C.S.E BOTANY - 2005 (PRELIMINARY)

| Time | Allowed: 2 hours | Maximum Marks: 300 |
|------|---|---|
| 1. | Restriction enzymes cut DNA at spe | ecific sites known as |
| | (a) Telomeric sequences | (b) Palindromic sequences |
| | (c) Terminator sequences | (d) Attenuator sequences |
| 2. | Calcium dependent kinases can con | trol |
| | (a) Cell cycle activities | (b) DNA replication |
| | (c) Cell surface receptors | (d) Mambrane structure |
| 3. | The proteins that reproduce within | the living cells are termed as |
| | (a) Plasmids | (b) Phages |
| | (c) Prions | (d) Prophages |
| 4. | Which one <i>of</i> the following is it Tetrahymena thermophile? | involved in self-splicing of introns in |
| | (a) Primase | (b) Ribozyme |
| | (c) Reverse transcriptase | (d) RNA polymerase |
| 5. | Which one of the following plasmic centomere, telomere and autonomou | d vectors was consrtucted by combining usly replicating sequence? |
| | (a) pBR 322 | (b) Cosmid |
| | (c) Yeast Artificial Chromosome (pY | AC) |
| | (d) Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (| (BAC) |
| 6. | Which one <i>of</i> the following incremediated genetic transformation? | reases the frequency of Agrobacterium |
| | (a) ASGorbic acid | (b) Acetosyringone |
| | (c) Aflatoxin | (d) Abscisic acid |
| 7. | The most commonly used method <i>op</i> embryos as explants is | f choice for gene transfer using immature |
| | (a) Microprojectile | (b) Electroporation |
| | (c) Liposome mediated | (d) Chemically stimulated |
| 8. | A pericentric inversion in chromoso | ome involves |
| | (a) One arm of a chromosome | (b) Both the arms of a chromosome |
| | (c) Two different chromosomes | (d) More than two chromosomes |
| 9. | A red or orange dye used in dyei surrounds the seeds of | ng silks is obtained from the pulp that |
| | (a) Semecarpus anacardium | (b) Emblica officinalis. |
| | (c) Bixa orellana | (d) Aegle marmelos |
| 10. | Development of embryo from game gamete is known as | etophute without the intervention of the |
| | (a) Apospory | (b) Apogamy |
| | (c) Apomixis | (d) Aposporogamy |
| 11. | The most common ionising raimprovement programme is | diation used for mutation in plant |

(a) X-rays(b) UV-rays(c) Gama-rays(d) Protons

12. Who of the following made the first successful genetic transformation?

(a) Boyer and Cohen

(b) H. Smith

(c) Nirenberg and Khorana

(d) S.B. Weiss

13. Which one of the following is not a thermo stable enzyme?

(a) Taq DNA polymerase

(b) RNA polymerase

(c) Pfu DNA polymerase

(d) Vent polymerase

14. Microtubules are cylindrical structures having a and f3 tubulin proteins. They are the constituents of which one of the following groups?

- (a) Nucleus, Nucleolus, Nucleoid, Nuclear membrane
- (b) Centromere, Spindle fibres, Flagella, Cilia
- (c) Mitochondria, Lysosome, Chloroplast, Golgi apparatus
- (d) Chromosome, Chromo centre, Chromatid, Chromatin

15. With reference to the inhibition of protein synthesis by antibiotics, consider the following statemen.ts:

- 1. Chloramphenicol blocks initiation of transcription in prokaryotes.
- 2. Rifamycin inhibits the elongation of polypeptide chain in prokaryotes.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 onl

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

16. Consider the following statements:

- 1. Transfer RNA contains a number of rare bases that are not found in other nucleic acids.
- 2. During translation, the frame shift errors many times result in the synthesis of very useful proteins.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

17. Consider the following statements:

- 1. The eukaryotic mRNAs are metabolically more stable than the prokaryotic mRNAs.
- 2. The mRNAs of most prokaryotes are polycistronic, but the mRNAs of eukaryotes are monocistronic.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

18. Consider the following statements:

In the phenomenon of photoperiodic induction to flowering,

- 1. the sites of perception for night length are young leaves.
- 2. the sites of response i.e., apical meristem, must be illuminated for flowering to take place.

