ENGLISH

PAPER-II

Note:	This paper con	ntains fifty ((50) multip	le-choice	questions,	each -	question	carrying
	two (2) marks.	. Attempt all	l o f th em					

1.	Chau (A)	icer's <u>The Knight</u> rhyme royal		is a high 1 terza rima		ce tolo (C)		ıplets	(D)	verse	libre	
2.	(A) (B)	lowe's first original work was : <u>Tamburlaine the Great</u> <u>The Tragical History of D. Faustus</u> <u>The Jew of Malta</u> <u>The Troublesome Raigne and Lamentable Death of Edward the second</u>										
3.	in:		T.C."				S		lignity	of Cha	arles I	
4.	<u>The (</u> (A) (C)	Life and Death o Sir Henry Wott Jeremy Taylor		adman wa	s writ (B) (D)	John	7 : Bunyan ard Baxter					
5.	Dr. J (A)	ohnson's <u>A Dicti</u> 1755	onary (B)	<u>I the Engl</u> 1756	ish La	nguag (C)	g <u>e</u> was pub 1757	lished	in : (D)	1758		
6.	The : (A) (C)	main idea of <u>The</u> The Hind and a <u>Mac-Elecknoe</u>			en fro (B) (D)	Relig	<u>io Laici</u> Medal					
7.		therecter of the I The Recluse Laodamia	eech ga	atherer app	ears i (B) (D)	The I	<u>Prelude</u> Bo lution and		ender	<u>ıce</u>		
8.		<u>e-Talk</u> is a collect Lamb (B)	ion of e Hunt		(C)	Hazl	itt	(D)	De Ç	Quincey	7	
9. D-3	(A) (C)	yle's <u>Sartor Resar</u> Italian romance French romance	•	s written u	(B) (D)	Gern	fluence of the name romands	ce				

10.	The	image of the	e Nept	tune taming the sea horse appears in :									
	(A)) "Abt Vogler"				(B)	"Prospice"						
	(C)	"Andrea d	lel Sart	to"		(D)	"Му	Last Duch	ess"				
11.		T.S. Eliot's <u>The Waste Land</u> is dedicated to <u>II miglior fabro</u> ("The better Craftsman") which refers to :											
	(A)	Ezra Poun	ıd	(B)	Baudelaire	e	(C)	GM. Hop	kins	(D)	Dante		
12.	The locale of Riders to the Sea is :										11		
	(A)	Dublin		(B)	Aran Islai	nd	(C)	Galway		(D)	Belfast		
13.	The	The "Bog" poems are associated with :											
	(A)	(A) Ted Hughes					Elizabeth Jennings						
	(C)	Tony Harrison				(D)	Seamus Hearley						
14.	Edw	ard Bond's	<u>Bingo</u>	deals	with the li	fe of :							
	(A)	Dryden		(B)	Shakespea	are	(C)	Ben Jonson	n	(D)	Marlowe		
15 .	Arthur Millers <u>The Death of a Salesman</u> is mainly about:												
	(A) American dream (B)						American imperialism						
	(C) American pragmatism (D)							American transcendentalism					
16 .	The	patient in M	fich sel	Onde	o jo' The	Enclie	th Pat	ion+ic:					
10.		Almasy	шспает		Caravagg	_		<u>ient</u> 18 . Kirpal Sin	o•ħ	(D)	Hana		
	()	112111139			Curtuage	10	(-)	raipuz Bar	5 *'	(2)	114144		
17.	Mim	etic criticism	n v <mark>i</mark> ew	s liter	ary work a	as:							
	(A)	(A) personalisation					depe	rsonalisatio	n				
	(C)	imitation	•			(D)	inter	pretation					
18.	The	concept of "	arche	writin	ي پي is deve	loved	bv :						
	(A)	Fish		Fouca		(C)	Derr	ida	(D)	Pau1	de Man		
		7				. ,							
19.	A figure of speech in which two terms opposite in meaning are placed side by side in one phrase is known as :												
		paradox		oxym	oron	(C)	sarca	asm	(D)	antit	hesis		
20	Λ -•		1			14.			.1	1 1			
20.	A stanza of eight iambic pentametres on the (A) Rhyme royal (B)						pattern of ab, ab, ab, cc is known as : Ottava rima						
	(A)												
	(C) Tennysonian stanza (D)						Spenserian statiza						

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Choose the correct chronological sequence in question numbers 21 to 30:

