

143. 26th January in India is celebrated as
(A) Independence Day (B) Republic Day
(C) Revolution Day (D) Parliament Day
144. Majuli is the largest fresh water river island of the world. It is located in the state of
(A) Tripura (B) Assam
(C) Manipur (D) Arunachal Pradesh
145. The Tawang monastery, the famous Buddhist monastery in India is located in
(A) Bihar (B) Himachal Pradesh
(C) Assam (D) Arunachal Pradesh
146. Sangam literature contains
(A) earliest works in Tamil (B) earliest works in Sanskrit
(C) earliest works in Hindi (D) earliest works in Bengali
147. The river Brahmaputra flows through the state of
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Jharkhand
(C) Chhattisgarh (D) Assam
148. Which of the following states does not share its boundary with Bangladesh ?
(A) West Bengal (B) Meghalaya
(C) Assam (D) Manipur
149. The temple of Goddess Kamakhya in Guwahati (Assam) is situated at the top of a peak of the
(A) North Cachar Hills (B) Karbi Hills
(C) Nilachal Hills (D) Barail Hills
150. The National Anthem ('Jana – gana – mana') was composed by
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Rabindra Nath Tagore
(C) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee (D) Motilal Nehru

(Space For Rough Work)

135. The President of India holds office for a period of
(A) 6 years (B) 5 years
(C) 4 years (D) 3 years
136. The Parliament of India has _____ houses.
(A) two (B) three
(C) four (D) five
137. Which of the following is known as the Pink City of India ?
(A) Bangalore (B) Jaipur
(C) Lucknow (D) Kolkata
138. Who is the President of India ?
(A) APJ Abdul Kalam (B) Somnath Chatterjee
(C) Pratibha Patil (D) Manmohan Singh
139. Which state has the highest literacy rate in the country ?
(A) Kerala (B) Uttar Pradesh
(C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Tripura
140. Which of the following states celebrate Bihu festival ?
(A) Himachal Pradesh (B) Assam
(C) Kerela (D) Andhra Pradesh
141. The first silent feature film made in India was
(A) Raja Harishchandra (B) Alam Ara
(C) Kisan Kanya (D) Mother India
142. Stilwell Road (constructed during World War II and originally called Ledo Road) connected
(A) Northeast India with China (B) India with Afghanistan
(C) India with East Pakistan (D) India with Bhutan

(Space For Rough Work)

127. How many countries share land boundaries with India ?
(A) five (B) six
(C) seven (D) eight
128. Kalinga is the ancient name of
(A) Karnataka (B) coastal Orissa
(C) West Bengal (D) Kerala
129. Which of the following is a natural resource ?
(A) Tea (B) Rice
(C) Air (D) Cars
130. The colour of coal is
(A) Black (B) Blue
(C) Orange (D) Red
131. Which of the following fuels are used for running automobiles ?
(A) Wood (B) Coal
(C) Diesel (D) Charcoal
132. Paper was invented in
(A) China (B) India
(C) England (D) Japan
133. Two – thirds of the Earth's surface is covered with water and, therefore, from the outer space, the earth appears
(A) blue (B) green
(C) black (D) brown
134. Global warming is increasing at an alarming rate mostly due to increase of the amount of
(A) Oxygen in the air (B) Nitrogen in the air
(C) Carbon dioxide in the air (D) Hydrogen in the air

(Space For Rough Work)

[20]

118. The Palk Strait lies between the countries
(A) Sri Lanka and Maldives (B) India and Sri Lanka
(C) India and Maldives (D) Bangladesh and Myanmar
119. Richter scale measures the magnitude of
(A) volcanoes (B) earthquakes
(C) floods (D) rainfall
120. 'Jhum' practiced in the northeastern states of India is a method of
(A) learning (B) agriculture
(C) dancing (D) cooking
121. The Kaziranga National Park is famous for its
(A) Asiatic lion (B) Bengal Tiger
(C) One horned rhinoceros (D) Eagle
122. Which is the largest continent ?
(A) Africa (B) Asia
(C) Australia (D) North America
123. 'One light year' is a unit of
(A) time (B) speed
(C) distance (D) sound
124. Which of the following is not a renewable resource ?
(A) forest (B) bio-energy
(C) solar energy (D) petroleum
125. Which is the third nearest planet to the sun ?
(A) Venus (B) Earth
(C) Mercury (D) Mars
126. The Pole Star indicates the direction to the
(A) South (B) North
(C) East (D) West

