

# MARIAN LIBRARY

Thursday, 5 December 2013

## M G University first semester MBA question papers 2013

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**MARIAN LIBRARY**

Puthuppady, Kothamangalam, Kerala,  
India

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G 8961

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Reg. No.....

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M.B.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013

First Semester

BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

(2010 and 2011 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer all questions.  
All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $A^{-1}$ .

Or

(b) If  $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 4\vec{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = 3\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$  and  $\vec{c} = -2\vec{i} - \vec{j} + \vec{k}$  find :

(i)  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$ .

(ii)  $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$ .

(iii)  $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$ .

2. (a) The demand curve for a monopolist is given by  $x = 100 - 4p$ .

(i) Find the total revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue.

(ii) At what level of  $x$ , the marginal revenue is equal to zero ?

Or

(b) If  $c(x)$  rupees is the total cost of manufacturing  $x$  toys and  $c(x) = 500 + \frac{50}{x} + \frac{x^2}{10}$ , find the average cost and the marginal cost when  $x = 20$ .

3. (a) The total cost function of a firm is given by  $c = 0.04q^3 - 0.9q^2 + 10q + 10$ . Find :

(i) Average cost and Marginal cost.

(ii) Value of  $q$  at which average variable cost is minimum.

Or

Turn over

1 of 33



- Q. Find the number of ways in which (i) option (ii) an arrangement of 4 letters can be made from the letters of the word MATHEMATICS  
5. (a) Ram deposited Rs. 10,000 in a bank. After 2 years he withdrew Rs. 4,000 and at the end of 5 years he receives an amount of Rs. 12,000. Find the rate of simple interest ?  
Or  
(b) A man deposits Rs. 5,000 in a Saving Bank which pays compound interest at the rate of 8% p.a. for the first 2 years and then at the rate of 6% p.a. for the next 3 years. Find his final amount after 5 years.  
( $\times 12 = 60$  marks)

G 8969 (Page : 2) Reg. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
**M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013**  
First Semester  
ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGEMENT  
(New Scheme—2012 Admissions)  
Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer all questions.  
All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Describe different accounting concepts and accounting conventions.  
(b) What is a ledger? Explain ? What are the different types of accounts and state the rules of recording for recording the business transaction ? What are the different types of such transaction?  
2. (a) Illustrate the following transaction. Post them in a ledger and prepare the Trial Balance:  
July 2010

	Rs.
1 Started commerce business with cash	1,000
2 Bought office furniture	1,000
3 Deposited firm bank	8,000
4 Purchased goods for cash	500
5 Bought furniture for personal use	1,400
6 Took a loan from bank for office use	3,000
7 Goods sold to Jayanta	600
8 Bought goods of Jayanta	450
9 Received cash from Jayanta	500
10 Paid interest on loan	400
11 Paid trade expenses	400
12 Paid wages	200
13 Paid interest on loan	400
14 Paid salaries	1,000
15 Paid trade expenses	400
16 Paid wages	200
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376 Paid wages	200
377 Paid interest on loan	400
378 Paid salaries	1,000
379 Paid wages	200
380 Paid interest on loan	400
381 Paid salaries	1,000
382 Paid wages	200
383 Paid interest on loan	400

G 8971 Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013  
First Semester

COMPUTER APPLICATION IN BUSINESS

(New Scheme—2012 admissions)

- Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks  
Part A  
1. (a) What do you mean by Computer architecture ?  
*Or*  
(b) Describe systems software, application software and middleware software.  
2. (a) What are the different software packages available for efficient management of business operations?  
(b) State the important functions and features of MS Office.  
3. (a) Explain database creation, setting, indexing and reporting functions with examples.  
*Or*  
(b) Explain different computer networks and data communication methodologies available in the current scenario.  
4. (a) Explain the role played by internet in business transactions.  
(b) Discuss ERP and its role in solving business problems.  
(4 x 12 = 48 marks)

Part B (Optional)

5. From the following information, prepare students mark statement with sum, average, result and class—

S.No.	Name	Q.M.	Statistics	Average
MR104	Ramakant	75	75	75
MR105	Ramesh	50	67	60
MR109	Ravi	78	94	68
MR101	Rajesh	74	67	70
MR103	Shanti	78	67	70

(12 marks)

G 8963 Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013

First Semester

DATA PROCESSING

(2010 and 2011 admissions)

- Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks  
*Answr all Ques.*  
All questions carry equal marks.  
1. (a) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of computers.  
*Or*  
(b) Distinguish Hardware and Software. Write a note on computer architecture.  
2. (a) What are the different types of Operating systems? State the methods of creating spreadsheets.  
*Or*  
(b) Explain the features of GPS, GPS, alarm clock, mobile and print spares of MS Office.  
3. (a) What are database functions? Explain the procedure of database creation and indexing.  
*Or*  
(b) Explain the procedure of setting and reporting in database.  
4. (a) Write a formal note on network topology. State the significance of computer network.  
*Or*  
(b) What are the criteria to be considered while selecting a communication system? Explain the working principle of network communication.  
5. (a) Explain the characteristics of a local community. Write a note on present status of internet.  
*Or*  
(b) Explain TCP congestion control techniques. State the importance of e-mail.  
(4 x 12 = 48 marks)

G 8958 Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013

First Semester

ECONOMICS FOR BUSINESS

(2010 and 2011 admissions)

- Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks  
*Answr all Ques.*  
All questions carry equal marks.  
1. (a) Explain the features, benefits and limitations of Microeconomics.  
*Or*  
(b) What is meant by business ethics? Explain the need for ethical measurements in business.  
2. (a) Explain theory of demand with an illustration. Write a note on Law of diminishing marginal utility.  
*Or*  
(b) Define the price determinants of products in perfect competition market and oligopoly market.  
3. (a) Define the objectives and limitations of fiscal and monetary economics.  
*Or*  
(b) Explain the significance and limitations of IS-LM curve analysis.  
4. (a) What is meant by Debt management? Explain the importance and tools of Debt management.  
*Or*  
2. **Answers**  
As an Economist, critically make a comment on Schumpeter theory and Harrod-Domar model of planning.  
(4 x 12 = 48 marks)

G 8969 (Page : 2) Reg. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
**M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013**  
 Paper Session : ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGEMENT  
 (New Scheme-2012 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer all questions.  
 All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Describe different accounting concepts and accounting conventions.  
 (b) What is a subsidiary organisation? What are the different types of accounts and state the rules of recording for recording the business transaction? What are the different types of such transaction?  
 2. (a) Illustrate the following transaction. Post them into ledger and prepare the Trial Balance:  
 July 2010  

	Rs.
1 Started commerce business with cash	1,000
2 Deposited cash in bank	8,000
3 Purchased goods for cash	500
4 Bought furniture for general use	1,400
5 Took a loan from bank for office use	3,000
10 Goods sold to Jayanta	600
12 Bought goods of Jayanta	450
14 Received cash from Jayanta	500
15 Paid interest on loan	400
18 Paid trade expenses	400
22 Paid wages	200
** Total Expenditure	10,000

G 8969  
 2  
 3. (a) Find out all possible ratios and evaluate the performance and efficiency of management  

Liabilities	Rs.	Asets	Rs.
Capital (10,000 shares)	10,00,000	Land and Building	20,00,000
Borrowings	10,00,000	Plant and Machinery	10,00,000
Current Liabilities	20,00,000	Stock	9,00,000
Profit and Loss	6,00,000	Debtors	14,20,000
9% Debentures	6,00,000	Cash and Bank	4,20,000
	96,00,000		96,00,000

**PROFIT AND LOSS A/C**

To opening Stock	10,00,000	By value	10,00,000	
Trade Expenses	2,80,000	Closing stock	28,00,000	
Direct Expenses	2,80,000			
Gross Profit	60,00,000			
	1,90,00,000		1,90,00,000	
To administrative Expenses	30,00,000	Gross Profit Rat	60,00,000	
Selling and Distribution	6,00,000		Non Operating Income	1,00,000
Financial Expenses	3,00,000			
Non Operating Expenses	3,00,000			
Net Profit	30,00,000			
	69,00,000		69,00,000	

Or

(b) Explain the need and procedure for preparing cash flow statement and explain how it is different from fund flow statement.

4. (a) Estimate the budgeted cost of sales for 75% capacity and 100% Capacity based on the following data for 2008 operating:

Rs. per unit	
Material	100
Labor	50
Variable Expenses (Direct)	10

G 8969  
 3  
 5. Asian Sai Ltd. uses standard costing system and their results for the month of December 1998 are as follows:-  

	Administrative Expenses (100% Fixed)	40,000
Selling and Distribution (60% Fixed)	30,000	
Posses Production (50% Capacity) 1,000 units	50,000	
Overhead variance		15 x 12 = 90 marks

(b) What is margin of safety, break-even point and cost volume profit analysis? Explain CVP as useful for managerial decision-making?

