BOTANY :: 2004

					DO I	ANI 2007				
1.	Stud	ly the foll	lowing ta	ble:						
	List	_I				List – II				
	A. N	I.O.P. Iy	engar			I. Williamsonia Sewardiana				
	B. M	1.S.Swan	ninathan			II. Fertilization of Plant in test tubes				
	C. B	Sirbal Sah	ıni			III. Dwarf varieties of Wheat				
	D. P	. Mahesv	vari			IV. Rust research				
						V. Fritschella				
	Corr	ect Matc	h is							
		A	В	C	D					
	(1)	V	IV	III	II					
	(2)	IV	II	I	III					
	(3)	V	III	I	II					
	(4)	II	III	IV	I					
2.			h lives or	rocks und	ler water v	with photosynthetic roots is:				
	-	Γinospora		2) Podoste		(3) Taeniophyllum (4) Vanda				
3.	, ,	•	,	atements:		\				
		•	_	leaf bases						
		II. Buds develop from leaf apices III. Presence of tunicated bulb								
					with refer	rence to Scilla				
		, II and I				(2) Only I and II are correct				
		Only I and				(4) Only II and III are correct				
4.		•			ements is	correct with reference to amentum?				
•	(1)					ers and the flowers open in basipetal manner				
					9.					
	(3)	The ped	luncle is	condensed	and bears	s bisexual flowers and the flowers open in an acropetal manner				
	(4)	-				bears bisexual flowers' and flowers open in basipetal manner				
5.	` ′					arpellary, syncarpous, inferior ovary with parietal placentation?				
	(1) F			2) Pome		(3) Cypsela (4) Capsule				
6.	, ,	•			sms is ass	sociated with the release of pollen grains in Pilea and Urtica?				
		Safety me				(2) Piston mechanism				
		Gun powe		anism		(4) Censer mechanism				
7.		ly the foll				(1) conser meenumen				
	List		y 1, 222 g tu			List –II				
			fore Seed	Formation)	(Structure After Seed Formation)				
		uniculus			,	I. Hilum				
		car of Ov	⁄ule			II. Tegmen				
		Zygote	··· •			III. Testa				
		nner integ	gument			IV. Stalk of seed				
						V. Embryo				
	Iden	tify the c	orrect ma	atch:		·				
		-								

		A	В	C	D						
	(1)	IV	I	V	II						
	(2)	III	IV	I	V						
	(3)	V	I	II	IV						
	(4)	IV	V	III	II						
8.	The	plants v	vhich grov	v in extre	me dry co	ditions generally show the following adaptation					
	(1)	Sunken	stomata			(2) Thin cuticle					
	(3)	Aerench	yma			(4) Poorly develope	ed xylem				
9.	not	be fertil		o various	reasons.	How many seeds occu	es, out of which 27% became abortive and another 13% could ow many seeds occur in the capsule if all the remaining ovules?				
	(1) 3	36	(2	2) 76		(3) 108	(4) 180				
10.		ocarpus her?	and Pter	olobium 1	belong to	two different familie	es. In which character they resemble one				
	(1)	Гуре of	fruit			(2) Aestivation of C	Corolla				
	(3)	Cohesio	n of Stame	ens		(4) Habit of the pla	nt				
11.	Arra	ange the	following	genera ir	n the incre	easing order of number	of carpels in each flower:				
	I. Abutilon II. Bauhinia			a	III. Allium	IV. Nicotiana					
	(1) I	I, IV, II	I, I (2	2) II, III, 1	IV, I	(3) IV, II, III, I	(4) I, III, IV, II				
12.	The strai		provide flo	exibility a	and elastic	city besides helping the	tender plant parts in facing stress and				
	(1) I	Bast cell	ls (2	2) Collocy	ytes	(3) Transfer cells	(4) Stone cells				
13.		ange the sess :	following	oligosac	charides i	n the decreasing order	based on the number of sugar units they				
	I. Ra	affinose	. I	I. Stachyo	se	III. Verbascose	IV. Maltose				
	The	correct	sequence	is:							
	(1) I	II, I, II,	IV (2) II, III, I	IV, I	(3) III, II, I, IV	(4) I, II, IV, III				
14.				-	ents about	phelloderm are true?					
			ng tissue		7.						
	II. It	t is conc	erned with	n the cond	luction of	water and salts					
		_	otosynthe								
			combinati								
			III, are co			•	(2) Only I and II are correct				
			and III are			(4) Only I and 1II a	(4) Only I and 1II are correct				
15.			llowing ta	ıble:							
	List					List-II					
		Vater dr	-			I. Laticifers					
		Alkaloid	S			II. Schizogenous cavities					
	C. C	7				III. Epithem					
	D. R	Resins				IV. Osmophors					
			. .			V. Lysigenous cavi	ties				
	The		match is:		_						
		A	В	C	D						
	(1)	III	I	V	II						

