## C.S.E. Electrical Engg. (PRELIM.) - 2005

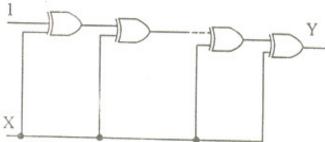
### C.S.E.

# ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - 2005 (PRELIMINARY)

Time Allowed: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 300

1.



If the input to the digital circuit consisting of a cascade of 20 XOR gates is X, then the output Y is equal to

(a) X'

(b) X

(c) 0

(d) I

2.

AB	00	01	11	10
0	1	1	ф	0
1	0	0	ф	0

The minimal products-of-sums function described by the K-map given above is

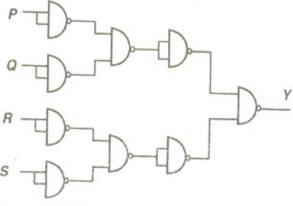
(a) A+C

(b) A'+C'

(c) AC

(d) A'C'

3.



For the circuit show above, the Boolean expression for the output Y in terms of inputs P, Q, R and S is

(a) P' + Q' + R' + S'

(b) P+Q+R+S

4.	(c) (P'+Q') (R'+s') (d) (P+Q) (R+S)  If all the messages of a source have the same
	probability P, then the source entropy H (m) is given by
	(a) - log P (b) + log P
	(c) $\frac{P}{1-P}$ (d) $\frac{1-P}{P}$
5.	On the basis of equal carrier powers, the ratio of 'signal-noise ratio of FM and signal-noise ratio of AM' can oe expressed as (assume that detecter/discriminator losses are zero)
	(a) $\frac{S_0 / N_0(FM)}{S_0 / N_0(AM)} = 3m_f$ (b) $\frac{S_0 / N_0(FM)}{S_0 / N_0(AM)} = 3m_f^2$
	(c) $\frac{S_0 / N_0(FM)}{S_0 / N_0(AM)} = 4.5 \text{m}_f^3$ (d) $\frac{S_0 / N_0(FM)}{S_0 / N_0(AM)} = \sqrt{3} \text{m}_f^3$
6.	To transmit N Signals, each band limited to f <sub>m</sub> by TDM, will require a minimum bandwidth of
	(a) $f_m$ Hz (b) $2f_m$ Hz (c) $Nf_m$ Hz (d) $2Nf_m$ Hz
7.	In a DM system, the granular noise occurs when the modulating signal
	(a) increases linearly (b) increases exponentially (c) remains constant (d) decreases rapidly
8.	Consider the follwoing statements in connection with PCM system:

1. PCM is much better for noise immunity as it depends

2. PCM requires a small bandwidth compared to analog

3. PCM requires very complex encoding and quantizing

circuity.

4. PCM has all advantages of frequency modulation

given time.

systems.

only on the pressure or absence of the pulses at any

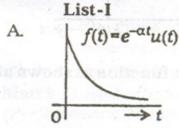
when it comes to noise performance.

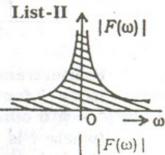
Which of the statement given above are correct:

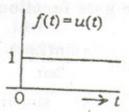
(a) 1, 2 and 4

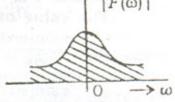
- (b) 1, 3 and 4
- (c) 2, 3 and 4
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- The frequency spectrum of an amplitude-modulated signal contains
  - (a) carrier frequency only
  - (b) sideband frequencies only
  - (c) modulating frequency only
  - (d) carrier and sideband frequencies
- An amplitude-modulated analog waveform has a maximum amplitude Amax and a minimum amplitude A<sub>min</sub> (a positive value), then the modulation index is given by

- (b)  $\frac{2A_{\min}}{A_{\max} + A_{\min}}$ (d)  $\frac{A_{\max} A_{\min}}{2(A_{\max} + A_{\min})}$
- In connection with properties of the Fourier 11. transform, match List-I (Function of Time) with List-II (Spectral Density Function) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

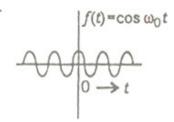




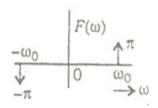




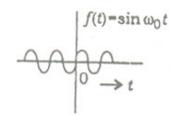
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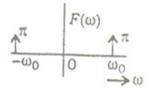


3.

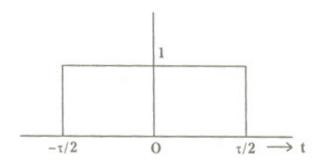


D.





12.



Fourier transform of the gate function as shown above is

$$f(t) = 1 \text{ for } -\tau/2 \le t \le \tau/2$$

= 0 otherewise

(where \tau is the width of the gate function)

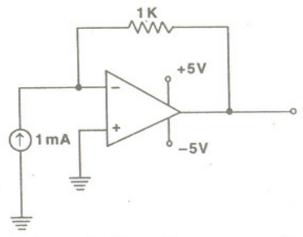
The value of F (w) is

(a) 
$$\frac{\tau \sin(\omega \tau)}{\omega \tau}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{\tau \sin(2\omega\tau)}{2\omega\tau}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{\tau \sin(\omega \tau/2)}{(\omega \tau/2)}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{\tau}{2} \cdot \frac{\sin(\omega \tau/2)}{(\omega \tau/2)}$$



The circuit shown in above figure uses as ideal Op-Amp working with +5 V and -5 V power supplies. The output voltage  $V_0$  is equal to

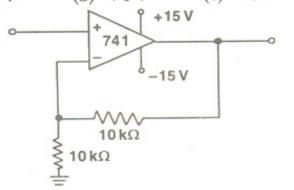
(a) +5 V

(b) +1 V

(c) -1 V

(d) -5 V

14.



