## **Karunya University**

## (Karunya Institute of Technology and Sciences)

(Declared as Deemed to be University under Sec.3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

## **End Semester Examination – April/May 2010**

**Solid State Circuits - II Subject Title:** Time: 3 hours **Subject Code:** EC206 **Maximum Marks: 100** 

## **Answer ALL questions**

	$\underline{PART - A \ (10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ MARKS})}$
1.	filter is one in which at very high frequencies, capacitor acts almost as a short
	circuit.
2.	Name any two important non sinusoidal waveforms in pulse circuitry.
3.	A bistable circuit is one which can be induced to make an from one state to the
	other by means of external excitation.
4. 5.	Define LTP in the Schmitt trigger circuit.
5.	The transition time may be reduced by introducing small in parallel with the
	coupling resistors $R_1$ , of the binary.
	Define constant current charging.
3.	Which one of the following is more efficient:
	a. Vacuum tube television sweep (or) b. Transistor television sweep.
	What is meant by multiar?
10.	Define sampling gate.
	$\underline{PART - B \ (5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ MARKS})}$
11.	Under certain conditions, high pass RC circuit can act like a Differentiator. Justify.
	Give the applications of Schmitt trigger.
	Differentiate monostable multivibrators and Bistable multivibrators.
14.	Define displacement error and transmission error.
	Mention any three applications of Blocking Oscillator.
	$\underline{PART - C \ (5 \times 15 = 75 \text{ MARKS})}$
16	a. Explain the response of high pass RC circuit for a square input when $\tau < T$ and $\tau > T$

- Explain the response of high pass RC circuit for a square input when  $\tau \ll T$  and  $\tau \gg T$ . (where  $\tau$  - time constant). (8)
  - b. Neatly sketch the ramp response of low pass RC circuit. (OR)

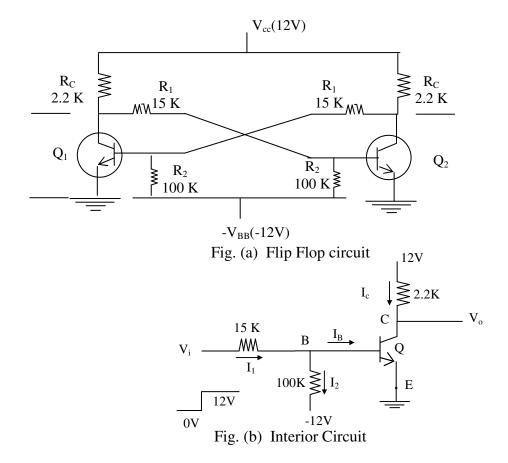
17. What is an attenuator? Draw and explain the response of an attenuator to a step input.

18. Explain the operation of self biased transistor binary with neat diagram. Draw its input and output waveforms.

(OR)

19. Calculate the stable state currents and voltages for the flip flop circuit (a) shown below, consisting of two cross-coupled inverter circuits whose parameter values are given in figure (b). Assume that the transistor have a minimum  $h_{FE}$  value of 20.

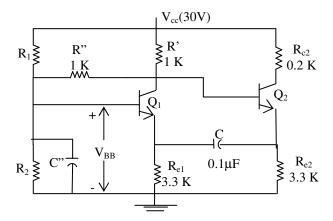
(7)



20. Draw the circuit and explain the operation of emitter coupled monostable multivibrator. Also draw its waveforms.

(OR)

21. In the following circuit,  $V_{cc} = 30V$ ,  $R_2 = 2R_1 \ll R''$ ,  $C = 0.1\mu F$ ,  $R_{c2} = 0.2k$ , R' = R'' = 1K and  $R_{c1} = R_{c2} = 3.3K$ . Calculate (a) Draw and mention the voltage levels of the waveforms and (b) the frequency of oscillations. Assume Silicon transistors with  $h_{FE} = 30$ .



- 22. What are the general features of sweep signal? Discuss in detail. (OR)
- 23. Discuss in detail, the block diagram of a time base system using transistor.
- 24. With neat diagram, explain the operation of transistor based bidirectional linear gate. (OR)
- 25. Explain the operation of a stable transistor blocking oscillator (Diode Controlled) with neat diagrams.