

MASTER OF ARTS (ECONOMICS)

Term-End Examination

December, 2006

MEC-001 : MICROECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : *Attempt questions from each section as directed.*

SECTION A

*Answer **two** questions from this section.*

2×20

1. There are two people (1 and 2) in an economy. They consume two goods x_1^i and x_2^i (where 'i' stands for commodities). Their initial endowments are w_1^i and w_2^i . If you know that they have identical preference, compute the equilibria of the following :

$$\text{Max } (x_1^i)^{0.6} (x_2^i)^{0.4}$$

subject to $P_1 x_1^i + P_2 x_2^i = P_1 w_1^i + P_2 w_2^i$ where endowments of the agents are given as,

$$\text{Agent 1 : } w_1^1 = 7 \quad w_2^1 = 5$$

$$\text{Agent 2 : } w_1^2 = 3 \quad w_2^2 = 7$$

2. Discuss the major differences in the approach to welfare economics formulated by Pigou and Pareto. Which approach would you prefer ? Give reasons to support your answer.
3. Describe the Cournot model of duopoly. Using reaction functions, show that the Cournot equilibrium is a stable one.
4. What kind of adverse selection problems do you expect to be faced by insurance companies ? Explain the main reasons for such a problem. Do you think that this can lead to a lemons problem in the insurance market ? Give reasons to support your answer.

SECTION B

Answer any **four** questions from this section. 4×10

5. Explain the equity – efficiency trade-off in optimal resource use with welfare considerations.
6. What is the Slutsky equation ? Suppose there are only two goods x_1 and x_2 . You know that x_2 is an inferior good. What can you conclude from the Slutsky equation about the slope of the demand curve for good x_1 ?
7. Suppose there are two goods of which your consumption in the year-1 is C_1 and consumption in year-2 is C_2 . Endowments in the two years are $m_1 = 100$ and $m_2 = 100$. The interest rate is given as $r = 10\%$. If your utility function is $U(C_1, C_2) = (C_1^{0.75} C_2^{0.25})$, determine how much you would like to borrow or lend in the first year.
8. Consider a monopolist operating in two separate markets. The demand functions in these are,
$$P_1 = 96 - 2Q_1$$
$$P_2 = 190 - 6Q_2$$
If the total cost function is $C = 6 + 4Q + 2Q^2$ where $Q_1 + Q_2 = Q$, determine the profit maximising prices and quantities in each market.

9. What is Nash equilibrium ? Solve for the Nash equilibrium in the following game through elimination of dominated strategies :

		Player 2		
		Left	Middle	Right
Player 1	Up	(2, 0)	(1, 1)	(4, 2)
	Middle	(3, 4)	(4, 2)	(2, 3)
	Down	(1, 3)	(0, 2)	(3, 0)

10. Given a production function $q = A K^\alpha L^{1-\alpha}$, show that its elasticity of substitution through Allen's definition is equal to 1.

SECTION C

Answer **two** questions from this section.

2×10

11. Define the following terms :

- (i) CES Production function
- (ii) Cream skimming
- (iii) Merger
- (iv) Stage game
- (v) Basing-point price

12. Answer as directed :

- (i) Use two different Edgeworth box diagrams to illustrate the potential conflict between the objectives of equity and allocative efficiency.
- (ii) The vNM utility function of an individual is $u = m^{1/2}$.
If her initial wealth is 36, will she accept a gamble in which she wins 13 with probability of $\frac{2}{3}$ and lose 11 with probability of $\frac{1}{3}$?

13. Write short notes on :

- (i) Indirect utility function
- (ii) Stackelberg model of price leadership