

Q1. An ac-dc servo system is shown in figure below. The various parameters of this system are as follows:

Amplifier gain (K_A) = $5 V_{dc}/V_{dc}$;

Synchro pair sensitivity (K_S) = $7 V_{rms}/rad$

Demodulator gain (K_d) = $3 V_{dc}/V_{rms}$;

Torque constant (K_T) = $1 Nm/A$

Back e.m.f. constant (K_b) = $1 V/rad/s$;

Motor Armature Resistance (R_a) = 1Ω

Moment of Inertia of load (J_L) = $5 kg.m^2$

Friction Coefficient of load (B_L) = $2.5 Nm/rad/s$

Moment of inertia of motor (J_m) is $1 Kg. m^2$;

Friction Coefficient of the motor (B_m) is $0.55 Nm/rad/s$.

Gear ratios: $\frac{M}{L} = \frac{10}{1}$ and $\frac{M}{s} = \frac{1}{5}$

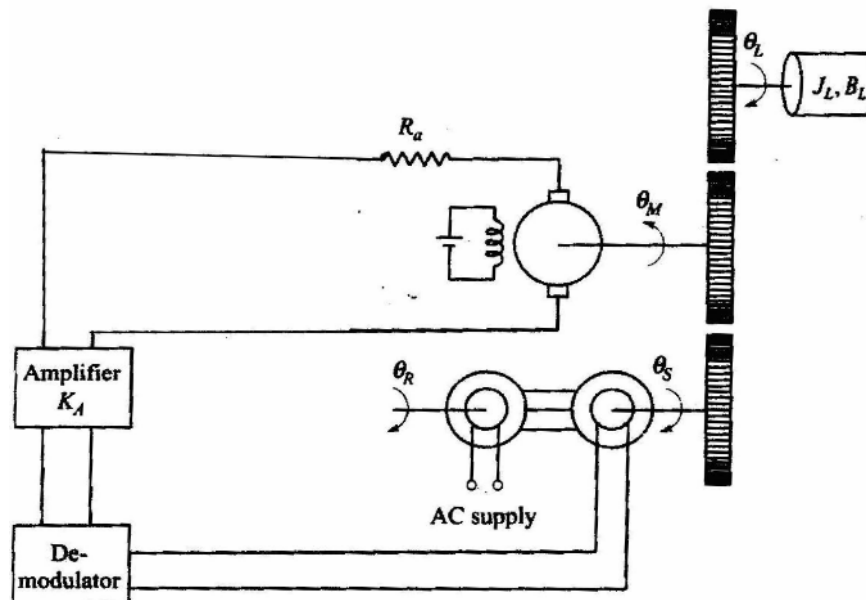
For this system,

(a) Draw the block diagram

(b) Determine the transfer function $\frac{L(s)}{R(s)}$ and

(c) Determine the rise time.

[10+6+4]



Q2. Sketch the Nyquist plot for a system whose open loop transfer function is

$$\frac{K(s+1)}{s^2(s-2)}$$

choosing the appropriate Nyquist contour and therefrom determine the range of K ($K > 0$) for which the closed loop system is stable. Verify your answer using Routh stability criterion.

[20+5]

Q3. Consider the system given in Fig Q3. When the system is subjected to a unit step input the output has peak overshoot of 16.3% but ultimately attains the final value of 1 unit. The response to a ramp input has a steady state error of 0.0625 unit.

- Find the values of K , a & b (all three are ≥ 0),
- For the system with above calculated values, add a suitable error controller (Gain K_1) to get steady state error as zero and determine the range of K_1 for system to be stable,
- Draw the root contours of the system for two values of K (8 & 13) and $0 < K_1 < \infty$. Keeping the values of a and b as calculated above. [7+ 6+12]

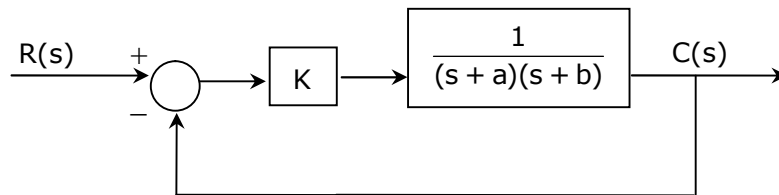


Fig Q3.

Q4. A control system is represented by the following equations:

$$y = 2x - 4z - 5u ; z = 3y - 3w + \dot{z} ; w = 2z; u = w + 2\dot{z}$$

For this system

- draw the signal flow graph (without solving the equations) and determine the transfer function $\frac{U(s)}{X(s)}$ using Mason's Gain Formula.
- Suppose the above calculated transfer function is an open loop transfer function for a unity negative feedback system, draw the polar plot of the system and calculate the Gain Margin & Phase Margin of this system.

[15+5]

Q5. The open loop transfer function of a unity negative feedback system is given by:

$$\frac{K}{s^2(0.4s + 2)}$$

Design the Phase lead compensator (with amplifier) using Bode's magnitude (asymptotic) and phase plots to meet the following specifications:

- Acceleration error constant (K_a) = 5 and
- Phase margin is 10° , take factor of margin as 10° .

Also draw the Bode plots for the compensated system.

(Semi-log graph sheet is provided for the same).

[30]

ALL THE BEST
