### (BASED ON STUDENTS MEMORY)

[Max. Marks: 200 Time: 2 Hours

#### SECTION - A ANALYTICAL ABILITY

|Marks : 75 Questions: 75]

#### DATA SUFFICIENCY

Note: In questions numbered 1 to 20, a question is followed by data in the form of two statements labelled as I and II. You must decide whether the data given in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Using the data make an appropriate choice from (1) to (4) as per the following guidelines:

- a) Mark choice (1) If the statements I alone is sufficient to answer the question;
- b) Mark choice (2) If the statements II alone is sufficient to answer the question;
- c) Mark choice (3) If both the statements I and II are sufficient to answer the question but neither statement alone is not sufficient:
- d) Mark choice (4) If both the statements I and Il together are not sufficient to answer the question and additional data is required.
- 1. For given integers a and b, can we find integers x and y such that ax + by = 1?

1) a 75, b = 120II) a = 286, b = 105

- 2. Let a and b be positive real numbers, is a > 1?
- J)  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = 1$  II) a + b > 13. What is  $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5$ ? -)
- - 11) a, a, a, a, a, are consecutive even integers
  - I)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
  - II)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5. When the second (a > b + c)  $\left[\frac{a}{a} + \frac{b}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right]$ ?
  - 1)  $a^2+b^2+c^2 \ge 0$  II)  $a \ge 0, b \ge 0, c \ge 0$  (

- 6. What is the value of  $(a b)^2$ ?
  - f) a + b = 5
- Is there a term independent of x in the expan
  - sion of  $\left| x + \frac{1}{x^2} \right|^n$ ?
  - n = 3k, k is a positive integer
  - II) n is an odd positive integer
- 8. What is the equation of the straight line ?( )
  - I) Its slope is  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - II) It is parallel to the line x 2y + 8 = 0
- 9. Are the positive integers and b relatively prime?
  - I) There is a prime number dividing both a and b
- II) The L.C.M. of and b is 24 10. What is the value of  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ ?( )
  - I) a = bII) c = 0
- 11. What is the present age of A?
  - I) Father of A was born on the 25th anniversary of India's Independence
  - 11) A was born on the 25th birthday of his father
- 12. For real numbers  $a_1, a_2$  is  $\left| a_1 + \frac{1}{a_1} \right| \left| a_2 + \frac{1}{a_2} \right| \ge 4$ ?

- 13. What is the set A? I)  $A - B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  II)  $B = \{4, 5\}$
- 14. Is an integer a divisible by 36?
  - 1) a is a multiple of 18
  - a is a multiple of 12
- 15. Let f(x) be a polynomial, Is "r" a root of f(x)?
  - r is root of f(x) II)  $(x-r)^2$  is a factor of f(x)
- 16. A bag contains balls of which some are white, some are green, some are red and some are blue. What is the fraction of green balls?
  - I) 1/2 of the balls are red
  - II) 1/4 of the balls are white and 1/5 of the balls

_	t-1		_			
1	17. $n-1_{C_3}+n-1_{C_4}+1$	1c, ( )	29.	Which word is co	ded as BANGALO	RE ?( )
	I) n is a positive re			1) WVIBVGJ	MZ 2) XJIQZI	ZN
-				3) X J I Q Y I Y M		
_	II) n is an integer g	reater than /	30.	Which word is co		
٠.	8. Is $\frac{n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n}{3}$ a			1) X J I Q Y I Z N	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1	8. Is a	n integer? ( )	-	3) X J I Q Y I Y M		
	I) n is an integer		31.	What is the least $8^2 + n^2 + 6^2$ is a pe	positive integer n s	uch that
	II) n is a positive ra	tional number		1)2 2)4	3) 5 4) 6	( )
10	P. For real number a		32.	,	tion of clock shows (	2:30 bec
	I) $a^2 > b^2$	` ,		What is the actua	l time?	( )
		II) b > 0		1) 09:40 hrs.	2) 08:30 hrs.	· / /
20	). What is the area of			3) 10:30 hrs.	4) 09:30 hrs.	
		fencing around the field is	33.	If the last day of N	Aarch is Wednesda	y, the day
	Rs.10,000			on which the mor	ith starts is :	( )
	11) The cost of fencis	ng per meter is Rs.100		1) Monday	2) Tuesday	
	PROBLEM	SOLVING		3) Thursday	4) Friday	
,			- 34.	A, B, C, D, E, F	are seated in a cir	cle facing
	shifted forward to 4	ter in English alphabet is ive place cyclically, that is		the centre. D is b	etween F and B, A	is second
		, $U \Rightarrow Z$ , $V \Rightarrow A$ ,		Who is facing A?	nd second to the r	ight of E.
		The reverse of this process		1) D	2) F or B	( )
	is used for decoding	. Based on this coding and		3) C or D	4) E	
	decoding processes	answer questions 21 to 30.	35.	A is 40 meters S	/	d C is 40
21.					ast of B. Then C is	
	1) R F Y M Z	2) R F Y M X		direction of A?		( )
	3) RFYMS	4) R F X M Y		1) East	2) West	
22.				3) South	4) North	
		X 2)GZXXNSKXX	36.	A and B are child	ren of C.B is the m	other of D
	3) GZXXNSJX				l grandmother of I	). What is
23.				the relation of E	to C?	( )
	1) N H K Z	2) N H K Y		1) Husband	2) Sister	
	3) N H J X	4) N H J Y	<b> </b>	3) Wife	4) Brother	
24.	What is the code wo		37.		of a father and son	
	1) JCFS	2) JCFR			ten years the ratio	
	3) JCFT	4) JCFQ			ge of the son, in ye	ais, is
25.	What is the code of			1) 25	2) 20	, ( )
		2) U'WNRFXD.	70	3) 15	4) 10	
	3) U W M R F W D		38.		neter in 3 min. 10 By what distance c	
26.	Which word is code	Third was a		B?	y what distance c	( )
	I) DJY DV	d as INDIA? ( )		1) 50 mts.	2) 40 mts.	, ,
	3) D I Y D V	4) D J Y D W		3) 30 mts.	4) 10 mts.	
27.	Which word is code	d as KADCII 2 ( )	39.			( )
	I) F V M B E G	2)FVMBDJ	٠,٠	1) 12	2) 19	/
	3) FVMBDH			3) 13	4) 1	
28.	Which word is code	4) F V M B D G	40.	$\{x \in \mathbb{R}/x^2 - 3 x  + 2$		( )
20.		,	40.			( )
	1) 1 Z S P	2) I Z S O		1) (1, 2)	2) (-2, -1)	`
	3) I Z S N	4)IZTO		3) (1, 2, -2)	4) (-2, -1, 1, 2	,

