

# **PLANT MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY**

## **Course Contents**

### **MBB 501 PRINCIPLES OF BIOTECHNOLOGY 2+1**

#### **Objective**

To familiarize the students with the fundamental principles of Biotechnology, various developments in Biotechnology and its potential applications.

#### **Theory**

##### **UNIT I**

History, scope and importance; DNA structure, function and metabolism.

##### **UNIT II**

DNA modifying enzymes and vectors; Methods of recombinant DNA technology; Nucleic acid hybridization; Gene libraries; PCR amplification; Plant and animal cell and tissue culture techniques and their applications.

##### **UNIT III**

Molecular markers and their applications; DNA sequencing; Applications of gene cloning in basic and applied research; Genetic engineering and transgenics; Genomics, transcriptomics and proteomics.

##### **UNIT IV**

General application of biotechnology in Agriculture, Medicine, Animal husbandry, Environmental remediation, Energy production and Forensics; Public perception of biotechnology; Bio-safety and bioethics issues; Intellectual property rights in biotechnology.

#### **Practical**

- i. Isolation of genomic and plasmid DNA
- ii. Gel electrophoresis techniques
- iii. Restriction enzyme digestion, ligation, transformation and screening of transformants
- iv. PCR and molecular marker analysis
- v. Plant tissue culture: media preparation, cell and explant culture, regeneration and transformation.

### **MBB 502 FUNDAMENTALS OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY 3+0**

#### **Objective**

To familiarize the students with the basic cellular processes at molecular level.

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#### **Theory**

##### **UNIT I**

Historical developments of molecular biology; Nucleic acids as genetic material; Chemistry, structure and properties of DNA and RNA.

##### **UNIT II**

Genome organization in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Chromatin structure and function; DNA replication; DNA polymerases, topoisomerases, DNA ligase, etc; Molecular basis of mutations; DNA repair mechanisms.

##### **UNIT III**

Transcription process; RNA processing; Reverse transcriptase; RNA editing; Ribosomes structure and function; Organization of ribosomal

proteins and RNA genes; Genetic code; Aminoacyl tRNA synthases.

#### UNIT IV

Translation and post-translational modifications; Operon concept; Attenuation of *trp* operon; important features of gene regulation in eukaryotes.

### **MBB 503 MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY 3+0**

#### **Objective**

To familiarize the students with the cell biology at molecular level.

#### **Theory**

##### UNIT I

General structure and constituents of cell; Similarities and distinction between plant and animal cells; Cell wall, cell membrane, structure and composition of biomembranes, cell surface related functions.

##### UNIT II

Structure and function of major organelles: Nucleus, Chloroplasts, Mitochondria, Ribosomes, Lysosomes, Peroxisomes, Endoplasmic reticulum, Microbodies, Golgi apparatus, Vacuoles, etc.

##### UNIT III

Organelle genomes and their manipulation; Ribosomes in relation to cell growth and division; Cyto-skeletal elements.

##### UNIT IV

Cell division and regulation of cell cycle; Membrane transport; Transport of water, ion and biomolecules; Signal transduction mechanisms; Protein targeting.

### **MBB 504 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE AND GENETIC 1+2 TRANSFORMATION**

#### **Objective**

To familiarize the students and provide hands on training on various techniques of plant tissue culture, genetic engineering and transformation.

#### **Theory**

##### UNIT I

History of plant cell and tissue culture; Culture media; Various types of culture; callus, suspension, nurse, root, meristem, etc.; *In vitro* differentiation: organogenesis and somatic embryogenesis; Plant growth regulators: mode of action, effects on *in vitro* culture and regeneration; Molecular basis of plant organ differentiation.

##### UNIT II

Micropropagation; Anther and microspore culture; Somaclonal variation; *In vitro* mutagenesis; *In vitro* fertilization; *In vitro* germplasm conservation; Production of secondary metabolites; Synthetic seeds.

##### UNIT III

Embryo rescue and wide hybridization; Protoplast culture and regeneration; Somatic hybridization: protoplast fusion, cybrids, asymmetric hybrids, etc.

##### UNIT IV

Methods of plant transformation; Vectors for plant transformation; Genetic

and molecular analyses of transgenics; Target traits and transgenic crops; Biosafety issues, testing of transgenics, regulatory procedures for commercial approval.

**Practical**

- i. Laboratory set-up.
- ii. Preparation of nutrient media; handling and sterilization of plant material; inoculation, subculturing and plant regeneration.
- iii. Anther and pollen culture.
- iv. Embryo rescue.
- v. Suspension cultures and production of secondary metabolites.
- vi. Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion.
- vii. Gene cloning and vector construction
- viii. Gene transfer using different methods, reporter gene expression, selection of transformed tissues/plants, molecular analysis.

**MBB 505 TECHNIQUES IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY-I 0+3**

**Objective**

To provide hands on training on basic molecular biology techniques.

**Practical**

UNIT I

Good lab practices; Biochemical techniques: Preparation of buffers and reagents, Principle of centrifugation, Chromatographic techniques (TLC, Gel Filtration Chromatography, Ion exchange Chromatography, Affinity Chromatography).

UNIT II

Gel electrophoresis- agarose and PAGE (nucleic acids and proteins); Growth of bacterial culture and preparation of growth curve; Isolation of plasmid DNA from bacteria; Growth of lambda phage and isolation of phage DNA; Restriction digestion of plasmid and phage DNA; Isolation of high molecular weight DNA and analysis.

UNIT III

Gene cloning – Recombinant DNA construction, transformation and selection of transformants; PCR and optimization of factors affecting PCR.

UNIT IV

Dot blot analysis; Southern hybridization; Northern hybridization; Western blotting and ELISA; Radiation safety and non-radio isotopic procedure.

