

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2889**

**[4724]-1001**

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH- 170: Biomolecules**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Question Nos. 4 and 8 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from Section I and 2 questions from Section II.*
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer book.*
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 4) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 5) All questions carry equal marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on deoxy sugars. Give their significance. [3]
- b) Give any two general reactions of sugars, with a suitable example of each. [3]
- c) Discuss the biological significance of structural carbohydrates. [4]

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- a) What are amino sugars? Give an example. [2]
- b) Differentiate between reducing and non-reducing sugars. [3]
- c) Discuss the structure, biochemical functions and deficiency of vit Riboflavin. [5]

**P.T.O.**

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Draw the structure of triacyl-glycerol. [2]
- b) Write a note on lipid bilayer. What is its biological significance? [4]
- c) Enumerate the properties of water. Add a note on interaction of water with biomolecules. [4]

**Q4)** Answer any one:

- a) Give the classification of lipids with suitable examples. [5]
- b) Give the significance of carbohydrates in our body. [5]

### **SECTION - II**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) write a note on the peptide bond? [3]
- b) Write a note on rare amino acids. What is their biological significance. [3]
- c) Differentiate between proteolysis and denaturation of proteins. give suitable examples. [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

- a) What is Sanger's reagent? Explain its use. [2]
- b) Describe any two supersecondary structures of proteins. [4]
- c) Describe the Edmans reaction for protein sequence analysis. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) An amino acid is a zwitter ion. Explain. [2]
- b) Write a note on primary structure of protein. [3]
- c) Explain the principle and procedure of solid phase synthesis of oligopeptides. [5]

**Q8)** Answer any one the following:

- a) Classify amino acids on the basis of their 'R' groups. [5]
- b) Give the biological function of proteins. [5]

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2890**

[4724] - 1002

[Total No. of Pages :2

M.Sc.

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 171 : Enzymology and Biophysical Techniques**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Enzymology)**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) What do you understand by activation energy? [2]
- b) Why is it important to measure pre-steady state kinetics when studying the catalytic mechanism of an enzyme? [4]
- c) Write a note on affinity labeling. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Why does the activity of enzymes vary with temperature? [3]
- b) How the rate of degradation ( $K_d$ ) of the enzyme is measured? [3]
- c) Write a short note on zymogen activation. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) What is the significance of enzyme turnover? [2]
- b) Comment on catalytic power and regulation of enzyme activity. [3]
- c) What do you understand by enzyme inhibition? Discuss irreversible inhibitors and reversible inhibitors involved in enzyme inhibition. [5]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Write short notes on the followings: [5]
  - i) Allosteric Enzymes.
  - ii) Product inhibition.
- b) How substrate cycle and interconvertible enzyme cycle amplify the initial signal? Explain with suitable example. [5]

## **SECTION - II**

### **(Biophysical Techniques)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) What is a restriction map? [2]
- b) Describe the principle and method of ion exchange chromatography. [4]
- c) What is the principle of 2D PAGE-gel electrophoresis? Explain its application in proteomics study? [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

- a) Mention three unique advantages of size exclusion chromatography. [3]
- b) Give the principle of isoelectric focusing. [3]
- c) Why is it important to prepare a standard curve for each spectrophotometer? [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) What is the difference between an isocratic pump and a gradient pump? [2]
- b) How are proteins eluted from affinity chromatography column? [3]
- c) What is reverse dialysis? Give the significance of the technique. [5]

**Q8)** Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Write a note on DNA cellulose chromatography. [5]
- b) Describe the steps for the purification of enzymes. [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**P2891**

[4724] - 1003

M.Sc.

