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Part III — NURSING

(New Syllabus)

(English Version)

Time Allowed : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 150

Section A — Answer *all* questions.

Section B — Answer any *fifteen* questions.

Section C — Q. No. 71 is compulsory. Answer any *five* from the remaining questions.

Section D — Answer any four questions in 200 words each.

SECTION - A

Note : Answer *all* the questions.

I. Choose the correct options and write them in your answer-book : $10 \times 1 = 10$

1. is the diagnostic test for typhoid fever.

- a) Sputum smear
- b) Urine test
- c) Widal test
- d) X-ray of chest.

2. is the unit to measure energy in food.

- a) Microgram
- b) Calorie
- c) Pound
- d) Pint.

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3. Inflammation of the stomach is
 - a) gastritis
 - b) stomatitis
 - c) parotitis
 - d) appendicitis.

4. is used for assessment of unconscious patients.
 - a) Apgar scale
 - b) M.A.C.
 - c) Salter scale
 - d) Glasgow Coma scale.

5. Normal weight of a newborn at birth is
 - a) 2.5 kgs
 - b) 3.5 kgs
 - c) 2 kgs
 - d) 4 kgs.

6. AIDS was first detected in the year
 - a) 1989
 - b) 1986
 - c) 1984
 - d) 1982.

7. Antenatal period is also called as
 - a) intranatal
 - b) postnatal
 - c) prenatal
 - d) puerperium.

8. Expulsion of conceptual products before weeks is called abortion.
- a) 38
 - b) 28
 - c) 32
 - d) 36
9. Disease caused by viruses is
- a) diphtheria
 - b) pertusis
 - c) tetanus
 - d) measles.
10. Mumps is a virus infection. It affects the gland.
- a) parotid
 - b) thyroid
 - c) pituitary
 - d) adrenal.

II. State whether the following statements are true or false : 10 × 1 = 10

- 11. Rifamycin is a type of Vitamin - B.
- 12. Riboflavin is a type of Vitamin - B₂.
- 13. Protein deficiency is called marasmus.
- 14. Hookworm causes hernia.
- 15. Sense of trust is a need at infancy stage.
- 16. Condom controls H.I.V. infection.

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17. Lochia is a discharge from urethra.
18. Weight of the placenta at term is about 500 grams.
19. Iron deficiency causes anaemia.
20. High protein diet is ordered for patients with burns.

III. Fill in the blanks :

20 × 1 = 20

21. means absence of disease producing organisms.
22. vaccine prevents tuberculosis in children.
23. is done to prevent infections from one patient to another.
24. is necessary for growth and body building.
25. For the patients with high fever diet is given.
26. is an inflammation of the mouth.
27. refers to common cold.
28. McBurney's point is a sign used in
29. Tuberculin test is otherwise called test.
30. Anclostomiasis is otherwise called infestation.
31. Full form of H.I.V. is
32. Full form of C.S.S.M is
33. Dys means and Lexia means
34. Preterm labour is before weeks of pregnancy.
35. Injection may be given for effective uterine contraction and to control bleeding.

36. Craving or desires to non-nutritive substances is called..... .
37. Cytotrophoblast produces a hormone called
38. The ovaries produce ovum and the female hormones
39. is the removal of urine by means of catheter.
40. organisms are those which produce diseases.

IV. Match the following :

10 × 1 = 10

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|--------------------------|----|----------------------------|
| 41. D.P.T. | a) | Ptyalism |
| 42. Pellagra | b) | 0 - 4 weeks |
| 43. Hyperglycemia | c) | Vitamin - B |
| 44. Neonate | d) | Falciparum |
| 45. Quickening | e) | Mayor |
| 46. Primigravida | f) | Triple antigen |
| 47. Pregnancy test | g) | Diabetes mellitus |
| 48. Increased salivation | h) | HCG +ve |
| 49. Malaria | i) | Women with first pregnancy |
| 50. Corporations | j) | 16 - 20 weeks. |

SECTION - B

V. Write short notes on any *fifteen* of the following items in two lines each :

15 × 2 = 30

51. Immunity.
52. Two complications of mumps.
53. Balanced diet.
54. Two calcium deficiency diseases.

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55. Antidotes.
56. 3 types of peptic ulcer.
57. Haemorrhoids.
58. 2 types of cataract extraction.
59. Colostrum.
60. Mantoux test.
61. The functions of community health service nurse.
62. M.C.H.
63. Normal labour.
64. Involution.
65. Types of ectopic pregnancy.
66. Puerperal complications.
67. Causes of burns.
68. Mydriatics.
69. Classification of seizures.
70. Constipation.

SECTION - C

VI. Write notes on any *five* questions from Q. No. 72 to 77 and Question No. 71 which is compulsory in 100 words each : 6 × 5 = 30

71. Care of normal newborn.

OR

Abortion and its types.

72. Prevention of droplet infections.

73. Kwashiorkor.

74. Feeding of children.

75. Types of hernia.

76. Importance of breast feeding.

77. Home visiting.

SECTION - D

VII. Write on any *four* of the following under the given heading in 200 words each :

4 × 10 = 40

78. Surgical asepsis and its techniques.

79. Fat soluble vitamins — Sources.

— Functions.

— Deficiencies.

80. AIDS — Definition

— Transmission

— Signs/symptoms

— Diagnosis

— Management

— Nursing care.

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81. Antenatal care
- Definition
 - Aims
 - Comprisal of an examination
 - Health education.

82. Worm infestations and managements.

83. Fracture
- Definition
 - Causes
 - Types
 - Signs / symptoms
 - Management
 - Nursing care.
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