| | Which of the statements given above i | s/are | corre | ct? | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|------------|--|---------|---------|---------|------------|-----|--|--|--|
| | (a) I only | (b) | 2 on | ly | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Both 1 and 2 | (d) | Neitl | her 1 r | or 2 | | | | | | |
| 19. | Consider the following statements: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. The seed of pea is albuminous. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. The fruit of peach is drupe. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Which of the statements given above i | s/are | correct? | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1 only | (b) | 2 on | ly | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Both I and 2 | (d) | Neitl | her 1 r | or 2 | | | | | | |
| 20. | Match List I (Disease) with List II (| Caus | al Or | ganisi | m) and | d selec | t the corr | ect | | | |
| | answer using the code given below t | he lis | sts: | | | | | | | | |
| | List I | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A. Blast disease of rice | 1. | Ustil | lago ni | uda | | | | | | |
| | B. Loose smut of wheat | 2. | Xant | homo | nas ma | alvacea | rum | | | | |
| | C. Black arm of cotton | 3. | Ustil | ago so | citamir | nae | | | | | |
| | D. Whip smut of sugarcane | 4. | Pyrio | cularia | oryza | e | | | | | |
| | A B C D | | | A | В | C | D | | | | |
| | (a) 4 1 2 3 | | (b) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| | (c) 4 2 1 3 | | (d) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| 21. | Consider the following: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Bacillus subtilis | 2. | Trick | hoderi | na viri | de | | | | | |
| | 3. Erysiphe graminis | 4. | Septe | oria g | lycines | ; | | | | | |
| | | anisn | anisms is/are capable of suppressing plant | | | | | | | | |
| | disease? | <i>a</i> . | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1 and 2 | ` ′ | 2 and | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) 2, 3 and 4 | | 1 on | • | | | | | | | |
| 22. | Which one of the following statemer | | | | ? | | | | | | |
| | (a) The bunt of rice is found only in so | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) The pathogen of the stem rot of ric | | - | | | ycetes. | | | | | |
| | (c) The blast disease of rice affects the | - | | _ | | | £4-1 | 4 | | | |
| | (d) In the brown spot disease of rice roots. | e an | parts | or the | piant | are in | rected exc | ері | | | |
| 23. | Consider the following statements: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Trichoderma harzianum secretes o | cell w | all lys | sing ei | nzyme | s. | | | | | |
| | 2. Bacillus penetrans is used to kill the | | - | _ | - | | | | | | |
| | Which of the statements given above i | | | | 0. | • | | | | | |
| | (a) 1 only | (b) | 2 on | ly | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Both 1 and 2 | (d) | Neitl | her 1 r | or 2 | | | | | | |
| 24. | Consider the following statements: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Anabaena lives symbiotically with | n Azo | lla | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Azotobacter is a free - living organ | nism i | in the | soil. | | | | | | | |
| | Which of the statements given above i | | | | | | | | | | |

| | (a) | 1 only | V | | | (b) | 2 or | ılv | | | | | |
|-----|---|--------|-----------------|--------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|---------|------------|------|--|
| | | - | 1 and 2 | 2 | | | | ther 1 no | or 2 | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | ng fungi: | (u) | 1 (01) | | <i>5</i> 1 <i>2</i> | | | | |
| 20. | | | | | ospora | | | | | | | | |
| | | | vlella c | _ | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | - | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | tomyce thasa | | | a h iala | امداء | aantual | ofno | matad | inil | 19 | |
| | | | | are pr | edaceous for th | | _ | | OI HE | matou | es ili son | | |
| | ` ′ | 1 and | | | | ` ′ | 1 an | | | | | | |
| • | ` ′ | 2 and | | | | | 1, 2 | and 3 | | | | | |
| 26. | | | | | ng statements: | | | ъ. | 3.51 | | | | |
| | | | | | of Wildlife is h | | • | | | | | | |
| | As per the latest 'State of Forest Report', the total forest cover in India is over 20% of the geographical area of the country. Which of the statements given above is/are correct? | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Wh | ich of | the sta | iteme | nts given above | is/are | corre | ect? | | | | | |
| | (a) | 1 only | y | | | (b) | 2 or | ıly | | | | | |
| | (c) | Both | 1 and 2 | 2 | | (d) | Neit | ther 1 no | or 2 | | | | |
| 27. | Coı | nsider | the fo | llowi | ng statements: | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Most | mitoch | ondr | ial proteins are | encode | d by | nuclear | chro | nosom | al DNA. | | |
| | 2. | UGA | , a stop | o-code | on for nuclear D | NA is | read | as trypt | tophai | n in mi | tochondi | ia. | |
| | Wh | ich of | the sta | iteme | nts given above | is/are | corre | ect? | - | | | | |
| | | 1 only | | | | | 2 or | | | | | | |
| | | - | 7 1 and 2 | 2 | | | | ther I no | or 2 | | | | |
| 28. | Ma | tch L | ist I <i>(1</i> | nstitu | ute) with List I | I (Loc | ation | and s | elect | the co | rrect an | swer | |
| | | | | | below the lists | | | | | | | | |
| | | List I | | | | | | | List I | I | | | |
| | A. | Centr | al Tab | acoo l | Research Institu | ıte | 1. Shimla | | | | | | |
| | B. | Centr | al Soil | Salin | ity Research In | stitute | | | | | | | |
| | C. | Centr | al Pota | ito Re | search Institute | | 3. Kamal | | | | | | |
| | D. | India | n Gras | sland | and Fodder Res | search | Instit | ute 4. | Raja | hmunc | lry | | |
| | | | | | | | | 5. | Gun | tur | | | |
| | | A | В | C | D | | | Α | В | C | D | | |
| | (a) | 4 | I | 2 | 3 | | (b) | 4 | 3 | I | 2 | | |
| | (c) | 5 | 3 | I | 2 | | (d) | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
| 29. | The | e Aggi | regate | Frui | t of lotus consis | sts of f | ruitl | ets whic | ch are | e an ag | gregate | of | |
| | (a) | Ache | nes | | | (b) | Ben | ries | | | | | |
| | (c) | Drupe | es | | | (d) | Foll | icles | | | | | |
| | Cor | nsider | the fol | lowin | ng statements: | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Agrol | bacteri | um tu | mefaciens is a s | soil bac | eteriu | ım. | | | | | |
| | 2. | Agrol | bacteri | um t | <i>umefaciens</i> was lant cells. | | | | used | for in | troductio | n of | |
| | | | | | nts given above | is/are | corre | ect? | | | | | |
| | | 1 only | | | 11.5 51 1011 400 10 | | 2 or | | | | | | |
| | (4) | 1 0111 | 7 | | | (0) | ~ U1. | y | | | | | |