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 172 : Microbiology and Cell Biology  
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q-1 to Q-3 and two from Q-5 to Q-7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Microbiology)**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Explain the principle of gram staining. [3]
- b) What do you understand by growth curve. [5]
- c) Why oxygen is toxic to anaerobic bacteria. [2]

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- a) What is mode of action of cholera toxin. [3]
- b) Explain nitrogen cycle. [4]
- c) What are steps involved in the process of viral infection. [3]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Write in short preservation of pure culture. [3]
- b) Write in detail bacterial cell wall. [3]
- c) Give the application of fluorescent Microscope. [4]

*P.T.O.*

**Q4)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) Explain electron Microscope with reference to SEM and TEM. [5]
- b) What are the different methods for isolation of pure culture. Explain the one which is the best for isolation. [5]

**SECTION - II**  
**(Cell Biology)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Give the salient features of a plant cell. [3]
- b) Write a note on peroxisomes. [3]
- c) What is density gradient centrifugation? How are lysosomes identified using marker enzymes? [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

- a) Give two functions of the endoplasmic reticulum. [2]
- b) Give the structure and function of lysosomes. [3]
- c) Write a note on cell-cell recognition in plants. [5]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Enlist the stages of the cell cycle. [2]
- b) Give the structure and function of mitochondria. [4]
- c) Write a note on the composition and structure of plant cell wall. [4]

**Q8)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) Describe in detail the process of mitosis. [5]
- b) Write an account of the composition and structure of the plasma membrane. [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2892**

**[4724]-2001**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH-270 : Bioenergetics and Metabolism  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-II) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to both the section should be solved in different answer sheets.*
- 2) *Solve any two question from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7.*
- 3) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION-I**

**Q1)** Attempt the following:

- a) Give the significance of glyoxalate pathway. **[4]**
- b) What is the role of glycogenin in glycogen synthesis? **[3]**
- c) List out the enzymers of fatty acid synthase complex. **[3]**

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- a) What is free energy, enthalpy and entropy? **[2]**
- b) Write a note on lactose intolerance and Galactosemia. **[4]**
- c) Elucidate the regulation of glycolysis and gluconeogenesis. **[4]**

**Q3)** Attempt the following:

- a) What are the types of oxidation of fatty acids. **[2]**
- b) Give the significance of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. **[3]**
- c) Explain the steps involved in pentose phosphate pathway. **[5]**

**P.T.O.**



**Q4)** Answer Any One of the following:

- a) Explain the steps involved in the synthesis of ascorbic acid. [5]
- b) Write a note on inhibitors and uncouplers of ETC. [5]

### SECTION-II

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on Inborn errors of amino acid metabolism. [3]
- b) Show the steps involved in formation of uric acid formed in humans. [3]
- c) Enlist the aminoacids that can be synthesized from pyruvate. [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) What is the significance of xanthine oxidase? [2]
- b) Give the significance of pyridoxal phosphate in aminoacid metabolism. [3]
- c) Explain purine biosynthesis by denovo pathway. [5]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Give two examples of salvage pathway of nucleotide synthesis. [2]
- b) Show the regulation of nucleotide synthesis. [4]
- c) Discuss the clinical manifestations of phenylketonuria and alkaptonuria. [4]

**Q8)** Answer Any One of the following:

- a) Elaborate on porphyrin biosynthesis. [5]
- b) How are branched amino acids degraded in our body? [5]



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SEAT No. :

**P2893**

**[4724]-2002**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH-271 : Techniques in Characterization of Biomolecules  
(Semester-II) (Credit System) (2013 pattern)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION-I**

**Biophysical Methods**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Enlist the factors affecting sedimentation velocity. [2]
- b) What are the different methods used for measurement of concentration distribution in an analytical centrifuge cell. [4]
- c) What is the theory of X-ray. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Explain the effect of shape on standard sedimentation coefficient. [3]
- b) Explain stripping film method of autoradiography. [3]
- c) Distinguish between boundary and band sedimentation. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Define and give the significance of sedimentation coefficient. [2]
- b) What are the methods used for measurements of viscosity of the solution. [3]
- c) Give application of partial specific volume. How it is measured by pycnometry? [5]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Attempt Any One of the following:

- a) Draw a neat diagram of atomic absorption spectrometer. Describe the theory of in brief. [5]
- b) Give the principle and functions of liquid scintillation counter. [5]

