	ZOOLOG	Y 2009				
41.	. Assertion (A): "The Biological Species" concept	helps us to ask how species are formed.				
	Reason (R): The concept of Biological species for reproductive isolation comes about.	<u> </u>				
	The correct answer is:					
		(1) Both A and R are correct, but R does not explain A				
	(2) Both A and R are not true	•				
	(3) Only A is true but R is not correct					
	(4) Both A and R are correct and R is a true expla	nation to A				
42.	_	nation to 11				
	•	lypeaster				
		orgonia				
43.		Sigoini.				
	(a) It is a fresh water, metamerically segmented pr	rotostome.				
	(b) The c1itellum is absent.	otostonie.				
	(c) It is unisexual.					
	(d) Its larval form is Trochophore.					
	(e) The nervous system is found in the epidermis.					
	Which of the above is true of "Paddle worm"?					
	(1) a, b and e (2) b, c and e (3) b,	c and d (4) c, d and e				
44.						
	List-I List-					
	(A) Green glands (I) So	olopendra				
		espiratory organ				
		Shell protein				
		Excretory organs				
	(E) Concholin (V) S	ense organs				
	The correct match is:					
	A B C D E					
	(1) IV V II I III					
	(2) I III IV V II					
	(3) II IV V III I					
	(4) III IV V II I					
45.	f. The type of connective tissue that is associated wi	th the Umbilical cord is:				
		lly-like connective tissue				
		eticular connective tissue				
46.	E					
	(a) It forms the lining of the cavities of alveoli of	_				
	(b) It forms the lining of wet surfaces like buccal	cavity and oesophagus.				
	(c) It occurs in the ducts of sweat glands.					
	(d) It forms the lining of salivary glands and swea	t glands.				
	(e) It is a loose connective tissue.					
	Which of the above are associated with simple ep.					
	(1) a and d (2) band c (3) c	* *				
47.	In vorticella, the total number of micronuclei f female gamont is:	ormed at the end of prezygotic nuclear division in				
	(1) 4 (2) 6 (3) 8	(4)5				
48.	5					
	(1) Hexacanth larva (2) O	ncosphere				

	(3) Cysticercus larva	(4) Miracidium		
49.		ecific interaction with a feeding strategy.		
	` '	maintain fairly stable population through time and rarely one		
	population become abundant or scarce			
	The correct answer is:			
	(1) Both A and R are not correct			
	(2) Both A and R are correct and R is a	correct explanation of A		
	(3) Only A is correct, R is not correct	Contest explanation of 11		
	(4) Both A and Rare correct, but R is n	ot a correct explanation of A		
50.		harynx, oesophagus, pharyngeal nephridia receive the blood		
50.	from thisblood vessel:	larynx, oesophagus, pharyngear nephridia receive the blood		
	(1) Supra oesophageal	(2) Lateral oesophageal		
	(3) Dorsal Blood	(4) Subneural		
51.	The location of lymph glands in Pheren			
31.	• 1 0			
	(1) 4th, 5th and 6th segments	(2) 10th to 20th segments		
5 0	(3) 26th to the last segments	(4) 13th segment		
52.	Note the following:			
	(a) Fenestra (b) Pedical			
	(c) Lacinia (d) Flagellum			
	(e) Galea (f) Mentum			
	(g) Palpifer (h) Cardo			
	(i) Glossa			
	=	air of maxillae in the case of Cockroach?		
	(1) c,e, g and h (2) a, c, e and I	(3) a, f, g and i (4) b, e, g and i		
53.	Note the following:			
	An insect whose mouthparts are biting and chewing type in the larval condition, while they are			
		insect gives an economically important substance during yet		
	another stage of its development.			
	The insect is:			
	(1) Anopheles (2) Laccifer	(3) Bombyx (4) Apis		
54.	Note the following:			
	(a) Monocytes (b) Trophocytes			
	(c) Lymphocytes (d) Mycetocytes			
	(e) Leucocytes (f) Oenocytes			
	(g) Urate cells			
	Which of the above are fat cells in Peri	•		
	(1) a, c, e and h (2) b, d, f and g	(3) c, e, f and g (4) a, c, e and f		
55.	In cockroach which of the following is	the principal motor centre:		
	(1) Supraoesophageal ganglia	(2) Suboesophageal ganglia		
	(3) Metathoracic ganglia	(4) Abdominal ganglia		
56.	The growth of a population without lieusigration are equal, then it is called:	mit at its maximal rate and also that, rates of immigration and		
	-	(2) Piotia notantial		
	(1) Carrying capacity	(2) Biotic potential (4) Nagative growth		
<i>57</i>	(3) Positive growth	(4) Negative growth		
57.	•	forest and lake ecosystems, thus exhibiting a diversity of life.		
	Which measure do you use to denote to	•		
5 0	(1) α (Alpha) (2) β (Beta)	(3) γ (Gamma) (4) δ(Delta)		
58.	The pair of Amphibians found in India			
	(1) Amphiuma	(2) Tylototriton and Ichthyophis		
50	(3) Hyla and Ambystoma	(4) Psittacus and Apteryx		
59.	in coelomates the problem of unitusion	of food from gut to tissues is solved by:		

