

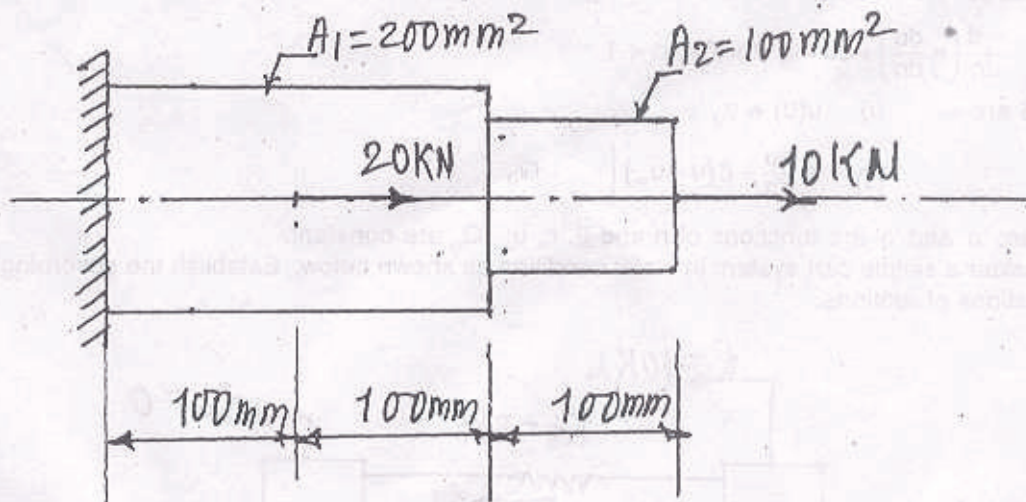
- N.B. (1) Question Nos. 1 and 6 are compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any two from the remaining in each section.  
 (3) Answers to the two sections must be written in separate answer-books.  
 (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

B.E.C.M) VI SEM CAD/CAM & finite Elements Analysis  
 Section I  
 19/5/07.

- Write geometric transformation to magnify a triangle about a point R and find the mirror image about line having Y intercept as 8. The slope of the line is 1.5. The coordinates of the triangle are P(10, 12), Q(14, 13), R(12, 16). 10
  - A pyramid defined by ABCD, A(0, 0, 0), B(1, 0, 0), C(0, 1, 0), D(0, 0, 1) is rotated in 45° about a line 'L' which has direction along  $\vec{V} = \vec{j} + \vec{k}$  and passing through point 'P' having coordinates (0, 1, 0). Find the coordinates of rotated pyramid. 8
- Explain Cohen Sutherland algorithm. 8
  - Write Sutherland-Hodgman Algorithm for polygon clipping and explain the same with the help of a rectangular clipping polygon and a polygon to be clipped having atleast 8 sides. Show the vertex output list after clipping each edge of the polygon to be clipped in turn against each edge of the clipping polygon. 8
- Develop a class for two dimensional using C++. The class should incorporate member functions for translation, rotation, mirror image and scaling in addition to functions for matrix multiplication, data input and display. Write appropriate comment statements. 16
- With the help of suitable job explain part programming. Using G-codes and M-codes. 8
  - Derive parametric equations for line, circle, ellipse and parabola. 8
- Write short notes on following (any four) :— 16
  - Advantages and disadvantages of CNC machines
  - Concurrent engineering
  - Role of Solid Modeling in CAD
  - Elements of APT language
  - FMS.

### Section II

- Analyse the bar using one dimensional element and compare the result with those calculated theoretically wherever possible. Assume  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$ . 10



