2/12/2011 BE (ETRX) Sem-VII (OLD) FTA

ws Sept-2011-165

Con. 6318-11.

(OLD COURSE)

MP-5824

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N.B.: 1) Question no 1 is compulsory.

- 2) Attempt any four questions from remaining six questions.
- 3) Figures to right indicate full marks
- 4) Assume suitable data, if any.

Q1) Attempt the following;

(20)

- a) Discuss the design procedure for elliptic filter design.
- b) Explain zero-input and over flow limit cycle oscillations due to quantization in digital filter.
- c) Compare IIR filter and FIR filter.
- d) To design a digital band pass filter, which type of Linear Phase FIR filter can be used? Why?
- Q2) a) Design a low pass half-band filter to meet the following specifications:

Pass band edge: 8 KHz

Stop band edge: 16 KHz

Ap = 1 dB, As = 50 dB. Use Kaiser window

(10)

- b) Convert $H(s) = \frac{4}{(s+1)(s^2+4s+5)}$ to H(z), using impulse invariance, with $t_s = 0.5$ s. (10)
- Q3) a) Derive an exact expression for the spectrum of the Blackman window. Using this expression, for $N \gg 1$, show that the main lobe width for the Blackman window is approximately $6W_S/N$. (15)
 - b) Explain the method of matched Z-transform. (05)
- Q4) a) Design a fourth-order Butterworth band pass filter with a 2 dB pass band of 200 Hz and a center frequency of $f_0 = 1$ KHz. (10)
 - b) What major problem associated with designing of FIR filter using window method and frequency sampling method. How to overcome this problem? (10)
- Q5) a) Design a second order digital notch filter having a notch frequency at 60 Hz and a 3 dB notch band width of 6 Hz. The sampling frequency employed is 400 Hz. (10)
 - b) Design a Chebyshev IIR digital high pass filter with the following specifications: Pass band edge: 700 Hz

Stop band edge: 500 Hz

Pass band ripple: 1 dB

'S' and 'Z' bilinear transformation.

Min. stop band attenuation: 32 dB

Sampling frequency: 2 KHz (10)

- Q6) a) Discuss the design procedure of Bessel filters. Obtain 5th order normalized Bessel approximation. (10)
 - b) Show that the relation between analog frequency and digital frequency in bilinear transformation is given by $\Omega = \frac{2}{T} \tan(\frac{w}{2})$, using relation between

(10)

- O7) State true or false and justify the answer: a) An ant symmetric second order linear phase FIR filter has one possible pole zero diagram whereas symmetric type filter has more than one possibility.
 - b) The poles of the Butterworth filter lie on a circle whereas the poles of the
 - Chebyshev filter lie on an ellipse. c) The analog poles will not be aliased by the impulse invariant mapping if they

are confined to the S- plane's primary strip. d) The physically realizable and stable IIR filter can have a linear phase.