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| Number   |         |     |  |

## SCIENCE (Theory) — Paper II (Botany and Zoology)

|      |                                      |                      | in groups are called            |       | pherical bacteria that | . 1 100          |
|------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------|------------------------|------------------|
| Time | Allov                                | wed                  | $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours ]          |       | [ Maximum              | [arks: 100       |
|      |                                      |                      |                                 |       |                        |                  |
|      |                                      |                      | SECTION                         | I – A | efine the term 'Desaft |                  |
|      |                                      |                      | BOTAL                           |       | that is ammapification |                  |
|      |                                      |                      |                                 |       | raw an addrevate frui  |                  |
|      | ( Marks : 50 )                       |                      |                                 |       |                        |                  |
| I.   | Choose and write the correct answer: |                      |                                 |       |                        | $5 \times 1 = 5$ |
|      | 1.                                   | is an edible fungus. |                                 |       |                        |                  |
|      |                                      | a)                   | Aspergillus                     | b)    | Puccinia               |                  |
|      |                                      |                      |                                 |       | ethne the term fourth  |                  |
|      |                                      | c)                   | Agaricus                        | d)    | Microsporum.           | .81              |
|      | 2.                                   | Wat                  |                                 |       |                        |                  |
|      |                                      | a)                   | soil water                      | b)    | gravitational water    |                  |
|      |                                      | c)                   | imbibed water                   | d)    | capillary water.       |                  |
|      | 3.                                   | Thr                  | ee nitrogenous bases code for o | ne    | lagroms wherever no    |                  |
|      | 3.                                   |                      |                                 |       |                        |                  |
|      |                                      | a)                   | protein                         | b)    | amino acid             |                  |
|      |                                      | c)                   | DNA                             | d)    | RNA.                   |                  |
|      | 4.                                   | An                   | example for hypogeal germinati  | on is | rite a note on econom  |                  |
|      |                                      |                      | iults with an example.          | b)    | mustard                |                  |
|      |                                      | a)                   | pea                             | 98,00 | hat are the effects of |                  |
|      |                                      | c)                   | maize                           | d)    | sunflower.             | .02              |
|      | 5.                                   | Exc                  | essive noise can affect         |       | quain the significance |                  |
|      |                                      | a) :                 | lungs                           | b)    | ears                   | MYWV.            |
|      | LXI                                  | 0)                   | nose                            | d)    | muscles.               |                  |
|      |                                      | c)                   | nose                            | 4,    | ive an account on ple  | . 83             |

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| II.  | Fill  | the blanks with suitable terms : $5 \times 1 = 5$                             |
|------|-------|---|
|      | 6.    | is a genetically modified rice variety.                                       |
|      | 7.    | OFC refers to   |
|      | 8.    | mutation plays a major role in plant breeding.                                |
|      | 9.    | The pungent principle in ginger is  |
|      | 10.   | Spherical bacteria that occur in groups are called                            |
| III. | Ans   | er any five of the following questions in one or two sentences each:          |
|      |       | $5 \times 2 = 10$   |
|      | 11.   | Define the term 'Desalination'.   |
|      | 12.   | Vhat is ammonification?   |
|      | 13.   | raw an aggregate fruit and label the parts.                                   |
|      | 14.   | Vhat is bolting?  |
|      | 15.   | Vhat are the disadvantages of transpiration?                                  |
|      | 16.   | Vhat is pharmacognosy?  |
|      | 17.   | Define the term 'fruit'.  |
|      | 18.   | Fraw a succulent xerophyte.   |
|      | 19.   | ive an equation for anaerobic respiration.                                    |
|      | 20.   | efine eco-friendly agriculture.   |
| IV.  | Writ  | short answers for any four of the following questions each in 100 words.      |
|      | Drav  | liagrams wherever necessary. Question No. 22 is compulsory. $4 \times 5 = 20$ |
|      | 21.   | Frite a note on two types of special chromosomes.                             |
|      | 22.   | raw the ultra structure of chloroplast and label the parts.                   |
|      | 23.   | rite a note on economic importance of fungi.                                  |
|      | 24.   | xplain the types of baccate fruits with an example.                           |
|      | 25.   | hat are the effects of noise pollution?                                       |
|      | 26.   | xplain the methods of rain-water harvesting.                                  |
|      | 27.   | xplain the significance of mutation.  |
| V    | Write | detailed answer for any one of the following questions in 200 words.          |
|      | Draw  | lagrams wherever necessary. $1 \times 10 = 10$                                |
|      | 28.   | we an account on photophosphorylation.  |
|      | 29.   | escribe the types of dry fruits.  |
|      |       |   |