ıce	55 a sequer	umbered 41 to	n questions n	Note: la	
at-	a definite p	s that follow	bers or letter	of numb	
ce.	a viank spa A answer fr	question has by the correc	given. Each	tern are	
ice	e the seauer	is to complete	s to oe jiiteu · aiven ontioi	the four	
			breaking the		
)	(	•	126		41.
	4) 65	3) 63	2) 55	1. 47	
<u> </u>	(		5, 129,, 4		42.
	4) 251	3) 252	2) 250		
<u>_</u>	(		20,, 42	2, 6, 12,	43.
•	4) 32 ·	3) 30	2) 28	1) 26	
7	(		, 0.65, 0.8, .		44.
·	4) 0.95	3) 1	2) 0.82	1) 0.9	
_					
)	(	., 37, 43	19,	$\frac{7}{12}, \frac{13}{17},$	45.
•	,	41 47	43	11 17	
	49	21	31	. 29	
	4) $\frac{49}{21}$	3) ${29}$	2) $\frac{31}{29}$	1) ${31}$	
_			6, 626,		16.
,					
_	4) /120	3) 3126			
)	• • (	,√86	8, √58,	$\sqrt{26}, \sqrt{38}$	7.
		n'		🛶	
	4) ./08			13 /===	
_				1) √74	
)		3) √82 ),, (12, 1			8.
٠,	(43)	),, (12, 1	5, 35), (8, 63	(4, 15), (6	8.
٠,	(43)	),, (12, 1 ) 3) (10, 98)	5, 35), (8, 63	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93	
٠,	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) (	),, (12, 1 ) 3) (10, 98) , MOR	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 ., GIL, JLO	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF,	
) <u>^</u>	(43) ( (4) (10, 96)	),, (12, 1 ) 3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 ., GIL, JLO 2) CEH	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG	9.
٠,	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ	),, (12, 1 ) 3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH CDWX,,	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C	).
) )	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU	),, (12, 1 ) 3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 ., GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU	9.
) <u>^</u>	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU	9),, (12, 1 9) 3) (10, 98) 9, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 6U8	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 6, 416,,	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5	).
) )	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7	9),, (12, 1 9) 3) (10, 98) 9, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 608 3) 507	5, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 4, 416,, (42)	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7	). ).
) )	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7	9),, (12, 1 9) 3) (10, 98) 9, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 608 3) 507 , SOPT, SPT	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH CDWX,, 2) EFUV 6, 416,, 2) 5N7	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST	).
) )	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7	3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 5U8 3) 5O7 , SOPT, SPI 3) SOPT	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) ., GIL, JLO 2) CEH CDWX,, 2) EFUV ., 416,, 2) 5N7 TPO, SOTP, 2) STPO	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT	).
) )	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7	3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 5U8 3) 5O7 , SOPT, SPI 3) SOPT	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH CDWX,, 2) EFUV 6, 416,, 2) 5N7	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT	).
) <u> </u>	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7 ( 70, ( 4) SOTP	3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 508 3) 507 , SOPT, SPI 3) SOPT : TW	5, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) , GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV , 416,, 2) 5N7 TPO, SOTP, 2) STPO ::	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP	9. 0. 1.
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) <u> </u>	(43) ( ) 4) (10, 96 (4) EGJ (4) FEVU (4) 5P7 (70, ( 4) SOTP (4) MQ (4) 75	3) (10, 98) 5, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 608 3) 507 5OPT, SPI 3) SOPT TW 3) NQ 3) 57 : 625	5, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 7, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) 5N7 TPO, SOTP, 2) STPO :: 2) NP	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, S1 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25	). ).
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	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7 ( (4) SOTP ( 4) MQ ( 4) 75 ( 4) 625 ( ing out.	3) (10, 98) 4, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 608 3) 507 5 SOPT, SPT 3) NQ 3) 57 : 625 3) 6.25	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) STPO ::	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25 100: 1000 1) 0.625 Note: Q (	9. 0. 1. 3.
	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7 ( (4) SOTP ( 4) MQ ( 4) 75 ( 4) 625 ( ing out.	3) (10, 98) , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 6U8 3) 507 , SOPT, SPI 3) SOPT : TW 3) NQ 3) 57 : 625 3) 6.25	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) STPO 5 TPO, SOTP, 2) STPO 2) NP 2) 26 00: 2) 62.5 (56-65): Pic 2. 3 – 5	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25 100: 1000 1) 0.625 Note: Q (1.23 - 29	9. 0. 1. 2.
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	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7 ( (4) SOTP ( 4) MQ ( 4) 75 ( 4) 625 ( 4) 625 ( 1, 7 - 19) ( 4, 65)	3) (10, 98) 4, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 6U8 3) 5O7 5OPT, SPT 3) SOPT TW 3) NQ 3) 57 : 625 3) 6.25 6k the Odd th	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) STPO 5 TPO, SOTP, 2) STPO 2) NP 2) 26 00: 2) 62.5 (56-65): Pic 2. 3 – 5	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25 100: 1000 1) 0.625 Note: Q (1.23 - 29	1. 2. 3. 4.
	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) ( 4) EGJ ( (4) FEVU ( (4) 5P7 ( (70, ( 4) SOTP ( (4) MQ ( (4) 75 ( (4) 625 ( (4) 625 ( (4) 625 ( (4) 625 ( (4) 65 ( (4) 834 ( (4) 834 ( (4) 834 ( (4) 834 ( (4) 10, 96 ( (4) 5P7 ( (4) 5P7 ( (4) 80TP ( (4) 625 ( (4) 65 ( (4) 834 (	3) (10, 98) 4, MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV 608 3) 507 50PT, SPT 3) SOPT TW 3) NQ 3) 57 625 3) 6.25 6k the Odd th 3, 13 – 17 3, 55 3, 843	5, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH DWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) STPO :: 2) STPO :: 2) NP 	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, ST 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25 100: 1006 1) 0.625 Note: Q (1.23-29 1.35	9. 0. 1. 2. 3.
	(43) ( (4) (10, 96) ( 4) EGJ ( 4) FEVU ( 4) 5P7 ( (4) SOTP ( 4) MQ ( 4) 75 ( 4) 625 ( 4) 625 ( 1, 7 - 19) ( 4, 65)	3) (10, 98)  , MOR 3) DFI GHST 3) FEUV  6U8 3) 5O7 , SOPT, SPT 3) SOPT  TW 3) NQ  3) 57 : 625 3) 6.25 k the Odd th 3, 13 - 17 3, 55	6, 35), (8, 63 6) 2) (10, 99) 6, GIL, JLO 2) CEH CDWX,, 2) EFUV 416,, 2) STPO 5 TPO, SOTP, 2) NP 2) NP 2) 26 00: 2) 62.5 (56-65): Pic 2, 45	(4, 15), (6 1) (10, 93 ACF, 1) BDG ABYZ, C 1) EFVU 2A4, 3E5 1) 5M7 STOP, S1 1) SPOT BE: HK 1) MP 10: 37:: 1) 25 100: 100( 1) 0.625 Note: Q ( 1. 23 - 29 1. 35 1. 348	9. 0. 1.