	(2)	IV	II	I	III							
	(3)	I	IV	II	V							
	(4)	II	IV	III	I							
16.	Which of the following characters are related to spirogyra jogensis?											
			conjugatio			II. Attached species						
	III. N	Morpholo	gical anis	sogamy		•						
	The	correct c	ombinatio	on is			A88					
	(1) I,	, II and I	II are corr	ect		(2) Only I and II are c	(2) Only I and II are correct					
	(3) (Only I and	d III are c	orrect		(4) Only II and III are	correct					
17.	In Rhizopus, dome shaped sterile portions are found on erect structure that arise from stolons. These structures are referred to as:											
	(1) Gemetangia (2) Progametangia (3) Zygosporangia (4) Sporangiophores											
18.		_		_	_		erozoids formed in Funaria?					
10.		:1:1) 1 : 2 : 2		(3) 1 : 2 : 4	(4) 1 : 4 : 8					
19.	` ′		`	<i>'</i>		` '	(4) 1 . 4 . 6					
17.	 Haploid brown, hairlike, declicate unicellular outgrowths are: (1) Root hairs of Gymnosperms (2) Paraphyses of mosses 											
	. ,		ules of Pu	•	.5	(4) Rhizoids of fern p						
20.	` ′				divisions	` '						
20.	What is the ratio of equationa divisions that take place in cycas and angiosperms respectively leading the formation of male gametes from pollen grains?											
	(1)3	3:2	(2	3:1		(3) 2:1	(4) 2:3					
21,	Assertion (A): Fertilization in cycas is called zoodiogamy.											
	Reason (R): Fertilization in cycas takes place by the formation of pollen tube.											
	The correct answer is:											
	(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A											
	(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A											
	(3) A	is true b	out R is fa	lse								
	(4) A	is false	but R is t	rue								
22.	An o	rganism	exclusive	ly with 7	70 S type	of ribosomes contains on	e of the following					
	(1) DNA enclosed within a nuclear membrane											
	(2) C	Circular n	aked DN	A								
	(3) Double stranded DNA with protein coat											
	(4) Single stranded DNA with protein coat											
23.	Stud	y the foll	lowing tal	ole:								
	List	–I	o'°			List –II	List –II					
	A. D	evoid of	flagella			I. Single spherical bacterium						
	B. R	od shape	d			II. Pneumonia causing bacteria						
	C. B	acteria ir	n pairs			III. Anthrax causing bacteria						
	D. C	oma shaj	ped			IV. Cholera causing bacteria						
						V. Pleiomorphic bacte	V. Pleiomorphic bacteria					
	The	correct n	natch is:									
		A	В	C	D							
	(1)	I	II	III	V							
	(2)	V	IV	II	I							

	(3) 1	11	11 11	1 V					
	(4) V	/ I	II	IV					
24.	Assertio	n (A) : Vi	ruses cause	diseases and	replicate when they are in the host.				
	Reason ((R) : Viru	ses do not re	eplicate the l	nost remain alive.				
	The corr	ect answe	er is :						
	(1) Both	n A and R	are true and	R is the con	rrect explanation of A				
	(2) Both	A and Ra	are true but l	R is not the o	correct explanation of A				
	(3) A is	true but R	is f.alse						
	(4) A is	false but l	R is true						
25.	Which o	of the follo	owing staten	nents is corre	ect with respect to colletotrichum falcatum?				
	(1) The	conidia ar	nd conidioph	ores are ase	ptate; mycelium and setae are septate				
	2) The c	onidia, co	nidiophores	, mycelium	and setae are septate				
	(3) The	conidia ar	e aseptate; c	onidiophore	es, mycelium and setae are septate				
	(4) The	mycelium	aseptate; co	nidia, conid	liophores and setae are aseptate				
26.	The aleu	ırone laye	r of rice gra						
	(1) Vita	ımin A	(2) Vitan	nin B	(3) Vitamin C (4) Vitamin E				
27.	A few st	eps invol	ved in polyp	eptide synth	esis are given below. In which of them, the t-RNA participates?				
	I. Activa	ation of ar	nino acids		II. Elongation of polypeptide chain				
	III. Tran	slocation			IV. Transcription				
	Identify	the correc	ct combinati	on:					
	(1) . Onl	ly I, III an	d IV		(2) Only II, III and IV				
	(3) Only	I, II and	IV		(4) Only I, II and III				
28.	Which n	nethod of	plant breedi	ng in the pro	oduction of 'Hessian Fly resistant' wheat variety?				
	(1) Intra	generic h	ybridization		(2) Back cross				
	(3) Bulk	method			(4) Intraspecific hybridisation				
29.	Study th	e followii	ng table:						
	List –I			100	List – II				
	A. Deve	lopment o	of haploid p	lants	I. Embryo culture				
	B. Induc	ction of po	olyembryony		II. Anther culture				
	C. Produ	action of I	Parthenocarp	oic fruits	III. Ovary culture				
	D. Meth	od of brea	aking prolon	ged	IV. Ovule culture				
	dormano	ey of seed	S						
		2	9		V. Endosperm culture				
	The corr	ect match	Is:						
	A	A B	C	D					
	$(1) \qquad I$		III	I					
	(2) I	I III	IV	I					
	(3) I	V I	III	II					
	(4) I	IV	III	II					
30.	•	e followi	_						
	Compor		Characte		Used in				
	I. Plasm	id	Small cir	cular DNA	Gene cloning				