- 21. (A) Love's Labour's Lost, Twelfth Night, Othello, The Tempest
 - (B) Twelfth Night, Love's Labour's Lost, The Tempest, Othello
 - (C) Love's Labour's Lost, Othello, The Tempest, Twelfth Night
 - (D) Othello, Twelfth Night, Love's Labour's Lost, The Tempest
- 22. (A) Ralph Roister Doister, Utopia, Astrophel and Stella, Shepherds Calendar
 - (B) Astrophel and Stella, Ralph Roister Doister, Shepherds Calendar
 - (C) Shepherds Calendar, Astrophel and Stella, Utopia, Ralph Roister Doister
 - (D) <u>Utopia, Ralph Roister Doister, Shepherds Calendar, Astrophel and Stella</u>
- 23. (A) Sonnet, periodical essay, gothic novel, absurd play
 - (B) Gothic novel, periodical essay, sonnet, absurd play
 - (C) Periodical essay, gothic novel, absurd play, sonnet
 - (D) Sonnet, gothic novel, periodical essay, absurd play
- 24. (A) Stephen Spender, T.S. Eliot, Philip Larkin, Ted Hughes
 - (B) T.S. Eliot, Stephen Spender, Philip Larkin, Ted Hughes
 - (C) Philip Larkin, T.S. Eliot, Ted Hughes, Stephen Spender
 - (D) T.S. Eliot, Philip Larkin, Ted Hughes, Stephen Spender
- 25. (A) Negative capability, sublime, dissociation of sensibility, heteroglossia
 - (B) Sublime, negative capability, peteroglossia, dissociation of sensibility
 - (C) Sublime, negative capability, dissociation of sensibility, heteroglossia
 - (D) Heteroglossia, dissociation of sensibility, sublime, negative capability
- 26. (A) Thyrsis, Adonais, Lyodas, In Memory of W.B. Yeats
 - (B) Lycidas, Thyrsis, Adonais, In Memory of W.B. Yeats
 - (C) Lycidas, Adonais, Thyrsis, In Memory of W.B. Yeats
 - (D) Adonais, In Memory of W.B. Yeats, Lycidas, Thyrsis
- (A) "Sign Structure and Play", "Signs Taken for Wonder", "The Death of the Author", "Two Uses of Language"
 - (B) "Two Uses of Language", "The Death of the Author", "Sign, Structure and Play", Signs Taken for Wonder"
 - (C) The Death of the Author", "Two Uses of Language", "Signs Taken for Wonder", "Sign, Structure and Play"
 - Two Uses of Language", "The Death of the Author", "Sign, Structure and Play", "Signs Taken for Wonder"
- 28. (A) "The Burial of the Dead", "A Game of Chess", "Fire Sermon", "Death by Water"
 - (B) "A Game of Chess", "The Burial of the Dead", "Fire Sermon", "Death by Water"
 - (C) "Fire Sermon", "The Burial of the Dead", "Death by Water", "A Game of Chess"
 - (D) "The Burial of the Dead", "Fire Sermon", "Death by Water", "A Game of Chess"

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- 29. (A) <u>Midnight's Children, Nectar in a Siéve, Kanthapura, Calcutta Chromosome</u>
 - (B) Kanthapura, Midnight's Children, Nectar in a Siéve, Calcutta Chromosome
 - (C) Kanthapura, Midnight's Children, Calcutta Chromosome, Nectar in a Siéve
 - (D) Kanthapura, Nectar in a Siéve, Midnight's Children, Calcutta Chromosome
- 30. (A) The English Novel: Form and Function, The Craft of Fiction, Aspects of the Novel,
 The Sense of an Ending
 - (B) <u>Craft of Fiction, Aspects of the Novel, The English Novel: Form and Function The Sense of an Ending</u>
 - (C) The Sense of an Ending. The English Novel: Form and Function. Craft of Fiction
 Aspects of the novel
 - (D) Aspects of the Novel, Craft of Fiction, The Sense of an Ending The Inglish
 Novel: Form and Function

Select the matching pairs in question numbers 31 to 40:

- 31. (A) Sohrab and Rustum Arnold
- (B) The Princes Browning
- (C) <u>Hugh Selwyn Mauberly</u> Hopkins
- (D) The Excursion Shelley
- 32. (A) Middlemarch Picaresque
- (B) <u>Women in Love</u> Historical
- (C) <u>Pamela</u> Epistolary novel
- (D) <u>Pride and Prejudice</u> Autobiographical
- 33. (A) Dickens Manchester
- (B) Faulkner Yoknapatawfa