61.	1. $\frac{2}{5}$	2. $\frac{2}{7}$	3. $\frac{5}{11}$	4. $\frac{7}{15}$	
62.	1. KLM	2. ABC	3. XYZ	4. PQR	-
63.	1. ERP	2. REP	3. PRS	4. PER	_
64.	1. AN	2. GS	3. DQ	4. JW	_
65.	1. P4A	2. D9I	3. D25Y	4. Y9I	_
that fi	ts the data		to 70) L is the table below.		

X	-2	0 2		-1 1	
у	0	2	4	1	3

- 66. Area of the triangle formed by (-2, 0), (0, 2), (2, 4) is ( )

  1) 3 2) 2 3) 1 4) 0
- 67. Slope of the line L is ....... ( )
  1) 1 2) 1/2 3) 2 4) 3
- 68. Which of the following points lies on the line L?
- 1) (3, 4) 2) (2, 3) 3) (3, 5) 4) (2, 1) 69. Y - intercept of the line L is (
- 1) 4 2) 3 3) 1 4) 2

  70. The equation of the line L is ....... (
  1) x + y = 2 2) y = x + 2
  - 3) 2y = x + 2 4) x = y + 2

The given pie diagram show monthly expenditure of a family on various items monthly income of the family is given to be Rs. 36,000. Basing on these, answer question Nos. 71 to 75.



- 71. The amount spent monthly on food and others is:
  - 1) Rs. 5,300 2) Rs. 10,680 3) Rs. 10,800 4) Rs. 10,600
- 72. The ratio of amounts spent monthly on housing to clothing is

  1) 21:18 2) 27:23 3) 21:17 4) 22:17
- 73. The amount spent monthly on transport is
  1) Rs. 3,200
  2) Rs. 3,400
  3) Rs. 4,300
  4) Rs. 5,200
- 74. The amount of spent of education in one full year is ( )
  - 1) Rs. 56,400 2) Rs. 54,600 3) Rs. 48,000 4) Rs. 56,800

75. The amount spent monthly on clothing and	88. The arithmetic mean of 20 observations is 12.5.
housing is ( )	By an error, one observation is registered as
1) Rs.11,500 2) Rs.14,100	15 instead of 15. The corrected arithmetic
3) Rs.11,400 4) Rs.12,400	mean is
SECTION - B	1) 10.5 2) 14 3) 15.5 4) 19
MATHEMATICAL ABILITY	89. The median of the scores 47, 53, 56, 58, 65, 70,
	72, 78 is
Questions: 75 [Marks: 75	1) 61.5 2) 61 3) 65 4) 58
76. $\sin^6\theta + \cos^6\theta + 3\sin^2\theta \cos^2\theta - 1 =$	90. The mode of the scores 2, 3, 3, 5, 6, 8, 8, 9, 10 is
1) 1 2) -1 3) 0 4) 2	1) 7 2) 8 3) 6.2 4) 3 ( )
12	91. The range of the observations 20, 18, 37, 42,
77. If $90^{\circ} < \theta < 180^{\circ}$ and $\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$ then $\cos \theta = \frac{12}{5}$	3, 12, 15, 26, is
5	1) 63 2) 42 3) 39 4) 6
5 5 5 5	92. The mean deviation of the scores 3, 5, 9, 11
1) $-\frac{5}{13}$ 2) $-\frac{5}{12}$ 3) $\frac{5}{13}$ 4) $\frac{5}{12}$	and 13 from their arithmetic mean is ( )
78. If $A + B = 45^{\circ}$ then $(1 + \tan A)(1 + \tan B) =$	1) 0 2) 3 3) 5 4) 8
1) 0 0) 1	93. If the standard deviation of $x_1, x_2,, x_n$ is $\sigma$ ,
1) -2 2) 1 3) 0 4) 2	then the standard deviation of $-x_1$ , $-x_2$ ,,
79. From the point, midway between two towers,	$-x_n$ is
the angles of elevation of their tops are found	1) \( \sigma \) 2) \( -\sigma \) 3) 1 4) 0
to be 60° and 45°. The ratio of the heights of	94. Four persons are chosen at rendom from a
the towers is ?	family of 3 men, 2 women and 4 children. The
1) 1:2 2) 1: $\sqrt{2}$ 3) 1: $\sqrt{3}$ 4) $\sqrt{2}$ : $\sqrt{3}$	probability that exactly two of them will be
	children is
80. The number of three digit natural number	Cultoren is
which leave remainder 46 when divided by 50,	10 9 4 4
is?	1) $\frac{10}{21}$ 2) $\frac{4}{22}$ 3) $\frac{4}{9}$ 4) $\frac{4}{21}$ ( )
1) 20 2) 19 3) 17 4) 18	
81. If a, b, c are real and $2+\sqrt{3}$ is a root of the	95. The probability that A solves a problem is $\frac{1}{3}$
equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , then the other root	3
of the equation is	
. ( )	and that of B is $\frac{1}{4}$ . Then the probability that
$\frac{1) \ 2 - \sqrt{3}  2) \ 4 + \sqrt{3}  3) \ 4 - \sqrt{3}  4) \ 2 + \sqrt{3}}{82.  \text{If } 3 + 3^{2x} = 4 \times 3^x \text{ then } x = 4 \times 3^x \text{ then }$	-
	the problem is not solved by them is ( )
1) 0, -1 2) 1 only 3) 0 only 4) 0 or 1	$(1) \frac{2}{3}  2) \frac{3}{4}  3) \frac{1}{2}  4) \frac{5}{12}$
83. If $gcd(a, b) = 1$ then $gcd(a+b, a-b) = ()$	
1) only 1 2) 1 or 2 3) only 2 4) 3	96. If two six faced unbaised dice are thrown si-
84. The term independent of x in the expansion	multaneously, then the probability of getting
	the sum 9 on their upper faces is ( )
of $\left[x^2 - \frac{1}{x}\right]^{12}$ is	1) $\frac{3}{36}$ 2) $\frac{1}{9}$ 3) $\frac{1}{4}$ 4) $\frac{1}{12}$
of $\begin{bmatrix} x & -\frac{1}{x} \end{bmatrix}$ is	36 9 4 12
1) 12C <sub>6</sub> 2) 12C <sub>3</sub> 3) 12C <sub>4</sub> 4) 12C <sub>5</sub>	97. If $x = 0.1$ then $\left\{1 - \left\{1 - (1 - x^3)^{-1}\right\}\right\}^{-1}$ .
	$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n} - $
( )	1) 1.0 2) 0.9 3) 0.99 4) 0.1
1) 1 2) 10 3) 0.1 4) 100	98. Three numbers in the ratio 2:3:4 have their
86. If the area of square field is 7200 sq.m., then	sum 270. Their L.C.M. is ( )
the length of its diagonal (in meters) is( )	
1) 110 2) 120 3) 130 4) 140	1) 120 2) 360 3) 240 4) 270
87. The arithmetic mean of the first N natural	99. The average age of three girls is 20 years and
numbers is	their ages are in the ratio 3:5:7. The age (in
1) $\frac{N}{2}$ 2) N 3) $\frac{N+1}{2}$ 4) N+1	years) of the youngest girl is ( )
1) $\frac{N}{2}$ 2) N 3) $\frac{N+1}{2}$ 4) N+1	
	1) 6 2) 12 3) 4 4) 8

