Question Booklet Series - C

Booklet No.:-

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

IMO GR-II

Time Allowed : 2 Hrs.	Questions : 1–200		
Roll No.:	OMR Sheet No. :		
Name of the Candidate :(IN CAPITAL LETTERS)			
(Signature of the Candidate) :	Signature of the Invigilator) :		

READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE WRITING ANYTHING ON THIS BOOKLET

- Before commencing to answer, check that the Question Booklet has all the 200 questions and there is no
 misprinting, overprinting and/or any other shortcoming in it. If there is any shortcoming, intimate the same to
 your room invigilator and have it changed. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, you
 should check that this test booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items, etc. If so,
 get it replaced by a complete test booklet.
- Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen for all your work on the OMR Answer Sheet. The ovals on the OMR Answer Sheet are to be completely filled by Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only. ANSWERS ONCE GIVEN CAN NOT BE CHANGED.
- 3. This is an objective type test in which each objective question is followed by four responses serialled (a) to (d). Your task is to choose the correct/best response and mark your response in the OMR Answer Sheet and NOT in the Question Booklet.
- 4. There shall be no negative marking for wrong answer.
- 5. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries equal mark.
- 6. DO NOT scribble or do rough work or make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. DO NOT wrinkle or fold or staple it.
- 7. Answer sheet will be processed by Electronic means. Hence, invalidation of answer sheet resulting due to folding or putting stray marks on it or any damage to the answer sheet as well as incomplete/incorrect filling of the answer sheet will be the sole responsibility of the candidate.
- 8. Rough Work is to be done in the blank space provided for it in the booklet. No other paper will be allowed/provided.
- 9. Use of Calculators, Slide rules, Mobiles, calculator watches or any such devices and any other study/reference material is NOT allowed inside the examination hall.
- 10. Take care that you mark only one answer for each question. If more than one answer is given by you for any question, the same will not be evaluated. **Cutting/overwriting the answers are not allowed.**

1. Which of the following is the best parameter to assess fluid intake in a poly-trauma patient –

- (a) Urine output
- (b) BP
- (c) Pulse
- (d) Pulse oximetry

2. Orthobaric oxygen is used in :-

- (a) CO poisoning
- (b) Ventilation failure
- (c) Anerobic infection
- (d) Gangrene

3. Which of the following is microaerophilic -

- (a) Campylobacter
- (b) Vibrio
- (c) Bacteroides
- (d) Pseudomonas

All are methods of sterilization by dry heat except –

- (a) Flaming
- (b) Incineration
- (c) Hot air oven
- (d) Autoclaving

5. False regarding bacterial plasmids is?

- (a) Extrachromosomal
- (b) Eliminated by treating with radiation
- (c) Transmission of different species
- (d) Can cause lysogenic conversion

6. Insulin secretion is inhibited by?

- (a) Secretin
- (b) Epinephrine
- (c) GH
- (d) Gastrin

7. Effect of bradykinin includes?

- (a) Vasodilatation
- (b) Vasoconstriction
- (c) Increased vascular permeability
- (d) Pain

8. Mitochondrial enzyme in liver?

- (a) SGOT
- (b) SGPT
- (c) Gamma glutamyl transferase
- (d) Nucleotidase

9. Pink color on rothera's test:

- (a) Proteins
- (b) Fatty acids
- (c) Glucose
- (d) Ketone bodies

10. Prenatal diagnosis of haemophilia can be done by?

- (a) Microarray
- (b) Cytogentic analysis
- (c) Linkage analysis
- (d) DNA sequence polymorphism

11. Gout is a disorder of?

- (a) Purine metabolism
- (b) Pyrimidine metabolism
- (c) Urea metabolism
- (d) Lipid metabolism

12. BMR is increased in the following except:

- (a) Physical activity
- (b) Food intake
- (c) Hyperthyroidism
- (d) Obesity

13. BMR mainly depends on?

- (a) Daily activities
- (b) Lean body mass
- (c) Body surface area
- (d) Body Mass Index

14. Mechanism of action of Theophyline?

- (a) Mast cell stabilization
- (b) Phosphodiesterase inhibition
- (c) Leukotriene antagonism
- (d) β2 sympathomimetic

15. Allopurinol is used in treatment of?

- (a) Gout
- (b) Hypothyroidism
- (c) Hypertension
- (d) Hyperlipidemia

16. B cell maturation takes place in -

- (a) Thymus
- (b) Lymph node
- (c) Bone marrow
- (d) Spleen

17. Culture media of leptospirosis -

- (a) Korthof
- (b) Perkin
- (c) Tinsdale
- (d) Baker's

18. All of the following statements about Chlamydia trachomatis are true except –

- (a) Genital chlamydial infections are often asymptomatic
- (b) Can be cultured
- (c) Inclusion conjunctivitis is caused by C. trachomatis serotypes D-K
- (d) Penicillin is the treatment of choice