II. Cosmld	Restriction	on enzyme	Identification of	gene				
III. Vector	on enzyme	Isolation of gene	es					
IV. Vector	Gene car	rier	Gene transfer					
Two components i	n above tab	ole show cor	rect combination o	f their character and use:				
Identify the correct	t pair :							
1) I and IV	2) II and		(3) I and III	4) II and III	9			
	_		-	Agaricus bisporus?				
(1) It contains toxi			-					
(2) It does not cont			ds					
(3) It is a good sou								
(4) Its cultivation of	on agro was	stes is impos	sible					
Study the followin	a table to n	natch the ens	zymas of List Lyit	h the reactions given in				
List II:	g table to h	naten the enz	Lymes of List I with	Tule reactions given in				
List – I		List –II						
A Oxidoreductase	es		c acid \rightarrow Glutamir	ne Common de la co				
B. Isomerases			succinic acid → Aı					
C. Lyases		III. Glycolic acid → Glyoxylic acid						
D. Hydrolases			 Rlbulose-5· Phosphate → Rlbulose-5- Phosphate 					
•				e→ Fructose 6-phosphate				
The correct match	is:			1 1				
A B	C	D						
(1) IV III	II	V						
(2) III IV	II	V						
(3) IV III	I	V						
(4) I IV	II	III						
Assertion (A): Let	tuce seeds	are positivel	y photoblastic.					
		ication effec	tively works as a s	ubstitute in darkness, for germ	ination.			
The correct answer								
(1) Both A and R a			-					
(2) Both A and R a		R is not the	correct explanation	ı A				
(3) A is true but R								
(4) A is false but R		601:	1 1 1	1 1 4 4 91199	C 1 1			
the components of	_		n cycle are directly	dependent on the availability	of one or both			
I. Formation of gly			ate					
II. Formation of Fr	-		ate					
III. Regeneration of	-	-						
Identify the correct								
(1) Only I and II a		•	(2) Only I and II	I are correct				
(3) Only II and III			(4) Only I, II and					
•			• •					

31.

32.

33.

34.

35. Study the following table:

Substrate End product

I. Phosphoenol pyruvate \rightarrow Oxaloacetic acid

II. Malic acid → Pyruvic acid

III. Ribulose bisphosphate → Phosphoglyceric acid

IV. Oxaloacetic aid → Malic acid

In which of the above reactions, the end products are formed as a result of carboxylation reaction. Identify the correct combination.

(1) I and IV only

(2) I and III only

(3) II and III only

(4) II and IV only

36. The phytohormone which increases the concentration of potassium in guard cells is also responsible for the induction of :

(1) Apical dominance

(2) Triple response growth

(3) Cell division

(4) Abscission

37. The phyto hormone that induces cell elongation is known to be produced by a fungus. The asexual stage of this fugus is called:

(1) Rhizopus sexualis

(2) Fusarium moniliformae

(3) Gibberella fujikuroi

- (4) Fusarium oxysporum
- 38. Which one of the following expressions is associated with a "mangrove plant'?
 - (1) Capable of absorbing water rapidly and retaining it.
 - (2) Capable of minimizing water loss and facilitating aeration to underground parts
 - (3) Capable of reducing transpiration and able to store absorbed water
 - (4) Presence of 'well organized leaves that are adopted to absorb nitrogenous matter
- 39. Assertion (A): Epidermis in the dicot root is composed of cutinized cells.

Reason (B): The exodermis in the root offers protection to the inner parts in the absence of epidermis.

The correct answer is:

- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) A is false but R is true
- 40. According Bentham and Hooker, which pair of the following angiospermous taxa were not divided into cohorts
 - (1) Monochlamydae and Monocotyledonae
 - (2) Inferae and Heteromerae
 - (3) Bicarpellatae and Disciflorae
 - (4) Thala:miflorae and Calyciflorae

ANSWERS

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(1) 3	(2) 2	(3) 1	(4) 3	(5) 1	(6) 3	(7) 1	(8) 1	(9) 3 (10)) 1
(11) 1	(12) 2	(13) 3	(14) 4	(15) 1	(16)4	(17) 4	(18) 2	(19) 4 (20	0) 3
(21) 2	(22) 2	(23) 3	$(24) \ 3$	(25) 1	(26) 2	(27) 4	(28) 1	(29) 1 (30) 1
(31) 3	(32) 2	(33) 1	(34) 2	(35) 2	(36) 3	(37) 2	(38) 2	(39) 4 (40) 1