B.TECH. DEGREE VI SEMESTER EXAMINATION IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING NOVEMBER 2001

CS 602 COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(1995 Admissions)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

MODULE - I

I.	(a) Explain the Bresenham's circle algorithm, giving a account of the different steps involved and write the algorithm.			
	(b)	Describe briefly the working of a DVST using a neat diagram. What are the advantages of using DVST?	(10	
		OR		
II.	(a)	Differentiate between random scan and raster scan.	(5	
	(b)	What is meant by display file compilation?	(4	
	(c)	Explain the DDA method for drawing lines, giving the algorithm. What are the drawbacks of the DDA algorithm?	(10	

MODULE - II

III.	(a)	Explain the mid-point subdivision method employed in line clipping.				
	(b)	Show that uniform scaling and rotation in a commutive pain of operations. (Both transformations	ta-			
		2-dimensional)	(10)			

OR

(Turn over)



IV.	(a)	Explain any one of the polygon clipping algorithm.	(10)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	VII.	(b)	What are the differences between parallel and perspective projection?	ive (7)
	(b)	What are concave polygons and how are they dealt with during polygon clipping?		4		(c)	Explain the depth-buffer method for hidden surface elimination.	ce (8)
	(c)	What is meant by window to viewport transformation?	(5)				OR	,
		MODULE - III	,		VIII,	(a)	Explain the key issues involved in the design of comma languages.	nmand (10) (10)
V.	(a)	How are graphical input devices classified? Give an example for each.	(7)	4		(b)	Explain the working of buffered high performance displays and differentiate between buffered and unbuffered displays.	
	(b)	Give the transformation matrices for reflection of a three dimensional object about all the three co-ordinate axes.	(3)					٠
	(c)	Describe the rubber band technique and dragging technic for interactive picture construction.	que (10)		IX.		MODULE - V Answer $ANY FOUR$ of the following: (4 x 5 =	= 20)
VI.	(a)	OR Given a cube with (x, y, z) as one of its vertices, derive the second of the se	the				(i) What are inherent memory devices?	
¥ 1.	(a)	transformation matrices required to rotate this cube abou				٠.	(ii) What are bezier curves?	
	(b)	How are complex transformations simplified by concatenating transformation matrices?	(5)				(iii) Give a procedure for drawing a circle using the eight-way symmetry method.	
				·			(iv) What is meant by isometric projection?	
		MODULE - IV					(v) What is meant by device independence?	
VII.	(a)	What are the different approaches to hidden surface		100		•	(vi) What is meant by windowing transformation?	
		elimination?	(5)				***	