19. Which of the following literally means "flow of 28. Bouchard's nodes are seen in seed" -(a) Proximal IP ioints (b) Clostridia (b) Distal IP joints (a) Anthrax (c) Sternoclavicular joints (c) Gonorrhoea (d) Proteus (d) Knee joint 20. Conjunctivitis is caused by all except -29. Which of the following is NOT a primary skin (a) CMV disease? (b) Enterovirus 70 (c) Coxsackies A24 (a) Reiter's syndrome (d) Adenovirus (b) Bowen's disease (c) Psoriasis 21. Cloudy swelling is due to -(d) Lichen planus (a) Accumulation of water intracellularly 30. An otherwise healthy male presents with a (b) Fat accumulation intracellularly creamy curd like white patch on the tongue. (c) Lysozyme degeneration The probable diagnosis is -(d) Glycogen accumulation intracellularly (a) Candidiasis 22. Basement membrane degeneration is mediated (b) Histoplasmosis by -(c) Lichen planus (a) Metalloproteinases (d) Aspergillosis (b) Oxidases 31. In spinal anesthesia, the drug is deposited (c) Elastases between -(d) Hydrocylases (a) Dura and arachnoid 23. Sago spleen is seen in -(b) Pia and arachnoid (c) Dura and vertebra (a) Gaucher's disease (d) Into the cord substance (b) Malaria (c) Amyloidosis 32. Which among the following is NOT used for (d) Felty's disease surface anaesthesia -(a) Lignocaine 24. Salt losing nephritis is a feature of -(b) Procaine (a) Interstitial nephritis (c) Tetracaine (b) Polycystic kidney (d) Benzocaine (c) Lupus nephritis (d) Renal amyloidosis 33. Which is a hinge joint -(a) Knee 25. All are of adult size at birth except -(b) Elbow (a) Mastoid antrum (c) Metacarpo Phalangeal (b) Ear Ossicles (d) Atlanto Axial (c) Tympanic cavity (d) Maxillary antrum 34. What is Agoraphobia? (a) Fear of heights 26. Goblet cells are present in -(b) Fear of closed spaces (a) Trachea (b) Jejunum (c) Fear of open space (c) Epididymis (d) Ileum (d) Fear of dogs 27. Most common cause of death after Total Hip 35. Best diagnosis for dissecting aorta is -Replacement is -(a) CT Scan (a) Infection (b) MRI (b) Pneumonia

(c) Anemia

(d) Thromboembolism

(c) Angiography

(d) X-ray

36.	Egg	on	side	appearance	is	seen	in:

- (a) TOF
- (b) TAPVC
- (c) Uncorrected TGA
- (d) Truncus arteriosus

37. Best investigation in acute cholecystitis is-

- (a) Technetium scan
- (b) HIDA scan
- (c) Pipida scan
- (d) Plain X-ray abdomen

All of the following heart sounds occur shortly after S₂ except –

- (a) Opening snap
- (b) Pericardial knock
- (c) Ejection click
- (d) Tumor plop

39. Enlarged pulsatile liver is seen in -

- (a) Tricuspid regurgitation
- (b) Aortic regurgitation
- (c) Mitral regurgitation
- (d) Pulmonary regurgitation

40. Cardiomyopathy may be seen in all of the following except –

- (a) Duchenne muscular dystrophy
- (b) Friedrich's ataxia
- (c) Type IUI glycogen storage disease
- (d) Alkaptonuria

41. Test for reversible cardiac ischemia -

- (a) Angiography
- (b) Thallium scan
- (c) MUGA
- (d) Resting Echocardiography

42. Most common cause of acute RVF -

- (a) Massive pulmonary embolism
- (b) Tricuspid stenosis
- (c) Pulmonary stenosis
- (d) Tricuspid regurgitation

43. All are causes of pulmonary hypertension except-

- (a) Hyperventilation
- (b) Morbid obesity
- (c) High altitude
- (d) Fenfluramine

44. Which valve is least affected in Rheumatic fever?

- (a) Pulmonary valve
- (b) Tricuspid valve
- (c) Mitral valve
- (d) Aortic valve

45. A patient presents with tachycardia, BP<100mm systolic and postural hypotension. Diagnosis is –

- (a) Vasovagal attack
- (b) Diabetic neuropathy
- (c) Shy drager syndrome
- (d) Bleeding peptic ulcer

46. Left ventricular hypertrophy is caused by all except –

- (a) MS
- (b) MR
- (c) AS
- (d) AR

47. Calcium Gluconate is not used in CPR by -

- (a) Hypocalemia
- (b) Hypokalemia
- (c) Hyperkalemia
- (d) Calcium antagonism

48. A 28 year old woman having limited cutaneous scleroderma for the last 10 years complains of shortness of breath for last one month. Her pulmonary function tests (PFT) are as follow –

PFT	Observed	Predicted
FVC	2.63	2.82
FEV1	88%	80%
DLCO	5.26	16.3

What is most likely diagnosis in this case?