| | (c) Both 1 and 2 | (d) | Neither 1 nor 2 |
|------------|---|--------|------------------------------------|
| 31. | In numerical taxonomy, the taxonom | ı'ic € | entity of the lowest rank used is |
| | (a) Operational taxonomic unit | (b) | Individual |
| | (c) Lines | (d) | Taxon |
| 32. | Elaters are absent in | | |
| | (a) Funaria | (b) | Marchantia |
| | (c) Pe/Jia | (d) | Porella |
| 33. | Salicornia is an example of | | |
| | (a) Epiphyte | (b) | Halophyte |
| | (c) Mesophyte | (d) | Parasite |
| 34. | An outgrowth of the funiculus near i | ts to | p is known as |
| | (a) Aril | (b) | Baculum |
| | (c) Caruncle | (d) | Epiblast |
| 35. | Which one of the following gymnos | sper | ms reproduces both vegetatively as |
| | well as sexually? | | |
| | (a) Cycas | ` ′ | Cedrus |
| | (c) Ephedra | () | Pinus |
| 36. | Conspicuous sporophyte with indefeature of | eteri | minate growth is a characteristic |
| | | (b) | Tracheophyta |
| | (a) Bryophyta(c) Chlorophyta | | Rhodophyta |
| 37 | Which one of the following structure | | * * |
| 57. | (a) Rhizoid and apical cell | | Apical cell |
| | (c) Embryo | | Thalloid plant body |
| 38. | Consider the following statements: | (4) | Thursda plant body |
| 20. | Marchantia polymorpha | | |
| | 1. is dioecious. | | |
| | 2. possesses antheridiophores and arc | hego | oniophores. |
| | 3. lacks foot and seta in its sporophyte | _ | 1 |
| | 4. is heterosporous. | | |
| | Which of these statements are correct? | | |
| | (a) 1 and 2 | (b) | 3 and 4 |
| | (c) 1 and 4 | (d) | 2 and 3 |
| 39. | Which one of the following species is use | ed fo | r the extraction of Geranium oil? |
| | (a) Cymba pagan flexuosus | | |
| | (b) Pelargonium groveolens | | |
| | (c) Rosa damascena | | |
| | (d) Schleichera trijuga | | |
| 40. | Which one of the following is a rod-s | hap | ed bacterium? |
| | (a) Bacillus subtilis | | |
| | (b) Pneumococcus pneumoniae | | |
| | (c) Streptococcus nigricans | | |

| | (d) Vibrio cholera | |
|-----|---|---|
| 41. | In the gametophytic type of self - crosses would <i>not</i> be compatible? | incompatibility, which of the following |
| | (a) $S_1S_3 \times S_1S_4$ | (b) $S_1S_4 \times S_2S_3$ |
| | (c) $S_1S_3 \times S_1S_3$ | (d) $S_2S_4 \times S_1S_4$ |
| 42. | • | in which mature pollen is applied to |
| | | erally 1 to 3 days prior to anthesis, is to |
| | (a) Hasten the maturity of pollinated s | |
| | (b) Increase the viability period of pol | |
| | (c) Promote cross-pollination between | related species |
| | (d) Overcome self-incompatibility | |
| 43. | Consider the following with referer (GSI) self-incompatibility systems: | ace to sporophytic (SSI) or gametophytic |
| | 1. SSI - 3 celled pollen, rejection rea | ction on the stigma. |
| | 2. GSI - 2 celled pollen, rejection rejection reaction in the style. | eaction in the style. SSI - 2 celled pollen. |
| | 3. GSI - 3 celled pollen, rejection rea | ction on the stigma. |
| | Which of these features are correct i self - incompatibility systems? | n the case of sporophytic or gametophytic |
| | (a) 1 and 2 | (b) 2 and 3 |
| | (c) 2 and 4 | (d) 3 and 4 |
| 44. | Seed dormancy can be broken by ex | posure to red light in |
| | (a) Lettuce | (b) Pea |
| | (c) Tomato | (d) Onion |
| 45. | Which one of the following phytoh dormancy? | formones is known to contribute to hud |
| | (a) Ehtylene | (b) Coumarin |
| | (c) Cytokinin | (d) ABA |
| 46. | In cereals, which one of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply of photosynthates to the development of the following supply | ng kinds of leaves plays a key role in the cloping grain? |
| | (a) Young leaves | (b) Mature leaves |
| | (c) Flag leaves | (d) Scale leaves |
| 47. | Perisperm is a post-fertilization mod | dification of |
| | (a) Nucellus | (b) Outer integument |
| | (c). Central cell | (d) Inner integument |
| 48. | Which one of the following pairs is o | correctly matched? |
| | (a) Pistia | Sciophyte |
| | (b) Lemna | Xerophyte |
| | (c) Rhizophora | Halophyte |
| | (d) Casuarina | Hydophyte |
| 49. | Match List I (Mangrove) with List | Ii (State) and select the correct answer |
| | using the code given below the lists: | • |
| | List I | List II |

