9842



STATE BANK OF INDIA

RECRUITMENT OF PROBATIONARY OFFICERS
IN STATE BANK OF INDIA
(DATE OF WRITTEN EXAM: 24.07.2011)

INFORMATION HANDOUT

Central Recruitment and Promotion Dept., Corporate Centre, Tulsiani Chambers, 1st Floor, (West Wing), 212, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point - Mumbai 400 021.

Reasoning

This is a test to see how well you can think and also to judge your aptitude/ knowledge for working with computer. It contains questions of various kinds. Here are some sample questions.

Directions: In each of the following questions, there are five letter groups or words in each question. Four of these letter groups or words are alike in some way, while one is different. Find the one which is different.

Q.1. (1) black (2) red (3) green (4) paint (5) yellow

Of the five, 'black, 'red', 'green' and 'yellow' form a group as they are names of colours. 'paint' is not the name of a colour. Therefore, (4) is the answer.

Now try to solve the following questions.

Q.2. (1) BC (2) MN (3) PQ (4) XZ (5) ST

Q.3. (1) Mango (2) Apple (3) Orange (4) Guava (5) Rose

Directions: In each of the following questions, there is a question mark in which only one of the five alternatives given under the question satisfies the same relationship as is found between the two terms to the left of the sign: given in the question. Find the correct answer.

Q.4. Foot: man: hoof:?
(1) leg (2) dog (3) horse (4) boy (5) shoe

In the above example, 'hoof' has the same relationship with 'horse' as 'foot' has to 'man'. Hence the answer is (3).

Now study to solve the following questions.

Q.5. Day: Night:: Kind:?

(1) Dark (2) Bright (3) Cruel (4) Generous (5) Gratitude

Q.6. Hut: Mansion:: Rabbit:?

(1) Hole (2) Carrot (3) Elephant (4) Small (5) Rat

Now try the following questions.

Q.7. If the letters in the word TOPS can be rearranged to form a meaningful word beginning with O, the last letter of that word is your answer. If more than one such word can be formed, M is the answer and if no such word can be formed, X is the answer.

(1) T (2) P (3) M (4) S (5) X

Q.8. 'Some leaders are dishonest. Satyapriya is a leader.' Which of the following inferences definitely follows from these statements?

(1) Satyapriya is honest

(2) Satyapriya is dishonest

(3) Some leaders are honest

(4) Leaders are generally dishonest

(5) Satyapriya is sometimes dishonest

Q.9. If 'A" B' means 'add B to A', 'A' B' means 'subtract B from A', 'A # B' means 'divide A by B' and 'A B' means 'multiply A by B; which of the following gives the average sales of two days where S₁ and S₂ are the sales of the first and the second day respectively?

(1) (S₄ 'S₂) # 2

(2) 2 # (S₁ "S₂)

 $(3) (S_1 " S_2 # 2)$

(4) $(S_1 \quad \bar{S}_2) \# (S_1 \; \bar{S}_2)$

(5) None of these

Q.10. Every person above eighteen years of age who is registered as a voter, can vote. To find out whether Madhu, who was born twenty years ago, can vote, which of the following further information is needed?

(I) Madhu's date of birth

(II) Whether Madhu is registered as a voter

(1) Only I

(2) Only II

(3) Either I or II

(4) Neither I nor II

(5) Both I and II

Q.11. In each question below are given two statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the two given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts, consider the two conclusions; together and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

Statements : I.All machines are windows. All windows are clouds.

Conclusions : I. All machines are clouds. II.All clouds are machines.

(1) None follows (2) Only I follows (3) Both I & II follow

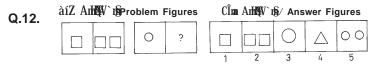
(4) Only II follows (5) Either I or II follows

There may also be problems in the form of figures, designs and drawings. These may be of three types viz. (1) analogies, (2) classification and (3) series.

1. Analogies (I):

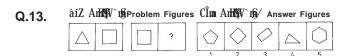
Try the following analogy type questions.

Directions: In these questions, there are two sets of figures. The Problem Figures and the Answer Figures. The Problem Figures are presented in two units. The first unit contains two figures and the second unit contains one figure and a question mark in place of the second figure. You have to find out which one of the Answer Figures should be in place of the question mark.



Look at the first two Problem Figures. The second figure is related to the first figure in a certain way. The elements in the second figure are double the elements in the first figure. The first figure is one square and the second figure is two squares.

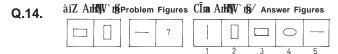
The third and fourth figures should have the same relationship as the first and the second have. That means the fourth figure should be double the third figure. The third figure is a circle; so the fourth should be two circles. Answer figure 5 has two circles. Therefore, the answer is 5.



Study the first and the second figures in the first unit of the Problem Figures. The first figure is made up of three lines and the second figure is made up of four lines. That means the second figure has one line more than the first figure.

The third figure in the second unit has four lines. Therefore, the fourth figure should have five lines. You will find that figure 1 is made up of five lines. Therefore, the answer is 1.

Now attempt the following question.



Analogies (II):

In each of the following problems a related pair of figures is followed by five numbured pairs of figures. Select the pair that has a relationship similar to that in the original pair. The best answer is to be selected from a group of fairly close choices.

Now study the following problems.



In the problem figure, the right hand element of the figure is related to the left hand element of the figure in a certain way. The right hand element has one side more than the left hand element. The pair in the Answer figure No. 5 has the same relationship i.e. the right hand element of the figure has one side more than the left hand element of the figure. Therefore, '5' is the answer.

àíZ Aɪ█∰V`ı∰Problem Figures CÎMA AIHAW IS Answer Figures Q.16.

In the problem figure, the right hand element of the figure is related to the left hand element of the figure in a certain way. Both the elements are rectangles, but the right hand element is horizontal while the left hand element is vertical.

In the answer figure 2, both the elements of the figure are straight lines. The right hand element is horizontal while the left hand element is vertical. Therefore, (2) is the correct answer.

Now attempt the following question:



2. Classification:

Study the following questions based on classification.

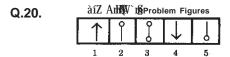


In classification, the Problem Figures themselves are also the Answer Figures. Out of the five figures, four are similar in a certain way. One figure is not like the other four. That means four figures form a group. The question is which one of the figures does not belong to this group?

For example, look at the Q. No. 18. Of the five figures, four are straight lines whereas one is a circle. The four lines form a group. The circle does not belong to this group. Therefore, the answer is the circle which is figure 1.

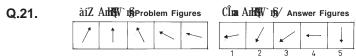
Study the five figures. The first four figures form a group as they represent living beings while the fifth figure, the triangle, does not represent a living being. Therefore the answer is 5.

Now attempt the following question.



3. Series (I)

Study the following problems based on series.

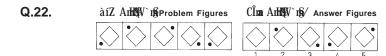


Note that the five figures given first at the left are called Problem Figures. The five figures given next are called Answer Figures. They are indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

The five Problem Figures make a series. That means they change from left to right in a specific order. The question is 'If the figures continue to change in the same order, what should the sixth figure be? In the example above, as you go from left to right, you find that the line across the Problem Figures is inclining towards left.

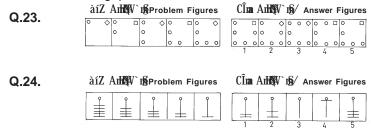
The question is, 'if the line continues to incline further, what will be its next, i.e. sixth position?' The answer would be it would fall further and be lying flat, ie. it will be horizontal.

Answer Figure 4 has a line lying horizontal. Therefore, the answer is 4.



Study the position of the dot in all the Problem Figures. Note that it keeps moving around the square in the clockwise directions. Where would it be next in the sixth position? It would come back to the upper left corner. Therefore, the answer is 2.

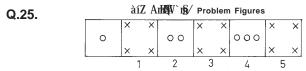
Now solve the following questions.



3. Series (II)

In each of the following problems, a series is established if the positions of the two out of five numbered figures are interchanged. The position of the first unnumbered figure remains the same. It is the beginning of the series. The earlier of the two numbered figures whose positions are interchanged is the Answer. If it is not necessary to interchange the positions of figures to establish the series, write 5 as your answer. Remember that when the series is established, the figures change from left to right (i.e. from the unnumbered figure to the last figure), in a specific order.

Now study the following problems:



In this problem, a series is already established. It is not necessary to interchange the positions of any two numbered figures. Therefore, mark (5) as the correct Answer.

In this problem a series is established by interchanging the positions of figures (4) and (5). Therefore, Mark (4) as the correct Answer.

Data Analysis and Interpretation

This test is designed to measure how fast and accurate you are in dealing with numbers, viz. computation, quantitative reasoning, interpretation of tables and graphs etc.

Q.27-29. Study the following table carefully and answer the questions given below ——

Distribution of 1000 candidates as regards their marks in written examination out of 300 and interview out of 100 in a selection examination

Written	INTERVIEW MARKS							
Examination Marks	Below 30	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70 & above		
260 & above	8	18	26	18	26	4		
210 to 259	5	4	30	22	10	9		
160 to 209	16	10	45	56	18	9		
110 to 159	28	42	100	190	15	5		
60 to 109	35	115	20	8	7	5		
Below 60	32	32	20	4	6	2		

Q.27	. How many candid interview?	ates did obta	in more tha	n 69 percent ı	marks and ab	oove in both v	written exar	nination and
	(1) 22	(2) 49	((3) 13	(4) 9		(5) None	e of these
Q.28	. if approximately 3 centage of the qua (1) above 20		s?	e qualified in t (3) above 36		amination, w		be the per-
Q.29	. About 42 percent (1) 110-159							
Som	o of the guestions m	ov roquiro or	ithmotical r	acconing For	· ovomplo ·			
30111	e or the questions in	ay require ai	illimelicari	easoning. For	example.			
Q.30	. At 10 paise each, (1) 6	how many p (2) 10				10	(5) None	e of these
Q.31	Some of the questions may require arithmetical reasoning. For example: Q.30. At 10 paise each, how many paise will 6 lemons cost? (1) 6 (2) 10 (3) 60 (4) 610 (5) None of these Q.31. Which of the following can be exact multiple of 4? (1) 27114 (2) 58204 (3) 48402 (4) 32286 (5) None of these Q.32. If the profit made by selling a pen for Rs.10 is as much as its cost, what is the cost price of the pen? (1) Rs.3/- (2) Rs.5/- (3) Rs.10/- (4) Rs.20/- (5) None of these Also, there may be some questions based on graphs and tables. Q.33-35. Directions: Given below is a table showing percentages out of a total of 700 employees ranking six attributes that help promotion. Rank I is the highest. Study the table carefully and answer the questions that follow: Attribute Percent of Employees Giving Different Ranks							
Q.32								
Also	there may be some	questions b	ased on gra	phs and table	es.			
U 33	-35 Directions : (Given below	ie a table eb	owing percer	stages out of	a total of 700) omplovee	e ranking eiv
attrib	utes that help prom							
	Attribute		Percent of I	Employees G	iving Differer	nt Ranks		
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
	Seniority	32	17	22	19	5	5	
	Perseverance	14	19	17	9	27	14	
	Efficiency	15	19	21	14	14	17	
	Intelligence	10	14	10	14	17	35	
	Honesty	24	17	7	9	27	16	
	Sociability	5	14	23	35	10	13	
Q.33	. Which attribute for (1) Perseverance	r promotion h (2) Senio		I the highest r (3) Honesty		ociability	(5) Effici	ency
	ce the percentage for entage. So your ans					ority is the at	tribute with	the highest
Q.34	. How many employ (1) 119	/ees gave rai (2) 98		ligence ? (3) 77	(4) 70)	(5) 10	
You	at the intersection of find that 10 percent ver should be (4).							
Q.35	. Which attribute is (1) Honesty	considered t (2) Intellig		oortant for pro (3) Persevera		ficiency	(5) Soci	ability

Referring to the percentage for VI rank, you find that intelligence is the attribute which receives the highest percentage. In other words, a majority of people consider it as the least important and give it the last rank. Therefore your answer is (2).

General Awareness / Marketing / Computers

This test is intended to give an index of your awareness of people and events past and present in different walks of life.

Q.36. To combat the menace of money laundering, which of the following financial institutions has introduced the

	'Know Your Custom (1) IDBI	er' Scheme? (2) RBI	(3)	NABARD	(4) SIDBI	(5) None of these
Q.37.	Which of the following (1) Energy	ng sectors contribute (2) Tourism		aximum in decidir Service	ng the growth in in (4) Transport		of the states in India ? Agriculture
Q.38.	Which of the following (1) Bihar	ng is the state where (2) Andhra Pradesł				-	e is maximum ? Orissa
Q.39.	Who is the person c Vibhushan recently		th op	eration flood pro	grammes and wa	s honou	ured by Padma
	(1) Dr. V. Kurien (4) Dr. A. P. J. Abdu			or. M. S. Swamina Ione of these	athan	(3) Dr	. Amartya Sen
Q.40.	Which of the followin (1) Cultural and Sc (3) Personal and P		(2)	Economical an	d external factors		ooth (1) & (3)
Q.41.	Marketing for promo (1) Better Custome (3) Customised pro	er Service	(2)	s involves : Customer need both (1) & (3)	didentification	(5) A	all (1), (2) & (3).
Q.42.	1010, 0101, 1100, 0 (1) 00100	011, 11100 —— wha (2) 00111		ext ? 11100	(4) 10111	(5)	01010
Q.43.	The function of CPL (1) to provide extern (3) to create a new (5) none of these	nal storage of text		to create a hard to read, interpre		e inform	ation and instruction
Q.44.	Pick the odd man o (1) Monitor	ut. (2) Keyboard	(3)	Floppy drive	(4) Windows	(5)	Hard-disk drive
Q.45.	The full form of LAN (1) Local Access No (4) Local Area Node	etwork	٠,	Local Area Netw None of these	vork	(3)	Long Area Node
		Eng	glis	h Language			
on gra	s a test to see how we immar, vocabulary, s nswer the sample qu	entence completion,	syn				
	t ions : Pick out the m ningfully.	ost appropriate word	from	n amongst the wo	rds given below e	ach ser	tence to complete
Q.46.	He quickly glanced (1) at	(2) through			t it said about the		economy. over
The co	orrect answer is "thro	ugh" which is answe	r No.	. 2.			
Q.47.	The counsel urged (1) enact			down the ol	bnoxious law. (4) strike	(5)	declare

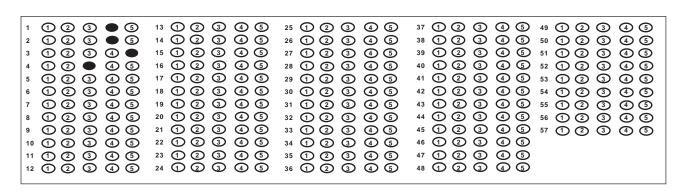
Q.48.	The local official (1) explained		th) warned		ter of the situa apprised		told	(5)	intimated
	tions: Read each part of the sentence								
Q.49.	I am twenty / two (1)	years (2)		I first / (3)	joined the ba (4)	nk.			error 5)
The er	ror is in (1). Theref	ore the	e answer is '1	·.					
Q.50.	To the Hindus / t (1)		nga is / holi 2)	er than (3)	/ any other riv (4)	er.			error 5)
In this	question, there is	no erro	or; therefore	he right	answer to this	quest	ion is '5'.		
Q.51.	Of all the teacher (1)	s / in	our school / (2)		ss teacher / v (3)	were ve	. *		error 5)
	tions: In each of t ng to the word give			ons, sel	ect from amor	ngst the	e five alternativ	es, the	e word nearest in
Q.52.	LETHAL (1) light	(2)	dangerous	(3)	deadly	(4)	cruel	(5)	thoughtless
Q.53.	CENTENARY (1) a guard	(2) a h	undred years	s (3)	a very old mar	n (4) l	nundred runs (5) hur	ndredth anniversary
Q.54.	TRIUMPH (1) conquer	(2)	smash	(3)	earn	(4)	brave	(5)	capture
	i ons : In each of th aning of the word g		• .	ns, selec	ct from amongs	st the fiv	ve alternatives,	the wo	ord most opposite
Q.55.	LIVELY (1) simple	(2)	weak	(3)	dull	(4)	angry	(5) ı	moron
Q.56.	INADVERTENT (1) adequate	(2)	available	(3)	sluggish	(4)	negligent	(5)	intentional
Q.57.	INEPT (1) accurate	(2)	skilful	(3)	sensible	(4)	artistic	(5)	apt
In add	ition there will be	au octi	anc bacad an	naccaa	o to tost vour	compr	ohonsion		

In addition, there will be questions based on passage, to test your comprehension.

The correct answers to all these questions have been provided ahead.

Now mark your answers to all the questions given so far in this booklet on the specimen answersheet given below, so that you have practice in answering such tests.

The first four answers have been marked for you.

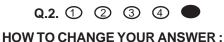


The correct answers to all these questions are as follows –

Questions	Answers								
1	4	13	1	25	5	37	3	49	1
2	4	14	1	26	4	38	5	50	5
3	5	15	5	27	3	39	1	51	4
4	3	16	2	28	5	40	5	52	3
5	3	17	4	29	4	41	5	53	5
6	3	18	1	30	3	42	5	54	1
7	4	19	5	31	2	43	5	55	5
8	3	20	3	32	2	44	1	56	5
9	5	21	4	33	2	45	2	57	2
10	4	22	2	34	2	46	2		
11	2	23	1	35	2	47	4		
12	5	24	3	36	2	48	3		

HOW TO SHOW YOUR ANSWERS TO OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS:

Each question is followed by answers which are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Select the most appropriate answer. Then by using HB Pencil, blacken the oval bearing the correct answer against the serial number of the question. Please note that the oval should be dark enough and should be filled in completely. For example, if the answer to Question Number 2 is answer number 5, it is to be shown as follows.



If you wish to change your answer, ERASE COMPLETELY the already darkened oval by using good quality eraser and then blacken the new oval bearing your revised answer number.

While changing the answer, erasing the earlier answer completely is extremely essential. If it is not erased completely, smudges will be left on the erased oval as shown below and the question will be read as having two answers. Therefore, no marks will be given.

0.3. (1) (2) (3) (5)

(Smudge left in oval No.3 due to bad erasure and the fresh answer in oval No.4 will be read as two answers 3 & 4, and therefore no credit will be given even if the answer No.4 happens to be the correct answer).

VERY IMPORTANT:

Please note that you SHOULD NOT USE an H, 2H / HH, 3H type Pencil. The marks made by such hard pencil will be too light and will not be read by the computerised machine. Similarly you should **NOT** use too soft pencils like B/BB/2B etc.

How to fill up information on the answersheet

Important

- 1. The information is to be filled in by you in boxes 1-11 and 13-28 on side 1 and in box 29 on side 2 of the answersheet.
- 2. You have to fill in information **in boxes 1-11** by using **ball point pen**.