The circuit given above is

- (a) peak detector
- (b) Schmitt trigger
- (c) buffer amplifier
- (d) unity gain amplifier

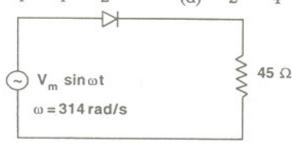
15. Match List-I (Scheme of Feedback) with List-II (Performance Measure) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

#### List-I

## List-II

- A. Currrent series
- Input impedance increases, output impedance decreases
- B. Current Shunt
- Input impedance decreases, output impedance decreases
- C. Voltage series
- 3. Input impedance increases,

- D. Voltage Shunt
- output impedance increases4. Input impedance decreases, output impedance increases
- A B C D
  (a) 3 4 2 1
- A B C D
  (b) 2 1 3 4
- (c) 3 4 1
- (d) 2 4 3 1



The forward resistance of the diode shown in above figure is  $5~\Omega$  and the remaining parameters are same as those of an ideal diode. The d.c. component of the source current is

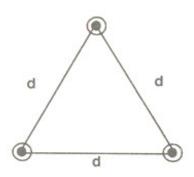
(a)  $\frac{V_m}{50\pi}$ 

(b)  $\frac{V_m}{50\pi\sqrt{2}}$ 

(c)  $\frac{V_m}{100\pi\sqrt{2}}$ 

- (d)  $\frac{2V_m}{50\pi}$
- 17. The per unit impedance of a circuit element is 0.15. If the base kV and base MVA are halved, then what will be the new value of the per unit impedance of the circuit element?
  - (a) 0·075
- (b) 0·15
- (c) 0·30
- (d) 0.60

18.



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spaced as shown above. D	3 conductors, equilaterally is the GMR of the individual R of the bundled conductor?
(a) $(D_s \times d)^{1/2}$	(b) $(D_s \times d)^{1/3}$
(c) $(D_s \times d^2)^{1/3}$	(d) $D_s \times d^2$
line is $0.01+j0.15$ per u is $1.0$ p.u. at $0.8$ lag pow	ine, if the impedance of the init when the load current ver factor and the receiving , what is the regulation of
(a) 0.8%	(b) 0.9%
(c) 9·8%	(d) 1%
of conductors between tw unit length of conductor	ving yields the value of sag vo poles? (W is weight per in N/m, L is the distance meter, T is the tension in
(a) WL <sup>2</sup> /16T	(b) WL <sup>2</sup> /8T
(c) WL <sup>2</sup> /2T	(d) WL <sup>2</sup> /T

For nominal π-representation of the transmission lines, the ABCD parameters are related to Z and Y of the line, such that C parameter is given by

Which one of the following statements is correct: In a load-duration curve for an integrated power system the uppermost crest represents the energy contributed by

Consider the following statements for a single-phase

1. Torque is constant from standstill up to synchronous

(c) peaking hydro or gas turbine stations

(d) non-conventional power stations

(b) C = Z

(d) C = Z(1+(1/4)YZ

(b) major thermal station

19.

20.

22.

23.

(a) C = 1 + (1/2)YZ

(c) C = Z (1+(1/2)YZ)

(a) base power station

hysteresis motor:

speed N.

- Rotor is provided with narrow slots embedded with bars.
- Torque at starting is some what more than that at synchronous speed N<sub>s</sub>.
- As the name suggests, only hysteresis torque is produced from zero speed right up to N<sub>3</sub>.
- 5. Rotor material possesses very wide hysteresis loop. Which of the statements given above are correct?
- (a) 1, 2 and 5
- (b) 3 and 5

(c) 1 and 4

- (d) 2, 3 and 5
- 24. The field current of a synchronous motor is increased while its load is constant. How will its power angle and power factor change?
  - (a) Power angle decreases and power factor improves
  - (b) Power angle remains same throughout but power factor improves
  - (c) Power angle increases while its power factor gradually decreases
  - (d) Power angle and power factor both increase
- 25. Two alternators (M<sub>1</sub> and M<sub>2</sub>) have been properly synchronized and connected in parallel to a common busbar. If there is no load on the busbar, and the the field excitation of the second alternator (M<sub>2</sub>) is increased gradually by a small amount, from its 'normal' excitation for which the induced e.m.f.'s E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub> of the two machines are equal, the armature reaction due to the circulating armature current would be
  - (a) magnetising for M<sub>1</sub>, but demagetising for M<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) demagnetising for M<sub>1</sub>, but magnetising for M<sub>2</sub>
  - (c) magnetising for both M1 and M2
  - (d) demagnetising for both M, and M,
- 26. Match List-I (Type of Single-phase Induction Motor) with List-II (Torque-Speed Characteristic) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

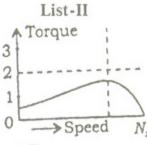
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List-I

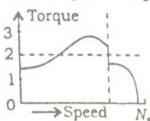
A. Capacitor-run motor

1.

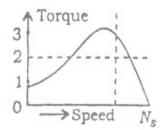
2.



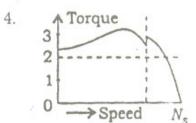
B. Capacitor-start and run motor



C. Shaded-pole motor



D. Resistor-split phase motor



- A B C D
  (a) 2 1 4 3
  (c) 3 4 2 1
- A B C D
  (b) 2 3 1 4
  (d) 3 4 1 2
- 27. In a 3-phase induction motor, if P<sub>g</sub> is the power transferred across the air gap and S is the slip, then the ratio of motor copper loss to the mechanical power developed is given by
  - (a)  $\frac{S}{1-S}$

(b) S

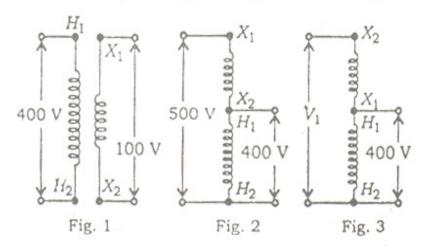
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(c) 
$$\frac{1}{S}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{1-S}{S}$$

- 28. To prevent the shifting of the magnetic neutral axis, caused by the 'armature reaction' in a d.c. machine, the most effective method to neutralize the armature-flux is to
  - (a) shift the 'brush-axis'
  - (b) provide high-reluctance main pole tips
  - (c) cut horizontal slots in the main poles
  - (d) place compensating windings on the main-pole faces

29.



