

Answer Sheet No.

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**K I I T   U N I V E R S I T Y**

**K I I T E E - 2 0 1 1**

**QUESTION BOOKLET**

**B.TECH(4 YEARS) / B.TECH & M.TECH –DUAL DEGREE/  
B.TECH & MBA – DUAL DEGREE/  
BIOTECH - DUAL DEGREE  
PART-II**

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**MATHEMATICS**

Candidate's Signature

Invigilator's Signature

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

MATHEMATICS

101. If  $\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta + \cos^3\theta = 1$  and  $\sin^6\theta = a + b \sin^2\theta + c \sin^4\theta$  then  $a + b + c$  is equal to  
(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) -1 (D) 2
102. The number of values of  $x$  in  $[0, 5\pi]$  satisfying  $3 \cos 2x - 10 \cos x + 7 = 0$  are  
(A) 4 (B) 8 (C) 6 (D) 10
103. Taking only principal values, the values of  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  is equal to  
(A)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  (B)  $-\frac{\pi}{3}$   
(C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  (D)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$
104. The range of  $x$  for which the formula  $2\sin^{-1}x = \sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2})$  holds is  
(A)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$  (B)  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$   
(C)  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \leq x \leq 1$  (D)  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq 1$
105. The values of  $x$  which satisfy the equation  $6 \sin^{-1}\left(x^2 - 6x + \frac{17}{2}\right) = \pi$  are  
(A) 2, 4 (B) 3, 1  
(C) 1, 3 (D) -1, -2
106. Find the non zero value of  $x$  for which the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -5 & x+2 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & x-6 \end{pmatrix}$  is singular.  
(A) 21 (B) 19  
(C) 35 (D) 17
107. Find the values of  $x$  &  $y$  for which the matrix  $S = A^2 - xA + yI$  turns out to be null matrix where  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$  ?  
(A)  $x=3, y=5$  (B)  $x=5, y=7$   
(C)  $x=9, y=14$  (D)  $x=7, y=13$