(Space For Rough Work)

110. The Manas National Park is situated in the state of
(A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Assam
(C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Jammu and Kashmir
111. Mawsynram receives the highest rainfall in the world. It is located in the state of
(A) Tripura (B) Nagaland
(C) Arunachal Pradesh (D) Meghalaya
112. Green Revolution in India led to a substantial increase in the production of
(A) food grains (B) milk
(C) steel (D) automobiles
113. 'White Revolution' in India is related to the development of
(A) dairy industry (B) paper industry
(C) silk industry (D) sugar industry
114. What is a tsunami ?
(A) Name of a flower
(B) Name of a mountain
(C) a series of water waves caused by the displacement of a large volume of a body of water
(D) Name of a virus
115. Which country was hit by an earthquake and tsunami in March 2011 resulting in loss of lives and property ?
(A) Argentina (B) Mexico
(C) Japan (D) Egypt
116. The zonal head quarter of Northeast Frontier Railway is at
(A) New Jalpaiguri (B) Shillong
(C) Guwahati (D) Katihar
117. The railway track in the Darjeeling Himalayan Railway (DHR) is
(A) Narrow gauge (B) Metre gauge
(C) Broad gauge (D) None of these

(Space For Rough Work)

103. Which of the following states is an important producer of sugarcane ?
- (A) Maharashtra (B) Jammu and Kashmir
(C) Tripura (D) Sikkim
104. The Earth rotates 360 degree in about
- (A) 12 hours (B) 24 hours
(C) 36 hours (D) 48 hours
105. A leap year has
- (A) 365 days (B) 366 days
(C) 367 days (D) 368 days
106. The occurrence of days and nights is the result of
- (A) revolution of the earth around the sun (B) rotation of the earth about its axis
(C) movement of the moon around the earth (D) Newton's laws of motion
107. The duration of day and night becomes equal at all place on
- (A) 21st March and 23rd September (B) 21st March and 21st June
(C) 21st June and 22nd December (D) does not happen
108. Solar eclipse occurs when
- (A) the moon comes in between the sun and the earth
(B) the earth comes in between the sun and the moon
(C) the sun comes in between the moon and the earth
(D) None of the above
109. The crust of the earth is divided into two parts – the hydrosphere and the land mass. The land mass occupies
- (A) 50 % of the earth's surface area
(B) about 29.2 % of the earth's surface area
(C) 80 % of the earth's surface area
(D) it keeps on varying

(Space For Rough Work)

96. Mona Lisa, world's most valuable painting was painted by
- (A) Leonardo da Vinci (B) John Banvard
(C) M.F. Hussain (D) None of these
97. In hockey, the number of players on each side is
- (A) 10 (B) 11
(C) 12 (D) 13
98. Who formed the INA (Indian National Army) to fight the British ?
- (A) Subhas Chandra Bose (B) C. R. Das
(C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) Jawaharlal Nehru
99. Which of the following is a kharif crop ?
- (A) Rice (B) Wheat
(C) Barley (D) Mustard
100. The central bank of India is the
- (A) SBI (B) RBI
(C) UBI (D) None of these
101. Which of the following is a major tea producing state ?
- (A) Assam (B) Madhya Pradesh
(C) Uttar Pradesh (D) Punjab
102. Which of the following states is a major producer of wheat ?
- (A) Nagaland (B) Mizoram
(C) Arunachal Pradesh (D) Punjab

(Space For Rough Work)

89. How many teams participated in the Cricket World Cup 2011 ?
(A) 12 (B) 14
(C) 16 (D) 10
90. Which country won the Cricket World Cup 2011 ?
(A) Sri Lanka (B) Australia
(C) India (D) England
91. The name Sachin Tendulkar is associated with
(A) Football (B) Cricket
(C) Chess (D) Hockey
92. The khasi tribe is found mainly in the state of
(A) Chattisgarh (B) Jharkhand
(C) Orissa (D) Meghalaya
93. The Treaty of Yandaboo was signed in the year
(A) 1826 (B) 1856
(C) 1886 (D) 1926
94. World's longest river is
(A) Nile (B) Amazon
(C) Ganges (D) Yangtze Kiang
95. Malayalam language is spoken in the state of
(A) Maharashtra (B) Meghalaya
(C) Kerala (D) Jharkhand