**Computation**

6. Asian Sai Ltd. uses standard costing system and their results for the month of December 1998 are as follows:-

	Budgeted total overhead	50,000 (Fixed 30,000 and variable 20,000)
Budgeted hours	20,000	
Budgeted output	2 units per hour	
Actual overhead	52,50,40 (Fixed 30,500 and variable 22,000)	
Actual hours	16,000	
Actual output in units	8,000	
Overhead variance		

G 8961 (Page : 2) Reg. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
**M.R.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013**  
 First Semester BUSINESS MATHEMATICS (2010 and 2012 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

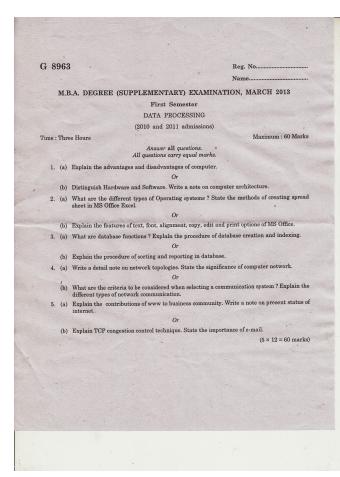
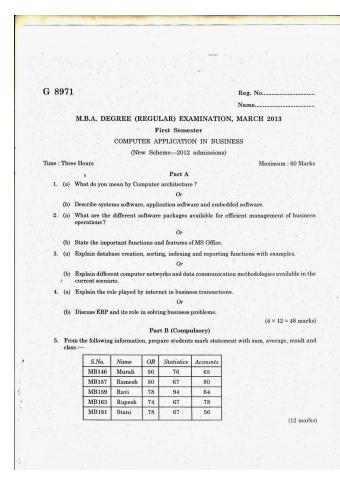
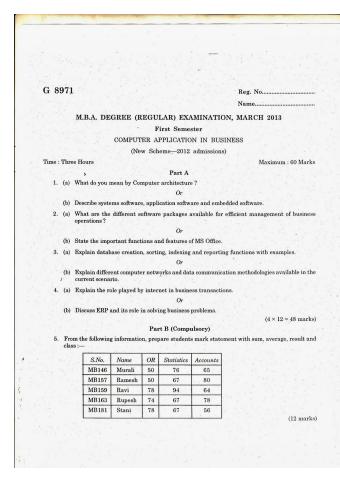
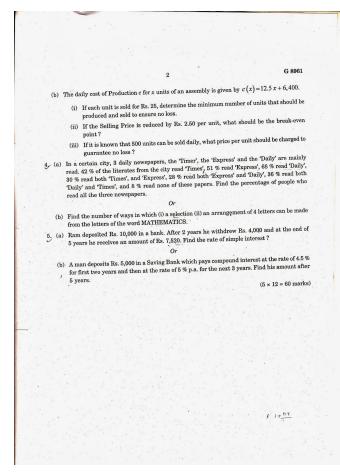
Answer all questions.  
 All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $A^{-1}$ .  
 Or  
 (b) If  $\bar{x} = 2\bar{t} + 3\bar{j} - 4\bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{x} = 3\bar{t} + 2\bar{j}$  and  $\bar{x} = -2\bar{t} - \bar{j} + \bar{k}$  find:  
 (i)  $\bar{x}$ ,  $\bar{t}$ ,  $\bar{j}$ ,  $\bar{k}$ .  
 (ii)  $\bar{x} \cdot \bar{t}$ ,  $\bar{x} \cdot \bar{j}$ ,  $\bar{x} \cdot \bar{k}$ .

2. (a) The demand curve for a monopolist is given by  $p = 100 - q$ .  
 (i) Find the total revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue.  
 (ii) At what level of 'q', the marginal cost is equal to average cost?  
 Or  
 (b) If  $x(t)$  represents the total cost of manufacturing  $t$  units and  $x(t) = 500 + \frac{20}{t} + \frac{t^2}{10}$ , find the average cost and the marginal cost when  $t = 20$ .

2. (a) The total cost function of firm is given by  $C(q) = 0.6q^3 - 0.8q^2 + 15q + 10$ . Find:  
 (i) Average cost and Marginal cost.  
 (ii) Value of  $q$  at which average variable cost is minimum.