(C) Joyce - Belfast

- (D) Lawrence Birmingham
- 34. (A) Naturalism Zola
- (B) Symbolism T.E. Hulme
- (C) Expressionism V. Woolf
- (D) Magic realism Graham Greene
- 35. (A) Audrey Thomas The Stone Angel
 - (B) Robert Kroetsch The Burning Water
 - (C) Margaret Lawrence What the Crow Said
 - (D) Margaret Atwood The Blind Assassin
- 36. (A) Marlowe Faust

- (B) Fletcher The White Devil
- (C) Congreve The Old Bachelor
- (D) Ben Jonson The Maid's Tragedy
- 37. (A) Nadine Gordimer Nigeria
- (B) Chinua Achebe Kenya
- (C) Judith Wright Australia
- (D) Peter Carey Canada
- 36 (A) Campus novel Margaret Drabble
- (B) Travelogue Macaulay
- C Diary writing Samuel Pepys
- (D) Periodical essay Lamb
- (A) Girish Karnad Kannada
- (B) A.K. Ramanujan Telugu
- (C) Kamala Das Tamil
- (D) R. Parthasarathy Malayalam
- 40. (A) Mrs. Malaprop The School for Scandal
- (B) Nora The Seagull
- (C) Lydia Languish <u>She Stoops to Conquer</u>
- (D) Eliza Doolittle <u>Pygmalion</u>

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- 41. In the assertion "Four out of five people suffer from <u>dreaded</u> pyorrhoea", the writer wants to arouse the feeling of :
 - (A) Sympathy
- (B) Fear
- (C) Hatred
- (D) III-will

- "John is six feet tall and 240 lb" is an assertion of :
 - (A) a fact
- (B) a judgement (C) an opinion
- (D) an inference

43. X: "He's mean and stingy.

Y: "Oh, I wouldn't say that. He is just thrifty".

The above dialogue asserts that he:

- (A) is too careful with his money
- (B) never spends money
- (C) is so careful with his money that everyone admires him for good management
- (D) is careful with his money.
- "I wandered lonely as a cloud" makes an assertion that :
 - (A) The poet travelled with the cloud
 - The poet moved aimlessly with the cloud (B)
 - (C) Both the poet and the cloud were lonely
 - (D) The poet moved as aimlessly as the cloud.
- 45. "Death is here, and death is there

Death is busy everywhere

All around, within, beneath,

Above, is death - and we are death

The effect of rhythm, sound, word order and stress in the above lines.

- (A) assist the communication of meaning
- (B) hinder the communication of meaning
- (C) reflect meaning and mood
- (D) reflect a mechanical regularity

Read the following pussage and answer the questions that follow based on your understanding of the passage.

All of us live in a society, and are members of a nationality wtih its own language, tradition, h. thrical situation. To what extent are intellectuals servants of these actualities, to what extent enemies ? The same is true of intellectuals' relationship with institutions (academy) church, professional guild) and with wordly powers, which in our times have co-opted the intelligentsia to an extraordinary degree. Thus in my view the principal intellectual duty is the search for relative independence from such pressures. Hence my characterization of the intellectual as an exile and marginal, as amateur, and as the author of a language that tries to speak the truth to power.

- Name four important sources to which an intellectual is related basically:
 - (A) Society, institutions, wordly powers, and government
 - Institutions, language, truth, and power (B)
 - Nationality, language, tradition, and historical situation (C)
 - Nationality, truth, language, and tradition

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- 47. What is the meaning of intellectuals being 'servants'?
 - (A) The intellectual may be appropriated by his tradition, historical and other actualities of his nation and society
 - (B) The intellectual may be inappropriately Co-opted by agencies of the government
 - (C) The intellectual may be sent into exile and made marginal
 - (D) The intellectual may be forced into accepting the unacceptable propositions
- 48. What are the four important institutions that Co-opt an intellectual?
 - (A) society, institutions, wordly powers, and truth
 - (B) academy, church, professional guild, and wordly power
 - (C) society, professional guild, wordly power, truth
 - (D) academy, wordly power, truth, government
- 49. What is the meaning of 'relative independence'?

- (A) liberating oneself from the pressures of government and institutions
- (B) liberating oneself from the pressures of religion and state
- (C) liberating oneself from the pressures of institutions and wordly powers
- (D) liberating oneself from all religious and secular pressures
- 50. What is the duty of an intellectual and how many identities does he acquire to perform his role?
 - (A) to achieve complete independence and be characterised as an exile, marginal, and amateur
 - (B) to achieve partial independence and be characterised as the author of a language
 - (C) to manoeuvre independence and be characterised as a keeper of his own conscience
 - (D) to search for relative independence and be characterised as exile and marginal, as amateur, and author

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