(Space For Rough Work)

81. If the bus fare of 9 passengers is Rs. 1080/-, what will be the bus fare of 21 passengers ?
(A) Rs. 2520/- (B) Rs. 3520/-
(C) Rs. 4520/- (D) Rs. 5520/-
82. How many zeroes (0) are there in 1 crore ?
(A) 5 zeroes (B) 6 zeroes
(C) 7 zeroes (D) 8 zeroes
83. The town newspaper is published every day. One copy has 12 pages. Everyday 11,980 copies are printed. How many total pages are printed everyday ?
(A) 1,43,760 (B) 2,43,760
(C) 3,43,760 (D) 4,43,760
84. The Independence Day was celebrated in 1999 on Monday. On which day was it celebrated in 2000 ?
(A) Tuesday (B) Wednesday
(C) Thursday (D) Friday
85. Which city in India hosted the Common Wealth Games, 2010 ?
(A) Mumbai (B) Delhi
(C) Kolkata (D) Bangalore
86. Which country won the Football World cup in 2010 ?
(A) Germany (B) Argentina
(C) Brazil (D) Spain
87. Ranji trophy is associated with
(A) Cricket (B) Football
(C) Hockey (D) Badminton
88. The term L.B.W. is associated with which of the following games ?
(A) Cricket (B) Hockey
(C) Football (D) Polo

(Space For Rough Work)

73. If $x = 5$, $y = 3$, $z = 9$ find the value of $4x - 3y + 7z$.
- (A) 64 (B) 74
(C) 84 (D) 94
74. At what rate of simple interest will Rs. 525/- amount to Rs. 588/- at the end of 3 years.
- (A) 4% (B) 6%
(C) 8% (D) 10%
75. Find the square root of 15876
- (A) 156 (B) 146
(C) 126 (D) 116
76. What is the greatest prime number between 1 and 10 ?
- (A) 7 (B) 8
(C) 9 (D) 10
77. The area of a rectangle whose length and breadth are 12 cm and 4 cm respectively is
- (A) 16 sq cm (B) 48 sq cm
(C) 8 sq cm (D) 20 sq cm
78. How many lines can be drawn through two points in a plane ?
- (A) 4 (B) 3
(C) 2 (D) 1
79. Adding 1 to the greatest 5 digit number, should give
- (A) smallest 6 digit number (B) another 5 digit number
(C) greatest 6 digit number (D) smallest 5 digit number
80. A vehicle starts from point A and runs 10 kms towards north, turns to its right and runs 15 kms. It then turns to its right and runs another 10 kms to reach the finishing point at B. After reaching at point B, how far is it from the starting point A ?
- (A) 13 (B) 14
(C) 15 (D) 16

(Space For Rough Work)

65. First Indo – Pak war was started in the year
(A) 1945 (B) 1947
(C) 1949 (D) 1950
66. What is 20% of 200 ?
(A) 20 (B) 40
(C) 60 (D) 80
67. Choose the greatest from the following ?
(A) 9.90 (B) 9.99
(C) 9.09 (D) 0.99
68. How many months have 30 days ?
(A) 4 (B) 5
(C) 6 (D) 7
69. Fill in the blank in the series with an appropriate letter.
A C E G I K __ O
(A) M (B) N
(C) L (D) P
70. Choose the odd one out.
(A) Rose (B) Lotus
(C) Jasmine (D) Cauliflower
71. Find one angle of an equilateral triangle.
(A) 60 degree (B) 90 degree
(C) 45 degree (D) 30 degree
72. If the mean (average) of 5 numbers is 5.4 what is the total sum of these numbers ?
(A) 20 (B) 24
(C) 26 (D) 27

(Space For Rough Work)

