

EDUCATION

1. Which of the following is *not* the element of non-material culture ?
 - (A) Beliefs
 - (B) Knowledge
 - (C) Ring
 - (D) Rules of conduct
2. The discipline which studies human activities in terms of the groups and institutions of the society is called :
 - (A) Philosophy
 - (B) Sociology
 - (C) Psychology
 - (D) None of the above
3. Culture is referred to as :
 - (A) Totality of people
 - (B) Totality of ways of living
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
4. Alteration in the patterns of social organisation is called :
 - (A) Social change
 - (B) Westernization
 - (C) Modernization
 - (D) None of the above
5. Which of the following may not be termed as a consequence of social change ?
 - (A) Joint family to nuclear family
 - (B) Aristocracy to democracy
 - (C) Land to tiller
 - (D) Bicycle to motorcycle

6. A slot in a given group is referred to as :
- (A) Status
 - (B) Role
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
7. The social significance of education is studied by :
- (A) Educational philosophy
 - (B) Educational psychology
 - (C) Educational sociology
 - (D) None of the above
8. Which of the following is considered functional aspect of school ?
- (A) Preserving and transmitting culture
 - (B) Building new culture patterns
 - (C) Creating conditions for social change
 - (D) All of the above
9. According to census 2001 the national literacy percentage has been estimated :
- (A) 54.0
 - (B) 75.0
 - (C) 65.38
 - (D) 67.0
10. Gender discrimination is a characteristic feature of :
- (A) Open society
 - (B) Egalitarian society
 - (C) Closed society
 - (D) None of the above

11. The culture can be traced from :
- (A) Heredity endowments
 - (B) Social learning
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
12. The main focus of psychology is on :
- (A) Thinking and feeling
 - (B) Remembering and forgetting
 - (C) Learning
 - (D) All of the above
13. Learning is referred to as a process :
- (A) Which results in change
 - (B) Which reduces tension
 - (C) Which makes us to respond to a situation
 - (D) All of the above
14. The origin of Gestalt Psychology is traced from :
- (A) U.S.A.
 - (B) Russia
 - (C) Germany
 - (D) All of the above
15. Who among the following considers intelligence as a general and unified ability ?
- (A) Binet
 - (B) Spearman
 - (C) Thurstone
 - (D) None of the above

16. Who among the following identifies intelligence with 'General factor' and 'Specific factors' ?
- (A) Spearman
 - (B) Thurstone
 - (C) Guilford
 - (D) None of the above
17. The traits that are all pervasive and dominant in the individual's life are called :
- (A) Central traits
 - (B) Cardinal traits
 - (C) Secondary traits
 - (D) All of the above
18. A choleric personality is known to be :
- (A) Melancholic
 - (B) Exciting
 - (C) Sluggish
 - (D) None of the above
19. Which of the following is a performance test ?
- (A) Vocabulary test
 - (B) Block-design test
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
20. Adolescence is a period of stress and strain, storm and strife has been told by :
- (A) Sigmund Freud
 - (B) Stanley Hall
 - (C) Jean Piaget
 - (D) J.P. Guilford

21. Jamia Millia is associated with the name of :
- (A) Zakir Hussain
 - (B) Tagore
 - (C) John Dewey
 - (D) None of the above
22. Philosophy generally deals with :
- (A) Specific questions
 - (B) General questions
 - (C) Universal questions
 - (D) Both (B) and (C) above
23. Axiology deals with :
- (A) Logic
 - (B) Ethics
 - (C) Aesthetics
 - (D) All of the above
24. To the idealists more important is :
- (A) Activity and experience
 - (B) Matter and body
 - (C) Mind and soul
 - (D) All of the above
25. Pragmatism is also known as :
- (A) Instrumentalism
 - (B) Experimentalism
 - (C) Humanism
 - (D) All of the above

26. Who among the following is/are regarded as advocato/advocates of Pragmatism ?
- (A) Francis Bacon
 - (B) Auguste Comte
 - (C) William James
 - (D) All of the above
27. Which one of the following attaches greater importance to thoughts ?
- (A) Idealism
 - (B) Pragmatism
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
28. 'The scientific explanation of the universe is *not* the last word' has been advocated by :
- (A) Idealists
 - (B) Pragmatists
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
29. Self-education has been stressed by :
- (A) Gandhi
 - (B) Tagore
 - (C) John Dewey
 - (D) None of the above
30. Philosophy emerges out of educational practices is the belief of :
- (A) Pragmatists
 - (B) Idealists
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above