- (a) Interstitial lung disease
- (b) Pulmonary artery hypertension
- (c) Congestive heart failure
- (d) Bronchiectasis

49. The most definitive method of diagnosing pulmonary embolism is –

- (a) Pulmonary ateriography
- (b) Radioisotope perfusion pulmonary scintigraphy
- (c) EKG
- (d) Venography

50. All of the following features are seen in viral pneumonia except –

- (a) Presence of interstitial inflammation
- (b) Predominance of alveolar exudates
- (c) Bronchiolitis
- (d) Multinucleate giant cells in the bronchiolar wall

51. MAO inhibitors should not be used with?

- (a) Buprenorphine
- (b) Pethidine
- (c) Pentazocine
- (d) Morphine

52. Imatinib is useful in treatment of?

- (a) Neurofibromatosis
- (b) CD117 positive GIST
- (c) Neuroendocrine tumors of pancreas
- (d) Breast ca

53. Toxicity of Amphotericin B can be reduced by suing?

- (a) Liquid preparation
- (b) Granules
- (c) Liposomal preparation
- (d) Subcutaneously

54. Which of the following form of steroid base is most potent?

- (a) Gel
- (b) Lotion
- (c) Ointment
- (d) Cream

55. Treatment of choice for patient with meningococcal meningitis who is allergic to penicillin?

- (a) Chloromphenicol
- (b) Meropenam
- (c) Linezolid
- (d) Tiecoplanin

56. If a Patient receiving Linezolid therapy for 14 days, which of the following should be monitored?

- (a) Renal function tests
- (b) Liver enzyme assessment
- (c) Platelet monitoring
- (d) Monitoring of Reflex

57. Characteristic feature of apoptosis?

- (a) Cell membrane intact
- (b) Cytoplasmic eosinophilia
- (c) Nuclear moulding
- (d) Cell swelling

58. Following are Granulomatous vasculitis except?

- (a) Chrug straus disease
- (b) Takayasu's arteritis
- (c) Wegener's granulomatosis
- (d) Burger's disease

59. Bronchiectasis is most common in which lobe-

- (a) Right upper lobe
- (b) Right middle lobe
- (c) Left upper lobe
- (d) Left lower lobe

60. True about lung carcinoma?

- (a) More than 75% of lung cancers are squamous cell type
- (b) Oat cell carcinoma frequently show cavitation
- (c) Lung calcification is characteristically seen in oat cell carcinoma
- (d) Oat cell carcinoma is commonly associated with bilateral hilar lymphadenopathy

61. Not a cause of hemoptysis -

- (a) Pneumonia
- (b) Bronchiectasis
- (c) Empyema
- (d) Mitral stenosis

62. Rampal, 45 year old man presents with history of recurrent hemoptysis and purulent sputum. His chest X-Ray is normal, which of the following will be the next best investigation for him?

- (a) HRCT
- (b) CT guided angiography
- (c) Angiography
- (d) Spiral CT

Smoking is generally not associated as a risk factor with –

- (a) Small cell carcinoma
- (b) Respiratory bronchiolitis
- (c) Emphysema
- (d) Bronchiolitis obliterans organizing pneumonia

64. Which of the following collagen disorder is NOT commonly associated with pulmonary fibrosis—

- (a) SLE
- (b) Progressive systemic sclerosis
- (c) Dermatomyositis
- (d) Rheumatoid arthritis

65. Which of the following is not true about the autistic specific disorders?

- (a) Impaired communication
- (b) Impaired imagination
- (c) Language development is delayed
- (d) Vision problems

66. A school going boy was noted with vacant stare several times a day. There was no history of fever, seizures and neurological deterioration. What is the diagnosis?

- (a) Atonic sezures
- (b) Absence seizures
- (c) Myoclonic seizures
- (d) School phobia

67. True about Wilson's disease?

- (a) Increase in urinary copper and increased serum ceruloplasmin and copper
- (b) Increase serum ceruloplasmin levels with increased urinary copper
- (c) Elevated hepatic copper level and increased serum ceruloplasmin levels
- (d) Increase in urinary copper and decreased serum ceruloplasmin

68. Most common cause of genital ulcer in a HIV patient?

- (a) Syphilis
- (b) Chlamydia
- (c) Herpes
- (d) Gonorrhoea

69. A 60 year old female was given anaesthesia for a prolonged surgery. After surgery she was extubated but was found to have poor respiration with BP of 100/80 mm of Hg. Blood analysis revealed PCO2=200 and the blood pH was 7.42. What is the diagnosis?

