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**[3740]-103**

**LL. M. ( Semester - I ) Examination - 2010**

**LW - 103 : LAW, SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION**

**AND JUDICIAL PROCESS IN INDIA - I**

**(New Course)**

**Time : 3 Hours]**

**[Max. Marks : 60**

***Instructions :***

*(1) Attempt **any four** questions.*

*(2) All questions carry equal marks i.e. **15** each.*

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**Q.1)** “The progress of the society is dependent upon the proper allocation of law according to the needs of society.” Explain this statement by considering the law as an instrument of social change.

**Q.2)** What do you mean by ‘Secularism’ ? How do the Consitution of India and other laws help to maintain India’s Feature of Secularism ?

**Q.3)** What are the protective measures taken by Indian Legislation for Women to save them from the menance of dowry ?

**Q.4)** “The words ‘fraternity assuring the dignity of the individual’ cannot be applied in its spirit unless the backward classes are brought up to the level of rest of the community and given a share in the administrative apparatus through the mechanism of constitution.” - Supreme Court of India. In view of this discuss judicial trend in India regarding reservation.

**Q.5)** What are various local self governing bodies in rural and urban areas in India ? Evaluate their contribution in the decentralization of democratic governance.

**Q.6)** Media trial has become an attractive tool to impart justice now a days. Critically evaluate role of media in delivery of justice to the victim in the real sense.

**Q.7)** Write short notes : **(Any Two)**

- (a) Protective Discrimination
  - (b) Offences Relating to Dowry
  - (c) Child Labour and the NHRC
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