

ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2007 DATA COMMUNICATION & COMPUTER NETWORK SEMESTER - 2

| Time: 3 Hours] | | | [Full Marks : 7 |
|----------------|--|--|------------------|

Group - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions) ternatives for all of the following:

|) | | en the IP address 18.250.31.14 culated subnet address should be | and | subnet mask 2255.240.0.0 |
|-----|------------|---|------------|--------------------------|
| | a) | 18.0.0.14 | b) | 18.31.0.14 |
| | c) | 18.240.0.0 | d) | 18.9.0.14. |
| i) | If th | ne baud-rate is 400 for a 4-PSK sign | nal, th | ne bit-rate is bps. |
| | a) | 100 | b) | 400 |
| • | c) | 800 | d) | 1600. |
| ii) | In I | TP, when you, it is copied f | rom t | he server to the client. |
| | a) | retrieve a file | b) | store a file |
| | c) | retrieve a list | d) | both (a) and (c). |
| v) | TCF | o is a | | |
| | a) | reliable connection oriented protoc | col | |
| •. | b) | unreliable connection oriented pro | tocol | |
| | c) | reliable connection less protocol | | |
| | d) | unreliable connection less protoco | l. | |
|) | Rep | eater operates in | | |
| | a) | physical layer | b) | data link layer |
| | c) | network layer | d) | transport layer. |
| l) | Whi | ch topology requires a multipoint co | nnect | lon ? |
| | a) | Mesh | b) | Sar |
| | c) | Bus | d) | Ring. |

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- vii) In a Go-Back-N ARQ, if the window size is 63, what is the range of sequence numbers?
 - a) 0 63

b) 0-64

c) 1-63

- d) 1 64.
- viii) is the access protocol used by traditional Ethernet LAN.
 - a) CSMA

b) CSMA / CD

c) ALOHA

- d) Token Passing.
- ix) Error detection at the data link level is achieved by
 - a) bit stuffing

b) CRC

c) hamming codes

- d) equalization.
- x) In symmetric-key cryptography the publicly known key is
 - a) decryption key

b) encryption key

c) both (a) and (b)

d) none of these.

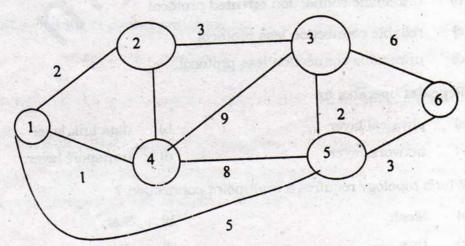
Group - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- Explain the FDDI frame format.
- Using Dijkstra's routing algorithm, find out a least cost route to all other nodes 1 through 6 for the following network.





- 4. "TCP provides reliable connection-oriented delivery service, IP provides unreliable connection-less delivery service". Explain.
- 5. What are the advantages of IPv6 over IPv4?
- 6. a) Distinguish between open-loop congestion control and closed-loop congestion control.
 - b) What is QOS?

Group - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three questions.

 $3\times15=45$

- 7. a) How is CSMA a clear improvement over ALOHA? How is it further improved by implementing CSMA / CD?
 - b) Assume six devices are arranged in a mesh topology. How many cables are needed? How many ports are needed for each device?
 - c) Draw a hybrid network with a star backbone and three ring networks. 5
- 8. a) What is baud rate and what is bit rate? Establish the relationship between these two.
 - b) Write the advantages of FM technique over AM technique.
 - c) Why is star topology not suitable for a large network? How the risk factor can be reduced of star topology using other topologies?
 - d) Using the TDM technique, calculate throughput of the following system:

There are four nodes in the network having loads 20k, 35k, 58k and 10k respectively. Each time slot accommodates 5k of data. Propose a method to improve of the system and also calculate the throughput using the improved method.



| 9. | a) | Applying the CRC algorithm, determine the checksum and the transmitted ira | me |
|--------|------------|--|-----|
| | | for the data 11010111 and for the generator polynomial $x^3 + x^2 + 1$. | 6 |
| | b) | In sliding window flow control, if the sequence number is of n bits, then sh | 10W |
| v. | | that the maximum size of the window is $2^n - 1$. | 6 |
| | c) | In HDLC, what is bit stuffing and why is it required? | 2 |
| | d) | Why is the address field of a PPP frame always set to all 1's? | 1 |
| 10. | a) | What is the default mask and broadcast address for class B? Specify | the |
| | | private IP range for class A address. | 2 |
| | b) | Discuss the different steps of Distance Vector Routing. | 4 |
| | c) | Draw the header format of an IP packet. Explain which parts of it are used | for |
| | | fragmentation and how they are used. | 3 |
| - - | d) | "Data link layer ensures delivery within the same physical network, | but |
| | | transport layer ensures delivery across networks". Explain. | 3 |
| | e) | Explain how traffic shaping controls the congestion in a network. | 3 |
| 11. | Wri | te short notes on any three of the following: | × 5 |
| | a) | ISDN | |
| | b) | Fire wall | |
| * | c) | X.25 | |
| | d) | Circuit switching & packet switching. | |