| | A. | Bhita | rkanik | a | | 1. | Karnataka | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|---|---------|---------|-------|--|
| | B. | Coon | dapur | | | 2. | Kerala | | | | | | |
| | C. | Picha | varam | Ĺ | | 3. | Orissa | | | | | | |
| | D. | Vemb | anad | | | 4. | Tam | ilnadu | | | | | |
| | | A | В | C | D | | | A | В | C | D | | |
| | (a) | 3 | I | 4 | 2 | | (a) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | | |
| | (c) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | | (d) | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | | |
| 50. | WI | hich or | ne of t | he is a | a fatty acid poly | ester | ? | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Agar | | | | (b) | Lign | in | | | | | |
| | (c) | Pectir | ı | | | (d) | Sube | erin | | | | | |
| 51. | Co | nsider | the fo | ollowi | ng statements: | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Bacte | rial D | NA is | not bound by his | tones | s. | | | | | | |
| | 2. | Cyclo | hexin | nide in | hibits protein syr | thes | is in t | acteria | • | | | | |
| | Wł | nich of | the st | ateme | nts given above is | s/are | corre | ct') | | | | | |
| | (a) | 1 only | y | | | (b) | 2 on | ly | | | | | |
| | (c) | Both | 1 and | 2 | | (d) | Neit | her 1 n | or 2 | | | | |
| 52. | | | | | with List II (Fa | mily |) and | select | the co | rrect a | nswer | using | |
| | the | | _ | below | the Lists: | | | | | | | | |
| | | <u>List I</u> | | | | List | | | | | | | |
| | | Coffe | | | | 1. 2. | | iidacea | | | | | |
| | B. Chocolate | | | | | | - | varace | ae | | | | |
| | | Opiur | | | | 3. | | iaceae | | | | | |
| | D. | Vanil | | | - | 4. | Sterculiaceae | | | | | | |
| | | A | В | C | D | | <i>a</i> > | A | В | C | D | | |
| | (a) | | 4 | 2 | 3 | | (b) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | | |
| | (c) | | 2 | 4 | 1 | | (d) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | | |
| 53. | Th as | e matı | uratio | n of a | nthers and stign | nas a | it tim | es in t | he san | ne flow | er is k | nown | |
| | | Herko | ogamy | , | | (h) | Cleio | stogam | V | | | | |
| | ` ′ | Chasi | | | | | Cleistogamy Dichogamy | | | | | | |
| 54 | | | • | • | RuBP carboxyl | ` ′ | | | | gen to | vield | | |
| · | | - | - | , | f phosphoglycera | | | nes wi | un ony | gen to | yicia | | |
| | | | | | f phosphoglycola | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | phosphoglycerate | | one n | nolecul | e of p | hospho | glvcola | ıte | |
| | | | | | f glucose | | | | ······································· | r | 6 7 | | |
| 55. | ` ′ | | | | uial Name) with | List | t H (P | Plant) a | nd se | lect t | he co | rrect | |
| | | | | _ | le given below tl | | | | | | | | |
| | | List I | | | | List | t II | | | | | | |
| | A. | Adde | r's ton | gues | | 1. | Lyco | podiu | n | | | | |
| | B. | Horse | tails | | | 2. | Spha | ignum | | | | | |
| | C. | Club | moss | | | 3. | Oph | iogloss | um | | | | |
| | D. | Bog r | noss | | | 4. | Equi | setum | | | | | |

| | A | В | C | D | | | A | В | C | D |
|-----|---|---|---|---|--|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | | (b) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (c) | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | | (d) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |

Directions: The following six (6) items consist of two statement, one labeled as 'Assertion (A)' and the other as 'Reason (R)'. You are to examine these two statements carefully and select the answers to these items using the code given below:

- (a) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and R are individually true and R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is false but R is true Assertion
- **56. Assertion** (A): Tissues removed from crown gall tumours can be grown in culture without the addition of auxin and cytokinin.
 - **Reason (R):** The bacterial plasmid contains the genes for the synthesis of plant auxin and cytokinin.
- **57. Assertion** (A): Lateral buds close to the shoot apex remain dormant while those some distance below the apical meristem develop into shoots.
 - **Reason (R):** Apical shoot meristems and young leaves are the centres of IAA synthesis.
- **58.** Assertion (A): Some plant species grow poorly in nature if the soil fungi are killed with a fungicide.
 - **Reason (R):** The mycorrhizal fungi transport nitrate into the plant and receive phosphate in return.
- **59. Assertion** (A): New characters are evolved in homogenous population due to organism-environmental interaction.
 - **Reason** (R): Homogenous populations are prone to genetic mutations.
- **60. Assertion** (A): Folding and rolling movements in certain grasses are caused by the loss of turgor in bulliform cells.
 - **Reason (R):** Bulliform cells are found in the horizontal rows in the leaf epidermis.
- **61. Assertion** (A): Self-incompatibility is not an absolute phenomenon.
 - **Reason (R):** Even highly self-incompatible species can be self-pollinated by one stratagem or another.
- 62. Which one of the following correctly represents 'Homoplastic' condition?
 - (a) Similar characters of two or more taxa resulting from convergent or parallel evolution.
 - (b) Descent of two or more taxa from a recent common ancestor.
 - (c) Similar characters observed in different individuals of the same population.
 - (d) Development of different organs from the undifferentiated callus during the course of somatic tissue culture
- 63. The evolution of cultivated cotton is an example of
 - (a) Distant hybridization and polyploidy
 - (b) Diploidization of sterile F₁
 - (c) Intergeneric hybridization and polyploidy

| | (d) Interspecific hybridization and po- | lyploi | dy | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 64. | The spontaneous mutations in nature are mostly | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Recessive and lethal | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Dominant and beneficial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Dominant and lethal | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Recessive and beneficial | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65. | When individuals of F_1 progeny bac mating with each other, the process | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Interprogeny hybridization | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Interpopulation hybridization | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Introgressive hybridization | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Syfnpatric hybridization | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 66. | Periderm includes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Phelloderm, collenchyma and corr | tex | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Phellem, cambium and cortex | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) All the tissues between epidermis | and p | ith | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Phellogen, phellem and phelloder | m | | | | | | | | | | |
| 67. | Automaticillly typified names of sub | orde | ers end in | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) -ales | (b) | -ineae | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) -oideae | (d) | -eae | | | | | | | | | |
| 68. | A transitional form between tracher | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Bast fibre | | Septate fibre | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Fibre-sclereid | ` ′ | Fibre-tracheid | | | | | | | | | |
| 69. | Vertically elongated cells in the lat | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | the secondary xylem and pholem ar | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Fusiform initials | ` ' | Cambiform cells | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | (c) Phellogen cells Consider the following: | (u) | Ray initials | | | | | | | | | |
| 70. | Consider the following: | 2 | Calt alanda | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hydathodes Nectaries | 2. | Salt glands Lenticels | | | | | | | | | |
| | Which of these are secretory structure | 4. | Lenuceis | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) I, 2 and 4 | | 3 and 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1, 2 and 4 (c) 1, 2 and 3 | ` / | 1, 2, 3 and 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | | ` ' | ransition from superior to inferior | | | | | | | | | |
| /1. | ovary is | ow u | ansition from superior to interior | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Asteraceae | (b) | Commelinaceae | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Papilionaceae | ` ′ | Rosaceae | | | | | | | | | |
| 72. | | ` ′ | om which the root cap develops | | | | | | | | | |
| | independently of all other initials of | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Calyptrogen | (b) | Casparian strip | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Columella | (d) | Corpus | | | | | | | | | |

| 73. | Consider the following stateme | nts: | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Nomenclature for a taxon is nece | ssary because | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. vernacular names are not uni | versal. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. two or more unrelated specie | s are known by the same common name. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. vernacular names do not prov | vide information on generic relationship. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. vernacular names are not a statements are correct? | available for all the species. Which of these | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) I and 2 | (b) 3 and 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) I, 2 and 3 | (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74. | The taxonomic category 'Class' | ' is between | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Order and Family | (b) Order and Genus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Kingdom and Phylum | (d) Division and Order | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75. | When the generic name and the specific epithet, in a binomial have exactly | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | the same spelling, the binomial is known as | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Autonym | (b) Basionym | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Synonym | (d) Tautonym | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 76. | Besides Orchidaceae, pollinia a | re also found in | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Asclepiadaceae | (b) Bignoniaceae | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Poaceae | (d) Scrophulariaceae | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77. | The most primitive type of stamens are found in | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Degeneria | (b) Lilium | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Papaver | (d) Solanum | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78. | | (Cellular Part) and select the correct answer | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | using the code given below the | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | List I | List II | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A. Toluidine blue | 1. Fats | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | B. Safranin | 2. Lignin | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | C. Cotton blue | 3. RNA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | D. Osmium tetroxide | 4. Fungal hyphae | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A B C D | A B C D | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) I 2 4 3 | (b) 3 2 4 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | (c) 3 4 2 1 | (d) 1 4 2 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 79. | DNA and RNA? | racer elements can be incorporated in both | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) ¹⁴ C - Guanine | (b) ¹⁴ C - Uracil | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) ³ H - Cytosine | (d) ³ H - Thymidine | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80. | 9 1 | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Name of plant | Part used in vegetative reproduction | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ` ' | Sub-aerial root | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | Sub-aerial stem | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | = = | Reproduction bud at the end of inflorescence | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Kalanchoe: | Adventitious buds from the leaf | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 81. | The fixation of CO ₂ to malate and | its decarboxylation are common to both |
|-----|---|--|
| | C ₄ and CAM plants, but in CAM pl | ants these events |