	100	If $a = \sqrt{729}$ = then	112.	The catalogue price of an article is 20% above its cost price. The percentage of discount that
113. If each edge for a cube is increased by \$50%, then the increase in the percentage of its surface area in the ration and the read of a can be converted by surface area in the rati	1	77.20 /0.0720 /0.000720 - ( )		
101. If $x = \sqrt{37} - \sqrt{7}$ and $y = \sqrt{43} - \sqrt{13}$ then() 1) $x < y > 2$ ) $x > y > 3$ ) $x = y > 4$ ) $x = 2y$ 102. If a and b are positive integers such that $a^2 - b^2$ is a prime number, then $a^2 - b^2 = ($ ) 1) $a + b > 2$ ) $a - b > 3$ ) $ab > 4$ ) 3 103. The LC.M. of fivo numbers are 14 times their gcd. The sum of L.C.M. and gcd is 600. If one number is 280, then the other is () 1) 100 2 99 0 3) 80 4) 50 104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is () 1) $42 > 32 > 3$ ) $26 > 4$ ) $84$ 105. Three positive integers are in the ratio $3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$ . If their gcd is 20, then their sum is () 1) $200 > 2$ ) $300 > 3$ ) $500 > 4$ ) $700$ 106. $0.4 = 3 = 2$ 107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3} + 1)^4$ is () 1) $57 > 2$ ) $56 > 3$ ) $55 > 4$ ) $54$ 108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{5}, \frac{8}{6}$ is 1) $\frac{7}{8} = 20 + \frac{4}{5} = 3$ ) $\frac{5}{6} = 40 + \frac{7}{5}$ () 109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then () 1) $x = y = 2y = 2y = 32 = 2y = 32 = 3 = 40$ 100. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit it selling price of 12 pens in the bag is coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is of the profit profit profit profit profit		$\sqrt{7.29} \times \sqrt{0.0729} \times \sqrt{0.000729} = \sqrt{7.29} \times 0.00$		
101. If $x = \sqrt{37} - \sqrt{7}$ and $y = \sqrt{43} - \sqrt{13}$ then()   1) $x < y > 2$ ( $x > y > 3$ ) $x = y > 4$ ) $x = 2y > 102$ . If a and b are positive integers such that $a^2 - b^2$ is a prime number, then $a^2 - b^2 = ($ )   1) $a + b > 2$ ) $a^2 - b > 3$ ) $ab = 4$ ) 3   103. The L.C.M. of two numbers are 14 times their gcd. The sum of L.C.M. and gcd is 600. If one number is 280, then the other is   ( )   1) 100   2) 90   3) 80   4) 50   104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is   ( )   1) 44   2) 32   3) 26   4) 84   105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ( )   1) 200   2) 300   3) 500   4) 700   106.   0.4 \overline{2}{3} =   ( )   1000   2) \overline{999}   3) \overline{499}   499   499   1000   2) \overline{999}   3) \overline{999}   4)		$a^3$ $a^3$ $a^3$	113.	
101. If $x = \sqrt{37} - \sqrt{7}$ and $y = \sqrt{43} - \sqrt{13}$ then()   1) $x < y > 2$ ( $x > y > 3$ ) $x = y > 4$ ) $x = 2y > 102$ . If a and b are positive integers such that $a^2 - b^2$ is a prime number, then $a^2 - b^2 = ($ )   1) $a + b > 2$ ) $a^2 - b > 3$ ) $ab = 4$ ) 3   103. The L.C.M. of two numbers are 14 times their gcd. The sum of L.C.M. and gcd is 600. If one number is 280, then the other is   ( )   1) 100   2) 90   3) 80   4) 50   104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is   ( )   1) 44   2) 32   3) 26   4) 84   105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ( )   1) 200   2) 300   3) 500   4) 700   106.   0.4 \overline{2}{3} =   ( )   1000   2) \overline{999}   3) \overline{499}   499   499   1000   2) \overline{999}   3) \overline{999}   4)		1) $\frac{a}{10}$ 2) $\frac{a}{10^3}$ 3) $\frac{a}{10^6}$ 4) $a^3$	1	
101. If $x = \sqrt{37} - \sqrt{7}$ and $y = \sqrt{43} - \sqrt{13}$ then		10 10		` '
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103. The L.C.M. of two numbers are 14 times their ged. The sum of L.C.M. and ged is 600. If one number is 280, then the other is () 1) 100 2) 90 3) 80 4) 50  104. The ged and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is () 1) 44 2) 32 3) 26 4) 84  105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their ged is 20, then their sum is () 1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700  106. $0.4\overline{2}\overline{3} = ()$ 107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is () 1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54  108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is () 1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{4}{7}$ () 109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then () 1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{4}{7}$ () 101. The cost price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is () 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½,% 4) 16½,% 110. The cost price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is () 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½,% 4) 16½,% 111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is () 1) 1900/- 2) 2960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/- 40				
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the end of the year is $2:1$ , then $n=()$ $1) 2 0 3 3 8 0 4) 50$ 104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is () $1) 44 2) 32 3) 26 4) 84$ 105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is () $1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700$ 106. $0.4\overline{2}\overline{3}=$ ()  107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is () $1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54$ 108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{3}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{3}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{9}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{7}{9}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{7}{1}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac$	103.			,
104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is ()  1) 44 2) 32 3) 26 4) 84  105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ()  1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700  106. 0.4 2 3 = ()  107. The largest integer lessthan (√3 + 1) <sup>4</sup> is ()  1) 157 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54  108. The greatest of the fractions 6/7, 4/5, 8/7, 6/7 is  109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ()  1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y  110. The cost price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  1) 125% 2) 30% 3) 33¹/, % 4) 16²/, %  111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) 200 2) 300/3 3 1020/- 4) 1120/-		8	l	
<ul> <li>1) 100 2 390 3) 80 4) 30</li> <li>104. The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12 and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then the other is () 1) 44 2) 32 3) 26 4) 84</li> <li>105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is</li></ul>	,			
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beginning of the year. The worth of the motor cycle at the end of 2 years (in Rupees) is  1) $44$ 2) $32$ 3) $26$ 4) $84$ 105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their ged is 20, then their sum is () $1) 200$ 2) $300$ 3) $500$ 4) $700$ 106. $0.4 \overline{2} \overline{3} =$ ()  107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is () $1) 57$ 2) $56$ 3) $55$ 4) $54$ 108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{6}{6}$ is () $1) x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ 110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is () $1) 25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $30\%$ 30 $30\%$ 4) $10\%$ 4 $10\%$ 4 $11\%$ 6 $11\%$ 1. In a bag containing 800 coins $10\%$ are Rs. 5 coins, $3\%$ are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is () $1) 900/-2 29 600/-2 3 10200/-2 4) 11200/-2 1 100 100 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110$	104.	The gcd and L.C.M. of two numbers are 12	110.	
105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ( ) 1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700  106. 0.4 2 3 = ( ) 107. The largest integer lessthan (√3 + 1) <sup>4</sup> is ( ) 1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54  108. The greatest of the fractions 6 / 7, 5 / 8, 6 is  109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y  110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½,% 4) 16½,%  111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Ruppees) in the bag is ( ) 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-		and 252 respectively. If one number is 36, then		
<ul> <li>105. Three positive integers are in the ratio 3:5:7. If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ( ) 1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700</li> <li>106. 0.4 2 3 = ( ) 2 419 3 999 4) 422 999</li> <li>107. The largest integer lessthan (√3 + 1)<sup>4</sup> is ( ) 1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54</li> <li>108. The greatest of the fractions 6 7/5 7/8 / 5 is ( ) 1) 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y</li> <li>110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% 4) 16<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>%</li> <li>111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( ) 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-</li> <li>112. A train travelling with a speed of 36 km per hour crosses a platform of 220 meters long in 40 seconds. The length of the train (in meters) is  1) 160 2) 180 3) 200 4) 220 ( )</li> <li>118. A, B and C are three workers. The work done by C in 3 days can be finished by A in 2 days. The work done by B in 5 days can be completed by C in 4 days. If A can complete a work in 16 weeks, the number of weeks required by B to complete the same is ( ) 1) 25 2) 35 3) 30 4) 40</li> <li>119. A train travelling with a speed of 36 km per hour crosses a platform of 220 meters long in 40 seconds. The length of the train (in meters) is  1) 160 2) 180 3) 200 4) 220 ( )</li> <li>118. A, B and C are three workers. The work done by C in 3 days can be finished by A in 2 days. If A can complete the same is ( ) 1) 25 2) 35 3) 30 4) 40</li> <li>119. A train travelling with a speed of 36 km per hour crosses a platform of 220 meters long in 40 seconds. The length of the train (in meters) is</li> <li>110. A train travelling with a speed of 36 km per hour crosses a platform of 220 meters long in the speed of 30 km per hour crosses a platform of 220 meters long in the sp</li></ul>	1	the other is ( )	l	cycle at the end of 2 years (in Rupees) is