- (a) Respiratory failure
- (b) Intraoperative hypoxia
- (c) Incomplete recovery from muscle relaxants
- (d) None of these

70. Which of the following is not a Behaviour Therapy technique?

- (a) Flooding
- (b) Counter-transference
- (c) Counter-conditioning
- (d) Systematic desensitisation

71. Vaginal sphincter is formed by all except -

- (a) Internal urethral sphincter
- (b) External urethral sphincter
- (c) Pubovaginalis
- (d) Bulbospongiosus

72. Osteomeatal complex refers to -

- (a) Maxillary ostium, ethmoid infundibulum, hiatus semilunaris and frontal recess
- (b) Frontal recess, inferior meatus, sphenoid sinus
- maxillary (c) Hiatus semilunaris ostium, sphenoeth moid recess
- (d) None of the given options

73. Muscle spindle detects -

- (a) Tension
- (b) Length
- (c) Proprioception
- (d) Stretch

74. Which of the following is not true about idiopathic pulmonary Hemosiderosis -

- (a) Iron deficiency anemia (b) Eosinopenia
- (c) ↑ Bilirubin
- (d) ↑ Reticulocyte count

75. A truck driver has chronic cough with fever since one month. Chest x-ray show bilateral reticulonodular infiltrates in mid and lower zones. Which of the following is possible diagnosis?

- (a) Tuberculosis
- (b) ILD
- (c) Pneumococcal pneumonia
- (d) Pneumocystis carini pneumonia

All of the following conditions are observed in Gout. except -

- (a) Uric acid nephrolithiasis00
- (b) Deficiency of enzyme X anthine oxidase
- (c) Increase is serum urate concentration
- (d) Renal disease involving interstitial tissues

77. Most common organism associated with reactive arthritis is -

- (a) Staphylococcus
- (b) Shigella
- (c) Chlamydia
- (d) Yersinia

78. All of the following are true about Raynaud's disease except -

- (a) More common in females
- (b) Positive antinuclear antibodies
- (c) Most common cause of raynaud's phenomenon
- (d) Has good prognosis

79. The following condition is not associated with an increased anion-gap type of metabolic acidosis-

- (a) Shock
- (b) Ingestion of ante-freeze
- (c) Diabetic keto-acidosis
- (d) COPD

80. Positive urinary anion gap is found in -

- (a) Alcholic ketoacidosis
- (b) Diabetic ketoacidosis
- (c) Renal tubular acidosis
- (d) Diarrhea

81. The cause for Resurgent malaria are following except?

- (a) Inadequate vector control
- (b) Mosquito mutations
- (c) Improper use of drug treatment
- (d) Increase in the number Plasmodium species

82.	Which of the following disease is inherited only in males?	91.	Primary impact injury most commonly involves?			
	(a) Autosomal dominant(b) Autosomal recessive(c) X-linked dominant		(a) Brain (b) Abdomen (c) Neck (d) Legs			
	(d) X-linked recessive	92.	The path of which of the following bullet can be followed after shot from gun?			
83.	True about antiphospholipid antibody syndrome include following:		(a) Incendiary bullet(b) Ricochet bullet(c) Tracer bullet(d) Tandem bullet			
	(a) Bleeding(b) Thrombosis(c) Recurrent fetal loss(d) Autoimmune disease	93.	A 30 years old female married five years back died. Under which of following, autopsy of this			
84.	I. Which of the following test should be first done in non-mismatch blood transfusion reaction?		patient should be conducted?			
	(a) Direct Coomb's test		(a) CrPC 174 (b) CrPC 176 (c) CrPC 304 (d) CrPC 306			
	(b) Indirect Coomb's test(c) Antibodies in donor's serum	94.	Rural-urban difference is not seen with?			
0.5	(d) Antibodies in recepient's serum		(a) Chronic bronchitis(b) Schizophrenia(c) Lung cancer(d) Tuberculosis			
85.	Beck's triad: (a) Right Ventricular Infarction (b) Constriction and infarction	95.	Mass immunization is indicated in the following except?			
	(b) Constrictive pericarditis(c) Restrictive Pericarditis(d) Cardiac Temponade		(a) Leprosy (b) Cholera (c) Influenza (d) Polio			
86.	True about third heart sound?	96.	"ASHA" stands for Accredited Social Health			
	 (a) Heard due to contraction of right ventricle (b) Loud in ASD (c) Can be heard in constrictive pericarditis (d) Soft in cardiac temponade 		Activist: (a) Accredited Social Health Activist (b) Appointed Social Health Activist (c) Advanced Social Health Activist (d) Attached Health Activist			
87.	Drugs used in management of migraine include the following except?	97.	JSY stands for?			
	(a) Valproate(b) Ethosuximide(c) Topiramate(d) Verapamil		(a) Janani Social Yojna(b) Jan Suchil Yojna			
88.	Serotonin syndrome caused by the following except:		(c) Janani Suraksha Yojna(d) Jan Sulab-sauchalay Yojna			
	(a) Chlorpromazine (b) Sumatriptan (c) TCA (d) RIMA	98.	Which of the following predisposes to atherosclerosis?			
89.	Pathology in motor neuron disease is at?		(a) Insulin deficiency(b) Hyperestrogenemia			
	(a) Anterior horn cells(b) Posterior column tracts		(c) Anaemia (d) Testosterone loss			
	(c) NMJ (d) Peripheral nervous system	99.	The most common oncogenic human papiloma virus?			
90.	Brown tumor of bone is seen in?		(a) HPV–16 (b) HPV–18			
	(a) Hyperparathyroidism		(c) HPV-31 (d) HPV-33			
	(b) Hypoparathyroidism	100.	Most important investigation in VVF?			
	(c) Hypothyroidism(d) Hyperthyroidism		(a) Three swab test(b) IVP(c) Cystoscopy(d) Vaginal culture			