Or



1. (a) Explain the features, benefits and limitations of Micro economies.  
**Or**  
 (b) What is meant by business ethics? Explain the need for ethical measurements in business.  
 2. (a) Explain theory of demand with a diagram. Write a note on Law of diminishing marginal utility.  
**Or**  
 (b) Discuss the price determinants in products in perfect competition market and monopoly market.  
 3. (a) Discuss the objectives and functions of Financial and auxiliary markets.  
**Or**  
 (b) Write a note on Intellectual Property Right and Balance of Payments.  
 4. (a) What is meant by Debt management? Explain the importance and tools of Debt management.  
**Or**  
 5. **Case Study:**  
 As an Economist, critically make a comment on Schumpeter theory and Harrod-Domar model of planning.  
 (5 x 12 = 60 marks)

(5 x 12 = 60 marks)

1. (a) What is meant by Accounting ? What is Double entry system? Explain various accounting concepts, principles and conventions.  
**Or**

- (b) For the following transactions, pass necessary journal entries, prepare all ledger accounts and prepare Trial Balance.

Date	Transactions	Amount
January 1	Prabha started a business with cash	10,000
4	Bought goods from Krishna	8,750
7	Cash sales	4,000
10	Cash sales	4,000
13	Bought goods from Krishna	2,000
16	Sold goods to Maghu	2,000
18	Paid cash to Krishna	2,000
20	Sold goods to Maghu	2,000
24	Paid Krishna on account	4,000
26	Received cash from Maghu	1,600
27	Cash sales	1,000
30	Received cash from Maghu	200

2. (a) What is Human Resource Accounting ? Explain its various approaches and importance.

- (b) A second-hand machine was purchased on 1.1.2006 for Rs.40,000. Overstating and understating in the books of account were Rs.10,000 and Rs.5,000 respectively. On 1.7.2010, the machine installed on 1.1.2006 was sold for Rs.30,000. The company provides depreciation at 10% p.a. on original cost. In 2011, it has been decided that company provides depreciation at 10% p.a. on original cost. The change is to be made with retrospective effect. Show Machinery A/c from 2006 to 2011.

Turn over

3. (a) Explain the differences between Income and Expenditure account and Receipts and Payment account.  
**Or**

- (b) Akila commenced business on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2012 with a capital of Rs. 10,000.

- On 1<sup>st</sup> April, she purchased furniture for Rs. 1,000. Prior to the following purchases

- of furniture, she had no balance in her books. She made the following purchases of Furniture and sundries.

- The following is the trial balance as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2013 and a balance sheet as on that date:

Sales (inclusive of cash Rs. 1,000)	1,17,000
Purchase (including of cash Rs. 1,000)	90,000
Akila's drawings	11,200
Salaries of staff	1,100
Bad debts written off	500
Business expenses	21,700

- Akila took Rs. 10,000 from her business for personal use and paid Rs. 2000 to her son, but omitted to record the same in her books. On 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2013, she had a payable debtors of Rs. 5,000, receivable creditors Rs. 10,000 and Bank in hand Rs. 10,000.

4. (a) What are the differences between Hire-purchase and Installment purchase system?  
**Or**

- (b) From the following information, find the claim under a Loss or Profit Policy

	Rs.
Sales in 2009	1,00,000
Sales in 2010	1,00,000
.....	.....

- Adjustments :

- (a) Closing stock on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2012 was Rs. 30,000.

- (b) Depreciate Plant and Machinery, Tools and Furnitures by 10% and Land and Buildings by 5%.

- (c) Provide Rs. 1,000 for wages.

- (d) Advertising prepaid are Rs. 500.

- (e) Provide 9% on Debts against bad debts and 2% against doubtful debts.

(5 x 12 = 60 marks)

**G 8970**

Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013  
First Semester  
LEGAL ENVIRONMENT OF BUSINESS  
(New Scheme—2012 admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

*All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) Describe the principles of contract law.  
*Or*  
(b) What are the different sources of law ?

2. (a) "All agreements are not contracts but all contracts are agreements." Discuss the statement with reference to the Indian Contract Act, 1872.  
*Or*  
(b) What is an offer ? State the value of an offer.

3. (c) What is a promissory note ? What are its essential elements ?  
*Or*  
(d) Define change. How is it differing from a variation of contract ?

4. (e) Discuss the features of different types of companies.  
*Or*  
(f) What is a 'proprietor' ? What are his contents ?