31. The values that are judged good for something are termed as :
- (A) instrumental
 - (B) Intrinsic
 - (C) Aesthetic
 - (D) All of the above
32. Defence Mechanisms are aimed at :
- (A) Providing protection against threat
 - (B) Providing protection against anxiety
 - (C) Defending the ego or self
 - (D) All of the above
33. Which among the following stressed for promoting English in India ?
- (A) Macaulay's Minute
 - (B) Wood's Despatch
 - (C) Lord Curzon's Educational Policy
 - (D) None of the above
34. Who among the following suggested mother tongue as medium of instruction ?
- (A) Charles Wood
 - (B) Sir John Sargent
 - (C) Lord Macaulay
 - (D) None of the above
35. Which of the following presented a comprehensive scheme of education from primary to the university level ?
- (A) Wood's Despatch
 - (B) Macaulay's Minute
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above

36. Which among the following is called Hunter Commission ?
- (A) Resolution of March 7, 1835
 - (B) Indian Education Commission, 1882-1883
 - (C) Indian Universities Commission, 1902
 - (D) None of the above
37. Lahore University was established in the year :
- (A) 1867
 - (B) 1869
 - (C) 1879
 - (D) 1889
38. Secondary Education Commission is also known as :
- (A) Mudaliar Commission
 - (B) Radhakrishnan Commission
 - (C) Kothari Commission
 - (D) None of the above
39. Establishment of Multipurpose Schools was suggested by :
- (A) Indian Education Commission, 1948-49
 - (B) Indian Education Commission, 1882-83
 - (C) Secondary Education Commission, 1952-53
 - (D) None of the above
40. Three language formula has been recommended by :
- (A) Mudaliar Commission
 - (B) Kothari Commission
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above

41. Operation Blackboard aims at substantial improvement in the facilities in respect to :
- (A) Primary Education
 - (B) Secondary Education
 - (C) Higher Education
 - (D) All of the above
42. Vocationalization of Secondary Education aims at relating education to :
- (A) National productivity
 - (B) Life, needs and aspirations of pupils
 - (C) The development of human personality
 - (D) All of the above
43. Wardha Scheme of Education is also known as :
- (A) Basic Education
 - (B) Nai Taleem
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
44. Secondary Education is the concern of :
- (A) N.C.E.R.T.
 - (B) U.G.C.
 - (C) N.C.T.E.
 - (D) All of the above
45. Open university concept was first introduced in :
- (A) U.S.A.
 - (B) U.K.
 - (C) India
 - (D) None of the above

46. Article 45 of the Constitution deals with :
- (A) Elementary Education
 - (B) Secondary Education
 - (C) Higher Education
 - (D) None of the above
47. Empowerment of women is referred to as :
- (A) Economic independence of women
 - (B) Equal participation of women
 - (C) Self-development of women
 - (D) All of the above
48. 'Education is that whose end product is salvation' has been the aim of Education for :
- (A) Rigvedas
 - (B) Upanishadas
 - (C) Vedantas
 - (D) All of the above
49. Which of the following can lead to the quality control in Higher Education ?
- (A) Establishment of autonomous colleges
 - (B) Decentralization of academic administration
 - (C) Promotion of creativity and innovation
 - (D) All of the above
50. Higher Education is the concern of :
- (A) U.G.C.
 - (B) N.C.E.R.T.
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above

51. The general study of values is known as :
- (A) Epistemology
 - (B) Axiology
 - (C) Ontology
 - (D) None of the above
52. National Literacy Mission was launched in the year :
- (A) 1985
 - (B) 1986
 - (C) 1988
 - (D) 1989
53. Distance Education is akin to :
- (A) Formal Education
 - (B) Non-formal Education
 - (C) Informal Education
 - (D) None of the above
54. To know about fertility is the concern of :
- (A) Value Education
 - (B) Population Education
 - (C) Environmental Education
 - (D) None of the above
55. In the category of exceptional children are included children who are :
- (A) Gifted
 - (B) Backward
 - (C) Delinquent
 - (D) All of the above

56. Development of 'saleable skills' is a function of Guidance. In which type of guidance shall we include it ?
- (A) Educational
 - (B) Vocational
 - (C) Personal
 - (D) None of the above
57. In India the Union Ministry of Education established the Central Educational and Vocational Guidance Bureau in the year :
- (A) 1854
 - (B) 1954
 - (C) 1964
 - (D) 1974
58. Rank Difference Correlation is also known as :
- (A) Spearman coefficient of correlation
 - (B) Pearson coefficient of correlation
 - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
 - (D) None of the above
59. When we want to know whether or not any relationship exists between two sets of measures, this type of measurement is called :
- (A) Coefficient of correlation
 - (B) Correlation
 - (C) Pearson's r
 - (D) None of the above
60. Environmental Education is referred to as :
- (A) Awareness about environment
 - (B) Environment and real life situations
 - (C) Conservation of resources
 - (D) All of the above