- Find the value of  $M_{12}$  where

$$M_{ij} = \int_0^{h_e} x^2 \phi_i \phi_j$$

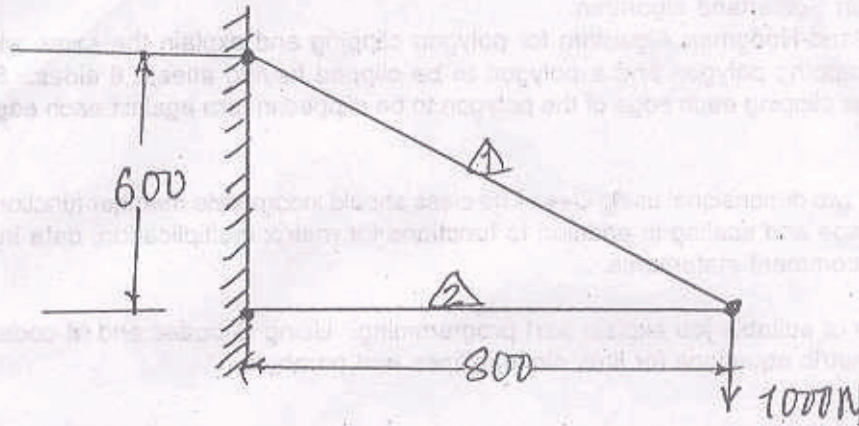
$$\phi_1 = 1 - \frac{\bar{x}}{h_e}$$

$$\phi_2 = \frac{\bar{x}}{h_e}$$

1					
2	1/2	1/2			
3	1/6	4/6	1/6		
4	1/8	3/8	3/8	1/8	
5	7/90	32/90	12/90	32/90	7/90

7. (a) Write the advantages of weak form. 4  
 (b) Analyse the truss shown in figure for axial forces using FE method. Also find out unknown displacements. 12  
 $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ MPa}$

Element	Area	Length
1	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1000 mm
2	40 mm <sup>2</sup>	800 mm



8. Solve the following Differential Equation :  
 $y'' - 64y + 10 = 0$   
 Given :  $y(0) = 0$   
 $y(1) = 0$   
 Find :  $u(0.25)$ ,  $y(0.5)$  and  $y(0.75)$ ;  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  using —  
 (a) Finite Difference Method  
 (b) Galerkin or Subdomain Method.

9. (a) Construct the weak form of the following one dimensional heat conduction/convection :—

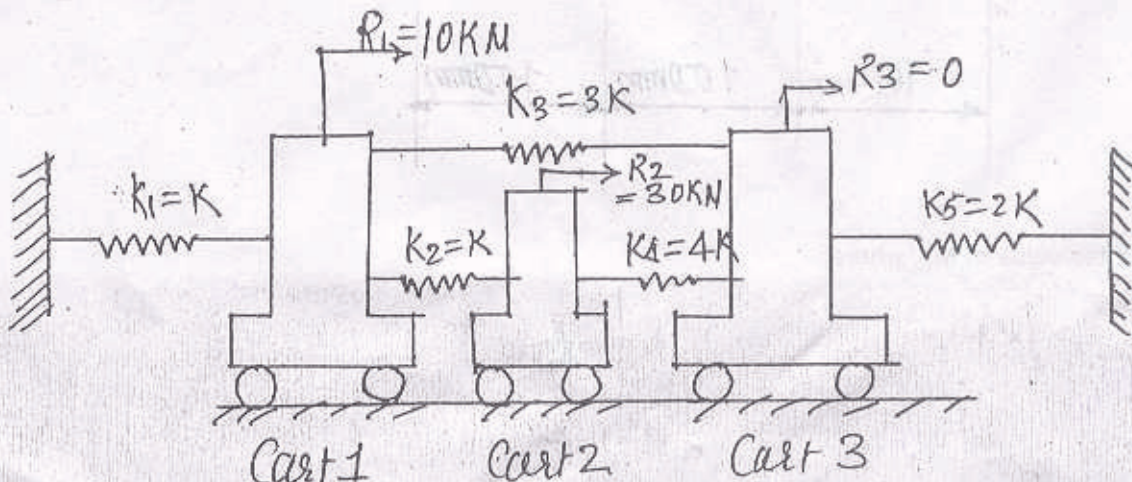
$$-\frac{d}{dn} \left( a \frac{du}{dn} \right) + cu = q \text{ for } 0 < n < 1$$

BCS are — (i)  $u(0) = u_0$

(ii)  $a \frac{du}{dn} + \beta(u - u_\infty) \Big|_{n=1} = Q_0$

Where 'a' and 'q' are functions of n and  $\beta$ , c,  $u_\infty$ ,  $Q_0$  are constant.

- (b) Consider a simple cart system in static condition as shown below. Establish the governing differential equations of motions. 8



10. A steel fin of diameter 2 cm, length 10 cm and thermal conductivity 80 W/m°K is exposed to ambient air at 40°C with a heat transfer coefficient 100 W/m<sup>2</sup> °K. One end of the fin is maintained at a temperature of 540°C and the other end is insulated. Governing DE is 16

$$\frac{d^2\theta}{dx^2} - m^2\theta = 0 \quad \theta = T_x - T_\infty$$

where  $m^2 = \frac{Ph}{KA}$  and  $0 \leq x \leq l$ .

- P = Perimeter; A - C. S. area
- h = Heat Transfer Coefficient
- K = Thermal Conductivity
- T<sub>∞</sub> = Ambient Temperature
- T<sub>x</sub> = Local Temperature of fin.