## SECTION-II

### (Structure determination of Biomolecules)

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) What differences might be expected between NMR spectra of water and ice? Explain. [2]
- b) What is fluorescence depolarization? Describe the experimental arrangement for measuring the polarization of fluorescence. [4]
- c) What are the advantages of LC-MS over GC-MS. [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) Describe the advantages of atmospheric pressure photoionization. [3]
- b) What are the steps required for sample preparation for MALDI-MS analysis. [3]
- c) "Electronic response is proportional to biological response of analyte". Discuss this statement with reference to MM graph. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Enlist the applications of infrared spectroscopy. [2]
- b) Explain the theory of fluorescence. [3]
- c) What are the properties of ESR spectra? [5]

**Q8)** Attempt Any One of the following:

- a) Explain any one application of ORD or CD. [5]
- b) Describe briefly the theory of NMR spectrometry. What information can be obtained from NMR absorption peaks? [5]

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2894**

**[4724]-2003**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH- 273: Membrane Biochemistry and Genetics**

**( 2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - II)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q-1 or Q-3 and any two from Q-5 or Q-7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION -I**

**(Membrane Biochemistry)**

**Q1)** Answer the following;

- a) How protein-lipid interaction takes place. [3]
- b) Explain sodium potassium channels. [3]
- c) What are the different types of transport mechanism. Explain the role of protein in transport. [4]

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on gramicidin. [2]
- b) Give some example of modes of penetration of antimicrobial agents.[3]
- c) Elaborate on various modes used to explain membrane structure. [5]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) What is membrane asymmetry? Give example. [2]
- b) Elucidate the various models proposed to affirm the membrane structure. [4]
- c) Explain how temperature affects fluidity of membrane. [4]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer any one of the following: [5]

- a) What are micelles and liposomes?
- b) How do membrane lipids influence the curvature of the membrane.

**SECTION -II**

**(Genetics)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on codominance and incomplete dominance with suitable examples. [3]
- b) Define plasmid and enlist different types of plasmids. [3]
- c) Diagrammatically show the steps of life cycle of Bacteriophage. [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on tetrad analysis with example. [3]
- b) Describe structure of Watson and crick model of DNA. [3]
- c) Give Mendel's principle of law of independent assortment. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on lytic cycle of bacteriophage. [3]
- b) Genetic code is degenerate. Explain. [3]
- c) Write a note on genetic mutation. [4]

**Q8)** Answer any one of the following: [5]

- a) Write a note on lac operon.
- b) Explain different types of RNA.



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2895**

[4724] - 2004

[Total No. of Pages :4

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 272 : Biostatistics Computer and bioinformatics  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - II) (Creidt)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Supplementary will be provided for checking P-values.*
- 6) *Graph papers will be provided.*

**SECTION - I**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Calculate the value of median and also determine it graphically using ogive. **[3]**

Variable	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Frequency	4	6	10	15	11	7	3

- b) Calculate the geometric mean of the following data: **[3]**

Variable	6	7	8	9	10	11
Frequency	4	7	10	9	6	2

- c) Calculate the standard deviation and standard error of data on waxy endospermic plants recored in maize: **[4]**

Waxy endospermic Plants	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. of Plants	13	13	18	17	15	14

**P.T.O.**

**Q2)** Answer the following:

- For the standard normal variate  $z = 1.98$  find the proportion (area) occupied by it as measured from zero. Represent in normal distribution curve. **[2]**
- An average of 5 litres of milk is given by a buffalo every day. Assuming this to be a poisson distribution, what is the probability that exactly 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 litres of milk is given per day by the buffalo? **[3]**
- Height (inches) and weight (kgs.) are recorded for 10 students. The results are given below. Calculate the regression coefficient and test the level of significance. **[5]**

Height (inches)	62	72	78	58	65	70	66	63	60	72
Weight (Kgs)	50	65	63	50	54	60	61	55	54	65

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- The following data represents the number of productive tillers per plant of a wheat variety. Calculate the mean number of tillers per plant. **[2]**  
Number of productive tillers = 10, 11, 12, 9, 8, 19, 15, 14, 12
- Find out the value of arithmetic mean and median from the following data: **[4]**

Number of angular seeded plants	12	8	17	10	11	16	18	14	6	7
Number of plants	39	33	42	40	47	42	60	50	22	25

- Following is the data recorded on nitrate content of water (mg/l) from two lakes. Analyse the data and show whether the two lakes are significantly different. **[4]**

Samples	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Lake 1	0.62	0.87	0.54	1.36	0.87	0.62	1.24	1.36	1.10	1.24
Lake 2	0.79	1.68	1.59	0.99	1.61	1.49	1.39	1.24	1.24	1.86

**Q4)** Answer any one of the following: [5]

- a) Data on hair colour and the eye colour are given in the table. Calculate the chi-square value. Determine the association between the hair colour and the eye colour.

