PROF. ROHAN SHENOY'S TEST-SERIES FOR MHT-CET BIOLOGY - 2011

Test ID: 18 [SPECIMEN FOR 2011 TEST-SERIES]

Version:

Date: 2010-2011

Total MCQs: 20 Max. marks: 20

MCQ distribution: 1. Natural resources and conservation--- 1 MCQs

2. Biotechnology--- 1 MCQs

3. Biofertlizers and medicinal plants--- 1 MCQs

4. Plant water relations--- 1 MCQs5. Photosynthesis--- 1 MCQs

6. Respiration--- 1 MCQs

7. Reproduction in angiosperms--- 1 MCQs

8. Plant growth--- 1 MCQs

9. Human population--- 1 MCQs

10. Human health and disease--- 1 MCQs

11. Types of diseases--- 1 MCQs

12. Immunity system--- 1 MCQs

13. Biomedical technologies--- 1 MCQs

14. Bioinformatics--- 1 MCQs

15. Vermiculture and fisheries--- 1 MCQs

16. Circulation in animals--- 1 MCQs

17. Osmoregulation and excretion in animals--- 1 MCQs

18. Nervous co-ordination--- 1 MCQs

19. Hormonal co-ordination--- 1 MCQs

20. Reproduction and development in animals--- 1 MCQs

1.	Cells suspended in urine of a normal healthy person will				
a)	Shrink due to loss of water	c)	Proliferate due to urochrome factors		
b)	Swell, burst and finally die	d)	Shrink due to proliferation of protoplasm		
2.	Total no. of cranial nerves that carry sensory impulses are				
a)	4 pairs	c)	7 pairs		
b)	3 pairs	d)	5 pairs		
,	•	,	•		
3.	A galactogogue is present in				
a)	Flowers of Shatavari	c)	Leaves of Holy Basil(Tulsi)		
b)	Roots of Asparagus racemosus	d)	Twigs of neem		
υ,	1.00.00 of 7.0parague racemocae	u)	Twigo of flooring		
4	Which of these so well so their isomers coour in	EMD	nothway?		
4.	Which of these as well as their isomers occur in				
a)	Glucose 6-phosphate	c)	2-Phospho glyceric acid		
b)	Dihydroxy acetone phosphate	d)	All of the above		
5.	Which of these organs are prominently affected	by al	cohol?		
a)	Cerebellum	c)	GIT		
b)	Liver	d)	All of these		
6.	Agents which produce allergy are known as				
a)	Antigen	c)	Allergens		
b)	Oncogenes	d)	Carcinogens		
,		,	5		
7.	The average length of ovulatory cycle in a huma	n for	nale of reproductive age group is about		
۲.	days.	III I C II	iale of reproductive age group is about		
a)	14	c)	42		
b)	28	d)	56		
,	-N*	,			
8.	How many turns of Calvin cycle are required to	reduc	e one molecule of CO ?		
a)	1	c)	36		
b)	6	d)	12 or 18		
D)		u)	12 01 10		
•	- · · · · · · · ·				
9.	Dry skin is NOT seen in				
a)	Simmond's disease	c)	Grave's disease		
b)	Gull's disease	d)	Cretinism		
10.	DNA fingerprinting technique can be used for	,			
a)	Identification of genetic disorders such as haemophilia	c)	Absolute unique identity of people		

b)	Identification of criminals from evidence such as blood, semen, etc.	d)	All of the above	
11.	In a case of sexual reproduction in angiosperm female plant is unknown. Which of the below c nucleus produced in the process?			
a)	8	c)	11	
b)	10	d)	Data is insufficient	
12.	Part of the endoscopy machine that is not inserted into the body.			
a)	Source of light	c)	Charge couple device(CCD)	
b)	Probe	d)	Minor surgical instruments	
13.	Find the odd man.			
a)	Epibiotc species	c)	Old endemics	
b)	Ecological endemics	d)	Living fossils	
14.	Earthworms are put in layer no of vermibo	X. (
a)	2	c)	5	
b)	3	d)	6	
		9		
15.	Most abundant type of W.B.C.			
a)	Neutrophils	c)	Lymphocytes	
b)	Basophils	d)	Monocytes	
16.	Example of a fomite.			
a)	Anopheles and Culex mosquito	c)	Droplet nuclei containing tubercle bacilli	
b)	Water contaminated with Salmonella	d)	Towels and handerchief of patient	
17.	Oncogenic viruses are those which cause			
a)	Cirrhosis of liver	c)	Abortion in pregnancy	
b)	Malignancy	d)	Slow reflexes	
18.	RELATED to computers.			
a)	BMR	c)	CPU	
b)	GFR	d)	HIV	
19.	NOT ASSOCIATED with closure of stomata.			
a)	Decrease in osmotic concentration of guard cells	c)	Outflow of water from guard cells	
b)	Night time	d)	Increase in pH of guard cells	
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- 20. Inarching is
- a) Whip grafting
- b) Cleft grafting

- c) Approach grafting
- d) Crown grafting

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ANSWER KEYS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. Cells suspended in urine of a normal healthy person will

Ans: a) Shrink due to loss of water

Urine is hypertonic compared to the cell. Hence, the cell will lose water by exosmosis and shrink in size.

2. Total no. of cranial nerves that carry sensory impulses are

Ans: c) 7 pairs

Along with sensory type of nerves, mixed types of cranial nerves also carry sensory impulses. Thus, 3 pairs of sensory and 4 pairs of mixed, total 7 pairs out of 12 total pairs carry sensory impulses.

