## General Instructions:

1. The question paper consists of three sections A, B and C. Section A is compulsory for all students. In addition to Section A, every student has to attempt either Section B OR Section C'.
2. For Section A Question numbers 1 to 8 are of 3 marks each. Question numbers 9 to 15 are of 4 marks each. Question numbers 16 to 18 are of 6 marks each.
3. For Section B/Section C Question numbers 19 to 22 are of 3 marks each. Question numbers 23 to 25 are of 4 marks each. Question number 26 is of 6 marks.
4. All questions are compulsory.
5. Internal choices have been provided in some questions. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
6. Use of calculator is not permitted. However, you may ask for logarithmic and statistical tables, if required.

## SECTION - A

Q. 1. Express the matrix as $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 3 & 5 \\ -6 & 8 & 3 \\ -4 & 6 & 5\end{array}\right]$ the sum of a symmetric and a skew-symmetric matrix. Q. 2. Using properties of determinants, prove the following:

$$
\left|\begin{array}{ccc}
3 a & -a+b & -a+c \\
a-b & 3 b & c-b \\
a-c & b-c & 3 c
\end{array}\right|=3(a+b+c)(a b+b c+c a)
$$

Q. 3. Solve the following differentia equation:

$$
\sin x \frac{d y}{d x}+\cos x \cdot y=\cos x \cdot \sin ^{2} x
$$

Q. 4. Verify that $y=A \cos x-B \sin x$ is solution of the differential equation
$\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+y=0$.
Or
Solve the following differential equation: $\quad\left(y^{2}-x^{2}\right) d y=3 x y d x$
Q. 5. Evaluate : $\int \frac{\mathrm{x}^{2}+1}{(\mathrm{x}+1)^{2}} d x$ Or Evaluate : $\int \frac{d x}{x^{3}+x^{2}+x+1}$
Q. 6. Evaluate : $\int \frac{2 x \cdot \tan ^{-1}\left(x^{2}\right)}{1+x^{4}} d x$.
Q. 7. Two cards are drawn successively with replacement from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. Find the probability distribution of number of jacks.
Q. 8. A and B toss a coin alternately till one of them gets a head and wins the game. If A starts first, find the probability that B will win the game.
Q. 9. Shove that the following argument is in valid: $s_{1}: p \vee q, s_{2}: p, s: \sim q$

Or
Construct an input/output table for the following circuit:

Q. 10. Evaluate $: \lim _{x \rightarrow \infty}\left(\sqrt{x^{2}+x+1-x}\right)$
Q. 11. Differentiate $\sqrt{\tan x}$ w.r.t. $x$ from first principle.
Q. 12. If $\mathrm{y}=\sqrt{\mathrm{x}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{x}}}$, Show that $2 \mathrm{x} \frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dx}}+y=2 \sqrt{x}$.

Or
If $y=\tan ^{-1}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+x^{2}-\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}}{\sqrt{1+x^{2}+\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}},\right]$ find $\frac{d y}{d x}$
Q. 13. $\operatorname{Pr}$ ove that $\int_{0}^{a} f(x) d x=\int_{0}^{a} f(a-x) d x$.
Q. 14. Evaluate : $\int \sqrt{\tan \theta \mathrm{d} \theta}$.
Q. 15. Find the intervals in which the function $f(x)=x^{3}-12 x^{2}+36 x+17$ is (a) increasing, (b) decreasing.
Q. 16. Using matrices, solve the following system of equations:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3 x-y+z=5 \\
2 x-2 y+3 z=7 \\
x+y-z=-1
\end{array}
$$

Q. 17. An open box, with a square base, is to be made out of a given quantity of metal sheet of area $C^{2}$. Show that the maximum volume of the box is $\frac{C^{3}}{6 \sqrt{3}}$. Or

A window is in the form of a rectangle surmounted by a semi-circle. If the total perimeter of the window is 30 m , find the dimensions of the window so that maximum light is admitted.
Q. 18. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $x^{2}=4 y$ and the line $x=4 y-2$. Or Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2}\left(x^{2}+x+2\right)$ as $\lim$ it of sums.