If their gcd is 20, then their sum is ( ) 1) 200 2) 300 3) 500 4) 700  106. $0.4\overline{23} =$ ( )  107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is ( ) 1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54  108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is ( ) 1) 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) $x = y + 2$ ) $x = 2y + 3$ 3) $2x = y + 4$ 2x = 3y 110. The cost price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % 4) $16^2\frac{1}{3}$ % 111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( ) 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-		1) 44 2) 32 3) 26 4) 84		1) 22400 2) 28000 3) 20000 4) 30000( )
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106. $0.4\overline{2}\overline{3}=$ ( )  107. The largest integer lessthan $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is ( )  108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ 110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  1) $25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $33^{1}/3\%$ 4) $16^{21}/3\%$ 111. In a bag containing 800 coins $10\%$ are Rs. 5 coins, $3\%$ are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  ( )  1) $900/-2$ 2) $960/-3$ 3) $1020/-4$ 1120/-				40 seconds. The length of the train (in meters)
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108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  108. The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ 110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( )  1) $25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $33^{1/3}\%$ 4) $16^{2/3}\%$ 111. In a bag containing 800 coins $10\%$ are Rs. 5 coins, $3\%$ are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( )  1) $900/-2$ 960/- 3) $1020/-4$ 1120/-	107.	The largest integer less than $(\sqrt{3}+1)^4$ is ( )		
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the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ 110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  1) $25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $33^{1/3}\%$ 4) $16^{2/3}\%$ 111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  ()  1) $900/-2$ 9960/- 3) $1020/-4$ 1120/-	:	1) 57 2) 56 3) 55 4) 54	110	
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109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1100. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  1110. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  11120. If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ( )  1120. If the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ( )  1121. The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq. meters, (in meters) is  1122. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is	108.		119.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced
<ul> <li>109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y</li> <li>110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½% 4) 16½%</li> <li>111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( ) 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-</li> <li>1120. If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of ΔABC then the perimeter of ΔDEF (in cms) is ( )</li> <li>110. If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of ΔABC then the perimeter of ΔDEF (in cms) is ( )</li> <li>111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( )</li> <li>1120. If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of ΔABC then the perimeter of ΔDEF (in cms) is ( )</li> <li>1121. The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441π sq. meters) is</li> <li>1122. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is</li> </ul>	108.		119.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X,
<ul> <li>109. If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y</li> <li>110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½% 4) 16½%</li> <li>111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( ) 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-</li> <li>120. If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of ΔABC then the perimeter of ΔDEF (in cms) is ( )</li> <li>110. If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of ΔABC then the perimeter of ΔDEF (in cms) is ( )</li> <li>111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( )</li> <li>112. The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441π sq. meters, (in meters) is</li> <li>112. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is</li> </ul>	108.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is	119.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the re-
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<ul> <li>110. The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½% 4) 16½%  111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) 20½ 2) 20% 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-  112. The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441π sq. meters, (in meters) is  1) 21π 2) 21π² 3) 42√π 4) 42π ( )  122. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is</li> </ul>		The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )		A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  ( )  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7
selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  () 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½,% 4) 16½,%  111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is () 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-		The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )		A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of ΔABC is 32 cms and D, E,
selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is  () 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) 33½% 4) 16⅔%  111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is () 1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-	109.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y		A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$ is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle ABC$ then
profit is () 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) $33^{1/3}$ % 4) $16^{2/3}$ % covered by which is $441\pi$ sq.meters, (in meters) is 1) 21 $\pi$ 2) $21\pi^2$ 3) $42\sqrt{\pi}$ 4) $42\pi$ () 121 $\pi$ 2) 21 $\pi^2$ 3) 42 $\pi$ 4) 42 $\pi$ () 122. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is	109.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y		A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is () 1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()
111. In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) $20\%$ 112. The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is	109.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4
coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/- (1) 120/- (2) 1020/- (3) 1020/- (4) 1120/- (5) 120/- (6) 120/- (6) 120/- (7)	109.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( )	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is () 1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is () 1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area
coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/- (1) 120/- (2) 1020/- (3) 1020/- (4) 1120/- (5) 120/- (6) 120/- (6) 120/- (7)	109.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( )	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is ( ) 1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ( ) 1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq.meters, (in
50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is  1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/- (in cms) is  curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is	109. 110.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( )  1) 25% 2) 30% 3) $33\frac{1}{3}$ % 4) $16\frac{2}{3}$ %	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is  ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq. meters, (in meters) is
Rupees) in the bag is  1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/-  smaller cylinder is 8cm, then the height of the other (in cms) is	109. 110.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) $25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ 4) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq. meters, (in meters) is  1) $21\pi$ 2) $21\pi^2$ 3) $42\sqrt{\pi}$ 4) $42\pi$ ()
1) 900/- 2) 960/- 3) 1020/- 4) 1120/- other (in cms) is	109. 110.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( )  1) $x = y$ 2) $x = 2y$ 3) $2x = y$ 4) $2x = 3y$ The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( )  1) $25\%$ 2) $30\%$ 3) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ 4) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq.meters, (in meters) is  1) $21\pi$ 2) $21\pi^2$ 3) $42\sqrt{\pi}$ 4) $42\pi$ ()  The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the
1) 8 2) 10 3) 11 4) 12	109. 110.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y  The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) $33^{1/3}$ % 4) $16^{2/3}$ %  In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq.meters, (in meters) is  1) $21\pi$ 2) $21\pi^2$ 3) $42\sqrt{\pi}$ 4) $42\pi$ ()  The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the
	109. 110.	The greatest of the fractions $\frac{6}{7}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ , $\frac{5}{6}$ is  1) $\frac{7}{8}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$ 3) $\frac{5}{6}$ 4) $\frac{6}{7}$ ( )  If 25% of x is equal to 50% of y, then ( ) 1) x = y 2) x = 2y 3) 2x = y 4) 2x = 3y  The cost price of 16 pens is the same as the selling price of 12 pens. The percentage of profit is ( ) 1) 25% 2) 30% 3) $33^{1/3}$ % 4) $16^{2/3}$ %  In a bag containing 800 coins 10% are Rs. 5 coins, 3% are Rs. 2 coins and the rest are 50 ps coins. The total value of the money (in Rupees) in the bag is ( )	120.	A train moving at 40 kmph takes 45 minutes to travel from X to Y. If the speed is reduced by 4 kmph in its return journey from Y to X, the extra time (in minutes) taken in the return is ()  1) 5 2) 6 3) 4 4) 7  If the perimeter of $\triangle$ ABC is 32 cms and D, E, F are the mid points of the sides of $\triangle$ ABC then the perimeter of $\triangle$ DEF (in cms) is ()  1) 64 2) 16 3) 8 4) 4  The circumference of a circular park, the area covered by which is 441 $\pi$ sq. meters, (in meters) is  1) $21\pi$ 2) $21\pi^2$ 3) $42\sqrt{\pi}$ 4) $42\pi$ ()  The volumes of two cylinders with same base curve are in the ratio 3: 2. If the height of the other (in cms) is