		Fair	Brown	Black	Total
Eye colour	Blue	15	20	5	40
	Grey	20	20	10	50
	Brown	25	20	15	60
	Total	60	60	30	150

- b) Draw a percentage bar diagram and a pie diagram of the following data relating to the areas under cultivation of different crops in Maharashtra in the year 1987-88.

Crops	Rice	Jowar	Bajra	Maize	Wheat
Area in thousand hectares	3123	2572	324	296	11

### **SECTION - II**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) State the salient features of any protein 3D structure visualization software. [3]
- b) With respect to the GenBank, explain the need of curations and annotation of databases. [3]
- c) What is Entrez? Describe why Entrez is most powerful tool to retrieve the biological data. [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

- a) Differentiate between Orthologous and Paralogous genes. [2]
- b) Explain how multiple sequence alignment can be used to find the conserved regions of protein sequences. [3]
- c) Explain how sequence data is generated for *Expressed Sequence Tags database division of NCBI*. [5]



**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Differentiate between sequence similarity and sequence homology. [2]
- b) Differentiate between Global and Local sequence alignment. [4]
- c) What is progressive alignment? Explain how Clustal W uses progressive alignment for multiple sequence alignment. [4]

**Q8)** Answer any one of the following: [5]

- a) What is Local sequence alignment? Using Smith-Waterman Algorithm determine the optimal alignment of following DNA sequences

Seq 1 : CATGCGGTAC

Seq 2 : CTAGCGCTAC

Use following parameters for obtaining the alignment. Identity: +2, Mismatch: 0, Gap: 0.

- b) Explain why there is need of Heuristics approach in database sequence search. Explain any one heuristics approach in sequence similarity search.



Total No. of Questions : 6]

SEAT No. :

**P2896**

**[4724]-3001**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH- 370: Molecular Biology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - III)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 2) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Solve any three questions from Q1 to Q4.*
- 4) *Question 5 and 6 are compulsory.*

**Q1)** Answer the following: (10 Marks)

- a) Give any two different types of DNA damage. [2]
- b) Why alternative splicing is required? [3]
- c) Explain role of RNA polymerase. [2]
- d) Explain in short features of retroviruse. [3]

**Q2)** Answer the following: (10 Marks)

- a) Why are t-RNAs called as adaptor molecules? [3]
- b) Explain base excision repair system. [3]
- c) Explain inhibitors of protein synthesis. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following: (10 Marks)

- a) What are SINES & LINES? [3]
- b) Enlist the types of RNA polymerase in eukaryotes. [3]
- c) Give roles of RecA, RuvA, RuvB, RuvC involved in recombination. [4]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer the following: (10 Marks)

- a) What are spliceosome? [2]
- b) What role glycosylation plays in protein targeting? [3]
- c) Give the role of topoisomerase in DNA replication. [2]
- d) What is RNA editing? [3]

**Q5)** Attempt any two: (10 Marks)

- a) Write in brief about regulation of transcription. [5]
- b) Explain why Ames test can be used for detecting carcinogenesis. [5]
- c) Explain DNA replication is semiconservative. [5]

**Q6)** Attempt any two: (10 Marks)

- a) Explain the steps involved in prokaryotic translation. [5]
- b) Explain chromatin remodeling. [5]
- c) Explain the lysosomal transportation of protein. [5]

*EEE*

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2897**

[4724] - 3002

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc. (Biochemistry)**

**BCH - 371 : MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND IMMUNOLOGY**  
**(Credit System) (Semester - III) (2013 Pattern)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Questions 4 & 8 are Compulsory.*
- 4) *Solve any two questions from Q. No. 1 to 3 and any two questions from Q. No. 5 to 7.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Medical Biochemistry)**