101. In a lady with threatened abortion, which of the following would not be useful with intact membrane?

- (a) Antibiotic prophylaxis
- (b) Best rest
- (c) Analgesics
- (d) HCG monitoring

102. Which of the following is the best to assess endometrial cycle?

- (a) Hormonal profile
- (b) Body temperature changes
- (c) Ferning test
- (d) Spinbarket pattern

103. Which of the following is not seen in human beings?

- (a) Estrous cycle
- (b) Menstrual cycle
- (c) Endometrial cycle
- (d) Hormonal changes

104. A 18 year old patient presented with primary amenorrhea. On examination her breast and external genitalia are normal. She is most likely suffering from?

- (a) MKH syndrome
- (b) Turner's syndrome
- (c) Noonan syndrome
- (d) Andogen insensitivity

105. PCOD predisposes to the following except?

- (a) Increased risk of Ovarian cancer
- (b) Endometrial cancer
- (c) Insulin resistance
- (d) Osteoporosis

106. The 'a' wave of jugular venous pulse is produced by-

- (a) Atrial relaxation
- (b) Atrial systole
- (c) Atrial diastole
- (d) Rapid venous filling

107. Calcium blocking agents of use in the treatment of hypertension include -

- (a) Prazosin
- (b) Lidoflazine
- (c) Captopril
- (d) Nifedipine

108. Most important predictor of coronary artery disease-

- (a) VLDL
- (b) LDL
- (c) Chylomicron
- (d) HDL

109. 'CURB-65' includes-

- (a) PaO₂ less than 65 mm
- (b) Coagulopathy
- (c) Severe Azotemia
- (d) Base deficit (acidosis)

110. The agent of choice for controlling heparin induced bleeding is-

- (a) Protamine sulphate (b) Injectable vitamin K
- (c) Whole blood
- (d) Fresh frozen plasma

111. Northern blotting is used for analysis of -

- (a) DNA
- (b) RNA
- (c) Proteins
- (d) Polysaccharides

112. Rapid infusion of insulin causes -

- (a) Hyperkalemia
- (b) Hypokalemia
- (c) Hypernatremia
- (d) Hyponatremia

113. Digitalis toxicity enchanced by A/E -

- (a) Renal failure
- (b) Hyperkalemia
- (c) Hypercalcemia
- (d) Hypomagnesemia

114. Best Test for intestinal malabsorption -

- (a) D-xylose test
- (b) NBT-PABA TEST
- (c) Fecal fatestimation (d) Schilling test

115. Plasma urea/creatinine ratio of 20:1 may be seen in -

- (a) Rhabdomyolysis
- (b) Ureteric calculi
- (c) Pre-renal failure
- (d) Chronic glomerulonephritis

116. Low calcium and high phosphate is seen in -

- (a) Hyperparathyroidism
- (b) Hypoparathyroidism
- (c) Hyperthyroidism
- (d) Hypothyroidism

117. The most effective contraceptive method recommended in lactating mothers is -

- (a) Barrier method
- (b) Progesterone only pill
- (c) Oral contraceptive pills
- (d) Lactational amenorrhea

118. What is the drug of choice for emergency contraception?

- (a) Yuzpe regimen (combined oral pill)
- (b) High dose oestrogen alone
- (c) Levonorgestrel only pill
- (d) Danazol