A single-phase two-winding transformer shown above in Fig. 1, is conected an autotransformer shown in Fig. 2. If the connections of the 100 V winding are reversed as shown in Fig. 3, what is the value of the voltage  $V_1$  required to be applied across treminals  $X_2$  and  $H_2$  to obtain the same 400 V output?

(a) 500 V

(b) 400 V

(c) 300 V.

- (d) 100 V
- 30. Two transformers with identical voltage ratings are working in parallel to supply a common load. The percentage impedance of one transformer is higher compared to that of the other. The load sharing between the two transformers will

- (a) be proportionate to their percentage impedances
- (b) be independent of their percentage impedances
- (c) be inversely proportional to their respective impedances
- (d) depend on the resistance to leakage reactance ratio of each transformer
- 31. Consider a system having forward path and feedback path transfer functions as 1/6 [s(s+0·8)] and (1+2s) respectively. Which is the characteristic polynomial of the system?
  - (a)  $s^2 + 0.8s + 16$
- (b)  $s^2 + 2 \cdot 8s + 16$
- (c)  $s^2 + 32 \cdot 8s + 16$
- (d)  $s^2+32s+16$
- 32. Which of the following correct?

The feedback affects the control system in the following ways:

- Increases accuracy but reduces sensitivity of gain to variation in system parameters.
- Increases bandwith and reduces the effect of nonlinearity.
- 3. Increases tendency towards ocillation or leads even to instability.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 and 2

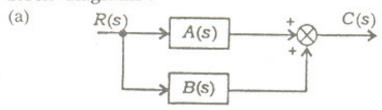
(b) 1 and 3

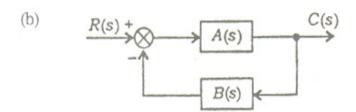
(c) 2 and 3

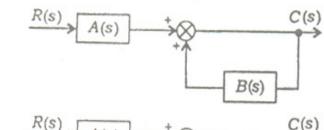
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 33. The transfer function

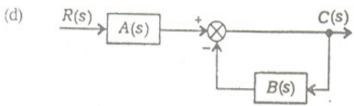
$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{A(s)}{1 - B(s)}$$

is the simplification of which one of the following block diagrams?

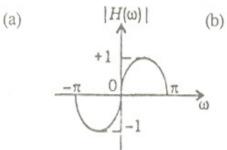


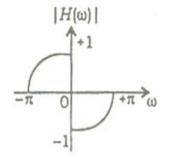


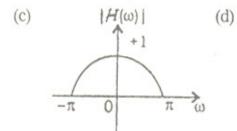


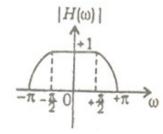


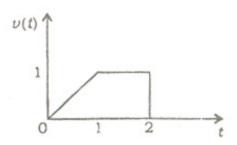
34. Which one of the following figures represents the magnitude plot of the transfer function  $H(\omega) = \frac{1 + e^{-j\omega}}{2}$ ?











The Laplace transform of v(t) shown in he above figure is

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2}(1-e^{-s}) - \frac{1}{s}e^{-2s}$$
 (b)  $\frac{1}{s^2}(1-e^{-s}) - \frac{1}{s}e^{2s}$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2}(1-e^{-s}) - \frac{1}{s}e^{2s}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2}(1+e^{-s}) + \frac{1}{s}e^{-2s}$$
 (d)  $\frac{1}{s^2}(1+e^{-s}) + \frac{1}{s}e^{2s}$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{1}{s^2}(1+e^{-s})+\frac{1}{s}e^{2s}$$

If f(t) and F(s) form the Laplace transform pair, then 36. what is the Laplace transform of  $f(t/t_0)$ ?

(a) 
$$t_0 F(t_0 s)$$

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{t_0}$$
 F(t<sub>0</sub>s)

(c) 
$$t_0 F\left(\frac{1}{t_0} s\right)$$

(d) 
$$\frac{1}{t_0} F\left(\frac{1}{t_0} s\right)$$

37. What is the steady-state response of a system

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

when unit step input is applied?

The forward voltage transfer function of a two-port 38. network is

$$\frac{S + \omega}{S^2 + \omega^2}$$

What will be the output voltage if the input voltage is  $\delta(t)$ ?

- (a)  $\sqrt{2}\sin(\omega t \pi/4)$
- (b) cos ωt sin ωt

(c) cos ωt

- (d)  $\sqrt{2}\sin(\omega t + \pi/4)$
- 39. Which of the following characteristics of the system are defined by  $y(t) = x(t) \cos(100\pi t)$ ?
  - 1. It is linear.
- 2. It is time invariant.
- 3. It is causal.
- 4. It is a stable.
- 5. It is memoryless.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (b 2, 3 and 5

(c) 4 and 5

- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- 40. Match List-I (Pole Location) with List-II (Time Response due to Initial Condition) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

1.

List-I

(Pole Location)

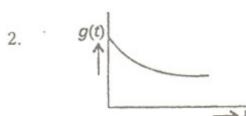
List-II

(Time Response due to Initial Condition)

Α. jω

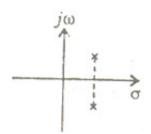


B.  $j\omega$ 

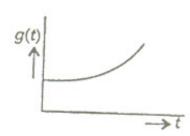


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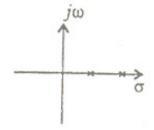
C.

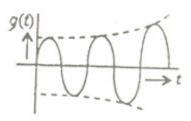


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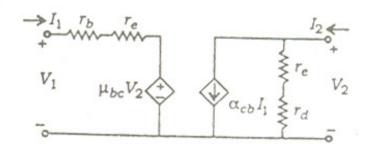


D.





41.

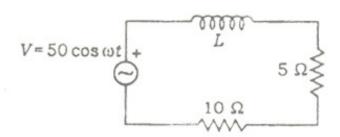


Which one of the following gives the h-parameter matrix for the network shown above?