**MBB 506 MICROBIAL/ INDUSTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY 2+1**

**Objective**

To familiarize about the various microbial processes/systems/activities, which have been used for the development of industrially important products/processes.

**Theory**

UNIT I

Introduction, scope and historical developments; Isolation, screening and genetic improvement (involving classical approaches) of industrially important organisms.

## UNIT II

Primary metabolism products, production of industrial ethanol as a case study; Secondary metabolites, bacterial antibiotics and non ribosomal peptide antibiotics; Recombinant DNA technologies for microbial processes; Strategies for development of industrial microbial strains with scale up production capacities; Metabolic pathway engineering of microbes for production of novel product for industry.

## UNIT III

Microbial enzymes, role in various industrial processes, production of fine chemicals for pharmaceutical industries; Bio-transformations, Bioaugmentation with production of vitamin C as a case study; Bioreactors,

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their design and types; Immobilized enzymes based bioreactors; Microencapsulation technologies for immobilization of microbial enzymes.

## UNIT IV

Industrial biotechnology for pollution control, treatment of industrial and other wastes, biomass production involving single cell protein; Bioremediation of soil; Production of eco-friendly agricultural chemicals, biopesticides, bio-herbicides, bio-fertilizers, bio-fuels, etc.

### **Practical**

- i. Isolation of industrially important microorganisms, their maintenance and improvement.
- ii. Production of industrial compounds such as alcohol, beer, citric acid, lactic acid and their recovery.
- iii. Study of bio-reactors and their operations.
- iv. Production of biofertilizers.
- v. Experiments on microbial fermentation process, harvesting purification and recovery of end products.
- vi. Immobilization of cells and enzymes, studies on its kinetic behavior, growth analysis and biomass estimation.
- vii. Determination mass transfer co-efficients.

## **MBB 507 MOLECULAR BREEDING 2+0**

### **Objective**

To familiarize the students about the use of molecular biology tools in plant breeding.

### **Theory**

#### UNIT I

Principles of plant breeding; Breeding methods for self and cross pollinated crops; Heterosis breeding; Limitations of conventional breeding; Aspects of molecular breeding.

#### UNIT II

Development of sequence based molecular markers - SSRs and SNPs; Advanced methods of genotyping; Mapping genes for qualitative and quantitative traits.

#### UNIT III

QTL mapping using structured populations; AB-QTL analysis; Association mapping of QTL; Fine mapping of genes/QTL; Map based

gene/QTL isolation and development of gene based markers; Allele mining by TILLING and Eco-TILLING; Use of markers in plant breeding.

#### UNIT IV

Marker assisted selection (MAS) in backcross and heterosis breeding; Transgenic breeding; Foreground and background selection; MAS for gene introgression and pyramiding; MAS for specific traits with examples.

### **MBB 508 GENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS 2+0**

#### **Objective**

To familiarize the students with recent tools used for genome analysis and their applications.

#### **Theory**

##### UNIT I

Structural genomics: Classical ways of genome analysis, large fragment genomic libraries; Physical mapping of genomes; Genome sequencing, sequence assembly and annotation; Comparative genomics, etc.

##### UNIT II

Functional genomics: DNA chips and their use in transcriptome analysis; Mutants and RNAi in functional genomics; Metabolomics and ionomics for elucidating metabolic pathways, etc.

##### UNIT III

Proteomics - Protein structure, function and purification; Introduction to basic proteomics technology; Bio-informatics in proteomics; Proteome analysis, etc.

##### UNIT IV

Applications of genomics and proteomics in agriculture, human health and industry.

### **MBB 509 TECHNIQUES IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY-II 0+3**

#### **Objective**

To provide hands on training on various molecular techniques used in molecular breeding and genomics.

#### **Practical**

##### UNIT I

Construction of gene libraries; Synthesis and cloning of cDNA and RTPCR analysis; Real time PCR and interpretation of data.

##### UNIT II

Molecular markers (RAPD, SSR, AFLP etc) and their analysis; Case study of SSR markers (linkage map, QTL analysis etc); SNP identification and analysis; Microarray studies and use of relevant software.

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##### UNIT III

Proteomics (2D gels, mass spectrometry, etc.); RNAi (right from designing of construct to the phenotyping of the plant); Yeast 1 and 2-hybrid interaction.

##### UNIT IV

Generation and screening of mutants; Transposon mediated mutagenesis.

## **MBB 510 BIOSAFETY, IPR AND BIOETHICS 2+0**

### **Objective**

To discuss about various aspects of biosafety regulations, IPR and bioethic concerns arising from the commercialization of biotech products.

### **Theory**

#### **UNIT I**

Biosafety and risk assessment issues; Regulatory framework; National biosafety policies and law, The Cartagena protocol on biosafety, WTO and other international agreements related to biosafety, Cross border movement of germplasm; Risk management issues - containment.

#### **UNIT II**

General principles for the laboratory and environmental biosafety; Health aspects; toxicology, allergenicity, antibiotic resistance, etc; Impact on environment: gene flow in natural and artificial ecologies; Sources of gene escape, tolerance of target organisms, creation of superweeds/superviruses, etc.

#### **UNIT III**

Ecological aspects of GMOs and impact on biodiversity; Monitoring strategies and methods for detecting transgenics; Radiation safety and nonradio isotopic procedure; Benefits of transgenics to human health, society and the environment.

#### **UNIT IV**

The WTO and other international agreements; Intellectual properties, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets, patents, geographical indications, etc; Protection of plant variety and farmers right act; Indian patent act and amendments, patent filing; Convention on biological diversity; Implications of intellectual property rights on the commercialization of biotechnology products.