## SECTION - B

## ZOOLOGY

( Marks : 50 )

| I   | Cho     | ose a   | and write the correct answer:   |         | is Haemoglobin ?              |                 | $5 \times 1 = 5$ |
|-----|---------|---|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|     | 1.      | Tyn   | npanic membrane of frog is cor  | nmon    | ly called                     |                 | -81              |
|     | dingari | a)  | membranous labyrinth            | b)      | ear drum                      |                 |                  |
|     |         | c)  | middle ear                      | d)      | eustachian tube.              |                 |                  |
|     | 2.      | Thr   | ombus leads to                  |         | a note on Propage?            |                 | 71:              |
|     |         | a)  | cirrhosis                       | b)      | obesity                       | nsvi            |                  |
|     |         | c)  | pleurisy                        | d)      | heart attack.                 |                 | .81              |
|     | 3.      | Nur   | se cells are also called        |         | are antigens.?                |                 |                  |
|     |         | a)  | sperm cells                     | b)      | Leydig's cells                |                 | IV. West         |
|     |         | c)  | gamete cells                    | d)      | sertoli cells.                |                 |                  |
|     | 4.      | The   | mass of undifferentiated cells  | in tiss | ue culture is called          |                 |                  |
|     |         | a)  | totipotent cells                | b)      | callus                        |                 |                  |
|     |         | c)  | stem cells                      | d)      | epithelial cells.             | azG             |                  |
|     | 5.      | Dial  | petes mellitus is caused due to | the d   | eficiency of                  |                 |                  |
|     |         | a)  | adrenalin                       | b)      | glycogen                      | voH             |                  |
|     |         | c)  | insulin                         | d)      | ADH.                          |                 |                  |
| II. | Fill    | in the  | e blanks with suitable terms :  |         | iled answer for any scoesary. | taxace<br>op of | 5 × 1 = 5        |
|     | 6.      | The   | acts as a "Pacer                | maker   | of the heart.                 |                 | .82              |
|     | 7.      | is the first National Park in India.                |                                 |         |                               |                 | 29.              |
|     | 8.      | Plant tissue culture is based on a principle called |                                 |         |                               |                 | ×                |
|     | 9.      | has empty calories and has no nutritive valu        |                                 |         |                               |                 |                  |
|     | 10.     |   | is an example for si            | ngle c  | ell protein.                  |                 |                  |

III. Answer a y five of the following questions in one or two sentences each:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- 11. What is mediastinum?
- 12. Wha is Haemoglobin?
- 13. Wha is dialysis?
- 14. Dra a neat labelled diagram of pancreas showing islets of Langerhans.
- 15. Defi : gametogenesis.
- 16. What are the functions of eggs?
- 17. Writ a note on "Project Tiger".
- 18. Nan the animals found in "Terai belt".
- 19. Wha is polyphagia?
- 20. Wha are antigens?
- IV. Write she t answers for any four of the following questions in 100 words each.
  Draw dia ams wherever necessary. Question No. 24 is a compulsory question.

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

- 21. Des ibe the head of frog.
- 22. Writ a note on sexual dimorphism in frog.
- 23. Diff entiate between enzymes and hormones.
- 24. Dra a neat labelled diagram showing the structure of hen's egg.
- 25. Enumerate the methods by which we can restore balance in ecosystem.
- 26. How will you prevent and control drug abuse?
- 27. Give in account of organ transplantation.
- V. Write de lied answer for any one of the following in 200 words. Draw diagrams wherever lecessary.  $1 \times 10 = 10$ 
  - 28. Exp in the location, structure and function of thyroid gland.
  - 29. Des ibe the process of culture of embryonic stem cells in the laboratory.