(a) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{r_e + r_d} & \mu_{bc} \\ \alpha_{cb} & r_b + r_e \end{bmatrix}$$
 (b) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} r_b + r_e & \alpha_{cb} \\ \mu_{bc} & \frac{1}{r_e + r_d} \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} r_b + r_e & \alpha_{cb} \\ \mu_{bc} & \frac{1}{r_e + r_d} \end{bmatrix}$$

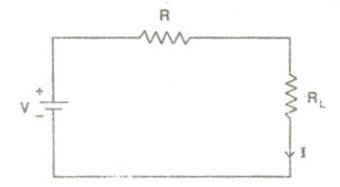
(c) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} r_b + r_e & \mu_{bc} \\ \alpha_{cb} & \frac{1}{r_e + r_d} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (d) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \mu_{bc} & \alpha_{cb} \\ r_b + r_e & \frac{1}{r_e + r_d} \end{bmatrix}$$



For the a.c. circuit given above, if the power dissipated by the 5  $\Omega$  resistor is 10 W, then what is the power factor of the circit?

- (a) 0.9 lagging
- (b) 0.6 lagging
- (c) 0.9 leading
- (d) 0.6 leading
- A 2-terminal network is one of the R-L-C elements. 43. The element is connected to an a.c. supply. The current through the element is I. When a capacitoris inserted in series between the source and the element, the current through the element becomes 2I. The element
  - (a) is a resistor
- (b) is an inductor
- (c) is a capacitor (d) cannot be a single element

44.



For the above circuit, if the current I=3 A and 1.5 A for  $R_L=0$  and  $2\,\Omega$  respectively, then what is the value of I for  $R_L=1\Omega$ ?

(a) 0.5 A

(b) 1·0 A

(c) 2·0 A

(d) 3·0 A

45.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ \hline 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

For the reduced incidence matrix given above, which is the set of branches forming a tree?

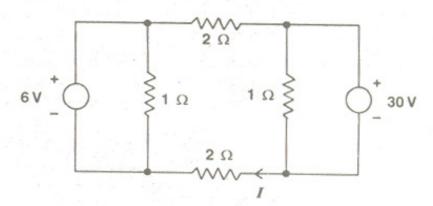
(a) 1, 2, 3

(b) 2, 4, 6

(c) 2, 3, 5

(d) 1, 4, 6

46.



What is the value of the current I in the circuit shown above?

(a) 1 A

(b) -3 A

(c) -6 A

(d) 9 A

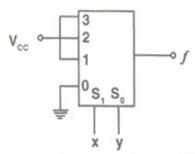
47. The 4-bit, 2's complement representation of a decimal number is 1000. What is the number?

(a) + 8

(a) 0

(a) -7

(a) -8



The output f of the 4-to-1 MUX shown in the above figure is

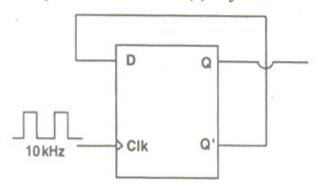
(a) (xy)' + x

(b) x + y

(c) x' + y'

(d) xy + x'

49.



The frequency of the clock signal applied to the rising edge triggered D flip-flop shown in the figure given above is 10 kHz. What is the frequency of the signal available at Q?

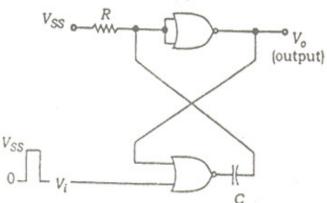
(a) 20 kHz

(b) 10 kHz

(c) 5 kHz

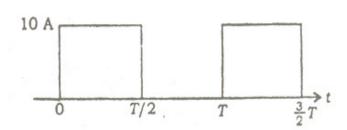
(d) 2.5 kHz

50.



	NOR gates. This circuit fu						
	(a) flip-flop						
	(b) monostable multivibrat	or					
	(c) Schmitt trigger	(d)	astable multivibrator				
51.							
	a 3-bit comparator-type						
	(a) 2	(b)					
=0	(c) 7	(d)					
52.	The available multiple	acc	ess and broadcasting				
	systems are	0	mp				
	1. SPADE		TDMA				
	3. FDMA	4.	CDMA				
	5. SDMA						
	Which of the above as communications?	re e	mployed for satellite				
		1-1	2 2 1 4				
			2, 3 and 4				
	(c) 1 and 4		1, 2, 3, 4 and 5				
53.		ange	is to be doubled, the				
	power of the Rader tran						
	(keeping all other param (a) two times						
	(c) eight times		four times				
E 4			sixteen times				
54.	Which one of the follow						
	If a periodic signal exhibit						
	in the trigonometric Fourier (a) all the sine terms vani		eries				
	(b) all the cosine terms van						
	(c) the constant term vanis						
	(d) all the even harmonics						
55.	How are vector process						
	classified?	010	and unity processors				
	(a) Single-instruction, Sing	ele-d	ata (SISD) computers				
	(b) Single-instruction, Mult						
	(c) Multiple-instruction, Si						
	(d) Multiple-instruction, Mu						
			,				

56.	What is/are the disadvantage(s) of Gauss-Seidel method over Newton's method in load-flow							
	programmes?							
	(a) More iteration							
	(b) More memory requirement and less accuracy							
	(c) Less iterations but more memory							
	(d) More accuracy and more memory							
57.	Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:							
	List-II List-II							
	A. Buchholz relay 1. Long lines							
	B. Mho relay 2. Short lines							
	C. Impedance relay 3. Medium lines							
	D. Reactance relay 4. Transformers							
	A B C D A B C D							
	(a) 4 1 3 2 (b) 3 2 1 4							
	(c) 4 3 2 1 (d) 3 4 2 1							
58.	If the fault current is 2000 A, the relay setting is 50% and CT ratio is 400:5, then what is the plug setting multiplier?							
	(a) 25 (b) 15							
	(c) 50 (d) 10							
59.	In a static over-current relay, how are inverse time characteristics obtained?							
	(a) By using a transistor amplifier							
	(b) By using an integrating circuit							
	(c) By using a transistor switch							
	(d) By using a differentiating circuit							
60.	Satisfactory turn-off of a thyristor takes place if the							
	reverse bias period of the device, after its current has become zero, is							
	(a) greater than its turn-off time							
	(b) less than its turn-off time							
	(c) greater than the circuit time-constant							
	(d) less than the circuit time-constant							
	(a) too than the one thin constant							



A MOSFET rated for 20 A, carries a periodic current as shown in the above figure. The on-state resistance of the MOSFET is 0.2 ohm. What is the average on-state power loss of device per cycle?