57. Fort William in Bengal was constructed by the
(A) British (B) Portuguese
(C) Dutch (D) French
58. Who founded the Ahom kingdom of Assam ?
(A) Sukapha (B) Bamunikonwar
(C) Dihingia Raja (D) Khora Raja
59. Who established the 'satras' in Assam ?
(A) Nathmuni (B) Srimanta Sankaradeva
(C) Ramananda (D) Kabir
60. To promote trade and commerce, Sher Shah constructed many roads. The most famous of them was the Grand Trunk Road. It ran from
(A) Gujarat to Delhi (B) Bengal to Punjab
(C) Delhi to Lahore (D) Delhi to Kashmir
61. In the battle of Saraighat in 1671 A.D.
(A) Mir Jumla defeated the Ahom king Jayadhwaj Singha
(B) The Ahom king Jayadhwaj Singha defeated Mir Jumla
(C) The Ahom general Bir Lachit defeated the Mughal general Ram Singh
(D) The Mughal general Ram Singh defeated the Ahom general Bir Lachit
62. A very special tank, which archaeologists call the Great Bath was found in the ancient city of
(A) Mohenjodaro (B) Lothal
(C) Harappa (D) Kalibangan
63. Ashoka the Great belonged to the
(A) Mughal dynasty (B) Maurya dynasty
(C) Slave dynasty (D) British Empire
64. 'Abhijnanam Sakuntalam' was written by
(A) Kalidas (B) Kautilya
(C) Harshavardhana (D) Banabhatta

(Space For Rough Work)

49. The first railway line was opened to traffic in 1853. It ran from Bombay to
(A) Delhi (B) Madras
(C) Calcutta (D) Thane
50. The partition of Bengal took place in the year
(A) 1902 (B) 1903
(C) 1904 (D) 1905
51. The term 'Satyagraha' is associated with
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
(C) Lala Lajpat Rai (D) G.K.Gokhale
52. The first popular revolt against the British (also called the Sepoy Mutiny) happened in the year
(A) 1857 (B) 1867
(C) 1877 (D) 1897
53. "Do or Die" was one of the most powerful slogans of India's freedom struggle. Who gave it?
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
(C) B. G. Tilak (D) Subhash Chandra Bose
54. 'Thanas' was established during the British period by
(A) Cornwallis (B) Warren Hastings
(C) William Bentinck (D) Wellesley
55. Which of the British rulers was associated with the 'abolition of sati' ?
(A) William Bentinck (B) Warren Hastings
(C) Robert Clive (D) Dalhousie
56. Whose reign is considered as the golden age of Mughal architecture ?
(A) Shah Jahan (B) Jahangir
(C) Aurangzeb (D) Akbar

(Space For Rough Work)

41. Diamond is a form of
(A) gold (B) silver
(C) carbon (D) iron
42. Which of the following was first learnt by primitive man ?
(A) agriculture (B) manufacture of wheel
(C) making fire (D) taming animals
43. Who started the Saka era ?
(A) Alexander (B) Kanishka
(C) Ashoka (D) Samudragupta
44. The word India is derived from the river
(A) Indus (B) Ganga
(C) Yamuna (D) Mahanadi
45. The 'Anga' is the main scripture of the Jains. It is written in
(A) Pali (B) Prakrit
(C) Sanskrit (D) Hindi
46. Who established the Maurya dynasty ?
(A) Ashoka (B) Chandragupta Maurya
(C) Bindusara (D) Kanishka
47. Buddhism was founded by
(A) Siddhartha (also known as Gautama) (B) Mahavira
(C) Fa-Hien (D) Alexander
48. Gautama Buddha attained enlightenment at Bodh Gaya. It is situated in the present day
(A) Uttar Pradesh (B) West Bengal
(C) Bihar (D) Madhya Pradesh

(Space For Rough Work)

33. Which of the following is a reptile ?
(A) Elephant (B) Bats
(C) Snake (D) Ostrich
34. Plants make their own food by a process called
(A) Breathing (B) Transpiration
(C) Photosynthesis (D) Pollination
35. Electricity is supplied to consumers at
(A) 420 kilovolts (B) 33 kilovolts
(C) 220 volts (D) 132 kilovolts
36. The number of chambers in the human heart is
(A) six (B) four
(C) two (D) eight
37. Acids contain at least one atom of
(A) Hydrogen (B) Oxygen
(C) Nitrogen (D) Carbon
38. India's first mission to moon is called
(A) Prithvi (B) Aryabhata
(C) Ashoka (D) Chandrayaan-1
39. If a piece of stone weighs 6 kilogram on earth's surface, what will be the weight of the same piece of stone on the surface of the moon ?
(A) 6 kilogram (B) 3 kilogram
(C) 1 kilogram (D) 12 kilogram
40. The purity of gold ornaments is measured in 'carats'. Pure gold is
(A) 20 carats (B) 22 carats
(C) 23 carats (D) 24 carats

(Space For Rough Work)