**Q1)** Answer following:

- a) Define drugs and antibiotics. [2]
- b) What is role of viruses in carcinogenesis. [4]
- c) Give the pathophysiology of sickle cell anemia. [4]

**Q2)** Answer following:

- a) Give any two basic approaches by WHO for control of cancer. [2]
- b) Give features of hallucinogenes. [4]
- c) Explain biochemistry of (CHD) coronary heart diseases. [4]

**Q3)** Answer following:

- a) Name any two causes of hemoglobinopathies. [2]
- b) Explain  $\alpha$ -thalassemias pathophysiology. [4]
- c) Give function structure of lysosome in animal cell. [4]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer in detail:

a) Explain Molecular genetics of cancer. [5]

OR

b) Any one mechanism of resistance to antibiotics. [5]

**SECTION - II**

**(Immunology)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

a) Explain graft rejection. [2]

b) Explain Monoclonal antibodies. [4]

c) Explain attenuated vaccines [4]

**Q6)** Answer the following:

a) Define isotypes, allotypes. [2]

b) Explain classic complement system. [4]

c) Explain humoral immuneresponses. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

a) Explain vaccine with an example. [2]

b) Explain innate immunity. [4]

c) What is junctional flexibility? [4]

**Q8)** Explain in detail:

a) Structure of antibody in detail with labeled diagram. [5]

OR

b) Explain in detail western blotting? [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2898**

**[4724] - 3003**

[Total No. of Pages :3

**M.Sc. (BioChemistry)**

**BCH-372: NEUROCHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY OF  
SPECIALIZED TISSUES**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Answers to both the sections should be written in separate answer sheets.*
- 2) Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION- I**

**Neurochemistry**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) What is the difference between brain and cerebrum? [2]
- b) Describe the types of neuronal circuits. [4]
- c) Explain the role of NMDA and AMPA glutamate receptors in learning and memory process. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following.

- a) Write a note on neuropeptides. [3]
- b) What are the components and functions of the SNS, ANS, and ENS? [3]
- c) Describe the synthesis, storage, mode of action and uptake of acetylcholine. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following.

- a) What is the function of the myelin sheath? Do all axons present a myelin sheath? [2]

**P.T.O.**

- b) Explain the role of reticular formation. [3]
- c) Describe the components and functions of the diencephalon. [5]

**Q4)** Attempt any one the following.

- a) According to the stimuli they collect how are the sensory receptors classified? Explain the functions of each sensory receptor. [5]
- b) What is circadian rhythm? Explain the role on biomolecules involved in circadian rhythm. [5]

## SECTION - II

### (Biochemistry of Specialized Tissues)

**Q5)** Answer the following.

- a) What is the relationship between ATP and creatine phosphate in the production of energy used for skeletal muscle contractions? [2]
- b) Write a short note on taste buds. [4]
- c) How does synaptic transmission between neurons take place? [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following.

- a) Discuss the role of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  in the regulation of muscle contraction. [3]
- b) How does the motion of the hair bundle create a change in membrane potential? [3]
- c) Write a note on cytoskeleton. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following.

- a) What is graded potential? [2]

- b) Discuss the role of cGMP, phosphodiesterase and transducine in visual excitation. [3]
- c) What are the differences between taste and olfaction receptors? [5]

**Q8)** Attempt any one of the following.

- a) How many different kinds of photosensitive pigments are found in the human retina? How they produce electrical responses in the retina and their relation to colour vision? [5]
- b) Describe and give the functions of the three kinds of proteins found in muscle tissue. [5]





Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2899**

**[4724] - 3004**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH-373: Toxicology and Plant Biochemistry  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question no. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**(Toxicology)**

**Q1)** Answer the following.

- a) Explain the Dose-Response relationship. [2]
- b) What is the fate of heavy metal lead in human body? [4]
- c) What are the different areas of toxicology? Explain their roles. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following.

- a) Give the composition of snake venom. [3]
- b) Distinguish between venomous and poisonous animals. [3]
- c) What is response curve? Give the significance of LD<sub>50</sub> and MLD. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following.

- a) What do you understand the terms acute toxicity and chronic toxicity?[2]
- b) Give the forensic applications of toxicology. [3]
- c) Comment on membrane as a major barrier for the entry of toxicants.[5]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following.

