



1. 'I have a cat. The cat is white'. Here the article 'the' is known as
 - (1) defining 'the'
 - (2) anaphoric 'the'
 - (3) non-defining 'the'
 - (4) unique 'the'

2. 'Rani is going to make a cup of coffee for Raju'.
Here 'going to' indicates that
 - (1) Rani is going into the kitchen to make a cup of coffee for Raju
 - (2) Rani makes a cup of coffee for Raju
 - (3) Rani is making a cup of coffee for Raju
 - (4) Rani plans to make a cup of coffee for Raju

3. In the word 'houses', 'es' is pronounced as
 - (1) S
 - (2) Z
 - (3) iZ
 - (4) es

4. 'I am coming there next Monday'. Here 'am coming' refers to
 - (1) Future time
 - (2) Past time
 - (3) Simple present
 - (4) Present perfect

5. The number of syllables in the word 'excursion' is
 - (1) two
 - (2) four
 - (3) three
 - (4) five

6. 'They are ready to _____ on a pilgrimage'. The right phrasal verb to be inserted in the given blank is
 - (1) set on
 - (2) set up
 - (3) set back
 - (4) set off

7. 'She has seen Taj Mahal once'. Select the right question to receive the given sentence as answer.
 - (1) Did she see Taj Mahal?
 - (2) Has she ever been to Taj Mahal?
 - (3) Has she ever seen Taj Mahal?
 - (4) Does she see Taj Mahal?

8. Read the following lines from the poem 'The Wonderful World'.
'You are more than the Earth, though you are such a dot;
You can love and think, and the earth cannot.'
Here the word 'dot' refers to
 - (1) the poet
 - (2) the poet's inner voice
 - (3) the earth
 - (4) God

9. I walked to work but I came home _____ the bus.
Select the appropriate preposition to be inserted in the given blank.
 - (1) in
 - (2) on
 - (3) through
 - (4) over



10. In the word 'accepted', 'ed' is pronounced as
- (1) id
 - (2) d
 - (3) t
 - (4) ed
11. 'A dolphin has a fin.' Select the appropriate question to receive the given sentence as answer.
- (1) Does a dolphin has a fin?
 - (2) Do a dolphin has a fin?
 - (3) Does a dolphin have a fin?
 - (4) Do a dolphin have a fin?
12. 'Latha is on holiday.' 'Oh, where - she gone?' Select the appropriate word to fill in the blank.
- (1) was
 - (2) have
 - (3) had
 - (4) has
13. 'Raju used to live in Hyderabad'.
The given sentence means that
- (1) Raju has been living in Hyderabad
 - (2) Raju is living in Hyderabad
 - (3) Raju lives in Hyderabad
 - (4) Raju doesn't live in Hyderabad now
14. John _____ (paint) a picture since 9 O'clock.
The correct form of the verb given in the brackets is
- (1) is painting
 - (2) painted
 - (3) has painted
 - (4) has been painting
15. There's a water bottle besides the book and the pen. It means that
- (1) there is a water bottle beside the book
 - (2) there is a water bottle beside the pen
 - (3) there is a water bottle in addition to the book and the pen
 - (4) there is a water bottle between the book and the pen
16. Terns build their nests with small twigs and lay their eggs in it. The past tense of the verb 'lay' is
- (1) lain
 - (2) lay
 - (3) laid
 - (4) lie
17. Read the following lines from the poem 'The Moon':
"Last week she was smaller,
And shaped like a bow,
But now she's grown bigger,
And is round as an O"
Here 'she's' means
- (1) she has
 - (2) she was
 - (3) she is
 - (4) the plural of she
18. The word 'there' rhymes with
- (1) air
 - (2) tear
 - (3) mere
 - (4) severe



