Total No. of Questions : 12] [Total No. of Printed Pages : 8

## [3661]-105

F. E. (Semester - I) Examination - 2009

**ENGINEERING GRAPHICS - I** 

(June 2008 Pattern)

### Time : 4 Hours]

Instructions :

- (1) Answer one question from each unit. Nower three questions from section I and three questions from section II.
- (2) Answers to the two sections should be drawn on separate drawing sheet.
- (3) Figure in bracket indicate full marks.
- (4) Retain all construction tings.
- (5) Use of log table, electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
- (6) Use only half imperial size drawing papers an answer sheets.
- (7) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION - I

# UNIT II : ENGINEERING CURVES

Q.1) (A) Draw a parallelogram of 160mm and 120mm sides with included angle of 120°. Inscribe an ellipse within this parallelogram. Determine the major and minor axis of the ellipse. Draw tangent and normal to the ellipse at a point 20 mm above the major axis and at the left side of center O. [08]



A line MN, 144 long revolves about its midpoint O in anticlockwise direction. A point P moves along this line MN from M to N during one complete revolution by uniform speed. Draw the locus of point P and name the locus. [07]

[3661]-105

Marks : 100

Point P is 30 mm and 40 mm away from OX and OY respectively. Draw the hyperbola passing through the point P taking at least 10 points. Draw tangent and normal at a point on hyperbola 40 mm away from OX. [08] **(B)** A circle of 60 mm diameter rolls on outside the circu nference of the directing circle of same diameter without slipping. Draw an epicycloid of point P, touching the point of contact of both the circles for one complete evolution. [07] **UNIT - III : ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS** Q.3) For the object shown in fig. 1, draw the following views, using First Angle Method of Projection : Sectional Elevation in the direction of arrow 'X' (a) (section along A-A) [06] (b) Plan [06] End View from Left Hand Side (c) [05] Give all dimensions [03] (d) 30 R<sub>13</sub> 3, 18 HOLES ۰X Fig. 1 OR

Two asymptotes OX and OY are at 75° angle with each other.

[3661]-105

**Q.2**) (A)

Contd.

- Q.4) For the object shown in fig. 2, draw the following views, using First Angle Method of Projection :
  - (a) Elevation looking in the direction of arrow 'X' [06]
  - (b) Plan
  - (c) Sectional End View from the Right Hand Side [06] [06]
  - (d) Give all dimensions



[3661]-105

[05]

[03]

## **UNIT - IV : AUXILIARY PROJECTIONS**

**Q.5**) Fig. 3 shows incomplete elevation, plan and partial auxiliary view of a 'Bracket'.





[3661]-105

Contd.



(c) Show all dimensions



Fig. 4

[02]

24

#### SECTION - II

#### UNIT - V : ISOMETRIC

Q.7) Fig. 5 shows the Elevation and Left Hand Side View of an object by First Angle method of Projection. Draw an isometric projection taking origin at 'O' and give all dimensions : [17+3]



Q.8) Fig. 6 shows the Orthographic Views of an object by First Angle Method of Projection. Draw to Isometric View taking origin at 'O' and give all dimensions : [17+3]



[3661]-105

## UNIT - VI : MISSING VIEWS



- (a) Sectional Elevation (section along A-A)
- (b) Plan
- (c) Left Hand Side View
- (d) Give all dimensions.



[07]

[02]



Q.10) Fig. 8 shows Elevation and Right Hand Side View of an object. Draw the following views by First Angle Method of Projection :

- Elevation (a)
- Plan (b)
- Sectional Left Hand Side View (section along A [08] (c)

[03]

[07]

(d) Give all dimensions.



[3661]-105/8