

**WARNING :**

**Any malpractice or any attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE.**

**2012**

**AY – PAPER I**

	<b>Question Booklet Serial Number :</b>	<b>30250</b>
<b>Time : 2 Hours</b>	<b>Number of Questions : 150</b>	<b>Maximum Marks : 450</b>
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**INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. Read the instructions given in the OMR Answer Sheet before marking the answers. Candidate should follow strictly the instructions given therein.
2. Item No. 1 and 11 in the OMR Answer Sheet need not be filled up since this examination has only one version of the Question Booklet. Write your Name and Roll Number and put your signature in the space provided above. Write Serial Number of this Question Booklet against item 4 in the OMR Answer Sheet.
3. This Question Booklet contains 150 questions. For each question, four answers are suggested and given against (A), (B), (C) and (D) of which, only one will be the **Most Appropriate Answer**. Mark the bubble containing the letter corresponding to the 'Most Appropriate Answer' in the OMR Answer Sheet, by using either **Blue or Black ball - point pen only**.
4. **SCORING AND NEGATIVE MARKING:** Each question carries 3 marks. For each correct response 3 marks will be awarded. For each incorrect response marked, ONE mark will be deducted from the total score. More than one answer marked against a question will be deemed as incorrect answer and will be negatively marked. No mark will be given for the question not answered.

**IMMEDIATELY AFTER OPENING THIS QUESTION BOOKLET, THE CANDIDATE SHOULD VERIFY WHETHER THE QUESTION BOOKLET ISSUED CONTAINS ALL THE 150 QUESTIONS IN SERIAL ORDER. IF NOT, REQUEST FOR REPLACEMENT.**

**DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL THE INVIGILATOR ASKS YOU TO DO SO.**

**SEAL**

**ENSURE THAT THIS QUESTION BOOKLET CONTAINS 150  
QUESTIONS SERIALLY NUMBERED FROM 1 TO 150.  
PRINTED PAGES : 32**

1. Branch of medicine which deals with the application of medical and para medical scientific knowledge to the knowledge of both civic and criminal law in order to aid administration of justice is called
  - (A) Forensic medicine and
  - (B) Medical jurisprudence
  - (C) Jurisprudence and toxicology
  - (D) A, B
  
2. The following is considered as "The father of Indian forensic medicine"
  - (A) Dr. Narayan Reddy
  - (B) Dr. Jaisingh P Modi
  - (C) Dr. Nagesh Kumar G Rao
  - (D) Dr. C.K.Parikh
  
3. The highest judicial tribunal for district is called
  - (A) Sessions Court
  - (B) High Court
  - (C) Supreme Court
  - (D) Fast track Court
  
4. The civil court deals with only civil matters and criminal court deals with only with criminal, however both can be dealt in
  - (A) District Sessions Court
  - (B) Magistrates Court
  - (C) Supreme Court
  - (D) Executive Magistrates Court



5. Fatal dose of castor is about 8-10 seeds / 1 mg per kg body weight / 6 mg of ricin, the treatment schedule would be
- (A) Stomach wash
  - (B) Rehydration
  - (C) Demulcents
  - (D) A, B, C
6. Scorpion sting is diagnosed by one deep punctured wound, treatment advised is
- (A) Tourniquet above the level of sting
  - (B) Local anesthesia
  - (C) Atropine
  - (D) A, B, C
7. According to Sushruta Samhita, "Garbhapata" occurs in .... month
- (A) 5
  - (B) 6
  - (C) 8
  - (D) A, B, C
8. Final process of gradual dissolution and liquefaction of tissues in a cadaver is due to
- (A) Gangrene
  - (B) Putrefaction
  - (C) Necrosis
  - (D) Disintegration
9. Unsworn evidence is not admissible in the court of law except when a person is
- (A) Below 7 years of age
  - (B) Below 17 years of age
  - (C) Below 12 years of age
  - (D) Below 18 years of age