119.	The most character fallopian tube carcinom (a) Mass abdomen	•	(8	The principal stero a) Testosterone c) Androstenidione	id secreted by testis is – (b) Dihydrotestosterone (d) Dihydroepiandrosterone
	(b) Bleeding per vaginur	m	,	,	
	(c) Excessive watery dis			_	ing the rate of respiration –
120.	(d) Pain abdomen Feto-maternal transfusi	on is detected by-	(k	a) Pneumotaxic ceb) Dorsal group ofc) Apneustic centre	nucleus
	(a) Kleihauer test		•	d) Pre-Bötzinger C	
	(b) Spectrophotometry(c) Benzidine test(d) Colorimetry			lot water bottle pasm by-	relieves pain of abdomina
121.	The drug used for n ectopic pregnancy is:	nedical management of (b) Misoprostol	(k	a) Stimulation of a b) Stimulation of cl c) Inhibition of cold d) Inhibition of hea	holinergic fibers d receptors
	(c) Mifepristone	(d) Methyl ergometrine	131 lr	nsulin secretion is	inhihited by –
122.	are at increased risk o	s who are heavy drinkers f which of the following	(8	a) Secretin c) Growth hormon	(b) Epinephrine
	problems?		132. N	IO is synthesized	by –
	(a) Mental retardation(b) Chronic lever diseas	e		a) Uracil	(b) Aspartate
	(c) Excessive birthweigh		(d	c) Guanosine	(d) Arginine
	/ IV . G				
123.	with a previous lower	erine rupture in a woman segment uncomplicated	F fo	entanyl-pancuron or a surgery. Afte	rerweight female was giver ium-midazolam anaesthesia r surgery she was extubated
123.	The estimated risk of ut with a previous lower cesarean section is appr	segment uncomplicated oximately-	F fo a	entanyl-pancuron or a surgery. Afte nd on examinatio	ium-midazolam anaesthesia r surgery she was extubated on her chest wall respiratory
123.	The estimated risk of ut with a previous lower cesarean section is approximately (a) 0.5–2%	segment uncomplicated	F fo a n h	entanyl-pancuron or a surgery. Afte ind on examination notion was slow a ler upper body. Sh	ium-midazolam anaesthesia r surgery she was extubated
	The estimated risk of ut with a previous lower cesarean section is approximately (a) 0.5–2%	segment uncomplicated roximately- (b) 4-6% (d) 14-16%	F fo a m h u ro	entanyl-pancuron or a surgery. Afte nd on examination notion was slow a ter upper body. Sh understand what espiratory effort.	ium-midazolam anaesthesian surgery she was extubated on her chest wall respiratory and she was unable to move the was conscious and able to was said, but was lacking ther blood pressure was
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124.	The estimated risk of ut with a previous lower cesarean section is approximately (a) 0.5–2% (c) 8–10% Test for ovarian reserved (a) LH (c) FSH	segment uncomplicated roximately- (b) 4–6% (d) 14–16% (b) LH/FSH ratio (d) Estradiol (volved in the fracture of	F fo a m h u ro n tl (a (b	entanyl-pancuron or a surgery. Afte and on examination of the continuous slow after upper body. Shanderstand what respiratory effort. Formal and heart respiratory embors?	ium-midazolam anaesthesian surgery she was extubated on her chest wall respiratory and she was unable to move the was conscious and able to was said, but was lacking the blood pressure was at a was also normal. What is colismically chest wall rigidity
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(b) Posterior interosseous nerve

(c) Median nerve

(d) Radial nerve

(b) Carbamoyl phosphate synthetase II

(c) UMP synthase

(d) HGPRT

136. In CRP, the C stands for -

- (a) Canavallin A
- (b) Cellular
- (c) Chondoitin sulfate
- (d) C polysaccharide of streptococcus

137. Rothera's test used for detection of -

- (a) Proteins
- (b) Glucose
- (c) Fatty acid
- (d) Ketones

138. Milkman's Fracture is a type of -

- (a) Pseudofracture
- (b) Clavicular fracture
- (c) Humeral fracture
- (d) Metacarpal fracture

139. Complications of colle's fracture include all of the following except:

- (a) Sudeck's Osteodystrophy
- (b) Rupture of EPL tendon
- (c) Malunion
- (d) Nonunion

140. Most common site of scaphoid fracture is:

- (a) Distal fragment
- (b) Tilting of the lunate
- (c) Waist
- (d) Proximal fragment

141. Left SVC drains into?

- (a) Left atrium
- (b) Right atrium
- (c) Coronary sinus
- (d) Pericardial sac

142. Urogenital diaphragm is made of the following except:

- (a) Deep transverse perini
- (b) Perinial membrane
- (c) Colles fascia
- (d) Sphincter Urethrae

143. 'Hybrid' or 'Composite muscles' include the following except?

- (a) Pectinius
- (b) Flexor carpi ulnaris
- (c) Flexor digitorum superficialis
- (d) Biceps femoris

144. Gluteus medius is supplied by?

- (a) Superior gluteal nerve
- (b) Inferior gluteal nerve
- (c) Femoral nerve
- (d) Sciatic nerve

145. Celiac plexus is located:

- (a) Anterolateral to aorta
- (b) Posterolateral to aorta
- (c) Anterolateral to lumbar sympathetic chain
- (d) Posterolateral to lumbar sympathetic chain

146. In severe exercise, CO increases up to 5 times, while pulmonary blood pressure rises minimally because?

- (a) Additional parallel vessels open up
- (b) Sympathetic stimulation causes greater distensibility of pulmonary vessels
- (c) Large amount of smooth muscles in pulmonary arterioles.
- (d) Larger area of pulmonary circulation

147. Non-respiratory Function of lung?

- (a) Anion excretion
- (b) Sodium balance
- (c) Potassium balance
- (d) Magnesium balance

148. The hot fomentation relieves the intestinal spasm pain by inhibition of?

- (a) Cholinergic receptors
- (b) Adrenergic receptors
- (c) Cold receptors
- (d) Heat receptors
- 149. A 40 years old patient was brought with recent onset personality changes and behavioural problems. He had diarrhea since few days. On examination there was hypersalivation and blue lines were noted on gums. Fine tremors were also noted. There is no organomegaly. What is the likely diagnosis?
 - (a) Lead poisoning
 - (b) Mercury poisoning
 - (c) Arsenic poisoning
 - (d) Copper toxicity