123. The inner and outer radii of a circular track
1 20
are 21 meters and 28 meters respectively. The
cost of levelling the track at Rs.10 per square
metre (in Rupees) is ( )
1) 15400 2) 10780 3) 8780 4) 7700
124. Signal lights at three different road junctions change after every 48 seconds, 60 seconds and
96 seconds. If all the three signal lights simul-
taneously change at 6 hours 10 minutes, then
the next change simultaneously is at ( )
1) 6 hours 14 minutes 2) 6 hours 15 minutes
3) 6 hours 18 minutes 4) 6 hours 20 minutes
125. In a class of 25 students, 12 have taken eco-
nomics, 8 have taken economics but no poli-
tics. Then the number of students who have taken politics but not economics is
1) 4 2) 8 3) 17 4) 13 126. The tautology, among the following, is()
1) p∨(~p) 2) p∧(~p)
3) $p \Rightarrow q$ 4) $p \lor (\sim q)$ 127. $\sim (p \rightarrow q) =$ ()
1) $p \wedge (\sim q)$ 2) $\sim p \wedge q$
3) p∧q 4) ~p∧~q
128. In the set L of all straight lines in a plane de-
fine a Rb $\Leftrightarrow$ a $\perp$ b. Then R is
1) Reflexive 2) Symmetric
3) Transitive 4) An Equivalence relation
129. If $f: a^{TR} \rightarrow^{TR}$ is defined by ( )
1 for $x \ge 0$
$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ for } x \ge 0 \\ -1 \text{ for } x < 0 \end{cases} \text{ then f is } \dots$
$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ for } x \ge 0 \\ -1 \text{ for } x < 0 \end{cases} \text{ then f is}$ 1) one-one 2) onto
1) one-one 2) onto
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function 130. If $f(x) = 3x + 5$ and $g(f(x)) = x$ , then $g(x) = ()$ 1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function  130. If f(x) = 3x + 5 and g(f(x)) = x. then g(x) =( )  1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial f(x) is divided by (x - 4) the remainder is 9 then a factor of g(x) = f(x²) - 9
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function  130. If f(x) = 3x + 5 and g(f(x)) = x. then g(x) =( )  1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial f(x) is divided by (x - 4) the remainder is 9 then a factor of g(x) = f(x²) - 9
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function  130. If f(x) = 3x + 5 and g(f(x)) = x. then g(x) =( )  1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial f(x) is divided by (x - 4) the remainder is 9 then a factor of g(x) = f(x²) - 9
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function 130. If $f(x) = 3x + 5$ and $g(f(x)) = x$ , then $g(x) = ($ ) 1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-4)$ the remainder is 9 then a factor of $g(x) = f(x^2) - 9$ 1) $x-3$ 2) $x+3$ 3) $x+2$ 4) $x+4$ ( ) 132. $gcd$ of $x^2+5x+6$ and $(x^2-9)(x+2)$ is ( )
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function  130. If $f(x) = 3x + 5$ and $g(f(x)) = x$ , then $g(x) = ($ )  1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-4)$ the remainder is 9 then a factor of $g(x) = f(x^2) - 9$ 1) $x-3$ 2) $x+3$ 3) $x+2$ 4) $x+4$ ( )  132. $gcd$ of $x^2+5x+6$ and $(x^2-9)(x+2)$ is ( ) 1) $x-3$ 2) $x+2$
1) one-one 2) onto 3) neither one-one nor onto 4) not a function 130. If $f(x) = 3x + 5$ and $g(f(x)) = x$ , then $g(x) = ($ ) 1) $\frac{x+5}{2}$ 2) $\frac{x-5}{3}$ 3) $\frac{x+5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{x-5}{2}$ 131. If the polynomial $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-4)$ the remainder is 9 then a factor of $g(x) = f(x^2) - 9$ 1) $x-3$ 2) $x+3$ 3) $x+2$ 4) $x+4$ ( ) 132. $gcd$ of $x^2+5x+6$ and $(x^2-9)(x+2)$ is ( )