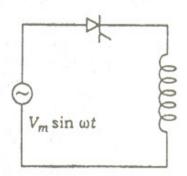
(a) 20 W

(b) 15 W

(c) 10 W

(d) 5 W

62.



A half-wave thyristor-converter supplies a purely inductive load as shown in the above figure. If the triggering angle of the thyristor is 120°, then what is its extinction angle?

(a) 120°

(b) 180°

(c) 200°

(d) 240°

63. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

List-I

List-II

(Converter)

(Application)

- A. Fully controlled converter 1. Improved time power factor
- B. Half-controlled converter 2. Soft starter for a.c.

								me	rojo			
	C.		hase trolle		voltag	ge	3.	Sp	eed	reve	rsal	
	D.	Cvo	locor	nvert	er		4	Sn	nont	h lov	v sn	eed
		-5									-	
											ngn	power
							_		. dri			
							5.				us n	notor
									ntro			
				C						C		
				2		(t	)	2	4	5	1	
	(c)	3	4	2	1	(0	1)	2	1	5	4	
4.	Wh	nich	of the	he fo	ollow	ing are	e tl	he	adva	antag	ges	of free
	wh	eeli	ng	of 1	oad	curre	ıt	in	ph	ase-	con	trolled
	cor	ivert	ers?									
	1.	It re	educe	es rea	active	power	de	mar	nd of	the	con	verter.
	2.	It in	npro	ves t	he dis	placem	en	t fac	ctor.			
	3.	It ir	npro	ves d	istort	ion fac	tor.					
	4.	It r	equir	es la	rger	indicta	nce	to	pro	vide	con	tinuous
		con	ducti	on.								
	Sel	ect t	he co	orrec	ansv	ver usi	ng	the	cod	e giv	en l	pelow:
				nd 4					and			
	(c)	1 a	nd 4						and			
55.	Wł	nich	of th	e fol	lowir	ig are	the	fui	actio	ns c	of fe	edback
	dio	des	in a	Me	Murr	ay inv	erte	er?				oubuci
						load cu						
									acre	oss tl	he o	utgoing
			ristor		1			0100		000 (		argonia
	3.				e retu	irn path	fo	r th	e re	activ	e C11	rrent of
		load				P		7 100	0 . 0.	activ.	0 00	richt of
	4.	To	provi	de a	path	for the	ex	ces	s of	com	mui	nication
						load cu			0.	00111	11161	neutron
	Sel								code	e giv	en h	pelow:
			and						nd 4		011 (	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			and						nd 4			
66.					tion	-					net	ant slip
	fre	quer	CV V	vhile	the	stator	fro	aua	nov	ie v	ario	d from
		quei	v.	· 11116	tile	Juit01	116	que	ney	15 V	arre	u mom

0 to rated value. Which one of the following statements is correct?

The torque developed by the motor is

- (a) proportional to speed
- (b) proportional to square of speed
- (c) inversely proportional to speed
- (d) constant in the complete range up to base speed

Directions: The following 6 (six) items consist of two statements: one labelled as the 'Assertion (A)' and the other as 'Reason (R)'. You are to examine these two statements carefully and select the answers to these items using the code given below:

- (a) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- 67. Assertion (A): A signal has to be sampled at twice the maximum frequency of the signal to recover it from the sampled signal.
  - Reason (R) : Sampling is to be done at Nyquist rate to avoid aliasing.
- 68. Assertion (A): For a good degree of relative stability, a control system should have a phase margin of about 40° and a gain margin of 0.5.
  - Reason (R): A large gain margin or a large phase margin corresponds to a highly oscillatory system, and a very small gain margin or a phase margin approaching 0° indicates a very stable but sluggish system.
- 69. Assertion (A) : SiCl<sub>4</sub> is added to Cl<sub>2</sub> in order to dry etch aluminium

anisotropically. Reason (R) Cl, etches aluminium while SiCl, : etches native aluminium oxide and also provides anisotropy by forming sidewall inhibitors. 70. Assertion (A) : In discrete as well as IC device fabrication, wet oxidation of Si into its natural oxide is preferred. Reason (R) The rate of growth of wet : oxidation is lower than that for dry oxidation, hence a better quality oxide can be grown. 71. Assertion (A) Differential amplifier is biased : with a current source for high CMRR. Reason (R) : Differential amplifier will have higher gain for common mode signals. 72. Assertion (A) : A self-controlled synchronous motor fed from a CSI, need not have damper windings. Reason (R) Damper windings are responsible : for subtransient reactance in synchronous motors. Assertion (A) : 73. Given a unity feedback system with  $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)}$ the value of K damping ratio of 0.5 is (a) 1 (c) 4 (b) 16 (d) 2 Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer 74. using the code given below the Lists: List-I List-II

(Nature of Unit Step

Response)

Undamped

(Characteristic

Equation)

A.  $s^2 + 8s + 15 = 0$ 

B. 
$$s^2 + 24s + 225 = 0$$
 2. Underdamped

C. 
$$s^2 + 20.25 = 0$$

D. 
$$s^2 + 20s + 100 = 0$$

C. 
$$s^2 + 20.25 = 0$$
 3. Critically damped  
D.  $s^2 + 20s + 100 = 0$  4. Overdamped  
A B C D A B C D  
(a) 1 3 2 4 (b) 4 3 1 2  
(c) 1 4 3 2 (d) 4 2 1 3

75. Given the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

What are the eigenvalues of A?