25. What is laughing gas ?
(A) Sulphur dioxide (B) Carbon monoxide
(C) Nitrous oxide (D) Hydrogen peroxide
26. Balloons are filled with
(A) oxygen (B) nitrogen
(C) helium (D) argon
27. What is the scientific name for common salt ?
(A) sodium carbonate (B) sodium chloride
(C) sodium bicarbonate (D) calcium chloride
28. Ecology deals with
(A) Birds
(B) Cell formation
(C) Tissues
(D) Relation between organisms and their environment
29. Houseflies, dragonflies, beetles and ants are all insects. An insect has
(A) six legs (B) eight legs
(C) four legs (D) five legs
30. Which of the following is an important source of Vitamin C ?
(A) Potato (B) Butter
(C) Orange (D) Fish
31. Which of the following is necessary for burning ?
(A) Carbon dioxide (B) Hydrogen
(C) Oxygen (D) Neon
32. AIDS (Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome) is caused by one type of
(A) Virus (B) Bacteria
(C) Protozoa (D) Fungus

(Space For Rough Work)

[7]

17. A person climbing a hill bends forward in order to
- (A) avoid slipping (B) increase speed
(C) reduce fatigue (D) increase stability
18. We get energy directly from
- (A) the sun (B) ocean
(C) space (D) mountains
19. Sound travels at maximum speed in
- (A) vacuum (B) air
(C) water (D) steel
20. Echoes are produced when the sound is
- (A) reflected (B) diffracted
(C) polarized (D) refracted
21. Air is a mixture of gases. About 78 % of this gaseous mixture is
- (A) Nitrogen (B) Oxygen
(C) Carbon-dioxide (D) Hydrogen
22. The universal law of gravitation was propounded by
- (A) Kepler (B) Galileo
(C) Newton (D) Copernicus
23. The hardest substance available on earth is
- (A) Platinum (B) Coal
(C) Gold (D) Diamond
24. Galvanised iron sheets have a coating of
- (A) zinc (B) lead
(C) chromium (D) tin

(Space For Rough Work)

9. The Supreme Court of India is located in
(A) Kolkata (B) New Delhi
(C) Chandigarh (D) Mumbai
10. In India, the first commercially viable oil well was drilled at
(A) Digboi (B) Numaligarh
(C) Barauni (D) Namdapha
11. The Ashoka Chakra depicted centrally on the white stripe of the National Flag has
(A) 12 spokes (B) 22 spokes
(C) 24 spokes (D) 20 spokes
12. Which state is associated with the development of dance form 'Kuchipudi' ?
(A) Kerala (B) Maharashtra
(C) Andhra Pradesh (D) Tamil Nadu
13. When a bar magnet is freely suspended, it points roughly in a
(A) east – west direction (B) east – north direction
(C) north – south direction (D) north – west direction
14. An electric motor converts
(A) mechanical energy into electrical energy
(B) electrical energy into mechanical energy
(C) mechanical energy into sound energy
(D) electrical energy into sound energy
15. Electrical fuses installed in the house are connected in the
(A) live wire (B) neutral wire
(C) earth connection (D) none of these
16. Dry ice is basically
(A) frozen water (B) solidified carbon dioxide
(C) solidified nitrogen (D) solidified hydrogen

(Space For Rough Work)

1. The highest civilian award in the country which is given by the President of India on January 26 is
(A) Padma Vibhushan (B) Ashok Chakra
(C) Bharat Ratna (D) Padma Shri
2. Loktak lake is situated in the state of
(A) Assam (B) Nagaland
(C) Manipur (D) Tripura
3. India became an independent country on
(A) 15th August, 1947 (B) 15th August, 1948
(C) 15th August, 1949 (D) 15th August, 1950
4. Pandit Bhimsen Joshi was a renowned
(A) classical dancer (B) classical vocalist
(C) poet (D) novelist
5. Dada Saheb Phalke Award is given for outstanding contribution to the cause of Indian
(A) sports (B) literature
(C) cinema (D) handicraft
6. Arjuna Award is given to outstanding
(A) sports person (B) musician
(C) film director (D) sports coach
7. Our national animal is the
(A) Lion (B) Elephant
(C) Tiger (D) Bear
8. Name the capital of Arunachal Pradesh
(A) Itanagar (B) Agartala
(C) Aizawl (D) Imphal

(Space For Rough Work)