- 134. If the system ax + by = 1 and  $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$  has a unique solution, then

  1) a = b 2) a = b = 13 3)  $a \ne b$  4)  $|a| \ne |b|$
- 135. The number of real roots of the equation  $|x|^2 6|x| + 8 = 0$  is ( )

  1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 4
  - 66. If the roots of  $x^2+ax+1=0$  are imaginary, then 'a' lies in the interval
- 1) (-2,-1) 2) (-2,-2)3) (-2,2) 4) (-2,1)137. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of  $6x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$  then  $(a+b\alpha+\alpha^2) + (a+b\beta+c\beta^2) = ($ 
  - 1)  $2a+b+\frac{2}{3}c$  2)  $2a+b+\frac{1}{3}c$
  - 3)  $2a+b+\frac{1}{3}b+c$  4)  $2a+\frac{2}{3}b+c$
- 138. The Quadratic equation with rational coefficients for which 1 + i is a root is  $1) x^2 + x + 1 = 0$   $2) x^2 x + 1 = 0$ 
  - 3)  $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$  4)  $x^2 2x + 2 = 0$
- 139. The sum of the first p terms of an arithmetic progression whose n<sup>th</sup> term is 3n-1, is ....( )
  - 1)  $\frac{1}{2}(3p+1)$  2)  $\frac{1}{2}(3p-1)$
  - 3)  $\frac{1}{2}$ p(3p+1) 4)  $\frac{1}{2}$ p(3p-1)
- 140.  $\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = 351$ , then n = ( )
- 1) 23 2) 24 3) 25 4) 26

  141. The first term and common ratio of a geometric progression are respectively 5 and 3. If the
  - sum of first n term of this is 605 then n = 1) 3 2) 4 3) 5 4) 6 (
- 142. In a geometric progression the first term is -3 and the fourth term is the square of its second term. The seventh term of the progression is

  1) 2187 2) -2187 3) 2000 4) 2023 (\_)
- 143. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -5 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A^{-1} = -\frac{1}{13}B$ , then  $B = -\frac{1}{13}B$ 
  - $1)\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad 2)\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad ( )$ 
    - $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad 4) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

144. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then  $A^4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 81 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

145. 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \left[ \frac{1}{x-2} - \frac{1}{x^2 - 3x + 2} \right] =$$
 (1)

146. If 
$$x^2y = 1$$
, then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ 

1) 
$$\frac{1}{x^2}$$
 2)  $\frac{2}{x^3}$  3)  $\frac{-2}{x^3}$  4)  $\frac{-2}{x^2}$ 

147. In 
$$\triangle ABC$$
 if  $\angle A = \frac{\pi}{2}$ , then the orthocenter of the triangle lies at the point ( )

4) P, the midpoint of AC

148. The distance between the lines 
$$3x + 4y + 1 = 0$$
and  $6x + 8y - 1 = 0$  is

149. If a = b the point of intersection of the lines

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$$
 and  $\frac{x}{b} + \frac{y}{a} = 1$  lies on (

1) 
$$ax + by = 0$$
 2) a

2) 
$$ay + bx = 0$$

3) 
$$x + y = 0$$

4) 
$$x - y = 0$$

### 150. The equation of the line perpendicular to 5x - 2y + 4 = 0 and passing through (1, -1) is (

1) 
$$5x + 2y + 3 = 0$$

2) 
$$2x + 5y + 3 = 0$$

### 3) 2x - 5y + 3 = 0 4) 5x - 2y + 3 = 0

#### SECTION- C COMMUNICATION ABILITY

Questions: 50] [Marks: 50

Read the following passage and answer questions 151 to 155:

There is a story about an ancient Indian sage who was called ugly names by a passerby.

The sage listened unperturbed till the man ran out of words. He asked the man." If an offering is not acceted, whom does it belong to? "The man replied, "It belongs to the person who offered it. "The sage said, "I refuse to accept your offering "and walked away leaving the man dazed. The sage was internally driven.

So long as we blame outside sources, our miseries will continue and we will feel helpless. Unless we accept responsibility for our feelings and behaviour, we cannot change. The first step is to ask.

- ★ Why did I get upset ?
- ★ Why am I angry?
- ★ Why am I depressed ?

Then we start getting the claes to overcome them. Happiness is a result of positive self-esteem. If you ask people what makes them happy. You will get all kinds of answer. Most of them would include material things but that is not really true. Happiness comes from being and not having. One can have everying in life and yet not be happy. The reverse is also ture.