(b) 
$$-1, 2, -3$$

- Consider the following statements based on gain 76. margin and phase of a system:
  - 1. For stable systems, the gain cross-over frequency is less than phase cross-over frequency.
  - 2. For unstable systems, the gain cross-over frequency is greater than phase cross-over frequency.
  - 3. For marginally stable systems, the gain cross-over frequency is equal to phase cross-over frequency.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(b) 2 and 3

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Which one of the following represents the transfer 77. function of a phase-lag controller?

(a) 
$$\frac{1-aTs}{1+Ts}$$
, a < 1 (b)  $\frac{1+aTs}{1+Ts}$ , a > 1

(b) 
$$\frac{1+aTs}{1+Ts}$$
,  $a > 1$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{1+aTs}{1+Ts}$$
, a < 1

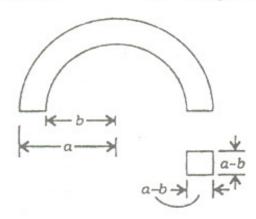
(c) 
$$\frac{1+aTs}{1+Ts}$$
, a < 1 (d)  $\frac{1-aTs}{1+Ts}$ , a > 1

In order to reduce the steady-state error of a control 78.

system, which one of the following control schemes will be employed?

- (a) Cascade PD
- (b) Cascade PI
- (c) Rate feedback
- (d) Integral feedback

79.



The resistance measured between the two ends of the toroid shown in the above figure is R. What would be the resistance if both a and b are doubled?

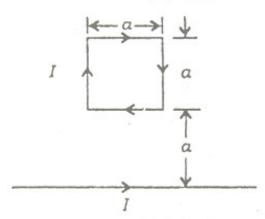
(a) 2R

(b) R

(c) R/2

(d) R/4

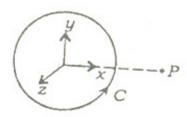
80.



A square loop and an infinitely long conductor, each carries a current I as shown in the figure given above. What is the force on the loop?

(a)  $\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{4\pi}$  away from the conductor

- (b)  $\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{4\pi^2}$  towards the conductor
- (c)  $\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{4\pi} log_e 2$  away from the conductor
- (d)  $\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{4\pi} log_e$  2 towards the conductor
- 81. A metallic sphere with charge -Q is placed inside a hollow conducting sphere with radius R carrying a charge + Q. Potential at a given point outside the hollow sphere
  - (a) depends on the positions of the metallic sphere
  - (b) is solely decided by the charge on the outer sphere
  - (c) is always zero whatever may be the position of the inner sphere
  - (d) is zero only when both speheres are concentric



The magnetic vector potential at the point P due to the current loop C shown in the above figure is in the direction of

(a) 
$$\vec{a}_x$$

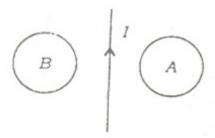
(d) 
$$\frac{\vec{a}_x + \vec{a}_y}{\sqrt{2}}$$

- 83. Which one of the following statements is correct? When an electromagnetic wave strikes the airdielectric interface at an angle
  - (a) the normal electric field components have the same

value

- (b) the tangential magnetic field components are continuous
- (c) the electromagnetic wave is reflected back according to Snell's law
- (d) the electromagnetic wave is diffracted

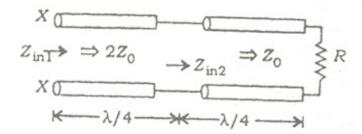
84.



For the current I decreasing in the indicated direction, the e.m.f. in the two loops A and B shown in the figure above, is in the direction

- (a) clockwise in A and anticlokwise in B
- (b) anticlockwise in A and clockwise in B
- (c) clockwise in both A and B
- (d) anticlockwise in both A and B

85.



A structure consisting of two loss-less lines, each  $\lambda/4$  long and terminated in a resistance R, is shown in the figure given above. The lines have characteristic impedances of  $2Z_0$  and  $Z_0$  respectively as shown. What

	is the impedance measur	ed at	t the end XX?
	(a) R		4R
1	(c) $Z_0^2/R$		$4Z_0^2/R$
86.	Match List-I (Expression and select the correct and	n) w	ith List-II (Coefficient)
	below the Lists:		8
	List-I		List-II
	(Expression)		(Coefficient)
	$A.  \rho = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}$	1.	Reflection coefficient for voltage
	$B.  \rho = \frac{Z_0 - Z_L}{Z_L + Z_0}$	2.	Transmission coefficient for voltage
	C. $\rho = \frac{2Z_L}{Z_0 + Z_0}$		
	C. $\rho = \frac{Z_0 + Z_L}{Z_0 + Z_L}$	3.	Reflection coefficient for current
	$D.  \rho = \frac{2Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_1}$		
	D. $\beta = \frac{1}{Z_0 + Z_L}$	4.	Transmmission coefficient for current
		5.	Standing-wave ratio
	A B C D		A B C D
	(a) 1 2 5 4	(b)	4 3 2 1 4 2 5 1
	(c) 1 3 2 4	(d)	4 2 5 1
87.	In a rectangular wavego wave impedance for TM	mo	de to wave impedance
	for TE mode (i.e., X <sub>TM</sub> /	L <sub>TE</sub> ) ?	
	(a) 1	(b)	$\frac{1}{\left[1-\left(f_{c}/f\right)^{2}\right]}$
	(c) $[1-(f_c/f)^2]$	(d)	$[1-(f_{c}/f)]$
88.	Match List-I (Transfer	Cha	racteristics of Clipper

Circuit/Rectifier) with List-II (Type of Clipper/ Rectifier) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

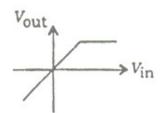
List-I

List-II

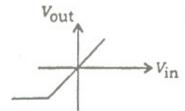
(Transfer Characteristics (Type of Clipper/ of Clipper Circuit/Rectifier) Rectifier)

A

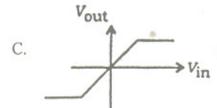
1. Doubled-ended clipper



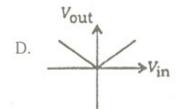
B.