## SECTION - B

Q. 19. Find the angle between the vectors $\vec{a}+\vec{b}$ and $\vec{a}-\vec{b}$ if $\vec{a}=2 \hat{i}-\hat{j}+3 \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b}=3 \hat{i}+\hat{j}-2 \hat{k}$.
Q. 20. Using vectors, prove that in a $\triangle A B C . \quad \frac{x+1}{2}=\frac{y+2}{3}=\frac{z+3}{4}$
where $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c are lengths of the sides opposite, respectively, to the angles $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C of $\triangle A B C$.
Q. 21. Find the coordinates of the point where the line $\frac{x+1}{2}=\frac{y+2}{3}=\frac{z+3}{4}$
meets the plane $x+y+4 z=6$.
Q. 22. Find the image of the point $(1,2,3)$ in the plane $x+2 y+4 z=38$.
Q. 23. Find the radius of the circular section of sphere $|\vec{r}|=5$ by the plane $\vec{r} \cdot(\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k})=3 \sqrt{3}$.
Q. 24. The resultant of two forces $\vec{P}$ and $\vec{Q}$ acting at an angle $\theta$ is equal to $(2 m+1) \sqrt{P^{2}+Q^{2}}$ and when they act an angle $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}-\theta\right)$, the resultant is equal to $(2 m+1) \sqrt{P^{2}+Q^{2}}$, Show that $\tan \theta=\frac{m-1}{m+1}$.
Q. 25. A body of mass 10 kg hags by a string from a fixed point. The string is drawn out of the vertical by applying a force 49 N to the body. In which direction should this force be applied in
order that, in equilibrium, the deflection of the string from the vertical may be of 300 ? Also find the tension in the string.
Q. 26. A particle is projected so as to graze the tops of two walls, each of height 10 m , at distances 15 m and 45 m respectively from the point of projection. Find the angle of projection.

## SECTION - C

Q. 19. In a bolt factory, machines $A, B, C$ manufacture $25 \%, 35 \%$ and $40 \%$ respectively of the total bolts. Of their output $5 \%, 4 \%$ and $2 \%$ respectively are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at random and is found to be defective. Find the probability that it is manufactured by machine B.
Q. 20. The mean and variance of the binomial distribution are 4 and $4 / 3$ respectively. Find the distribution and
Q. 21. The banker's discount and banker's gain on a certain bill of exchange, due after a certain time, are respectively Rs.1,250 and Rs.50. Find the face value of the bill.
Q. 22. A bill for Rs.5,050 is drawn on April 13, 2005. It is discounted on July 4,2005 at $5 \%$ per annum. If the banker's gain in the transaction is Rs. 0.50 find the nominal date of maturity of the bill.
Q. 23. A machine costs a company Rs $5,75,000$ and its effective life is estimated to be 20 years. A sinking fund is created for replacing the machine at the end of its life-time when its scrap realises a sum of Rs.75,000 only. Calculate what amount should be provided every year out of profits, for the sinking fund if it accumulates an interest of $5 \%$ per annum, compounded annually. [Use(1.05)20 = 2.6551]
Q. 24. A and B are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio $5: 3$. C pays Rs. 96,000 as premium for the goodwill of the business and is admitted for $1 / 5$ th share. Show how this amount will be shared by $A$ and $B$, assuming that the share of $C$ is contributed by $A$ and $B$ in their profit sharing ratio. Find also the new profit sharing ratio.
Q. 25. The manufacturing cost of an item consists of Rs. 900 as overheads, the material costs Rs. 3 per item and Iabour cost is $\mathrm{x}^{2} / 100$ for x items produced. How many items must be produced to have minimum average cost?
Q. 26. David wants to invest at most Rs. 12,000 in bonds A and B. According to the rule, he has to invest at least Rs. 2,000 in Bond A and at least Rs. 4,000 in Bond B. If the rates of interest on Bonds A and B respectively are $8 \%$ and $10 \%$ per annum, formulate the problem as L.P.P. and solve it graphically for maximum interest. Also determine the maximum interest received in a year.

