## ZOOLOGY 2004

41.	Infective stage to ma	an of the parasite that c	auses haematuria is:				
	(1) Miracidium	(2) Redia	(3) Microfilaria	(4) Cercaria			
42.	The movement seen in the trichoid joint is:						
	(1) Decrease in angl	e	(2) Restricted in differen	ent planes'			
	(3) Free in more than	n one plane	(4) Rotatory around a c	central axis			
43.	The discovery of one of the following is instrumental in the advancement of Recombinant DNA						
	Technology:						
	(1) Genetic code	(2) t-RNA	(3) Endonucleases	(4) Antibiotics			
44.	The disease in poultry which reduces immunity and spreads through contaminated food is:						
	(1) Ranikhet disease	•	(2) Aflotoxicosis				
	(3) Thrush		(4) Marek's				
45.	The blubber is forme	=					
		(2) Reticular tissue	(3) Adipose tissue	(4) Fibrous tissue .			
46.	The intermediate ho	st for the parasite that c	causes Tashkent ulcers is				
	(1) Glossina palpalis	S	(2) Phlebotomus argen	tipes			
	(3) Phlebotomus par		(4) Triatoma infestans				
47.	<del>-</del>	athecae are located in:					
	(1) Dorso-Iateral sides of 6, 7, 8 and 9 <sup>th</sup> segments						
	(2) Ventro-Iateral sides of 6, 7, 8 and 9 <sup>th</sup> segments						
	(3) Ventral surface of	of 5/6, 6/7, 7/8 and 8/9	segmental grooves ~				
	(4) Dorsal face of 5/	(4) Dorsal face of 5/6, 6/7, 7/8 and 8/9 segmental grooves					
48.	The genotype of Blo	• •		0.0			
	` '	(2) $I^A I^A$ or $I^A I^0$	$(3) I^A I^B$	$(4) I^0 I^0$			
49.		in cockroach is called a					
	(1) Palpiger		(2) Arthrodial Membra	nne			
	(3) Pleuron		(4) Pellicle				
50. T	•	has the following parts,					
		(2) Femur	(3) Tarsus	(4) Tibia			
	(5) Trochanter						
		Identify them from proximal to distal end.					
	$(1) \ 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4$		$(2) \ 1 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3$				
	$(3) \ 1 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$		$(4) \ 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow$	5			
51.	In cockroach abdominal ganglion is absent in this segment :						
	(1) 1st	(2) 5th	(3) 6th	(4) 7th			
52.	The site of formation	n of Pertitrophic memb	rane in cockroach is:				
	(1) Crop	(2) Gizzard	(3) Mesenteron	(4) Proctodaeum			
53.	_	out mastigonemes is fou					
	(1) Astacia	(2) Monas	(3) Polytoma	(4) Urcoelus			
54.	During the fusion of with its:	During the fusion of gamonts in conjugation in vorticella, the male gamont attaches to macrogamont with its:					
	(1) Stalk	(2) Oral end	(3) Aboral end	(4) Macro nucleus			
55.	Statement: Sub spec	ies has a geographical	area and geographically	isolated from other sub species.			
	Reason: When members of a species are geographically isolated they. give rise to a sub species.						
	(1) Both statement and reason are correct and the reason is the correct explanation to the statement						
	(2) Reason is the correct explanation to the statement but the statement is not correct						