150. Mechanisms of injuries caused by Lightening include the following except one?

- (a) Compression effect due to compression air wave striking the abdomen
- (b) Direct effect from electric discharges passing to ground
- (c) Surface flash burns from discharges
- (d) Mechanical effect due to force of displaced air around the flash by heat expansion

151. Morphine can be used in all the following conditions except –

- (a) Head injury
- (b) Asthma
- (c) Hypothyroidism
- (d) Diabetes

152. All are antiemetics except -

- (a) Domperidone
- (b) Ondensetron
- (c) Phenazocine
- (d) Cyclizine

153. A patient is receiving linezolid therapy for 14 days, which of the following should be monitored:

- (a) Renal function tests
- (b) Liner enzymes
- (c) Platelet monitoring
- (d) Monitoring of reflex

154. Toxicity of Amphotericin B can be reduced by using:

- (a) Liquid preparation
- (b) Granules
- (c) Liposomal preparation
- (d) Subcutareous administration

155. Which of the following can cause acute Pancreatitis:

- (a) Abacavir
- (b) Lamivudine
- (c) Zidovudine
- (d) Didonosine

156. Reflex which is not present in child at birth is -

- (a) Moro's reflex
- (b) Symmetric tonic neck reflex
- (c) Crossed extensor reflex
- (d) Asymmetric tonic neck reflex

157. Most common cause of sepsis in India within 2 months –

- (a) H influenza
- (b) E.coli
- (c) Coagulase positive staph aureus
- (d) Group B streptococcus

158. A case of jaundince with 50% direct bilirubin, other LFTs normal. Diagnosis is –

- (a) Rotor syndrome
- (b) Gilbert syndrome
- (c) Glucuronyl transferase deficiency
- (d) Primary biliary cirrhosis

159. Infant of diabetic mother with weight 3.8 Kg presented with seizures after 16 hours of birth. What is the cause—

- (a) Hypoglycemia
- (b) Hypocalcemia
- (c) Birth asphyxia
- (d) Intraventricular hemorrhage

160. Electron microscopy is diagnostic in?

- (a) Good pasture's syndrome
- (b) Wegener's granulomatosis
- (c) PAN
- (d) Alport's syndrome

161. Drug of choice in Theophylline poisoning -

- (a) Cortisone
- (b) Propranolol
- (c) Thyroxine
- (d) Phenobarbitone

162. Which of the following drugs has been found to be useful in acute severe asthma?

- (a) Magnesium Sulphate
- (b) Anti-leukotrine
- (c) Cromolyn Sodium
- (d) Cyclosporine

163. Parathyroid hormone -

- (a) Decreases bone resorption
- (b) Increases bone resorption
- (c) Enhances phosphate reabsorption from kidney
- (d) Decreases calcium reabsorption from kidney

164. Buspirone is an:

- (a) Anxiolytic
- (b) Muscle relaxant
- (c) Sedation
- (d) Anticonvulsant

165. Oxygen content in anaesthetic mixture is:

- (a) 25%
- (b) 30%
- (c) 33%
- (d) None of these

166. Alcohol intake during pregnancy causes, all, except –

- (a) Brachycephaly
- (b) Microcephaly
- (c) Hyperkinetic movements
- (d) Congenital anomalies

167. Which teratogen causes deafness?

- (a) Isotretnoin
- (b) Chloroquine
- (c) Alcohol
- (d) Warfarin

168. Digoxin toxicity is increased by all except -

- (a) Renal impairment
- (b) Hyperkalemia
- (c) Hypercalcemia
- (d) Hypomagnesemia

169. Tylectomy literally mean -

- (a) Excision of a lump
- (b) Excision of LN
- (c) Excision of breast
- (d) Excision of skin

170. The most common histologic type of thyroid cancer is:

- (a) Medullary type
- (b) Follicular type
- (c) Papillary type
- (d) Anaplastic type

171. Best test to diagnose gastroesophageal reflux disease and quantify acid output:

- (a) Esohagogram
- (b) Endoscopy
- (c) Manometry
- (d) 24 hr pH monitoring

172. The most common cause of gastric outlet obstruction in India is:

- (a) Tuberculosis
- (b) Cancer of stomach
- (c) Duodenal lymphoma
- (d) Peptic ulcer disease

173. Most common infection after splenectomy is -

- (a) Anaerobic
- (b) Staphylococcal
- (c) Streptococcal
- (d) Pneumococcal

174. Most common type of choledochal cyst?

- (a) Type 1
- (b) Type 2
- (c) Type 3
- (d) Type 6

175. Best prognosis for carcinoma of pancreas is in the region of –

- (a) Head
- (b) Tail
- (c) Body
- (d) Periampullary

176. Colopotomy is done to treat -

- (a) Ischeorectal abscess
- (b) Pelvic abscess
- (c) Appendicular abscess
- (d) Perianal abscess

