

SYLLABUS PRESCRIBED FOR THE FIVE YEAR B.A, LL.B INTEGRATED
DEGREE COURSE IN LAW

II SEMESTER LL.B.,

Course – I English

Unit – I

The shaping of my character – Dr. A. Radhakrishna

What I Cherish Most – Rt. Hon. Shrinivas Shastry

Grammar: Kinds of sentence – simple, compound and complex sentences and use of conjunctives.

Basic transformations.

Unit – II

Eating for Health – Rajkumari Amrit Kaur

T.V Should never be held out as a carrot – the week

Grammar: Active and passive voice. Direct and indirect speech (Reported Speech)

Unit – III

Indian crowds – Neeraj Choudhary

Our rising population: Causes and consequences – Dr. R.B. Sahay

Grammar: Propositions, determiners, question tags.

Unit – IV

A dispassionate analysis of the quit india movement – V.M Tarkunde

Federalism in India: Theory and Practice – Prof. S.C. Gangal

Grammar: Some common errors, vocabulary, legal terms, Idiomatic expressions.

Unit - V

The development of Indian Literature – C. Rajagopalachari

Headache – R.K. Narayan

Composition skills: Paragraph writing, Note taking, formal correspondence.

Text:

M. Nagarajan, T.Shashishekhara & S. Ramamurthy, ed., Indian Prose for effective Communication: A practical Programme for Colleges, Macmillan India Ltd.

Books prescribed:

R.W. Zandvoort, A handbook of English Grammar

Quirk et.al., Contemporary English grammar – structure and composition

Michael Swan, Practical English Usage

Course – II : Sociology – II

Unit – I

The development of Indian Society

- a. Unity and diversity
- b. Continuity and change, Ancient, Medieval and Modern India as a pluralistic society

India as a pluralistic society

- a. Varieties of cultural diversities
- b. Linguistic, Religious, Political, Economic and cultural Communities

Unit – II

Major institutions of Indian Society

- a. Family
- b. Caste
- c. Village

Unit – III

- Tribe and caste in the traditional order – caste and class in the contemporary India
- The Backward classes

Unit – IV

Trends of change in Indian Society : Rural and urban, problems and development programmes.

Unit – V

Indian Cultural values and development – Impact of Muslim and British cultures

Prescribed Books:

1. S.R. Myneni – Sociology for law students
2. M.N. Srinivas – Study of Indian Society
3. H.M. Johnson – Sociology – A systematic study
4. N.K. Bose – The structure of Hindu Society
5. G.S. Ghurye – Caste, Class and Occupation

Reference Books:

1. Peter Worsley – Introducing Sociology
2. Romesh Thapper – Tribe, Caste and Religion in India
3. A.R. Desai – Rural Sociology
4. M.S. Srinivas – Social Change in Modern India
5. D.M Kapadia – Marriage and family in India
6. Kingsley Davis – human Society
7. Mac Iver and Page – Society
8. Andre Beteille – The backward classes and the social order
9. M.N. Srinivas – caste in modern India

Course – III :
Political Science – II : Foundation of Political Obligation

Unit – I

Law – meaning and nature; source of law; kinds of law; laws and morality rule of law; Administrative law; Delegated Legislation; the concept of justice

Rights – Meaning, nature, kinds, relationship between rights and duties, kinds of duties, human rights in brief.

Liberty – meaning importance, kinds

Equality – meaning importance, kinds

Relationship between Liberty and Equality

Justice

Unit – II

Legitimacy of Power – the classical theory (Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau) – Modern approaches to the notion of political obligation (Max Weber, Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim) – Theories of Political Legitimacy.

Unit – III

The problems of Civil Disobedience and political obligation, with particular reference to Gandhian and Neo-Gandhian thought, Thoreau, Martin Luther King (in brief)

Unit – IV

Utilitarianism as an approach to political obligation – Jeremy Bentham and J.S. Mill (in brief) Foundation of Promissory and Contractual liability.

Idealism – its philosophy, merits and limitations – Kant, Hegel, T.H. Green (in brief)

Unit – V

The Problem of punishment – Use of force by state against the citizen – the basis of criminal sanction

Theories of punishment

The contemporary crisis of legitimation.

Power vs. authority; authority and responsibility; legitimation.

Legitimation of power – classical thought 1) Hobbes, Locks and Rousseau. 2) Max Weber – theory of bureaucracy and authority. 3) Durkheim – Policy obligation

Prescribed Books:

1. Rajani Kothari – Democratic Policy and Social change in India, crisis and Opportunities (Allied Publishers, 1976)
2. Karl Loewenstein – Political power and the Governmental Process
3. J.C. Johari – Contemporary Political Theory

Reference Books:

1. Flatman – Political Obligation, 1972, Crom – Helm, London, Richard.
2. Leiser Burton (Ch. 12, Civil Disobedience), Liberty, Justice and Morals, 1979, MCMillan, London and new York.
3. D. Entrives, the Nation of the State, 1967, Oxford University Press, Pages 1-10 Introduction, Part – I, Ch. 10, pp.141-155, Legality anf Legitimacy.

Course – IV: Economics – I Economic Theory

Objectives:

The objective of the course at the BA-LL.B(H) level would be to sharpen the analytical faculty of the students, by highlighting an integrated approach to the conceptual and functioning aspects of the Economic Theory, Indian economy and Managerial Economics. Such an analysis is essential because the Indian economy is a unique amalgam of alternative competing and conflicting theories and a proper understanding of its working is imperative if the student is to comprehend the ramifications that underlie most of the observed phenomena in the Indian economic set-up. The emphasis of the course is on overall social, political and economic environment influencing policy decisions. The course is divided into specific units.

1. To acquire the knowledge of terms, facts, concepts, trends, principles, assumptions, etc., in Economics
2. To develop familiarity with the basic terminology and elementary ideas of Economics
3. To know different horizons of Economics which would investigate issues both at the micro and macro level.

Course Contents

Unit – I

What is Economics? Definition of Economics

Nature and Scope of Economics

Central Problems of an economy, production possibility curve and opportunity cost.

Unit – II

Consumer behavior and demand

- a. Consumer's Equilibrium – meaning and attainment of equilibrium through utility approach: Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, Indifference Curve Analysis
- b. Demand, market demand, determinants of demand, demand schedule, Demand Curve
- c. Movement along and shifts in demand curve
- d. Elasticity of demand

Producer behavior and law of supply – supply schedule and supply curve

Unit – III

Laws of returns – Increasing, constant and Diminishing

Production Function

Different Facets of Costs & Revenues of Production

Unit – IV

Forms of Markets / Competition

Perfect Competition

Different Forms of Imperfect Competition

Unit – V

Introductory macro economics

National Income and Related Aggregates

Measurement of National Income: Expenditure method, National Disposable Income (Gross and Net), Private Income, Personal Income and Personal Disposable Income

Determination of Income and employment

Aggregate demand, Aggregate supply and their components

Propensity to save and Propensity to Consume

Determination of Income and Employment

Keynesian Theory

Prescribed Books

D.N. Dwivedi, Macro Economics

Misra and Puri, Economic Environment of Business

D.M. Mithani, Macro Economics

Reference Books

A.Koutsoyiannis : Modern Micro – Economics, Macmillan Press 1983

Bilas: Micro Economic Theory

J. Hirschleifer : Price Theory and Applications

Watson & Hallman : Price Theory and its uses

E.A.G. Robinson : Monopoly