M.B.B.S. [1st Prof.]

BIOCHEMISTRY - A

M.M.:50Time: 3 Hours *Note* : *Attempt all questions.* 1. Write briefly: $[4 \times 2.5 = 10]$ How acetyl CoA is transported from mitochondria to Cytosol for fatty acid synthesis? Explain briefly the role of glutamate in urea cycle. b. How is glycerol-3-phosphate synthesized in liver & adipose tissue? c. Explain in brief the principle of amplification of response by an d. enzyme cascade mechanism. 2. Answer briefly: $[4 \times 2.5 = 10]$ Indicate the normal protective mechanism in RBC's against formation of Methemoglobin. Fructose leads to enhanced fatty acid synthesis than glucose. b. Explain how diabetic ketosis is harmful. c. Biochemical laboratory test to differentiate between hepatic & non d. hepatic jaundice. Briefly explain the biochemical basis of the following: 3. $[4 \times 2.5 = 10]$ Muscle glycogen does not produce free glucose. a. Barbiturates can precipitate an attack of Porphyria. b. Administration of Primaquin can cause hemolysis in certain c. individuals. Immediate administration of HNO2 as an antidote to cyanide d. poisoning. 4. Write short notes on: $[4 \times 2.5 = 10]$ a. Natural uncouplers. b. Isoenzymes. C. Physiologically active Peptides. d. Lipotropic factors. 5. Write briefly: $[2 \times 5 = 10]$ Structure & functions of various Immunoglobulins. a.

Biochemical basis of complications of Diabetes Mellitus.

b.