5. (g) Define the following terms used in the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, complaint, consumer, consumer protection, consumer rights, consumer protection rights.  
*Or*  
(h) Write short notes on consumer Dispute Redressal agencies.

6. (i) What do you understand by the winding up of a company ? What are the different modes of winding up ?  
*Or*  
(j) State the functions of the cyber appellate tribunal.  
*(6 x 10 = 60 marks)*

**G 8968**

Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013  
First Semester  
MANAGERIAL COMMUNICATION  
(New Scheme—2012 admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

*All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) Communication is process that involves six basic principle, discuss in detail.  
*Or*  
(b) Choices can come in many shapes and forms, but each will require a special commitment to communication to be made successfully. Discuss with appropriate examples.

2. (a) What are the effects needed in an organization to sharpen interpersonal and group communications skills as they relate to marketing world business ?  
*Or*  
(b) List three strategies for communicating with people for whom English is not their first language.

3. (c) Discuss three suggestions for improving intercultural sensitivity that are common in public speaking.  
*Or*  
(d) Briefly explain any three specific situations where listening will be an important part in business communication.

4. (e) If you are the customer, who found a soft drink bottle contained insects inside the sealed bottle, wants to send a complaint to the soft drink manufacturer. Draft a letter.  
*Or*  
(f) If you want to appoint a leader in a district for selling toothpaste. Prepare the contract between you. (You are the official of the company) and the leader.

5. (g) If you are conducting a series of seminar on behalf a marketing company, which wants to promote a new kitchen intergrator, which can be a hititem. The company wants detailed promotional material. Prepare a seminar notice.

*If necessary, ask for help.*

**G 8967**

Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013  
First Semester  
MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS  
(New Scheme—2012 admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

*All questions carry equal marks.*

1. What economic conditions are taken into account in decision-making ? How these conditions are changing with respect to India's development in the recent times ?  
*Or*

2. Suppose that macroeconomic forecasters predict that the economy will be expanding in the near future. How might managers use this information ?  
*Or*

3. Government have generally been more successful in organizing and running wars than in skilled training of their citizens. Explain the reasons for this lack of organized manpower resources why should there be concerned if macroeconomic forecasts predict a recession ?  
*Or*

4. What are the major issues that must be considered in assessing inputs for regression analysis of production function ?  
*Or*

5. A firm experiences increasing returns to scale, that is, doubling all its inputs more than doubles its output. What can we infer about the firm's short-run costs ?  
*Or*

6. Why would a firm choose to remain in an industry in which it makes an economic profit of zero ?

**G 8965**

Reg. No. ....  
Name. ....

M.R.A. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013  
First Semester  
PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT  
(New Scheme—2012 admissions)

Time : Three Hours Maximum : 60 Marks

*All questions are compulsory.  
All questions carry equal marks.*

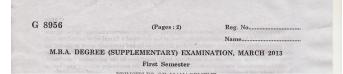
1. (a) Discuss the characteristics of a sound policy.  
*Or*  
(b) Discuss the limitations of planning.

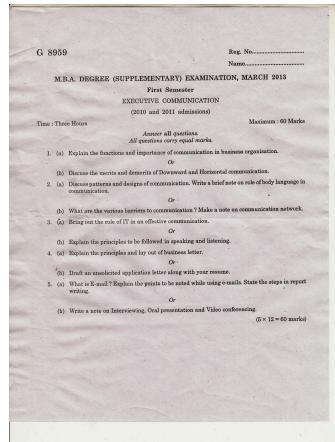
2. (c) Planning is the basic, objective is the key, information is the guide and action is the essence of control. Discuss.  
*Or*  
(d) Explain the process of MBO. What are the prerequisites for installing MBO programme.

3. (e) Distinguish between delegation of authority and decentralization. What should be done to make effective delegation of authority in a business enterprise ?  
*Or*  
(f) Compare organizational structure and organizational design.

4. (g) What is organizational leadership ? How is leadership be effective ?  
*Or*  
(h) Who is a charismatic leader ? What are the different traits of charismatic leaders made success at the business front ?

5. (i) Discuss the following statement.  
*Or*





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**Dazzle Diniil** 11 January 2015 at 03:51

sir

iam doing off campus MBA from MG university in Finance and HR.can u pls share its question papers if available

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**Swati Gopal** 11 March 2015 at 00:45

if you have question papers of HRM and marketing management plz share

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