- 1. For ship vessel industry which of the following layouts is best suited?
- (a) Process layout (b) Product layout
- (c) Fixed Position layout (d) Plant layout
- 2. The main Disadvantage(s) of line organization is/are
- (a) Top level executives have do excessive work
- (b) Structure is rigid
- (c) Communication delays occur
- (d) All of these
- 3. The chart which is not used in motion study is
- (a) Simo chart (b) Travel chart
- (c) Two-hand chart (d) Main-machine chart
- 4. In the case of mass production
- (a) Highly skilled workers are needed
- (b) Unit costs are high
- (c) The operations are capital-intensive
- (d) The operations are labour-intensive
- 5. Military type organization is known as
- (a) Line organization (b) Functional Organization
- (c) Line and staff organization (d) line, staff and functional organization
- 6. The decisions made by the top level management which affect the entire organization are decisions.
- (a) Programmed (d) Routine
- (c) Certainty (d) Non-programmed
- 7. The short-term goals of supervisory level managers are calledgoals.
- (a) Operational (b) Tactical
- (c) Strategic (d) Programme
- 8. Productivity is given by
- (a) Input/Output (b) Output/Input
- (c) Efficiency/Effectiveness (d) Effectiveness x Efficiency
- 9. The chronological sequence of required actions is called a
- (a) Rule (b) Programme
- (c) Procedure (d) Premise
- 10. Theory X and Theory Y were developed by
- (a) Abraham Maslow (b) Peter Drucker
- (c) Elton Mayo (d) Douglas McGregor
- 11. Which of the following types of gauge has gauging sections combined on one end?

- (a) Combination gauge (b) Limit gauge
- (c) Go and NoGo gauge (d) Progressive gauge
- 12. Constant measuring pressure in micrometer screw gauges is ensured by
- (a) Locknut (b) Barrel and thimble
- (c) Rachet (d) Spanner
- 13. It is desirable to handle the slip gauges with a cloth or chamois leather in order to
- (a) Avoid injury to hands
- (b) Protect the surfaces of slip gauges
- (c) Insulate them from the heat of the hand
- (d) Ensure that the varnish applied on gauges does not come out.
- 14. Ederi Rolt comparator is a popular instrument for the
- (a) Calibration of slip gauges
- (b) Absolute measurement of length of slip gauges
- (c) Measurement of flatness
- (d) Measurement of angles
- 15. Money required for the purchase of stores, payment of wages etc. is known as
- (a) Block Capital (b) Reserved Capital
- (c) Authorized Capital (d) Working Capital
- 16. In A-B-C control policy, maximum attention is given to
- (a) Those items which consume money
- (b) Those items which are not readily available
- (c) Those items which consume more money
- (d) Those items which are in more demand
- 17. Emergency rush order can be pushed more effectively in
- (a) Job production (b) Automatic production
- (c) Continuous production (d) Intermittent production
- 18. Work study is concerned with
- (a) Improving present method and finding standard time
- (b) Motivation of workers
- (c) Improving production capability
- (d) Improving production planning and control
- 19. Work study comprises which of the following main techniques?
- (a) Method study and work measurement
- (b) Method study and time study
- (c) Time study and work measurement
- (d) Method study and job evaluation

- 20. Gear finishing operation is called
- (a) Shaping (b) Milling
- (c) Hobbing (d) Varnishing
- 21. Which of the following processes is used for preparing parts having large curved surfaces and thin sections?
- (a) Hot machining (b) Ultrasonic machining
- (c) ECM process (d) Chemical milling
- 22. Thread grinding requires work speed from
- (a) 1 to 3 m/min (b) 5 to 10 m/min
- (c) 10 to 14 m/min (d) 14 to 20 m/min
- 23. The process of removing surface roughness, tool marks and other minor defects from the previous operations is called
- (a) Lapping (b) Honing
- (c) Broaching (d) Reaming
- 24. system is not an 'island of automation'.
- (a) Computer Numerical Control (b) Robotic
- (c) Automated storage/ Retrival (d) Flexible Manufacturing
- 25. The equipment that measures surface roughness is
- (a) Profile projector (b) Laser interferometer
- (c) Profile gauge (d) Profilometer