2. Positive clipper



3. Negative clipper



 Full-wave positive rectifier and not a clipper

A B C D

A B C D

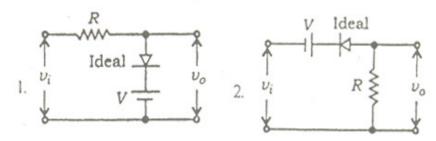
(a) 1 2 3 4

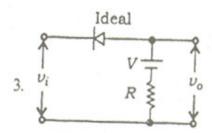
(b) 2 3 4 1

(c) 1 2 4 3

(d) 2 3 1 4

## 89. Consider the following circuits:





Which of the following circuits will yield the following input-output characteristics for the clipper?

$$v_o = v_i \text{ for } v_i < V$$
  
= V for  $v_i \ge V$ 

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) 1 and 3

- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 90. By addition of small amount of which one of the following can the quality of SiO<sub>2</sub> in IC fabrication be improved?
  - (a) Boron

- (b) Chlorine
- (c) Zirconium
- (d) Indium
- 91. Consider the following statements:

A multiple-zone process is used for refining Si from impurities having segregation coefficient K<1. The ingot is held vertically and the zone is moved from bottom to top of the ingot. After each run

 the top end of the ingot contains maximum inpurities and is to be cut thrown before the next run.

- the bottom end of the ingot contains maximum inpurities and is to be cut and thrown before the next run.
- there is no need of cutting the bottom end before the next run as it contains minimum impurities.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) l only

(b) 2 only

(c) 2 and 3

(d) 1 and 3

## 92. Which of the following statements are correct?

- Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE) is a physical evaporation process while Vapour Phase Epitascy (VPE) involves chemical reaction.
- In-situ etching of silicon is possible only in MBE but not in VPE system.
- MBE of silicon is carried out at a lower temperature compared to VPE.
- The growth rate of the exitaxial film can be accurately controlled during BME than during VPE.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 and 2

- (b) 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 3 and 4
- (d) 2, 3 and 4
- 93. Consider the following statements:

Rapid Thermal Annealing (RTA) is preferred over conventional furance annealing after ion-implantation because

- 1. RTA does not cause any change in the doping profile.
- 2. Thermal budget is lower if RTA is used.
- RTA is carried out at lower termperature.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2

(c) 1 only

- (d) 2 only
- 94. Consider the following statements:

CZ method of crystal pulling is a popular technique for converting bulk material to single crystal because

 it requires a seed of single crystal to initiate the growth.

- 2. the seed crystal should be pure and defect free for high quality growth.
- intentionally doped single crystals cannot be obtained by this technique.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2

(c) 2 and 3

- (d) 1 and 3
- 95. What is the correct sequence of the following steps during isolation by LOCOS technique?
  - 1. Si etching
  - 2. Growth of thin pad oxide
  - 3. Deposition and patterning of silicon nitride
  - 4. Growth of SiO<sub>2</sub>

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1-3-4-2
- (b) 2-3-1-4
- (c) 4-2-1-3
- (d) 3-1-4-2
- 96. Consider the following statements about ferrites:
  - 1. Ferrites have high resistivity.
  - 2. Ferrites have low eddy current losses.
  - Ferrites are used as core materials in high frequency (MHz) transformers.

Which one of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2

(c) 1 and 3

- (d) 2 and 3
- 97. A necessary but not a sufficient condition for a crystal to show ferro-electricity is
  - (a) absence of centre of symmetry
  - (b) presence of centre of symmetry
  - (c) presence of both translational and rotational symmetry
  - (d) absense of both translational and rotational symmetry
- 98. In a dielectric material there are four contributions to the total polarisation. Out of these only one is dependent on temperature and this contribution is
  - (a) electronic polarisation
  - (b) space-charge polarisation

- (c) ionic polarisation
- (d) orientational polarisation
- 99. If m = permanent dipole moment, k = Boltzmann constant and T = absolute temperature, then orientational polarisability is equal to
  - (a)  $\frac{m}{3kT}$

(b)  $\frac{m^2}{3kT}$ 

(c) 3kTm

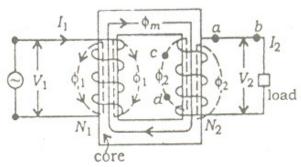
- (d) 3kTm<sup>2</sup>
- 100. Which one of the following statements is correct?

  Copper and silicon are forming a junction; at thermal equilibrium
  - (a) the Fermi levels in the two materials are at the same energy level irrespective of the number of free electrons in copper and silicon
  - (b) the Fermi level of copper is at a higher energy level compared to that of silicon as copper has more free electrons
  - (c) the Fermi level of silicon is at a higher energy level compared to that of copper as silicon has more free electrons
  - (d) copper and silicon, being in thermal equilibrium, will have the same specific heat and Fermi levels have no relation to thermal equilibrium
- The life time of the minority carriers in p-n junction solar cells is determined by
  - (a) Hall efect experiment
  - (b) Haynes-Shockley experiment
  - (c) electron beam induced current decay experiment
  - (d) secondary Ion Mass Spectros-copy experiment
- 102. For a crystal, which one of the following statements is correct?
  - (a) The total number of possible wave functions in any energy band is equal to the number of unit cells
  - (b) The total number of possible wave functions in any energy band is equal to twice the number of unit cells

according to Pauli principle

- (c) The total number of possible wave functions in any energy band is equal to the total number of free electrons in the band
- (d) The number of possible wave functions in any energy band is independent of the number of unit cells

103.



turns ratio N<sub>1</sub>/N<sub>2</sub>

The figure given above shows a two winding coretype transformer. The instantaneous directions of the primary current I, the mutual flux om and the primary leakage flux o, are as indicated in the figure; the corresponding directions, at the same instant, of the secondary current I2, and the secondary leakage flux φ, would be

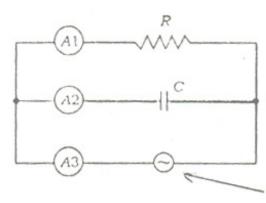
- (a)  $I_2$ , a to b; and  $\phi_2$ , c to d
- (b)  $I_2$ , b to a; and  $\phi_2$ , c to d
- (c)  $I_2$ , a to b; and  $\phi_2$ , d to c
- (d)  $I_2$ , b to a; and  $\phi_2$ , d to c
- 104. While measuring the value of distributed capacitance by Q-meter, the resonances were obtained with values of tuning capacitor as C1 and C2 for the frequencies adjusted to f, and 2f, respectively. What is the value of the distributed capacitance?

