SATHYABAMA UNIVERSITY

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Course & Branch: B.E - ECE/E&C/ETCE Title of the paper: Engineering Electromagnetics Semester: III Max. Marks: 80 Sub.Code: 13304(2002/2003/2004/2005)/25304(2004/2005)/6C0036 Time: 3 Hours Date: 25-04-2008 Session: AN

> PART – A (10 x 2 = 20)Answer All the Questions

- 1. Transform a vector $A = y\hat{I}_x x\hat{I}_y + z\hat{I}_z$ into cylindrical coordinates.
- 2. In what situations do we mostly use method of moments? On what does the accuracy depend in evaluating the fields by using the method of moments?
- 3. Define Magnetic dipole moment. Sketch the field due to a magnetic dipole.
- 4. State Gauss's law for the magnetic field and give it's physical interpretation.
- 5. What is the expression for the torque experienced by a current carrying loop, placed in a magnetic field?
- 6. What is meant by hysteresis? Draw the hysteresis loop.
- 7. Express Laplace equation in cylindrical and in Cartesian coordinate system.

- 8. Find the total current in a circular conductor of radius 4 mm if the current density varies according to $J = (10^4/r) \text{ A/m}^2$.
- 9. Define self inductance and mutual inductance.
- 10. The magnetic field intensity in free space is given as $H = H_0 \sin \theta \hat{a}_y A/m$, Where $\theta = \omega t \beta z$ and β is a constant quantity. Determine the displacement current density.

$$PART - B (5 x 12 = 60)$$

Answer All the Questions

- 11. Express the field $\overrightarrow{D} = (x^2 + y^2) 1$ $(\overrightarrow{xa_x} + \overrightarrow{ya_y})$ in cylindrical components and Evaluate both sides of the divergence theorem for the region bounded by $\rho = 2$, $0 \le \Phi \le 0.2\pi$ and z = 5. (or)
- 12. A circular ring of radius a carries a uniform charge ρ_L coulombs C/m and is placed on the xy plane with axis the same as the z

axis. Show that E(0,0,h) =
$$\frac{\rho_L ah}{2\epsilon_0 [h^2 + a^2]^{\frac{3}{2}}} \vec{a}_z$$

13. An infinitely long filamentary wire carries a current of 2A in the +z direction. Calculate

(i) B at (-3, 4, 7)

(ii) The flux through the square loop described by $2 \le \rho \le 6$, $0 \le z \le 4$, $\Phi = \pi/3$. Find \vec{H} at (i) A(2,3,0). (or)

14. Conductor surfaces are located at p = 1 cm and p = 2cm in free space. The volume 1 cm \cos(6 \times 10^8 \pi t - 2\pi z) A/m and $E_P = 240$ pi/p $\cos(6 \times 108 \text{pi} t - 2 \text{pi} z)$ z) v/m. Show that two fields satisfy $\nabla X \vec{E} = \frac{-\partial B}{\partial t}$

15. A plane wave propagating through a medium with

 $\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 48\mu_{\rm r} = 2$ has $\vec{E} = 0.5e^{-\frac{z}{3}}Sin(10^8t - \beta z)\vec{a}xV/m$. Find

(i) β (ii) H field (iii) Loss tangent (iv) Wave Impedance.

(or)

16. Two differential current elements $I_1\Delta L_1 = 3 \times 10^{-6} a_y$ A.m at $P_1(1,0,0)$ and $I_2\Delta L_2 = 3 \times 10^{-6}(-0.5a_x + 0.4a_y + 0.3a_z)$ A.m at $P_2(2,2,2)$ are located in free space. Find the vector force extended on i) $I_2\Delta L_2$ by $I_1\Delta L_1$ ii) $I_1\Delta L_1$ by $I_2\Delta L_2$

17. Given the potentially
$$V = \frac{100}{z^2 + 1} \rho Cos \phi V$$
.

(i) Find the electric field $\vec{E}at(3, \frac{\pi}{3}, 2)$.

(ii) Calculate the work done in moving a 10 - μ C charge from point A(1, $\pi/3$, 5) to B(4, $\pi/2$, 6).

(or)

- 18. Find the gradient of the scalar field $W = 10rSin^2\theta \cos\phi$.
- 19. Discuss briefly the following.
 - (a) Finite difference method of flux plotting
 - (b) Finite element method
 - (c) Conformal mapping

(or)

- 20. (a) Derive the formula for a co-axial spherical capacitor of length L, inner radius a and outer radius b.
 - (b) The electric field in free space is given by

$$\vec{E} = \frac{\sin\theta}{r} Cos(6X10^7 t - \beta r)\vec{a}\phi \quad V/m$$

- (i) Find H.
- (ii) Calculate β