- (a) Are separated spatially
- (b) Are separated temporally
- (c) Require high light intensity
- (d) Require high CO2 concentration

82. What is the primary acceptor of CO2 in Hatch-Slack cycle?

- (a) Phosphoenol pyruvic acid
- (b) Ribulose biphosphate
- (c) Phosphoglyceric acid
- (d) Diphosphoglyceric acid

83. Which one of the following pairs is *not* correctly matched?

Drug Part of the plant giving the drug

(a) Colchicin: Bulb(b) Digitoxin: Leaves(c) Ephedrin: Entire plant

(d) Cocaine: Roots

84. A universal hydrogen acceptor in an electron transport system is

(a) ATP (b) UDP (c) NAD (d) FMN

85. Consider the following:

- 1. Succinic dehydrogenase
- 2. Aconitase
- 3. alpha-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase
- 4. Isocitric dehydrogenase

What is the correct order in which the above enzymes catalyse the reactions in Kreb's cycle?

(a) I - 2 - J - 4

(b) 2-4-I-3

(c) 3 - 2 - 4 - I

(d) 2-4-3-I

86. Consider the following enzymes:

- 1. Glutamate dehydrogenase
- 2. Glutamine synthetase
- 3. Glutamate synthase

Which of these are concerned with ammonia assimilation?

(a) 1 and 2

(b) 2 and 3

(c) 1 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

87. In all the nitrogren-fixers, the enzyme nitrogenase, that helps in the transfer of electrons from NADH to N=N, is located inside a thick protective covering because this protective covering

- (a) Regulates the supply of oxygen
- (b) Provides an anaerobic atmosphere protecting the enzyme from oxidation
- (c) Acts as an oxygen scavenger

| | (d) Regulates the supply of sugars for | or anae | robic | oxidat | ion | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---------|------------------------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 88. | Consider the following organisms: | : | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Clostridium pasteurianum | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Klebsiella pneumoniae | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. Thiobacillus ferrooxidans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Which of the above are free living n | itrogen | fixing | g orga | nismsʻ | ? | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1 and 2 | (b) | 2 and | d 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) I and 3 | (d) | 1, 2 | and 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 89. | The increases respiration rate due | specif | ically | to ani | ion up | take is | called | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Salt respiration | (b) | Acti | ve abs | orptio | n | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Exchange absorption | (d) | Grou | and res | pirati | on | | | | | | | | |
| 90. | Match List I (Scientist) with List | | _ | Used | l,) and | d selec | t the corre | | | | | | | |
| | answer using the code given below | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | List I | | t II | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A. Calvin | 1. | 180 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | B. Ruben and Kamen | 2. | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | C. Volkin and Astrachan | 3. | 14C | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | D. Meselson and Stahl | 4. | 15 N | | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | | |
| | A B C D | | | Α | В | C | D | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 3 2 I 4 | | (b) | 4 | I | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | (c) 4 2 I 3 | | (d) | 3 | I | 2 | 4 | | | | | | | |
| 91. | Which one of the following pairs is | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Copper: | | Plasticyanin Serine | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Sulphur: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Molybdenum: | | Nitrate reductase | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Zinc: | | Alcohol dehydrogenase | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 92. | Addition of KCN reduces the raindicates that water absorption is | | water | · abso | rptio | n in th | e root. Th | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Passive process | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Energy dependent process | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Osmotic difference, dependent process | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Exchange diffusion process | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 93. | Consider the following events invo | olved i | n ston | natal o | penin | ıg: | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Turgor pressure of guard cells increases. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Turgor pressure or guard cells increases. K⁺ ions move into guard cells. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. pH of guard cells decreases. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. Water moves into guard cells. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. Water moves into guard cells. What is the correct sequence of these events leading to stomatal opening: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | What is the correct sequence of thes | e even | ts lead | me to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | What is the correct sequence of thes (a) $2 - 4 - 3 - I$ | | | - 4 - I | | itur ope | 8 | | | | | | | |