10. A witness who willfully gives false statement after taking oath is considered guilty of .... as per section 191 IPC
- (A) Crime of perjury
  - (B) False evidence
  - (C) Misconduct in court
  - (D) Infamous conduct of court
11. Specific indication of "Kankayanaguti" according Sharangadhar Samhita is called the disease
- (A) Gulma
  - (B) Udara Shoola
  - (C) Vata Vikara
  - (D) Atisara
12. Among the ingredients in Chandraprabhavati .... is useful in Ashmari according to Sharangadhar Samhita
- (A) Danti
  - (B) Kshara
  - (C) Vidanga
  - (D) Vamshalochana
13. Kaishorguggulu with Vaasaaquatha is useful in .... according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Swasa
  - (B) Vrana
  - (C) Agnimandya
  - (D) Netra Roga
14. Which Rasa is having Dadhi as Patya in Jawara Chikitsa which can be seen from Sharangadhara Samhita
- (A) Panchavakra Rasa
  - (B) Tribuvanakirti
  - (C) Arogyavardhini Rasa
  - (D) Suchikabharana Rasa

15. Anjana Rasa contains ..... as depicted in Sharangadhara
- (A) Jaipala
  - (B) Shankha
  - (C) Vidanga
  - (D) Triphala
16. One of the indication of Vasantakusumakara Rasa is .... according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Amla Pitta
  - (B) Grahani
  - (C) Gulma
  - (D) Shirashula
17. Rajamraganka Rasa is specifically indicated in
- (A) Madhumeha
  - (B) Kshaya
  - (C) Jawara
  - (D) Hrudroga
18. How much Sita or Sharkara has to be added in the preparation of Avalehya according to Sharangadhara in proportion to the Churna used
- (A) 4 times
  - (B) 2 times
  - (C) 6 times
  - (D) 8 times
19. Which metal is used for Niruttha test?
- (A) Suvarna
  - (B) Rajata
  - (C) Tamra
  - (D) Loha



20. .... is not included among Mitrapanchaka?

- (A) Madhu
- (B) Tankana
- ✓(C) Jagri
- (D) Guggulu

21. Which of the following is used for Anjana in Apasmara according to Charaka Samhita?

- (A) Gomutra
- (B) Avi mutra
- (C) Vaji mutra
- ✓(D) Bast mutra

22. "Nari Vivikta Priyata" is the Lakshana of

- (A) Vataja Unmada
- (B) Pittaja Unmada
- ✓(C) Kafaja Unmada
- (D) Sannipataja Unmada

23. "Vishama Kurute Buddhim Nityanityo Hitahite" is related to .... disease

- (A) Unmada
- ✓(B) Atatvabhinivesha
- (C) A, B
- (D) Murcha

24. According to Charaka Samhita, Paraspara Pratidwandva Chikitsa is indicated in .... disease

- (A) Rakta Pitta
- (B) Udara
- ✓(C) Arshas
- ✓(D) Unmada

25. "Jeernebalam" is related to .... type of Unmada according to Charaka
- (A) Vataja  
 (B) Pittaja  
 (C) Kaphaja  
 (D) Agantuja
26. Which of the following is best in Unmada for Virechana?
- (A) Puranaghratha  
 (B) Prapuranaghratha  
 (C) Kumbhaghratha  
 (D) Mahaghratha
27. Which of the following is the symptom of "Vigata Unmada"
- (A) Prasada Indriya and Indriyartha  
 (B) Prasada Buddhi Atma and Manas  
 (C) Dhatunam Prakriti  
 (D) A, B, C
28. "Doshavege Cha Vigate Suptavat Pratibhudyate" is related to .... according to Charaka
- (A) Unmada  
 (B) Apasmara  
 (C) A, B  
 (D) Mada
29. Medhyarasayana is indicated in .... disease
- (A) Atatvabhinivesha  
 (B) Unmada  
 (C) Murcha  
 (D) Mada
30. Unmada is due to .... according to Charaka
- (A) Manovibhramsha  
 (B) Buddhivibhramsha  
 (C) Gnanavibhramsha  
 (D) A, B, C

31. "Divaabali" is referred as .... in Charaka

- (A) Kaphaja Shotha
- ✓(B) Vataja Shotha
- (C) Pittaja Shotha
- (D) Agantuja Shotha

32. "Griddhi Sarva Rasanam Manasaha Sadanam" is the symptom seen in

- ✓(A) Vataja Gulma
- (B) Kaphaja Gulma
- (C) Vataja Grahani
- (D) Kaphaja Grahani

33. "Mahavastu Parigraha" is a Lakshana of

- (A) Sarshapika
- (B) Alaji
- (C) Sharavika
- ✓(D) Kacchapika

34. "Varaati Dashta Samsthanaha" is said in regards to

- ✓(A) Udarda
- (B) Kitibha
- (C) Indravridha
- (D) Kotha

35. Number of Trishna according to "Madhava and Sushruta" are

- (A) 5
- (B) 6
- ✓(C) 7
- (D) 4

36. Murcha is due to

- ✓(A) Pitta and Tamas
- (B) Rajasa, Pitta and Vata
- (C) Tamas, Vata and Kapha
- (D) Shleshma and Tamas



37. The Dosha involved in Trishna is

- (A) Vata
- (B) Pitta
- (C) Kapha
- (D) A, B

38. According to Sushruta "Artava formation" occurs after .... from Rasadhātu

- (A) 7 days
- (B) 4-5 days
- (C) 1 month
- (D) 12-14 years

39. Charaka identifies .... where Pitta should be in abundance

- (A) Pakwashaya
- (B) Gallbladder
- (C) Grahani
- (D) Amashaya

40. According to Ashtangahrīdaya, though Agni in normal state, it becomes .... if influenced by Vata

- (A) Vishama
- (B) Ushna
- (C) Teekshana
- (D) Vridhhi

41. During conception, Doshas play greater role in the formation of Prakriti, where Pitta contributes for ..... according to Ashtangahrīdaya

- (A) Ushna Prakriti
- (B) Madhyama Prakriti
- (C) Ūtama Prakriti
- (D) Rajasika Prakriti

42. According to Ashtangahridaya, Dooshya is nothing but .... when acted upon by Doshas
- (A) Rasa
  - (B) Mamsa
  - ✓(C) Rakta
  - (D) A, B, C
43. The Rasas act on Vatapitta etc, Madura Rasa does
- (A) Increase Pittavata
  - (B) Decrease Kaphavata
  - (C) Increase Rasamedha
  - ✓(D) Decrease Vatapitta
44. Sushruta has described visual learning of anatomy in .... Chapter?
- (A) Samkhya Vyakarana
  - (B) Pramana Vyakarana
  - (C) 5<sup>th</sup> chapter of Sharira Sthana
  - ✓(D) A, B, C
45. "Phalapakanta" is ..... according to Charaka
- (A) Vanaspati
  - (B) Vanaspatya
  - (C) Virudha
  - ✓(D) Aushadha
46. "Marichi" is related to
- (A) Prithivi Mahabhuta
  - (B) Akasha Mahabhuta
  - ✓(C) Ap Mahabhuta
  - (D) Agni Mahabhuta



47. Prithvi Mahabhuta contains .... as seen in Sushruta
- (A) Rajoguna  
✓(B) Tamoguna  
(C) Satvatamoguna  
(D) Rajhatamoguna
48. Atetaadi Vyavahara Hetuhu is .... according to Tantra Sangraha
- (A) Panchamahabhuta  
(B) Dik/Disha  
✓(C) Kaala  
(D) Manaha
49. Prachyaadi Vyayaharhetu is .... according to Tantra Sangraha
- (A) Kaala  
✓(B) Dik/Disha  
(C) Atma  
(D) Manas
50. Yasya Dravyasya Vivarane Ashakti is referred to
- (A) Sthoola  
✓(B) Sukshma  
(C) Snigdha  
(D) Teekshana
51. Dwandwa Karmaja, Ekakarmaja, Sarvakarmaja, is related to
- (A) Yukti  
(B) Parimana  
✓(C) Samyoga  
(D) Vibhaga
52. The excess intake of food causes discomfort, however, Sushruta advocates Vamānakarma in .... condition
- ✓(A) Vidagdha  
(B) Vishtabda  
(C) Amotpatti  
(D) Vibandha

53. In winter season, an exercise should be done till  
(A) Stabdha Shwasha  
(B) Lohagandhi Shwasa  
(C) Poornashakti Shwasa  
✓ (D) Gharnapradurbhava
54. Sushruta advocates .... posture should be adopted after the intake of food  
✓ (A) Rajavat  
(B) Bhojanasana  
(C) Uttanashayana  
(D) Lotus
55. Suryavartharasa should be given in two Gunja Pramana in .... according to Sharangadhara  
(A) Ardhavabedaka  
(B) Suryavarta  
✓ (C) Shankaka  
✓ (D) Shwasa
56. In Ashtangahridaya, it is advocated that face / mouth should be covered while  
(A) Yawning  
(B) Laughing  
(C) Sneezing  
✓ (D) A, B, C
57. These should not be grown according to Ashtangahridaya  
✓ (A) Shmashru  
(B) Asthi  
(C) Danta  
✓ (D) Anguli
58. Ashtangahridaya advises not to indulge in  
✓ (A) Staring objects of hate  
(B) Staring small objects  
(C) Staring sun  
✓ (D) A, B, C



59. According to Ashtangahridaya one should avoid
- (A) Head low position
  - (B) Staying below the tree during nights
  - (C) Places serving alcohol
  - (D) A, B, C
60. One who understands others and tries to please them is .... according to Vagabhatta
- (A) Chatura pundit
  - (B) Paraaraadhana pundit
  - (C) Vidwan pundit
  - (D) Dharma guru
61. Taking bath is not advisable to one who has
- (A) Netra disease
  - (B) Indigestion
  - (C) Just consumed food
  - (D) A, B, C
62. Vaadavidya or Tatvavidya is a synonym of .... Darshan
- (A) Nyaya
  - (B) Samkhya
  - (C) Yoga
  - (D) Mimamsa
63. Ekantavaada is proposed by
- (A) Vedanta Darshana
  - (B) Samkhya Darshana
  - (C) Yoga Darshana
  - (D) A and C
64. Number of Padarthas accepted by Yoga Darshana is
- (A) 6
  - (B) 24
  - (C) 25
  - (D) 20

65. Pramanas accepted by Charvaka Darshana

- (A) Pratyaksha
- (B) Abhaava
- (C) Pratyaksha anumana
- (D) Pratyaksha anumana, Shabda

66. Kanaada is the Pravartaka of .... Darshana

- (A) Samkhya
- (B) Nyaya
- (C) Vaisheshika
- (D) Charaka

67. Karyakarana Siddantha is mainly proposed by

- (A) Nyaya Darshana
- (B) Samkhya Darshana
- (C) Karmakhanda of Mimamsa Darshana
- (D) Vedanta Darshana

68. Number of Teerthankaras according to Jaina Darshana are

- (A) 6
- (B) 18
- (C) 24
- (D) 30

69. Kshanabhangura Vada is proposed by

- (A) Jaina Darshana
- (B) Bouddha Darshana
- (C) Charvaka Darshana
- (D) Vagabhatta Darshana

70. Paramanu Vada is proposed by

- (A) Nyaya Darshana
- (B) Samkhya Darshana
- (C) Mimamsa Darshana
- (D) None of the above



71. Parinama Vada is proposed by  
(A) Nyaya Darshana  
 (B) Samkhya Darshana  
(C) Vedanta Darshana  
(D) Vaisheshika Darshana
72. When the disease has deep rooted Doshas, Rakta Mokshana is done by using .... according to Sushruta  
(A) Siraavyadha  
 (B) Jalauka  
(C) Alabu  
(D) Blood donation camp
73. Following instrument should be used for Raktamokshana on bony prominence areas according to Sushruta  
 (A) Kutharika  
(B) Suchi  
(C) Nadi  
(D) Sharaareemukha
74. Vitshaithilya, Adhastat Sneha Darshana, Angaanaam Laaghavam indicates .... according to Sushruta  
(A) Snehaapakthihi  
(B) Heenasneha  
 (C) Samyaksneha  
(D) Atisneha
75. According to Sushruta Sweda are of four types. Sandhi Peeda, Sphota, Raktaprakopa, Trishna etc are caused due to  
(A) Heena Sweda  
 (B) Ati Sweda  
(C) Madhyama Sweda  
(D) Pramada Sweda

76. Vamana is not indicated in Gulma, Udihara, Krura Koshta, Ajeerna etc. However, in Visha Peedita, Vamana should be done using .... according to Sushruta Samhita

- (A) Madhuka Kwatha
- (B) Madana Kwatha
- (C) Nimba Kwatha
- (D) Vishaala Kwatha

77. Niruha Basti can be given in .... time according to Chakradatta

- (A) Purvaahna
- (B) Madhyahna
- (C) Sayaaahna
- (D) Ratrou

78. Snehapana is not indicated in .... according to Sushruta

- (A) Ajeerna
- (B) Tarunajwara
- (C) Prasootastree
- (D) A, B, C

79. Among the Sandhi varieties Vayasatundi Sandhi is seen at

- (A) Uru
- (B) Hanu
- (C) Manibandha
- (D) Parshni

80. Among the layers of Twacha, Granthi, Apachi, occur in .... layer

- (A) Rohini
- (B) Vediti
- (C) Shweta
- (D) Avabhasini



81. Formation of .... occurs due to Kitta part of Shonita according to Sushruta
- (A) Aantra
  - (B) Hridaya
  - (C) Unduka
  - (D) Pleeha
82. Total number of bones in the body according to Charaka is
- (A) 204
  - (B) 260
  - (C) 210
  - (D) 360
83. .... organ is responsible for the separation of Mala as described by Sushruta
- (A) Samaana Vayu
  - (B) Grahani
  - (C) Unduka
  - (D) Nabhi
84. Dhamanis are innumerable due to the division of .... Dhamanis
- (A) Urdhwaga
  - (B) Adhoga
  - (C) Teeryaga
  - (D) Swabhava
85. Cadaver is decomposed in running water and the study can be started after .... according to Sushruta
- (A) One day
  - (B) One week
  - (C) One paksha
  - (D) One month
86. Though Rasavasoathanam Hridyam Moolam, according to Sushruta Rasasthana is said to be
- (A) Pakwashaya
  - (B) Aamashaya
  - (C) Hridaya
  - (D) Pupusa

87. Charaka in Sutrasthana has described the trees / Vriksha assigned for Shodhana Karma.

They are .... in number

(A) 4

(B) 5

(C) 6

(D) 7

88. The following Dravyas can be taken regularly according to Charaka

(A) Mudga

(B) Saindhava

(C) Jangalamamsa

(D) A, B, C

89. Jentakasweda is indicated in .... Rutucharya

(A) Sharath

(B) Varsha

(C) Vasantha

(D) Hemant

90. Ghratamcha Uttarabhaktikam is related to the treatment of .... according to Charaka

(A) Mutravegadharana

(B) Hikkavegadharana

(C) Kshavathuvegadharana

(D) Nidraveghadharana

d

91. Ekapatharoga is said to be .... according to Charaka

(A) Sukhasadhya

(B) Krichhrasadhya

(C) Yyapya

(D) Apatrikriya

d

92. Anupana during the consumption of Majja is

(A) Peya

(B) Yooshya

(C) Ushnajala

(D) Manda



99. While describing Grahapeedita Lakshana in a patient, Vagabhatta refers to Oshtha as
- (A) Aasya
  - ✓ (B) Dashanacchada
  - (C) Shrikinou
  - (D) Upajihwa
100. Pooyalasaka occurs in .... of eye
- ✓ (A) Kaneenika
  - (B) Apanga
  - (C) Parvani
  - (D) Drishti
101. Galashundika should be excised. In Sushruta, the Chedana is said to be
- ✓ (A) Tribhagam
  - (B) Dwibhagam
  - (C) Sampoonam
  - (D) Chaturbhagam
102. According to Dalhana, Talupupputa, Tundikeri are .... diseases
- (A) Chhedhya
  - (B) Lekhya
  - ✓ (C) Bhedhya
  - (D) Vedhya
103. Rohini occurs in .... and may be fatal
- ✓ (A) Kantha
  - (B) Nakshatra
  - (C) Feminine name
  - (D) Taalu
104. According to Sushruta Samhita, Trananchamoola contain
- (A) Kandekshu
  - (B) Darbha
  - (C) Kusha
  - ✓ (D) A, B, C

id

93. The Maatra of Snehapana for Shodhanakarma is  
(A) Uthama  
✓(B) Madhyama  
(C) Hrisvya  
(D) Heena
94. The general line of treatment for Pratishaaya comprises of  
(A) Sarpi Paana  
(B) Swedana Vamana  
(C) Avapeedana Nasya  
✓(D) A, B, C
95. Nasa is said to be .... in length according to Charaka  
✓(A) 4 angula  
(B) 3 angula  
(C) 2 angula  
(D) 5 angula
96. General line of treatment for Jihwaroga comprises of .... according to Yogaratnakara  
(A) Raktamokshana  
(B) Kavala  
(C) Guduchi Nimba Pippali Kwatha  
✓(D) A, B, C
97. Vagabhatta describes cutting and suturing / plastic repair of Khandoushtha and advises .... for suturing  
(A) Sukshma Sutra  
(B) Ashmantakavalkala Sutra  
✓(C) Kshouma Sutra  
(D) Snayu Sutra
98. Yogaratnakara describes Mukha as comprising of .... etc  
(A) Dantamoola  
(B) Gala  
(C) Jhiwaha  
✓(D) A, B, C



105. Bilwa, Trikatu, Paatala, Kaashmary formed the ingredients of .... as seen in Sushruta

- (A) Valli Panchamoola
- (B) Mahat Panchamoola
- (C) Laghu Panchamoola
- (D) Bilwadi Gana

106. Pippali, Shrungabera, Maricha form .... according to Sushruta

- (A) Trikatu
- (B) Deepaka Gana
- (C) Pippali Gana
- (D) Vrishya Gana

107. Aapyadravyas have .... Guna

- (A) Snigda
- (B) Manda
- (C) Picchila
- (D) A, B, C

108. Though Rasas are six in number, some scholars increase the number and .... forms the increase

- (A) Kshara
- (B) Avyaka
- (C) Swadhu
- (D) A, B

109. Haridra is one of the ingredient of Ksharasutra according to Bhavaprakasha, the other ingredients are

- (A) Sutra
- (B) Snuhi
- (C) Apamargakshara
- (D) A, B, C

110. Madanapala Majjya in the dose of .... should be given in water for Vamana according to Bhavaprakasha

- (A) 3-6 masha
- (B) 5-10 tola
- (C) 1-2 kaksha
- (D) 10 ratti

111. Laksha should be always used .... as per Bhavaprakasha

- (A) Fresh collected
- (B) Purana
- (C) Bhaanda Gata
- (D) Bharjitha

112. Lashuna is said to be equivalent to nector. However, .... Rasa is missing as seen from the Bhavaprakasha Nigantu

- (A) Lavana
- (B) Amla
- (C) Tikta
- (D) Katu

113. Among Viruddha Karana Dravyas, these are some among them

- (A) Amla Rasa and Ksheera
- (B) Ratrodadhi Bhojana
- (C) Shukara Mamsa, Ghrita, Sheetalajala
- (D) A, B, C

114. Lippes loop device for family control is a

- (A) Open device
- (B) Non medicated device
- (C) Polythene device
- (D) A, B, C



115. Haemagglutination inhibition test for pregnancy is positive by formation of a sharply demarcated brown ring at the bottom of the tube. The time required for this is

- (A) Instant
- (B) Within 5 min
- (C) 1 hour
- (D) 2 hours

116. After delivery Sushruta advises to cut Nabhinala leaving .... angula

- (A) 4
- (B) 6
- (C) 8
- (D) 10

117. Quickening is felt in primigravida in .... weeks of pregnancy

- (A) 12
- (B) 16
- (C) 18
- (D) 24

118. The occurrence of lactation after delivery may start in .... days according to Sushruta

- (A) Instant
- (B) 3-4 days
- (C) 4-6 days
- (D) 0-3 days

119. Post partum hemorrhage is identified when total blood loss amounts to

- (A) 250 ml
- (B) 350 ml
- (C) 500 ml
- (D) 700 ml

120. In ancient literature child bearing was precious, however a lady is called Nivritta Prasava if she does not conceive for .... years after delivery

- (A) 4
- (B) 6
- (C) 8
- (D) 12

121. Uterus is felt enlarged and full and firm in upper segment and soft in lower segment and usually seen in 6-10 weeks of pregnancy and this sign is called

- (A) Hegar's sign
- (B) Palmer's sign
- (C) Chadwick's sign
- (D) Ladin's sign

122. Sootika is supposed to be a period of .... after delivery according to Sushruta

- (A) 1 month
- (B) 1½ months
- (C) 4 months
- (D) 6 months

123. Ritukala is said to be upto .... as described by Sushruta

- (A) 0-6 days
- (B) 3-8 days
- (C) 12-16 days
- (D) 28 days

124. According to Sushruta menarche starts from .... of age

- (A) 12 yrs
- (B) 13 yrs
- (C) 16 yrs
- (D) 18 yrs



141. Yavagu is contraindicated in conditions like .... according to Charaka

- (A) Pittakaphadhike
- (B) Yurdhwaraktapitte
- (C) Madaatyaye
- (D) A, B, C

142. Sushruta contradicts the use of procedures like .... when Tunnasevani sutures are put on scrotum

- (A) Snehana, Seka
- (B) Gopanabhandha
- (C) Akshnou Jalaparokshana
- (D) Padabhanga with Jala

143. Gandha Taila is specially indicated in

- (A) Twakroga
- (B) Bhagna
- (C) Kushta
- (D) Kandu

144. Sushruta advocates .... for the removal of Ashmari in toto during operative procedure

- (A) Kankamukha yantra
- (B) Agrya Vaktra yantra
- (C) Simhamukha yantra
- (D) Vyalamukha yantra

145. Standing X-ray is a must to rule out .... in stab injury where gas below diaphragm is seen

- (A) Perforation of intestine
- (B) Perforation of bladder
- (C) Perforation of uterus
- (D) Perforation of spleen

125. Rate of respiration per minute in premature infant ranges between 40-90, however in first year of life it would be

- (A) 20-40/min
- (B) 30-40/min
- (C) 15-25/min
- (D) 18-24/min

126. Sushruta restricts .... in a baby fed on milk even when the baby is suffering from Vatajajwara

- (A) Ghrita
- (B) Kshira and Jala
- (C) Jala
- (D) No restrictions

127. In Ahiputhana Gudapaka occurs and to check this Sushruta advises the use of .... to reduce Pitta

- (A) Sarpi
- (B) Rasanjana
- (C) Kshiranna
- (D) Rechana

128. Sushruta identified .... where Vata causes painful distension in umbilicus

- (A) Nabhinaha
- (B) Udavartha
- (C) Nabhyaavarta
- (D) Tundi

129. .... Taila is most indicated while Nabhikartana by Vagabhatta

- (A) Jatyaditilla
- (B) Kumbataila
- (C) Pindataila
- (D) Kusthataila



135. Bleeding / clot in urinary bladder is referred as

- (A) Skandashonita
- (B) Picchilashonita
- (C) Syaashonita
- (D) Ganashonita

136. Virechana is a process of purification, however, it is regularly advised in

- (A) Jalodhara
- (B) Yakritodhara
- (C) Pleodhara
- (D) Kaphodhara

137. Charaka advocates Hingwashtaka Churna, specially in

- (A) Rajayakshma
- (B) Gulma
- (C) Swasha
- (D) Pravahika

138. In Swishtra, Charaka relies more on

- (A) Khadira
- (B) Malapoorasa
- (C) Arogyavardhini
- (D) Kushta

139. Charaka advises Lodhrasava in

- (A) Prameha
- (B) Pradara
- (C) Raktasrava
- (D) Rakta Atisara

140. Danti and Haritaki combination is advised in .... by Charaka

- (A) Gulma
- (B) Malabadratha
- (C) Ajeerua
- (D) Kshaya

146. While doing USG study of abdomen

- (A) Urinary bladder should be full
- (B) Urinary bladder should be empty
- (C) No gas in intestine
- (D) Patient should be empty stomach

147. Stapled technique is advocated in

- (A) Internal haemorrhoidectomy
- (B) Intestinal anastomosis.
- (C) Doppler guided haemorrhoidectomy
- (D) Closure of skin in compound fracture

148. Sushruta encountered complications in surgery on bladder and enumerated .... as incurables

- (A) Dwidhabhinnabasti
- (B) Ekatobhinna
- (C) Mutrasravivrana
- (D) A, B, C

149. Sushruta has advised .... during urinary bladder surgery for removal of Ashmari particles

- (A) Bladder wash
- (B) Second operation
- (C) Weight and watch
- (D) Catheterisation

150. FNAC or fine needle aspiration cytology should not be done in

- (A) Thyroid
- (B) Lump in breast
- (C) Testicular tumour
- (D) Lymph node



130. Supplement of food to be started for the child from

- (A) 4<sup>th</sup> month
- (B) 5<sup>th</sup> month
- ✓ (C) 6<sup>th</sup> month
- (D) 7<sup>th</sup> month

131. The milk is tested by mixing in water before it should be given to child; it would be suitable if

- ✓ (A) It mixes completely
- (B) It sinks
- (C) Floats
- (D) Becomes frothy

132. Naming ceremony is celebrated on

- (A) 8<sup>th</sup> day
- (B) 8<sup>th</sup> month
- ✓ (C) 10<sup>th</sup> day
- (D) 10<sup>th</sup> month

133. To remove Unmada, Grahabadha, Vagabhata advocates .... Pana

- (A) Bhootarao Ghrata
- (B) Mahabhootarao Ghrata
- (C) Siddharthaka Ghrata
- ✓ (D) A, B, C

✓ 134. Charaka advocates .... in pain in the perianal area

- ✓ (A) Chitraka
- (B) Agnimantha
- (C) Ballathaka
- (D) Kutajatwaka

Office of the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations, Thiruvananthapuram  
 Entrance Examination for Admission to M.D. Ayurveda Course-2012

**ANSWER KEY : PAPER - 1**

Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER
1	D	31	B	61	D	91	B	121	A
2	B	32	A	62	A	92	D	122	B
3	A	33	D	63	A	93	B	123	C
4	C	34	A	64	C	94	D	124	A
5	D	35	C	65	A	95	A	125	A
6	D	36	A	66	C	96	D	126	A
7	D	37	D	67	A	97	C	127	B
8	B	38	C	68	C	98	D	128	D
9	A	39	D	69	B	99	B	129	D
10	A	40	A	70	D	100	A	130	C
11	A	41	B	71	B	101	A	131	A
12	B	42	D	72	B	102	C	132	C
13	D	43	D	73	A	103	A	133	D
14	A	44	D	74	C	104	D	134	A
15	A	45	D	75	B	105	B	135	C
16	A	46	C	76	A	106	A	136	A
17	B	47	B	77	B	107	D	137	B
18	A	48	C	78	D	108	D	138	B
19	B	49	B	79	B	109	D	139	A
20	C	50	B	80	A	110	A	140	A
21	D	51	C	81	C	111	A	141	D
22	C	52	A	82	D	112	B	142	A
23	B	53	D	83	C	113	D	143	B
24	D	54	A	84	C	114	D	144	B
25	A	55	D	85	B	115	D	145	A
26	B	56	D	86	C	116	C	146	A
27	D	57	A	87	C	117	C	147	A
28	B	58	D	88	D	118	B	148	A
29	A	59	D	89	D	119	C	149	A
30	D	60	B	90	C	120	B	150	C