19. The banyan tree is the friendliest of all the trees. The comparative degree of the given sentence is
- (1) The banyan tree is more friendlier than any other tree
 - (2) The banyan tree is friendlier than any other tree
 - (3) The banyan tree is friendlier than many other trees
 - (4) The banyan tree is friendlier than any other trees
20. 'Don't touch that painted door'.
- Here the word 'painted' is used as
- (1) the past tense of the verb 'paint'
 - (2) the main verb
 - (3) an adjective
 - (4) a gerund
21. If you drop this glass, _____.
- The correct clause to be inserted in the given blank is
- (1) it breaks
 - (2) it would break
 - (3) it will be breaking
 - (4) it will break
22. 'Ravi's grandmother is very hospitable'. The word 'hospitable' means that Ravi's grandmother
- (1) is very old
 - (2) is bed ridden
 - (3) is in a hospital
 - (4) is friendly
23. In the lesson 'An unwanted Passenger', the Malaysian driver wanted _____ for supper.
- (1) some bread
 - (2) a snake
 - (3) some fish
 - (4) some meat
24. The food was very hot
We could not eat it
The above sentences can be combined and expressed as
- (1) The food was too hot to eat
 - (2) The food was so hot that we can't eat it
 - (3) The food was hot enough that we could eat it
 - (4) The food was so hot that we could not eat
25. Read the following lines of the poem 'If mice could roar'
- 'If mice could roar
And elephants roar
And trees grow up in the sky;
Here the 'if clause' indicates
- (1) an imagination
 - (2) guessing
 - (3) anticipating
 - (4) a plan
26. Read the following lines of the poem 'The old field'
- 'The old field is sad
Now the children have gone home.
They have played with him all afternoon'
Here the figure of speech employed is
- (1) Simile
 - (2) Irony
 - (3) Personification
 - (4) Metaphor



27. Select the appropriate phrase

- (1) make an idea
- (2) make trouble
- (3) make a walk
- (4) make travel

28. 'People who live in cold countries keep, themselves warm in different ways.'

The given sentence is an example for the use of

- (1) a non-defining relative clause
- (2) an impersonal pronoun
- (3) a gerund
- (4) a defining relative clause

29. 'A large school building is changed into a temporary hospital'.

The active voice form of the given sentence is

- (1) someone is changing a large school building into a temporary hospital
- (2) someone changed a large school building into a temporary hospital
- (3) someone has changed a large school building into a temporary hospital
- (4) someone changes a large school building into a temporary hospital

30. 'Tom painted the wall yellow'.

The given sentence is of the pattern.

- (1) S + V + O + C
- (2) S + V + I.O. + D.O.
- (3) S + V + D.O. + I.O.
- (4) S + V + O

31. Read the following lines from the poem 'Abou Ben Adhem'.

'What writest thou?' - The vision raised
its head,
And with a look made of all sweet accord,
Answered, 'The names of those who love
the Lord'.

The word 'vision' refers to

- (1) The Lord
- (2) The Poet
- (3) The Angel
- (4) Abou Ben Adhem

32. 'Sunil always looks at himself in the mirror'. Here the word 'himself' is known as

- (1) a possessive pronoun
- (2) a reflexive pronoun
- (3) a demonstrative pronoun
- (4) a personal pronoun

33. In the supplementary Reader for Class IX, the story, 'Rip Van Winkle', is

- (1) a real story
- (2) a legend
- (3) a historical event
- (4) fiction

34. 'Be the living expression of God's kindness: Kindness in your face, kindness in your eyes and kindness in your smile'.

The person who said these lines is

- (1) Dr. Murugappa Modi
- (2) Abou Ben Adhem
- (3) Mother Teresa
- (4) Miss Beam