177. Parastomal hernia is most frequently seen with:

- (a) End Colostomy
- (b) Loop Colostomy
- (c) End Iliostomy
- (d) Loop Iliostomy

178. Best investigation to diagnose piles is -

- (a) Proctosigmoidoscopy
- (b) Barium enema
- (c) Ultrasound
- (d) Proctoscopy

179. Z score is used in?

- (a) Nominal data
- (b) Normal distribution curve
- (c) t test
- (d) Chi square test

180. True about corneal transplant:

- (a) Eye ball is removed from the donor and the Complete eyeball is preserved in ice for corneal transplant
- (b) Cornea of persons more than 60 years of age is not taken for transplant
- (c) Specular microscopy is ideal for the endothelial count
- (d) HLA matching is required essentially

181. Retinoblastoma is associated with?

- (a) Osteosarcoma
- (b) Chondrosarcoma
- (c) Fibrosacrcoma
- (d) Rhandomyosarcoma

182. Topical Mitomycin C is useful in treatment of?

- (a) Angiofibroma
- (b) Tracheal stenosis
- (c) Skull base Ostemyelitis
- (d) Laryngeal carcinoma

183. Laser used in laryngeal work?

- (a) Argon
- (b) CO2
- (c) Holmium
- (d) ND Yag

184. Following can be visualized on Bronchoscopy except?

- (a) Vocal cords
- (b) Trachea
- (c) Subcarinal nodes
- (d) First division of subsegmental bronchioles

185. Down's syndrome most commonly occurs due to?

- (a) Reciprocal translocation
- (b) Nondysjunction in maternal meiosis
- (c) Translocation defect
- (d) Nondysjunction in paternal meiosis

- 186. Which of the following is NOT associated with increase in the risk of seizures in future in a child with febrile seizures?
 - (a) Developmental delay
 - (b) Early age of onset
 - (c) Complex partial seizures
 - (d) Family history positive
- 187. Which of the milestone develops first -
 - (a) Mirror play
 - (b) Crawling
 - (c) Creeping
 - (d) Pincer grasp
- 188. A year 6 old child with IQ of 50. Which of the following can the child do
 - (a) Identify colours
 - (b) Read a sentence
 - (c) Ride a bicycle
 - (d) Copy a triangle
- 189. Which of the following is the best indicator of long term nutritional status
 - (a) Mid arm circumference
 - (b) Height for age
 - (c) Weight for age
 - (d) Weight for height
- 190. Indicator of moderate to severe malnutritions is:
 - (a) Serum transferrin 160
 - (b) Body mass index 19
 - (c) Albumin 2.1 g/d1
 - (d) Transthyretin
- 191. Craniotabes is seen in following except -
 - (a) Rickets
 - (b) Syphilis
 - (c) Osteogenesis imperfecta
 - (d) Thalassemia
- 192. Anti infective vitamin is -
 - (a) Vitamin B₆
- (b) Vitamin A
- (c) Vitamin D
- (d) Vitamin C
- 193. Abnormalities of copper metabolism are implicated in the pathogenesis of all the following except
 - (a) Wilson's disease
 - (b) Monkes' Kinky-hair syndrome
 - (c) Indian childhood cirrhosis
 - (d) Keshan disease

- 194. A 2 years old child is brought by parents with history of seizures and developmental delay. He has multiple hypopigmented macules over the back. What the most probable diagnosis?
 - (a) Neurofibromatosis type 1
 - (b) Tuberous sclerosis
 - (c) Sturge Weber syndrome
 - (d) Linear Sebacous Nevus Syndrome
- 195. Following can be used in Rx of myoclonic seizures except:
 - (a) Valproate
 - (b) Carbamazepine
 - (c) Topiramate
 - (d) Zonisamide
- 196. Commonest cause of ureteric injury during surgical operation is
 - (a) Abdomino-perineal resection
 - (b) Hysterectomy
 - (c) Prostectomy
 - (d) Colectomy
- 197. Bladder tumours mostly arises from -
 - (a) Mucosa
 - (b) Submucosa
 - (c) Muscularis Mucosa
 - (d) Seorsa
- 198. Semen analysis of a young man who presented with primary infertility revealed low volume, fructose negative ejaculate with azoospermia. Which of the following is the most useful imaging modiality to evaluate the cause of his infertility?
 - (a) Colour duplex ultrasonography of the scrotum
 - (b) Transrectal ultrasonography
 - (c) Retrograde urethrography
 - (d) Spermatic venography
- 199. Optical urethroplasty is done in -
 - (a) Congenital stricture of urethra
 - (b) Hypospadias
 - (c) Epispadias
 - (d) Testicular tumour's
- 200. Most common testicular tumor in prepubertal adults is:
 - (a) Yolk sac tumor
 - (b) Embryonal cell Ca
 - (c) Seminoma
 - (d) Teratoma