| 94. | | | | ` | | _ | ith List ig the co | , | | | | O | e Stess, |) and | | |
|-----|------|--------|---------|-----------------|-------|----------|-----------------------|---|--------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| | List | | | | | | ist II | | , | | | | | | | |
| | A | Chan | naeph | ytes | | 1. | Buds a | re ur | ndergi | ound | on rhiz | zomes, | bulbs, c | orms | | |
| | | Geop | - | • | | 2. | Buds a | ds are located at the surface of soil, protected leaf and stem bases | | | | | | | | |
| | C | Hemi | icrynt | ophyte | 2.5 | 3. | • | | | | ve the | stress : | as seeds | | | |
| | | There | | | 25 | 4. | | Annual life span; survive the stress as seeds Buds are locate a above ground, but low enough | | | | | | | | |
| | υ. | THEI | opiij u | 25 | | •• | not to l | | | | _ | | t 10 W C1 | lough | | |
| | | A | В | C | D | | | | • | A | В | C | D | | | |
| | (a) | 3 | 2 | I | 4 | | | | (b) | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | | | |
| | (c) | 4 | I | 2 | 3 | | | | (d) | 4 | 2 | I | 3 | | | |
| 95. | Wh | nich o | ne of | the fo | ollow | ing i | is popul | arly | asso | ciated | with | the na | me of J | ustus | | |
| | Lie | big? | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Law | of the | Minir | num | | | (b) | Law | of To | lerance | 9 | | | | |
| | (c) | Ecolo | ogical | Niche | ; | | | (d) | Spec | iation | | | | | | |
| 96. | Wh | nich o | ne of | the fo | llowi | ng e | cologica | l pyı | amid | ls is a | lways | uprigh | t? | | | |
| | ` ′ | • | | numb | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ` ′ | • | | biom | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Pyrar | nid of | energ | y | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | . • | • | | | lations | | | | | | | | | |
| 97. | | | | | | of th | e follov | wing | plan | ts is | edible | and | rich in | poly | | |
| | | | | atty ac | cids? | | | 4. | | | • • | | | | | |
| | ` ′ | Aleur | | | | | | ` ′ | | os nuc | | | | | | |
| 00 | ` ′ | | | tincto | | . | TT (TT | ` ′ | | | mmun | | • | 43 | | |
| 98. | | | | Plant) ow th | | | II (Use |) and | i sele | ct the | corre | ct ansv | ver usin | g the | | |
| | Cou | List I | | OW th | CIISU | J• | | List | : 11 | | | | | | | |
| | A | | | nosus | | | | 1. | Fibre | 2 | | | | | | |
| | В. | Dolic | hos b | iflorus | S | | | 2. | Oil | | | | | | | |
| | | Elaei | | | | | | 3. | Pulse | e | | | | | | |
| | | | - | aziovi | i | | | 4. | Rubl | | | | | | | |
| | | A | В | C | D | | | | | A | В | C | D | | | |
| | (a) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | (b) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | | | |
| | (c) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | (d) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | |
| 99. | Wh | ich o | ne of | the fo | llowi | ng is | used fo | r pu | lp ble | eachir | ng in tl | ie pap | er indus | stry? | | |
| | (a) | Mild | sulph | uric ac | cid | | | (b) | Gluc | ose is | omera | se | | | | |
| | (c) | Chlor | roflur | ocarbo | n | | | (d) | Chlo | rine a | nd wat | er | | | | |
| 100 | Sor | naclo | nal va | riatio | n ca | n be | advanta | ageoi | us be | cause | | | | | | |
| | (a) | There | e are c | heom | osom | al ab | normali | ties | | | | | | | | |
| | (h) | Mono | osomi | cs are | prod | uced | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (0) | 1,1011 | | | I | | | | | | | | | | | |

(d) It gives high genetic uniformity

101. Consider the following statments:

- 1. The first living organisms on planet Earth originated in water.
- 2. When life originated on planet Earth, the atmosphere contained nitrogen, ammonia, ozone, hydrogen, carbon dioxide, methane and water vapour.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

102. In crop improvement programmes, haploids are of great importance because they

- (a) Grow better even under adverse climatic conditions (b)Are useful in studies of meiosis.
- (c) Have less requirement for energy inputs
- (d) Give homozygous lines following diploidization

103. Which one of the following pairs is *not* correctly matched?

(a) Production of sulphur dioxide: Burning of coal

(b) Depletion of ozone layer: Release of chlorofluorocarbons in the

atmosphere

(c) Eutrophication: Increase in nitrogen and phosphorus

contents in aquatic bodies

(d) Decrease in B.O.D. of pond water: Increase in global temperature

104. The National Wasteland Development Board now renamed Department of Land Resources is under the Union Ministry of

(a) Agriculture

(b) Environment and Forests

(c) Planning

(d) Rural Development

105. Which one of the following was the objective of signing the 'Montreal Protocol?

- (a) Protection of Wildlife
- (b) Protection of ozone layer
- (c) Control over the use of insecticides
- (d) Control of noise pollution

106. Which one of the following is correct to measure 13-diversity?

- (a) Species richness within an ecosystem
- (b) Species evenness equitability
- (c) Degree of change in species composition along an environmental gradient
- (d) Species diversity of several habitats in a large geographical region

107. The number of individuals in each population that can live in a particular ecosystem is limited; and that number is known as