- a) What is bioactivation? Explain with suitable example. [5]
- b) Discuss in brief the phase-I metabolism of xenobiotic detoxification. [5]

## SECTION - II

### (Plant Biochemistry)

**Q5)** a) List out the micro and macro element required for plant growth. [2]

b) Comment on cyclic and non cyclic electron flow in photo synthetic system. [3]

c) Discuss the role of nitrogenase system and nitrate reductase in plant. [5]

**Q6)** a) What are plant hormones? Give their role in plant development. [5]

b) Explain the role of secondary metabolites with reference to flavonoids, Gum pectin, terpenoids and lignins. [5]

**Q7)** a) Give the biochemical changes occurring during seed germination. [4]

b) Write a short note on plant diseases. [3]

c) Explain the deficiency disorders caused due to iron and manganese. [3]

**Q8)** Answer any one.

a) Explain seed germination and storage protein. [5]

b) What is plant breeding? Give application of plant breeding in crop improvement with suitable example. [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2900**

**[4724]-4001**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH-470 : Physiological Biochemistry and Endocrinology  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to both the section should be solved in different answer sheets.*
- 2) *Solve any two question from Q. 1 to Q. 3 and any two from Q. 5 to Q. 7.*
- 3) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION-I**

**(Physiological Biochemistry)**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Write the anatomy of liver. [3]
- b) Explain the physiological function of kidney. [3]
- c) Give the absorption of carbohydrate protein, lipids minerals and vitamin. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Give the list of clotting factors. [2]
- b) Write in detail the abnormalities associated with acid-base balance. [4]
- c) Write a note on water and mineral metabolism. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Write the principles of gaseous exchange during respiration. [3]
- b) What are different kidney disorders? [3]
- c) Write a note on Jaundice and its types. [4]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer Any One of the following:

- a) Explain intrinsic and extrinsic pathway. [5]
- b) What are the different types of buffer and explain its function? [5]

## **SECTION-II**

### **(Endocrinology)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) What is PTH? Explain its role in brief. [2]
- b) Describe the general regulation of secretion of growth hormone. [3]
- c) What are the intracellular changes that occur after androgen binds its receptor. [5]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) What is glucagon? What are its target cells? [3]
- b) What are catecholamines? Describe the physiological functions of catecholamines. [3]
- c) How does the endocrine system work with other body system, such as the nervous system & the circulatory system. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) What are thyroxine? Describe the function of thyroxine in brief. [2]
- b) What is the significance of altering kinase activity in target cells. [4]
- c) Describe the function of each of the following hormones TSH, GnRH, LH and PRL. [4]

**Q8)** Attempt Any One of the following:

- a) What are the major biochemical effects of insulin? [5]
- b) Describe the mechanism to control secretion of insulin. [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2901**

**[4724]-4002**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH-471 : Fermentation Technology and Tissue Culture  
(2013 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (Credit System)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to both the sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and any two questions from Q.5 to Q.7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION-I**

**(Fermentation Technology)**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) What are different criteria for isolation of industrially important micro-organism? [3]
- b) Discuss various factors that affect downstream processing of biotech products. [4]
- c) How will you proceed for isolation of resistant mutant? [3]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Explain the role of agitation and aeration in fermentation. [4]
- b) Discuss the various methods for effluent treatment. [4]
- c) Explain any one method used for product recovery. [2]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Discuss in brief the range of fermentation process. [3]
- b) Describe in detail the manufacture of beer by fermentative process. [4]
- c) Fermentation technology is widely applied in many fields. Justify this statement. [3]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Attempt Any One of the following:

- a) Explain the effect of inducer and precursor in fermentation. [5]
- b) Explain the strain improvement using auxotrophic mutants. [5]

## **SECTION-II**

### **(Tissue Culture)**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Write a note on somaclonal variation. [3]
- b) Explain primary and secondary cell culture. [3]
- c) Describe in detail Hanging drop, suspension and monolayer culture. [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) Give the importance of serum in media preparation. [3]
- b) Explain the technique of Agrobacterium mediated hair root culture. [3]
- c) Describe in detail different cell culture methods. [4]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Explain the technique of protoplast fusion. [3]
- b) What are primary and established cell lines? [3]
- c) Explain the characteristics of transformed cell. [4]