35. The book, "of Human Bondage", was written by
- (1) Francis Randel
 - (2) Hollis Meynell
 - (3) Maria Blokhina
 - (4) Emily Dickinson
36. The plural of the word 'deer' is
- (1) deers
 - (2) deeres
 - (3) deer
 - (4) deeries
37. Read the following lines from the poem 'Bangle-Sellers'.
- 'Lustrous tokens of radiant lives,
For happy daughters and happy wives.'
Here 'lustrous tokens' refer to
- (1) the Bangle-Sellers
 - (2) the bangles
 - (3) happy daughters
 - (4) happy wives
38. The word 'hue' rhymes with the word
- (1) cruise
 - (2) truce
 - (3) sluice
 - (4) debut
39. Read the following lines from the poem 'Because I could not stop for death'
- "I first surmised the horses' heads were toward eternity".
- The word 'eternity' means
- (1) Time without end
 - (2) The carriage
 - (3) The setting sun
 - (4) A short journey
40. "I must tear myself away," Gandhiji remarked. It means that Gandhiji wanted
- (1) to leave the place
 - (2) to blame himself
 - (3) to shed tears
 - (4) to punish himself
41. Families never appreciate a writer's nature, _____?
- Select the appropriate question tag to be inserted in the given blank.
- (1) aren't they
 - (2) ever they
 - (3) do they
 - (4) isn't it
42. Select the correct sentence of the following.
- (1) The customs officer made Nalini opening her suitcase
 - (2) The customs officer made Nalini to open her suitcase
 - (3) The customs officer made Nalini opened her suitcase
 - (4) The customs officer made Nalini open her suitcase
43. The poem 'Unwritten Registry' focuses on
- (1) printed office records
 - (2) individual likes
 - (3) tapped materials
 - (4) manuscript documents
44. Your friend started smoking. You think this is wrong. How do you advise him not to do it?
- (1) Why don't you stop smoking?
 - (2) You must not smoke
 - (3) Don't smoke
 - (4) You should stop smoking



52. Read the following lines from the poem 'All the world's a stage':

"That ends this strange eventful history,
Is second childishness and mere oblivion,
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans
everything"

The phrase 'second childishness' means that

- (1) old age is a recollection of past events
- (2) old age is man's second childhood
- (3) man exhibits childish behaviour throughout his life
- (4) old age is fearful

53. 'Kiran is one of the tallest boys in the class'. The given sentence can be expressed as

- (1) Kiran is taller than any other boy in the class
- (2) No other boy in the class is as tall as Kiran
- (3) Kiran is taller than most other boys in the class
- (4) Kiran is as tall as any other boy in the class

54. 'My mother bore me in the southern wild' (The Little Black Boy).

Here the word 'bore' means that he was

- (1) bored by his mother
- (2) given birth by his mother
- (3) bored with his life
- (4) bored by the hot climate

55. 'The Parliament of Religions gave the young orator an ovation.'

The 'young orator' refers to

- (1) Romain Rolland
- (2) J.H. Wright
- (3) Cardinal Gibbons
- (4) Vivekananda

56. 'a portable case for holding papers, drawings etc.' is called

- (1) a brief case
- (2) a pad
- (3) a portfolio
- (4) a suitcase

57. 'Somebody introduced me to the Principal'. The passive form of the sentence is

- (1) I am introduced to the Principal by somebody
- (2) I am being introduced to the Principal by somebody
- (3) I was introduced to the Principal
- (4) I was introduced

58. The phonetic transcription of the word 'suite' is

- (1) /SU:t/
- (2) /SWi:t/
- (3) /SU:te/
- (4) /SUte/

59. The word 'systematic' is stressed on its

- (1) first syllable
- (2) second syllable
- (3) third syllable
- (4) fourth syllable



60. The teacher asked the students, "Are you all having a picnic?"

The Reported form of the sentence is

- (1) The teacher asked the students whether they were all having a picnic
- (2) The teacher asked the students if they had all a picnic
- (3) The teacher asked the students that they were all having a picnic
- (4) The teacher asked the students whether they are all having a picnic

61. One of the main aims of introducing a supplementary reader is to develop the habit of

- (1) Intensive Reading
- (2) Extensive Reading
- (3) Loud Reading
- (4) Reading Aloud

62. Read the following lines of the poem 'Bangle-Sellers'.

'Some like the flame of her marriage fire,
Or rich with the hue of her hearts desire,
Tinkling, luminous, tender, and clear,
Like her bridal laughter and bridal tear.'

Now look at the comprehension question designed :

- What do you think is suggested by the use of the two phrases 'bridal laughter' and 'bridal tear'?