	(3) Both statement and reason are not correct						
	(4) Only statement is correct and reason is wrong						
56.	Solar Radiation of wave length less than 360 millimicrons is :						
	(1) Ultraviolet radi	•	(2) Infrared radiation				
	(3) Radio waves		(4) Visible light				
57.		ntration of carbondioxid	` '				
	(1) 0.04	(2) 4.10	(3) 5.5	(4) 0.055			
58.		arises from the primitiv	` '	(1) 0.000			
	(1) Echinoderis	anses from the primary	(2) Gorgonia				
	(3) Gorgonocephal	115	(4) Nyctotherus				
59.	• • • •		a cold blooded amniot	te is:			
٥).	(1) Lampheridine	(2) Viperine	(3) Cobradine	(4) Hirudin			
60.	•	· / •	and hind limbs webbed i				
00.	(1) Rana	(2) Rhacophorus	(3) Proteus	(4) Hyla			
	(1) Kana	(2) Knacophorus	(3) I folcus	(4) Hyla			
61.	. I (Insect) II(Peculiarity of Mouth Parts)						
01.	A. Laccifer		1. Elongated galea	in Turis)			
	B. Musca		2. Well developed ma	andiblas			
	C. Beetle		3. Saw-like maxillae	indibles			
	D. Moth		4. pseudotrachae				
	5. Vestigeal mandibles Identify the correct match between I and II						
	•						
	A B	C D					
	(1) 5 4	2 1					
	(2) 3 4	5 1					
	(3) 1 2	3 4					
	(4) 3 4	2 1					
62.	The bird without Po		(2) =	(D. 70 H			
	(1) Pteropus	(2) Apteryx	(3) Eryx	(4) Gallus			
63		heretima are present in	•	(4) 42			
	(1) 1-10	(2) 15-26	(3) 27th to last setmen	nt (4) 13			
64.		ommon bile duct is guar	=				
	(1) Pyloric	(2) Ileo-caecal	(3) Oddi	(4) Muscularis mucosa			
65.		the coagulation of bloo					
	(I)Thrombin	(2) Factor XIII	(3) Factor XII	(4) Heparin			
66.	=	<del>-</del>		ough which sperms pass out is:			
	I. Rete testes	11. Vasa efferentia	III. Epididymis	IV. Vasa deferentia			
	(1) I, II, III, IV	, ,	(3) II, III, I, IV				
67.	The number of valves that guard the opening at the opining at the origin of carotico systemic aorta is						
	(1) 2	(2) 3	(3) 4	(4) 1			
68.	The cranial nerve is	n Rabbit that is connect	ed to the superior oblique	ue muscle of the eye is			
	(1) II	(2) IV	(3) V	(4) VIII			
69.	For muscle contradiscovered by:	action, in myofibrils the	he formation of a pro	otein is essential, such protein was			
	(1) Jean Hanson	(2) Cori and Cori	(3) Albert Szent Gyor	rgyi (4) Hugh Huxley			
70.	The following are the statement about Parazoa						

	1. Includes red algae, lungi and sponges									
	2. Multicellular animals									
	3. Tissues and organ systems are absent									
	The correct combination is:				(2) 1 and 2 and 2 are					
	(1) 1 and 3 only are correct				(2) 1 and 2 only are					
71	(3) All are correct			1.1 1	(4) 2 and 3 only are correct					
71.	In Pheretima the anterior loops carry blood			y biood						
	(1) Commissural blood vessels				(2) Ventral blood v					
	(3) Supra oesophageal				(4) Lateral oesopha	igeais				
72.	m-RNAcodon which stands for serine is:									
	(1) AGC	(2) A	M		(3) UGA	(4) UUU				
73.					•	equilibrium and 39 of them express a				
	recessive allele(s) for short ears, estimate the nu									
	(1) 234	(2) 37			(3) 432	(4) 218				
74.	Hypertrichosis Is an example of this inherita									
	(1) Holandric				(2) Incomplete sex-	-linked				
	(3) Sex influenced				(4) Sex limited					
75.						teristics is				
	(1) Genetic drift				(2) Mutation					
	(3) Reproductive isolation				(4) Genetic recombination					
77.	The incubation p		-							
	(1) 15-20 days (2) 30-180 days				(3) 42-56 days	(4) One week				
78.	Nephridia in pheretima are formed from:									
	(1) Mesenchyme	` ′	ndoderm		(3) Mesoderm	(4) Ectoderm				
76.	0 0		,		due to branching in					
	· · ·	ange. (2) Anagenesis			(3) Cladogenesis	(4) Paedogenesis				
79.	Bilateral symmetry is found in:									
			eucosoler		(3) Ophiopleuteus	(4) Charybdea				
80.				of Gove		brought out in the year:				
	(1) 1974	(2) 19	977		(3) 1981	(4) 1986				
ANSWERS										
	(41) 4	(42) 4	(43) 3	(44) 2	• •					
	(46) 3	(47) 2	(48) 2	(49) 3						
	(51) 2	(52) 3	(53) 3	(54) 3	• •					
	(56) 1	(57) 3	(58) 3	(59) 2						
	(61) 4	(62) 2	(63) 3	(64) 3	(65) 1					
	(66) 1	(67) 2	(68) 2	(69) 3	(70) 4					
	(71) 4	(72) 1	(73) 2	(74) 1	(75) 1					
	(76) 3	(77) 2	(78) 4	(79) 3	(80) 4					