

KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD, BANGALORE
February 2009 GNM Examination
NEW SYLLABUS
III rd Year paper - II Paediatric Nursing

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks :75

SECTION - I

- I. Give the meaning of the following** **1 X 5 = 5**
a) Otitis media b) Oral Thrush c) Hydrocephalus
d) Cleft palate e) Anganawadi
- II. Write whether the following statements are True or False** **1 X 5 = 5**
a) Child labour is punishable
b) Juvenile delinquency is an Anti social behaviour
c) Excessive drooling may be found in case of Oesophageal atresia
d) In Cyanotic heart diseases, the Oxygenated blood enters the systemic circulation
e) Lack of Ascorbic acid affects the bone formation.
- III. Write Short notes on any THREE of the following** **5 X 3 = 15**
a) Immunization schedule
b) Prevention of home accidents to toddlers and guidance to parents
c) Importance of Sex education to an Adolescent
d) Nursing management of low birth weight baby
- IV. a) What is Cerebral Palsy?** **1 + 5 = 6**
b) Write the signs and symptoms and Nursing Managements
- V. a) List the developmental abnormalities of extremities in a child** **2 + 5 = 7**
b) Explain the treatment and Management of a child with congenital clubfoot

SECTION - II

- VI. Choose the correct answer and write** **1 X 3 = 3**
a) Chicken pox is caused by
i) Herpes Virus Varicella ii) Paramyxovirus iii) Bordetella Pertusis
b) The normal chest circumference in a new born is
i) 30 to 35 Cms ii) 40 to 45 Cms iii) 25 to 30 Cms
c) Tetanus Neonatorum is caused by
i) Corynebacterium ii) Clostridium Tetani iii) Staphylococcus
- VII. Write short notes on any TWO** **5 X 2 = 10**
a) Management of Infantile Seborrheic dermatitis
b) Broncho Pneumonia and its management
c) Prevention of Ascariasis in a 5 year old child
- VIII. A new born baby is admitted with history of imperforate anus** **1 + 5 = 6**
a) Define colostomy
b) Explain the types of colostomy and Nursing management.
- IX. a) Define Juvenile Diabetes** **1 + 4 + 5 = 10**
b) Write the causes and clinical manifestation
c) Explain the treatment and Nursing management for Juvenile Diabetes
- X. A child of 6 years is admitted for Diphtheria** **1 + 3 + 4 = 8**
a) List the types
b) Write the signs and symptoms
c) Explain the preventive measures and treatment

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**KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD
AUGUST 2009 GNM EXAMINATION
NEW SYLLABUS**

III rd Year Paper - II, Paediatric Nursing

Time : 3 Hours

SECTION - I

Max. Marks : 75

- I. **WRITE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN** **1X4=4**
- a) Hydrocephalic and Microcephalic
b) Oral stage and Anal stage
c) Osophageal Artesia and Osophageal Fistula
d) Child Labour and Day care centres
- II. **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER AND WRITE** **1X4=4**
- a) Invagination of one bowel over the other is known as
i) Intussusception ii) Hernia iii) Displacement
b) Patent Ductus Arteriosus (PDA) is most common in
i) Pre term babies less than 1.5kg. ii) Post dated babies iii) All preterm babies
c) First permanent tooth will erupt at the age of
i) 6 yrs. ii) 7 yrs. iii) 9 yrs.
d) The normal chest circumference of the new born
i) 32 - 35cm ii) 40 - 45cm iii) 25 - 30cm
- III. **WRITE SHORT NOTES ON ANY THREE** **4X3=12**
- a) Importance of Sex Education to an Adolescent
b) Play needs for toddler
c) Care of a child with Hyper bilirubinaemia
d) Factors influencing growth and development
- IV. **A child admitted with history of Enlarged Head in the paediatric ward Explain.** **1+2+5=8**
- a) What is Hydrocephalus?
b) What are the signs and symptoms?
c) Explain the treatment, pre and post operative nursing management with Health Education to parents.
- V. **Anitha aged five years admitted in paediatric ward and diagnosed as Leukaemia Explain** **1+3+6=10**
- a) What is Leukaemia?
b) Explain the clinical manifestations of Leukaemia
c) Write the treatment and nursing management
- SECTION - II**
- VI. **STATE WHETHER THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE** **1X4=4**
- a) Phototherapy is the treatment for IUGR
b) Decreased calcium level in the blood causes Hypocalcemia
c) Ascariasis is a condition in which round worms are found in the bladder
d) Kwashiorkor and Marasmus are commonly caused by deficiency of protein
- VII. **FILL IN THE BLANKS** **1X3=3**
- a) Amoebiasis infection is caused by protozoa known as _____
b) Bowed legs and Pigeon chest are common in _____
c) Failure of testes to descend in the scrotum is known as _____
- VIII. **WRITE SHORT NOTES ON ANY THREE** **4X3=12**
- a) Talipes Equinovarus (Congenital club foot)
b) Care of a child with Rheumatoid Arthritis
c) Care of a child with Urinary tract infection
d) Preventive measures for Chikungunia
- IX. **Baby Chithra with excessive drooling is diagnosed with tracheo Oesophageal atresia** **3+3+4=10**
- a) Write in detail the types of Oesophageal Atersia
b) What are the clinical features?
c) Plan a pre & post operative nursing care for Chithra
- X. **A 10 years old child is admitted with Haemophillia** **2+6=8**
- a) Define Haemophillia in a child
b) Explain the medical and Nursing Management

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