This question is an example for ensuring

- (1) Factual comprehension
- (2) Reading within the lines
- (3) Reading between the lines
- (4) Reading beyond the lines

63. 'Giving a live telecast lesson from Mana TV studio' - is an example for

- (1) Interpersonal Communication
- (2) Intrapersonal Communication
- (3) Mass Communication
- (4) Group Communication

64. A writer uses the connective 'similarly' to

- (1) carry forward an argument
- (2) show a cause - effect relation
- (3) introduce a contrast
- (4) construct a topic sentence

65. Look at the words 'King, can, click, chorus.' From this example we understand that English is

- (1) a tricky language
- (2) an unphonetic language
- (3) an international language
- (4) everyman's language

66. One of the mechanics of developing silent reading habit is

- (1) running the finger along the lines
- (2) reading as fast as one can
- (3) murmuring
- (4) regression

67. 'Everyman's English Pronouncing Dictionary' was written by

- (1) A.S. Hornby
- (2) A.C. Gimpson
- (3) Michael West
- (4) Daniel Jones



68. Action Research is a way of
- (1) pursuing professional development
 - (2) generalising the research outcomes
 - (3) solving immediate problems faced by teachers only
 - (4) undertaking fundamental research on a large scale
69. 'Stressed syllables occur at regular intervals of time'. This suprasegmental feature of English Language is known as
- (1) Stress
 - (2) Rhythm
 - (3) Intonation
 - (4) Sense-group formation
70. The characteristic that 'the test actually measures what it is intended to measure' is known as
- (1) reliability
 - (2) validity
 - (3) feasibility
 - (4) acceptability
71. 'S.S.C. Examination' is an example for
- (1) an Aptitude test
 - (2) a Proficiency test
 - (3) an Achievement test
 - (4) a Diagnostic test
72. The word 'wind' is an example for
- (1) a Homonym
 - (2) a Homophone
 - (3) a Homograph
 - (4) an Archaic word
73. 'but' is a structural word known as
- (1) a co-ordinator
 - (2) an intensifier
 - (3) an auxiliary
 - (4) a subordinator
74. 'Looking up a Telephone Directory in searching a number is an example for
- (1) Skimming
 - (2) Scanning
 - (3) Supplementary Reading
 - (4) Extensive Reading
75. A substitution table provides a distinctive slot for
- (1) content words only
 - (2) punctuation marks
 - (3) strong forms only
 - (4) weak forms only
76. 'BBC' is an example for
- (1) an acronym
 - (2) an abbreviation
 - (3) an archaic word
 - (4) a portmanteau word
77. One of the main features of the Direct Method is that
- (1) grammar is taught inductively
 - (2) grammar is taught deductively
 - (3) the teacher is the authority in the classroom
 - (4) the resources of the native language are fully exploited



78. An approach is
- (1) an overall plan for the orderly presentation of language material
 - (2) a set of correlative assumptions dealing with the nature of the language
 - (3) a particular way of doing things to accomplish an immediate objective
 - (4) putting a theory into practice
79. Look at the words 'centre, central, centralize, centralization.'
- This formation refers to the system of the language known as
- (1) Morphological structure
 - (2) Phonological structure
 - (3) Syntactic structure
 - (4) Semantic structure
80. In 'Bilingual Method', mother tongue can be used
- (1) by the teacher and learner
 - (2) by the learner only
 - (3) by the teacher only
 - (4) neither by the teacher nor by the learner
81. The concept in Piaget's cognitive development wherein a child cannot identify the same quantity of water in containers of different shape and size.
- (1) Imitation
 - (2) Conservation
 - (3) Ego-centrism
 - (4) Object-permanence
82. 'Aversive Therapy' used in treating problem behaviour is based on this learning theory.
- (1) Operant conditioning
 - (2) Classical conditioning
 - (3) Insightful learning
 - (4) Trial and Error learning
83. In DAT, Abstract reasoning is measured by using
- (1) words
 - (2) numbers
 - (3) geometrical figures
 - (4) animal pictures
84. The response component 'Form' comes under this feature in Rorschoch Ink Blot test.
- (1) Content
 - (2) Originality
 - (3) Determinant
 - (4) Location
85. Which one of the following correctly denotes guidance?
- (1) Rajeev collects information about various courses and assists his son in choosing a course relevant to his aptitude
 - (2) Vinay's son asks his father's advise about the course he should join after 10th class and Vinay asks his son to join science group
 - (3) Meera's daughter asks her mother to help in filling up the application form for admission and Meera fills up the form for her daughter
 - (4) Jaya reserves a seat for her daughter in a Womens' college as she thinks it is safe for girls



86. The leadership style you would adopt among the following as a classroom teacher.
- (1) Participative
 - (2) Permissive
 - (3) Directive
 - (4) Laissez-Faire
87. After conducting an awareness programme on AIDS Education in your school surroundings, if you take up a study on the impact of the programme on people, your independent variable will be
- (1) Material used
 - (2) People
 - (3) AIDS disease
 - (4) Awareness programme
88. This is an example of a teacher applying the principles of educational psychology in the school.
- (1) Explaining the various aspects of growth and development of children at various age-levels
 - (2) Comparing theories of learning
 - (3) Stating the importance of heredity and environment in development
 - (4) Adjusting the methods to suit the needs of individual children
89. Poor performance of learning disabled children is mainly due to
- (1) Emotional deprivation
 - (2) Cognitive dysfunction
 - (3) Low intellect
 - (4) Brain injury
90. If mean and median are closer together, then the skewness is
- (1) more
 - (2) zero
 - (3) less
 - (4) cannot say
91. One of the following is not the activity to be planned by the pupils and teacher.
- (1) Recreational trip
 - (2) Programmes of the day
 - (3) Forming of committees
 - (4) Sequence of learning programme
92. Present Director of NCERT, New Delhi
- (1) Prof. Rajput
 - (2) Prof. Sukhdev Thorat
 - (3) Prof. Krishna Kumar
 - (4) Prof. Maheshwari
93. The most appropriate act to be taken up for a child with stuttering problem in your class.
- (1) Tell the child not to speak unnecessarily
 - (2) Call the parents and guide them to seek specialist help
 - (3) Recommend to the Head Master to shift the child to another school
 - (4) Take special class for the child



94. Kasturiba Gandhi Balika Vidya Scheme covers
- (1) SC, ST, OBC and Minority Community girl children only
 - (2) All girl children
 - (3) SC & ST girl children only
 - (4) SC, ST & OBC children only
95. To make a child a good citizen, school should concentrate less on
- (1) Specific subject matter
 - (2) Child's growing personality
 - (3) Inter-personal skills
 - (4) Culture and heritage
96. The activity with least educational value among the following.
- (1) drawing pictures
 - (2) writing imposition
 - (3) classroom discussions
 - (4) taking part in competitions
97. For changing the behaviour of a child who has developed bad habits in the company of bad Peer group, the teacher should
- (1) Punish the child for his behaviour
 - (2) Ask the child to get detached from the group
 - (3) Assist the child learn good habits slowly by himself
 - (4) Call his parents and inform about his behaviour
98. The quotation 'Persistent questioning' and healthy inquisitiveness are the first requisite for acquiring learning of any kind' was given by
- (1) Gopala Krishna Gokhale
 - (2) S. Radha Krishnan
 - (3) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (4) Mahatma Gandhi
99. Students make mistakes as
- 'Leela goed to the market yesterday'
- 'Raju digged the onions'
- As a corrective measure, the teacher has to
- (1) draw match stick diagrams and drill sentence patterns
 - (2) use taped material and give listening practice
 - (3) drill the regular verb forms
 - (4) drill the irregular verb forms
100. A teacher finds that his students make mistakes while pronouncing certain words. As a corrective measure, the technique he wants to select will be
- (1) drilling words using minimal pairs
 - (2) drilling structures using substitution tables
 - (3) reciting poems or rhymes
 - (4) asking comprehension questions on unknown passages