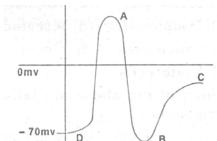
(1) The presence of coelomic fluid (2) Churning the food within the body cavity (3) Developing a circuilatory system (4) Developing gut associated glands

(1) Wuchereria

Ovoviviparity is seen in this caecilian

60.

61



(2) Typhlonectus

(1) D(3) B(4)AA hormone secreted by the endocrinal cells of duodenal mucosa which influences the release of

Identify the region where all Na⁺ channels are reactivated but closed and all K⁺ channels are closed.

(3) Ichthyophis

(4) Uraeotyphlus

- 62. pancreatic juice is: (1) Relaxin (2) Cholecystokinin (3) Secretin (4) Progesteron
- 63. With the help of the below given, identify the correct sequence, that leads to the formation of blood clot:
 - (a) Blood clot (b) Injury (c) Factor II (d) Factor III (e) Factor IV (f) Fibrinogen
 - (1) $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow d \rightarrow f \rightarrow g \rightarrow a$ (2) $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow g \rightarrow f \rightarrow ad \uparrow \leftarrow$
 - $(3) d \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow g \rightarrow f \rightarrow a$

(g) Thrombin

 $(4) b \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \rightarrow f \rightarrow g \rightarrow a$ 1 e⁺

(3) Corpus luteum

- Left shift of oxyhaemoglobin curve is noticed under: 64.
 - (1) Normal temperature and pH (2) Low temperature and high pH (3) Low pH and high temperature (4) Low pH and low temperature
- Hypochromic microcytic anaemia and Leucopenia are caused by the deficiency of respectively 65. (1) Pyridoxine and Riboflavin (2) Pyridoxine and Folacin

(3) Biotin and Folacin (4) Biotin and Cyanocobalamin

66. Which of the following given bones divide olfactory capsules in rabbit into left and right halves (b) premaxillae (c) maxillae (d) mesethmoid (a) nasals

(4) Zona reticulata

- (1) a (2) d(3) b(4)c
- 67. The glycoprotein layer between oocytes and cuboidal cells in ovary of rabbit is: (1) Membrana granulose (2) Zona pellucida
- 68. During the muscle contraction which zone decreases: (1) I zone (2) Z zone (3) H zone (4) M zone
- Note the following: 69. (a) Skin (b) Phagocytes (d) Inflammation (c) B-cells