- (a) Biotic potential
- (b) Carrying capacity
- (c) Intrinsic natural increase
- (d) Reproductive capacity

| 108. | Co | nsider | the fo | llowir | ng codons: | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--------|--------|--------------|---|-------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|----|--|
| | 1. | UAA | | | | | 2. | UAC | \mathbf{C} | | | | | |
| | 3. | UAG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Which of these are considered to be the termination codons in protein synthesis? | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | 1, 2 aı | nd 3 | | | | (b) | 1 an | d 2 | | | | | |
| | (c) | 2 and | 3 | | | | (d) | 1 an | d 3 | | | | | |
| 109. | 109. The function of 'reverse transcriptase' is to | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | a) Transcribe a complementary DNA from an RNA strand | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | b) Transcribe a complementary RNA from an RNA strand | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | (c) Translate messages for protein synthesis | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Replicate DNA from a DNA strand | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110. Match List I (Scientist) with List II (Associated With) and select the correct | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | answer using the code given below the lists: List I List II | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Lis | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Garner and Allard | | | | | | Vernalisation Physiological clocks | | | | | | |
| | | Gregory and Purvis | | | | | | • | _ | | CKS | | | |
| | | Chailakhyan | | | | | | Photoperiodism Florigen concept | | | | | | |
| | D . | Bunning | | | | | 4. | Flor | | _ | C | Ъ | | |
| | (-) | A | В | | D 2 | | | (1-) | A | _ | _ | D 2 | | |
| | | 2 | 4 | I | 3 | | | (b) | | I I | | 3 | | |
| 111 | (c) | | • | - | 2 dananda | | 4le a | (d) | 3 | - | 4 | 2 | h4 | |
| 111, | 111. The shoot branching depends upon the development of axillary buds, but many of the buds in axillary position never grow out due to the | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | | resent in th | | | _ | on out | auc c | , 1110 | | | |
| | | | - | _ | resent in th | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | ors present | - | | | lary & | apical | bud | | | |
| | | | | | enetic cont | | | | • | • | | | | |
| 112. | | | | _ | ng stateme | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Anaba | | | C | | 2. | Antl | nocyani | ins | | | | |
| | 3. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Which of these are coloured flavonoids? | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | (a) 1 and 2 | | | | | | | d 3 | | | | | |
| | (c) 1 and 3 | | | | | | | I, 2 a | and 3 | | | | | |
| 113. Growth of the pollen tube occurs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Over its entire length | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | b) At apical and subapical zones | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | c) At'apical zone only | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | d) At subapical zone only | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 114 | . Ap | ospor | y is tł | ie dev | elopme | ent of an o | ffspi | ing f | rom t | he | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|--------------------|---|---|---------|---------|----------|--------|--|--|--|
| | (a) | Cell | of nuc | ellus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Syne | rgids (| or anti | podals | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Haple | oid fe | male g | gamete | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Haple | oid mi | icrosp | ore | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 115 | | | | _ | | do the pro | _ | | _ | | ells mi | x or fus | e and | | | |
| | | | | | | icroscope | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Glandular tapetum | | | | | | | o) Secretory tapetum | | | | | | | | |
| 117 | (c) Amoeboid tapetum6. Which one of the following shows | | | | | | | (d) Dual tapetum | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | | nich o giospe | | the f | ollowin | ig shows t | the I | ast di | iploid | stage | in the | life cyc | cie oi | | | |
| | (a) | Micro | ospore | e moth | er cell | | (b) | Zygo | ote | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Nuce | llus | | | | (d) | Pollen grain | | | | | | | | |
| 117. Match List I (Phenomenon) with List II (Scientist) and I select the correct answer using the code given below I the lists: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | List I | | | | | | | i II | | | | | | | | |
| | Δ | Fertil | | n | | | 1. | Treu | ıh | | | | | | | |
| | | Triple | | | | | 2. | Camerarius | | | | | | | | |
| | | Polli | | | | | 3. | Strasburger | | | | | | | | |
| | | D. Chalazogamy | | | | | | Nawaschin | | | | | | | | |
| | | Α | В | - | D | | | | A | В | C | D | | | | |
| | (a) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | | | (b) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| | (c) | 3 | 2 | 4 | I | | | (d) | I | 4 | 2 | 3 | | | | |
| 118 | | | | | | the entry | of po | llen 1 | tube i | nto the | e ovule | throug | h the | | | |
| | funiculus is known as | | | | | | | G! | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | | Acro | | | | | | Chalazogamy | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | (c) Mesogamy . Which one of the following pairs is <i>i</i> | | | | | | | (d) Porogamy | | | | | | | | |
| 119 | | | | | _ | g pairs is <i>n</i> | | | • | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Britten and Davidson: | | | | | | | Gene regulation in eukaryotes | | | | | | | | |
| | | (b) Hershey and Chase: | | | | | | | DNA as the hereditary material Localization of DNA in chromosomes | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Feulgen and Rossenbeck: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | (d) Bateson and Punnet:120. Which one of the following plants is | | | | | | Replication of DNA | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | | | | | nowing | g plants is | _ | | _ | | •0 | | | | | |
| | (a) Bombax ceiba | | | | | | | Calotropis procera Nicotiana glauca | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Mucuna gigantean | | | | | | (u) | INICC | ualla | giauca | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |