## QDR QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2013

XI	– Std	BIO.	LOGY	www.tnschoo	ols.co.in			
Time	e: 3.00 Hrs	BIO - I	BOTANY	Mar	ks: 150			
I			correct answer. Each		one mark. 14 X 1 = 14			
1	The basic unit of		c) Family	d) Taxon	14 / 1 - 14			
2	a) Genus	b) Species ture of virus is due to		u) Taxon				
2.			c) envelope	d) tail fibre				
2		b) nucleic acid schanging its shape i		u) tall lible				
3.			c) symbiont	d) gram - neg	ativo			
1	a) spirilla		c) symbioni	u) grain - neg	auve			
4.	The body of funga) besidiocarp		c) mycenium	d) peptidogly	can			
	,	b) hyphae	c) mycenum	u) pep <del>uang</del> y	Carr			
5.	Phycology is the		c) algae	d) bacteria				
6	a) plant	b) virus	C) algae	u) bacteria				
6.	Riccia'belongs to a) amphibia	b) hepaticae	c) anthocerotae	d) musci				
7.		wn vascular plants ar	•	u) musci				
7.		b) thallophyta	c) bryophyta	d) spermatop	hvta			
0		lowing tree is a good			ity ta			
8.		b) aracaria	c) agathis	d) pinus				
0	a) ephedra	, -	c) agains	u) pirius				
9.	The largest plant	ninus b) ovuiles of ou	ras a) bactoria coll d	N ovuiles of araca	ria			
10.	a) megaspore of pinus b) ovules of cycas c) bacteria cell d) ovules of aracaria  An exception of cell theory is a) fungi b) bryophyte c) seed plant d) pteridophyte							
10.			i b) bryopriyte c) se	eed plant d) pterio	opityte			
11.	Phagocytosis is a		c) cell drinking	d) cell lysis				
10	a) cell eating	•	c) cen uniking	u) cen iysis				
12.	These are colour	b) chloroplast	a) alaioplast	d) Leucoplast				
12	The type of phyl	lotavy found in calot	ropie is	u) Leucopiasi	-			
13.	The type of phyllotaxy found in calotropis is							
11	<ul> <li>a) alternate</li> <li>b) opposite decussate c) opposite superposed d) ternate</li> <li>4. The most conpicuous and characteristic structure of angiosprems is</li> </ul>							
14.	0.0		c) fruit	d) leaf				
TT	a) flower	b) seed			$7 \times 3 = 21$			
II 15	122.01.02 42.07 00.02.04							
15.	What are the three groups of fruit? (with example)							
16. 17.	What are pneumatophores?							
17. 18.	Define: Crossing over.							
19.	What is polysome?							
20.	What are aims of classification?							
21.	List the any three living characteristic of viruses.							
22.	What are monocious plants?							
23.	What are monoecious plants? Write any two uses of diatomite.							
24.	What is peat?							
III		ır questions. Answei	the questions 28 c	ompulsorv.	4 X 5 = 20			
25.				<b>,</b>				
26.	List the difference between plants and animals.  Write about pigmentation in algae.							
27.	Write the economic importance of Bryophytes.							
28	Explain the ultra structure of chloroplast.							
29.	Define phyllode and phylloclade.							
30.	Explain the hypogynous and epigynous flowers with example.							
31	Give an account of head inflorescence.							
IV	Answer any two of the following questions. $2 \times 10 = 20$							
32	Explain the different types of placentation with example.							
33.	Describe the modifications of taproot system.							
34.		e structure of a cell w						
35.		mic importance of al	gae.	1 PIOLOCY (E	M) D- 4			

## **BIO - ZOOLOGY**

		BIO - ZOOLOG					
I	Answer all the questions. Choose the correct answer . $16 \times 1 = 16$						
1.	Which among the follow	ing is pseudocoelomat	re?				
	a) platyhelminthes	b) annelids	c) mollusca	d) Nematoda			
2.	Which among the follow			,			
	a) Schistostoma		c) Fasciola	d) Ascaris			
2			c) i asciola	uj riscaris			
3.	The hollow bones of bird		\ C1	. 1\ T ! : 1 1			
	a) Pneumatic bones		c) Skull bones	d) Limb bones			
4.	The infective stage of pla						
	a) Cryptozoite	b) Amoebula	c) Sporozoite	d) Mesozoite			
5.	Acrania refers to						
	a) Fishes	b) Birds	c) Chordates	d) Prochordates			
6.	The defeated group of ar		-,	,			
0.	a) amphibians	b) reptiles	c) mammals	d) fishes			
7		b) reptiles	c) mammais	d) listics			
7.	Single celled animals	1) '6.	-\ 11	1\1! 1 -			
_	a) protozoa	b) porifera	c) mollusca	d) annelida			
8.	Amphioxus belongs to						
	a) Hemichordata	b) Cephalo chodata	c) Urochordata	d) Vertebrata			
9.	Pecton is						
	a) pigmented process	b) eves c) nictitating	membrane d) scle	erotic plates			
10.	a) pigmented process b) eyes c) nictitating membrane d) sclerotic plates  The segmented body muscles of the fishes are						
10.	a) myotomes b) smooth	muscles c) skeletal m	nuscles d) visceral	muscles			
11			tuscies uj viscerui	inuscies			
11.	The name cell was coined		\ C 1'1	1) C 1-1			
	a) Robert Brown	b) Robert Hook	c) Galileo	d) Golgi			
12.	A three dimensional ima	ge of the object can be					
	a) compound microscope	2	b) dark field micro	oscope			
	c) electron microscope	~	d) scanning micro	scope			
13.	The cell respiratory organ	nelle is	, ,	• •			
10.	a) ribosome	b) lysosomes	c) golgi bodies	d) mitochondria			
14.	The number of nucleus is	n mammalian aruthros	notes is	d) Intochortana			
14.				ط/ منا			
	a) one	b) many	c) two	d) nil			
15.	The word cancer in latin						
	a) crab	b) virus	c) death	d) neoplasm			
16.	The movement of the fla	gellum is regulated by					
	a) plasma membrane	b) nucleus	c) basal body	d) ribosomes			
II	Answer any eight questions.  8 X 3 = 24						
17.	Why do we call nematoc						
18.							
19.	Name the sub classes under mammalia.						
	Mention three special features of primates.						
20.	Define biosphere.						
21.	What is trochophore?						
22.	Why do we call birds as glorified reptiles?						
23.	What is autolysis?						
24.	What are the types of chromosomes based on the nature of their arms?						
25.	What is a fluid mosaic model of a plasma membrane?						
26.	What are the types of carrier?						
27.							
28.	Name the parts of a compound microscope.						
	Name the new branches of science related to cytology?						
III	Answer any three of the following questions. Question No. 31 is compulsory.						
29.	Write notes on cell theory.  3 X 5 = 15						
30.	Differentiate TEM and SEM.						
31.	What are the various concepts of species?						
32.	Write notes on flight muscles of pigeon.						
33.	Write any five principles of nomenclature.						
IV	Answer any two questions in details. 2 X 10 = 20						
34.	Provide an account on various animal groups.						
35.	Explain the life cycle of plasmodium in man.						
36.	Describe compound microscope with diagram.						
37.	Write an account on cell nucleus with diagram.						
37.	vville all account on cen	mucieus willi ulagialli.					