3. A galactogogue is present in

Ans: b) Roots of Asparagus racemosus

Galactogogues(or lactogogues) are substances that induce milk production and flow. **Roots** of *Asparagus racemosus* are believed to stimulate milk production and flow.

4. Which of these as well as their isomers occur in EMP pathway?

Ans: d) All of the above

1. Glucose 6-phosphate: Fructose 6-phosphate

2. DHAP : 3-PGAL 3. 2-PGA : 3-PGA

5. Which of these organs are prominently affected by alcohol?

Ans: d) All of these

- 1. Alcohol affects cerebellum and causes incoordination of body movements
- 2. Alcohol causes fatty liver disease in early stages and cirrhosis in late stages
- 3. Alcohol causes inflammation of the mucosal lining of the GIT. This results in malabsorption and nutritional deficiencies.

6. Agents which produce allergy are known as

Ans: c) Allergens

- Antigen = substance that can evoke immune response.
- Oncogenes = mutated genes that lead to cancer.
- Allergens = antigens that produce allergy. Ex: pollen grains, dust, drugs, etc.
- Carcinogens are substances capable of producing cancer. They produce mutations in normal genes and convert them into oncogenes. Ex: radiations, alcohol, tar, benzopyrene, etc.

7. The average length of ovulatory cycle in a human female of reproductive age group is about ____ days.

Ans: d) 56

The average of menstrual cycle is about 28 days, while that of an ovulatory cycle is about 56 days. This is because each ovary releases the ovum alternatively.

How many turns of Calvin cycle are required to reduce one molecule of CO₂?

Ans: a) 1

Cavin cycle(C₃ cycle) reduces 1 CO₂ molecule per turn.

NB: Glucose is a 6C sugar. Thus, 6 CO₂ must be reduced, or in other words, 6 turns are required for the formation of 1 glucose.

9. Dry skin is NOT seen in

Ans: c) Grave's disease

- Simmond's disease is hyposecretion of GH in adults. Skin is dry and wrinkled.
- Gull's disease is myxoedema or hyposecretion of thyroxine in adults. Skin is dry, thick, puffy, cold, and shows loss of hair.

10. DNA fingerprinting technique can be used for

Ans: b) Identification of criminals from evidence such as blood, semen, etc.

DNA fingerprinting technique **CANNOT** be used for identification of genetic disorders and establishing unique identity of people. Reasons for them being:

- 1. Genetic disorders like haemophilia, black urine disease, etc. result from mutations in the coding regions of the DNA(euchromatin). However, DNA fringerprinting is based upon VNTRs which are not present in these regions.
- 2. People with the same genetic constitutions such as monozygotic(identical) twins have the exactly same DNA, including VNTRs. Therefore the DNA profile of identical twins will be same even though they are two different persons. [However, DNA profile of dizygotic(fraternal) twins will not be similar].
- 11. In a case of sexual reproduction in angiosperms, the male plant is hexaploid(6n) and ploidy of female plant is unknown. Which of the below can be the possible ploidy of the primary endosperm nucleus produced in the process?

Ans: c) 11

After studying the process of gamete formation and double fertilization in angiosperms, one can come to the following conclusions:

- 1. Ploidy of PEN = (Half of male parent ploidy) + ploidy of secondary nucleus.
- 2. Ploidy of secondary nucleus is always an even no., and never an odd no.

Thus, after substituting given information:

Ploidy of PEN = 3 + An even no, or we can say:

(PEN - 3) should be equal to some even no.

Substituting values of (a), (b) and (c) in above equation, options (a) and (b) return values 5 and 7 respectively which are not even nos. However, option (c) returns 8 which is an even no.

12. Part of the endoscopy machine that is not inserted into the body.

Ans: a) Source of light

For endoscopy,

- The light is obtained from a cold source located outside the body.
- The light is transmitted to the site of examination by the optical fibres running through the probe.
- Charge couple device(CDD) is present at the tip of the tube. It acts like a video camera. It converts the reflected light into electric signals and sends them to the video monitor on which the internal view is displayed in real-time.
- Minor surgical instruments can be fitted to extra attachments provided at the tip of the probe.

13. Find the odd man.

Ans: b) Ecological endemics

Options (a), (c) and (d) mean the same - relic endemics. Ecological endemics are paleo endemics.

14. Earthworms are put in layer no. ___ of vermibox.

Ans: b) 3

Earthworms are setup into third layer of the vermibox along with dry crop residue. There are total 7 layers, nunbered 1 - 7 from bottom to top.

15. Most abundant type of W.B.C.

Ans: a) Neutrophils

- Neutrophils comprise about 65 70% of white blood cells.
- Lymphocytes = 28 30%
- Eosinophils = 3%
- Monocytes = 1 3%
- Basophils = only 0.5% [Most scarce type]

16. Example of a fomite.

Ans: d) Towels and handerchief of patient

Fomites are inanimate(non-living) atricles that are contaminated by the handling of the patient. They are capable of harbouring and transmitting the pathogens to other people who handle. Other examples of fomites are soap, objects, door handles, utensils, etc.

17. Oncogenic viruses are those which cause

Ans: b) Malignancy

Oncogenic viruses are those which cause cancer or malignancy. Ex: Cancer of the cervix(part of uterus) is mostly caused by Human Papilloma Virus(HPV).

18. **RELATED to computers.**

Ans: c) CPU

BMR = Basal Metabolic Rate; GFR = Glomerular Filtration Rate, HIV = Human Immunodeficiency Virus.

20. Inarching is

Ans: c) Approach grafting

- Whip grafting is also known as tongue grafting.
- Cleft grafting is a.k.a. wedge grafting.
- Inarching is a.k.a. approach grafting.