**Q8)** Answer Any One of the following:

- a) Discuss the techniques of micropropagation in detail. [5]
- b) What do you mean by Haploid culture and embryo culture? [5]



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2902**

**[4724]-4003**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH- 472: Genetic Engineering**

**( 2013 Pattern) (Credit System) (Semester - IV)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Answers to both sections should be written on separate answer sheets.*
- 2) Question No. 4 and 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) Attempt any two from Q 1 to Q 3 and any two from Q 5 to Q 7.*
- 4) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*

**SECTION -I**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) What are ligases? [2]
- b) Draw and explain T-DNA in Ti - plasmid. [4]
- c) Discuss features of a good vector? Explain one plasmid and one phage. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) Write note on foot printing using DNase I. [3]
- b) Explain any one method used for transformation. [3]
- c) Explain herbicide resistance with example. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) Define plasmid and cosmid. [2]
- b) Write note on cloning vectors for insects explain any one in detail. [3]
- c) Explain role of restriction endonucleases in genetic engineering. [5]

**P.T.O.**

**Q4)** Answer the following:

- a) Write note on types of yeast vectors. Also explain SV40 vector in detail. [5]

OR

- b) Explain the difference between cDNA and genomic library. [5]

**SECTION -II**

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Name any two recombinant proteins. [2]

- b) Write note on Invitro mutagenesis. [4]

- c) Explain principle of RFLP. [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) Explain the agrobacterium mediated gene transfer in plants. [3]

- b) Explain method for producing recombinant factor VIII. [4]

- c) Give application of PCR. [3]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Briefly describe mi RNA and si RNA. [2]

- b) Give importance of protein engineering technology. [3]

- c) Explain process of site directed mutagenesis. [5]

**Q8)** Attempt following:

- a) Write note on Antisense RNA and its application in plants. [5]

OR

- b) Write note on particle gun method and lepofection techniques. [5]

*EEE*



Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P2903**

**[4724] - 4004**

[Total No. of Pages :2

**M.Sc.**

**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BCH - 473 : Clinical Nutrition & Food Technology**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Credit System) (Optional Course)**

*Time : 3Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer to both the section should be written on separate answer sheet.*
- 2) *Question No. 4 & 8 are compulsory.*
- 3) *Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.3 and two questions from Q.5 to 7.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**SECTION - I**

**Q1)** Answer the following:

- a) Explain the effect of cooking on nutritional quality of food. [2]
- b) Which toxic chemicals are present in tea? Explain the effect in brief. [4]
- c) Describe the interrelationship between dietary lipids and cholesterol metabolism. [4]

**Q2)** Attempt the following:

- a) What are acidic foods? Explain any one example in detail. [3]
- b) Describe the effect of food quality on mental development. [3]
- c) Write a note on tobacco. [4]

**Q3)** Answer the following:

- a) What is the effect of fermentation on nutritional quality of food. [2]
- b) Enlist the organs affected by alcohol consumption. Describe the effect of alcohol on each organ in brief. [3]
- c) Describe the factors affecting on absorption of food. [5]

**Q4)** Attempt any one of the following:

- a) Explain the effect of exercise on metabolic adaptation. [5]
- b) What are the inborn errors of metabolism? Explain the management of any two inborn errors. [5]

**P.T.O.**

## SECTION - II

**Q5)** Answer the following:

- a) Differentiate the features of foods obtained from plant and animal origin. [3]
- b) What do you mean by primary feed stock. [3]
- c) Explain the principle of food preservation. [4]

**Q6)** Attempt the following:

- a) Write a note on single cell protein. [3]
- b) Describe the different enzymes used for food processing. [4]
- c) Explain different food additin. [3]

**Q7)** Answer the following:

- a) Explain natural and synthetic sweetness. [4]
- b) Write a note on neat Tenderisation. [3]
- c) Explain starch production. [3]

**Q8)** Answer any one of the following:

- a) How are genetically modified food is prepared. [5]
- b) Explain food additives, flavoring agents color and sweetness. [5]