(a) 
$$\frac{C_1 - 2C_2}{2}$$
 (b)  $\frac{C_1 - 4C_2}{2}$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{C_1 - 4C_2}{2}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{C_1 - 2C_2}{3}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{C_1 - 4C_2}{3}$$



 $v = 100 \cos \omega t$ 

In the figure shown above, A1, A2 and A3 are ideal ammeters. If A2 and A3 read 4A and 5A respectively, what is the reading of A1?

- (a) 1 A
- (b) 3 A
- (c) 9 A
- (d) Cannot be calculated without the values of R and C
- 106. Wagner's Earth Devices are used for a.c. bridge circuits for
  - (a) eliminating the effect of earth capacitances
  - (b) eliminating the effect of earth capacitances
  - (c) eliminating the effect of stray electrostatic fields
  - (d) shielding the bridge elements
- 107. While testing a coil having a resistance of  $1\,\Omega$ , resonance occurred when the oscillator frequency was 10 MHz and the variable capacitor was set at

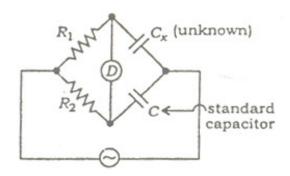
 $\left(\frac{500}{2\pi}\right)$  pf. What is the effective value of Q of the coil?

(a) 200

(b) 254

(c) 314

(d) 542



The above diagram shows De Sauty method to measure the unknown capacitance (C<sub>v</sub>).C<sub>v</sub> is given by

(a) 
$$C_x = C \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

(b) 
$$C_x = C \frac{R_2^2}{R_1^2}$$

(c) 
$$C_x = C \frac{R_1}{R_2}$$

(d) 
$$C_x = C \frac{R_1^2}{R_2^2}$$

- 109. A resistance is measured by the voltmeter-ammeter method. The voltmeter reading is 50 V on 100 V scale and ammeter reading is 50 mA on 100 mA scale. If both the meters are guaranteed for accuracy within 2% of full scale, what is the limit within which resistance can be measured?
  - (a) 10 Ω

(b) 20 Ω

(c) 40 Ω

- (d) 80 Ω
- 110. A resistance of 110  $\Omega$  is specified using significant figures as indicated below:
  - 1. 110 Ω
- 2. 110.0 Ω
- 3.  $0.000110 \text{ M}\Omega$

For the above three indications, which one of the following statements is correct?

- (a) 1 represents greater precision than 2 and 3
- (b) 2 represents greater precision but 1 and 3 represent same precision
- (c) 2 and 3 represent same precision
- (d) 3 is more precise than 1 and 2

111.	A 35 V d.c. supply is coresistance of $600 \Omega$ and		
	$R\Omega$ in series. If a voltm		
	1.2 kΩ is connected acro	ss 6	00 Ω resistor and reads
	5 V, then what is the va		
	(a) 120 Ω		500 Ω
	(c) 1·7 kΩ	, ,	2·4 kΩ
112	Consider the following		
	1. SRAM	-	EPROM
	3. USART		PORT
	Which of the above compo		
	in a microprocessor but	may	he found on-chin in a
	microcontroller?	muy	be round on-emp in a
		(b)	1, 2 and 3
			3 and 4
113.	In memory-mapped I/O		
	instructions of 8085 micro		
	for	opro	cossor can be used only
	(a) Memory devices	(b)	I/O devices
	(c) Ports		Memory and I/O devices
114.	Assembler directives are		-
	(a) only in hand assembl		
	(b) only in machine asser	-	ng
	(c) in hand assembling as		
	(d) only when there is an		
115.	A microprocessor using a		
2201	states in each machine c		
	needs 4 machine cycles		
	taken to complete the ex		
	(a) 333 ns		1333 ns
	(c) 1 µs		4 μs
116.	How many general pupo		
	in 8085 microprocessor?		
	(a) 3	(b)	6
	(c) 9	-	12
		, ,	500

117.	Consider the following:							
	1. Small-capacity	2.	Fast memory access					
	<ol><li>Needs refreshing</li></ol>	4.	Very costly					
	The essential characteristics of a Cache memory include							
	(a) 1, 2, 3 and 4	(b)	1, 2 and 3					
	(c) 1, 2 and 4		3 and 4					
118.	An instruction cycle is	the 1	time in which, a hard-					
	wired controller completes four functions. What is							
	the correct sequence of							
	(a) Fetch - update - decode	- exe	cute					
	(b) Fetch - decode - update	- exe	cute					
	(c) Decode - execute - fetch	ı - up	date					
	(d) Execute - decode - fetch	ı - upo	date					
119.	Consider the following	four	components found in					
	the ALU of a computer	:						
	<ol> <li>XOR gates</li> </ol>	2.	Half-adder					
	<ol><li>Full subtractor</li></ol>	4.	Shifter					
	Which of the above comp circuits?							
	(a) 1, 2, 3 and 4	(b)	1, 2 and 3					
	(c) 1 and 2		3 and 4					
120.	Which of the following a	addre	ssing modes imply that					
	the operand is stored separately in the main							
	memory?		,					
	<ol> <li>Indirect</li> </ol>	2.	Immediate					
	<ol><li>Indexed</li></ol>							
	Select the correct answer	using	the code given below:					
	(a) 1, 2 and 3		1 and 2					
	(c) 2 and 3		1 and 3					
	prints are 8000000000000000000000000000000000000	( )						
	_							