(e) Antibodies (f) T-cells
(g) Fever (h) Antimicrobial proteins
(i). NK-cells (j) Secretions
Identify the factors involved in 2nd line of defense
(1) b, d, g and i (2) b, c, e and I (3) d, f, h and j (4) c, e, g and h
The urine is:
(1) Hypotonic to blood and Isotonic to medullary fluid
(2) Hypertonic to blood and Isotonic to medullary fluid
(3) Isotonic to blood and Hypotonic to medullary fluid
(4) Isotonic to blood and Hypertonic to medullary fluid
The extinct reptiles without temporal fossae belong to:
(1) Chelonia (2) Synaptosauria (3) Ichthyopterygia (4) Cotylosauria
Normal $-\bigcirc - ?$
Diseased - ⊕ - ♀
IV
In the above given pedigree, assume that no outsider marrying in, carry a disease. Write the genotypes
of II and III.
(1) All X^dy (2) X^DY and X^DX^d
(3) $X^dX X^dy$ and X^dy^D (4) X^dX^d and X^dy
Match the following:
List-II List-II
0
(A) XX· XO, method of sex determination (I) Heterogamtic
(B) 1.5 X/A ratio (II) Turner's syndrome
(C) Karyotype 45 (III) Hemiptera
(D) ZW-ZZ method of sex determination (IV) Metafemale
The correct match is:
A B C D
(1) I IV II III (2) III IV II I
(2) III IV II I (3) IV I II III
(4) I IV II III
(',' 1 1 11 111
A woman with blood group 'O' has a child with blood group 'O'. She claims that a man with blood
group 'N as the father of her child. What would be the genotype of the father, if her claim is right?
(1) $I^{O}I^{O}$ (2) $I^{A}I^{B}$ (3) $I^{A}I^{O}$ (4) $I^{B}I^{O}$
A specific nucleotide sequence to which RNA polymerase attaches to initiate transcription of m-RNA
from a gene:

(3) Operon

(3) Stabilizing

A selection that acts to eliminate one .extreme from an array of phenotypes is :

Assertion (A): The Theory of Survival of the Fittest is widely misunderstood.

(4) Regulator gene

(4) Coevolution

70.

71.

72.

73.

74.

75.

76.

77.

(1) Promoter gene (2) Structural gene

(2) Directional

Reason (R): Evolution does not always increase the chances of a species survival and species do not survive when such chances happen rapidly.

The correct answer is:

- (1) Both A and R are true, but R does not explain A
- (2) Only A is true, but R cannot explain A
- (3) Both A and R are true and R is a true explanation of A
- (4) Both A and R are not true
- In poultry first Deworming is usually done around this age: 78.

I

- (1) 4 weeks
- (2) 8 weeks
- (3) 12 weeks
- (4) 16 weeks
- The sequence of Nitrogen Bases(Triplet) on t-RNA is: 79.
 - (1) Anticodon

 - (3) Degenerate codon Match the following:
 - List-I

80.

- (A) Sandwich ELISA
- (B) QRS Complex
- (C) Allograft
- (D) CT Scan

The correct match is:

	Α	В	C	D
(1)	II	III	IV	I
(2)	II	IV	III	I
(3)	I	II	IV	III

(4) II Ш IV

- (2) Terminating codon
- (4) Initiating codon

List-II tion between

- (I) Three dimensional image
- (II) Substrate linked antibody
- (III) Ventricular depolarisation
- (IV) Transplantation between non-identical individual

(41) 4	(42) 1	(43) 3 (44) 1	(45) 2
(46) 1	(47) Del	(48) 2 (49) 2	(50) 3
(51) 3	(52) 1	(53) 3 (54) 2	(55) 2
(56) 2	(57) 3	(58) 2 (59) 3	(60) 2
(61) 2	(62) 2	(63) 2 (64) 2	(65) 2
(66) 2	(67) 2	(68) 3 (69) 1	(70) 2
(71) 4	(72) 2	(73) 2 (74) 3	(75) 1
(76) 2	(77) 3	(78) 2 (79) 1	(80) 1 or 4