Happiness in internal. Happiness is like a butterfly. You run after it, it keeps flying away. If you stand still, it comes and sits on your shoulder.

- 151. The Indian sage left the passer by shocked by
  - Indulging in counter accusation
  - 2) Teaching him a moral by the use of his logic
  - 3) Leaving him perturbed by forceful argument
  - 4) Driving him to turn his gaze inward
- 152. In order to change ourselves

  1) We must ask disturbing question
  - 2) We should stop feeling miserable
  - 3) We should stop being helpless
  - We should accept responsibility for our behaviour and feelings
- 153. Positive self-esteem is
  - 1) A result of happiness

154.

- 2) One of the causes of happiness
- 3) A result of change 4) A cause of change
  - The author suggests that ( )

    1) One must have everything in life to be happy
  - 2) By having everything in life one is unhappy
  - One may not have anything in life and yet be happy
  - 4) One must have nothing to be happy
- Happiness is compared with a butterfly because.
  - 1) One feels happy to have a butterfly (
  - 2) A butterfly flutters happily
  - 3) One does not chase butterfly to have it
  - 4) The butterfly comes to you if you do not go after it

#### Read the passage answer (Q. 156-160)

With the recent growth of mass media technology, advertising has begun to play a significant, role in the national economy. Thousands of people are working to promote the sale of each new product or to cost the sale of product already in the market. Infact, advertising as an industry now enjoys a respectable status and is regarded by many as a service to society.

The avowed purpose of advertising is to inform the audience and to influence. It to buy a particular
product. The customer is made aware of goods and services available, their merits, uses and value.
Advertising thus helps him in choosing what he actually
needs of what he should have to add to his comfort and
improve his standard of living. But the sale of product
does not depend on advertisment alone. The quality of
product must be good and its price within reach of those
for whom it is intended. If exaggerated elainms are made
or the price too high, advertising, howsoever powerful,
will not prove effective.
156 The main function of advertising is to ( )

#### 156. The main function of advertising is to (

- 1) Help in buying a product
- 2) Improve the standard of living
- 3) Promote employment
- Make the profession more respectable

### 157. Advertising has begun to play an important role as result of the

- 1) Modernisation of society
- 2) Increase in new products
- 3) Development of mass media
- 4) Expanding population

#### 158. The word 'boost' means

- 1) Increase
- 2) Help
- 3) Manage
- 4) Decrease

#### 159. Advertising proves effective when the (

- 1) Advertisements are well designed
- Quality of the product is good and the price is reasonable
- 3) Price is low
- 4) Quality of the product is good and the price is reasonable

### 160. Which of the statement is <u>not true</u> of the passage

- 1) Thousands of people work in advertising industry
- 2) Advertisements do not help people to choose the right product
- Increasing number of industries leads to more advertisements
- 4) Media is a boon to the advertising industry

## Read the following passage and answer questions from 161 to 165:

Male hons are rather reticent about expending their energy in hunting more than three quarters of kills are made by lionesses. Setting off at dusk on a hunt, the lionesses are infront, tensely scanning ahead, the cubs lag playfully behind, and the males bring up the rear, walking slowly, their massive heads nodding with each step as if they were bored with the whole matter. But

slothfulness may have survival value. With lionesses busy hunting, the males function as guardes for the cubs, protecting them particularly from hyenas. Lions practice remarkably sophisticated cooperative hunting techniques. Sighting prey, lionesses usually fan out and stalk closer until one is within striking distance. The startled herd may scatter or bolt to one side right into a hidden lioness. Sometimes lionesses surround their quarry, while perhaps three crouch and wait a fourth may backtrack and then circle far around and approach from the opposite side, a technique not unknown in human warfare.

### 161. Where in does the survival value of the male lions lie?

- They survive because they walk slowly nodding their heavy heads
- They are not in the forefront of the hunting activity and hence they survive
- 3) They are behind their cubs and protect them
- 4) They are not enthusiastic about hunting and hence they survive

### 162. Male lions are described as slothful and reticent because

- They are in the forefront of the hunting activity and move lethargically
- They are not the forefront but are very alert and watchful about their prey
- They are in the rear, walk, slowly, move about as if bored
- 4) They are not watchful in protecting their cubs

## 163. Where do the cubs position themselves in the hunting activity?

- 1) Behind the lions who guard them
- 2) Behind the lionesses moving about playfully
- 3) Between the lions and the hyenas
- Between the tensely scanning lionesses and their possible prey

#### 164. The hunting technique of the lions

- 1) Resembles the modes of human welfare
- Does not bear any resemblance to the techniques of human welfare
- 3) Follows a co-operative mode not known to humans
- 4) Follows as sophisticated technique without parallels

#### 165. The word 'practise' in the passage is a / an

- Noun
- 2) Adverb
- . ( )

- 3) Gerund
- 4) Verb

166. 167.	1) Rude nature 2) Elementary	179. USP is ( )
167.	1) Rude nature 2) Elementary	Unique Selling Proposal
		2) Unique Sales Proposition
		W Unique Selling Proposition
	3) Ruthless / 4) Strong	4) Unique Sales Perspective
168.		180. Bank rate is the
168.	t) Absorb 2) Recall	Rate of interest at which the RBI finance
168.	3) Imitate 4) Try	commercial banks
		2) Rate of interest at which commercial banks
	1) Spiritual 2) A petty officer	finance their customers
	3) Capital 4) Material	3) Rate of interest charged for bank deposits
169.	Aisle ( )	4) Interest rate fixed by the Finance Ministry for
	1) Island 2) Footpath	the issue of loans to states
	3) Passage 4) Pavement	181. "Linux" is
		An operating system
	1) Hairo 27 Scold	2) An application software
	3) Embroidery 4) Unwind	3) A compiler
71.	Lessee ( )	4) A net work hardware
	1) Buttermilk 2) Yoghurt	182. "A Search engine" is a
	3) Ligh hearted (4) Lease - hilder	1) Website in interest
	Fill in the blanks choosing the correct word :	2) Cyber space portal
		3) Software for internet applications
	as physical stamina ( )	4) Software for computing
,	1) debilitates 2) stimulates	183. ISDN is an abbreviation for (
_	3) enhances 4) maintains	1) Integrated System Digital Network
	A seismograph detects ( )	2) Integrated Services Digital Network
	1) climatic changes 2) glandular deficiency	3) Integrated Systems Deployment Network
	3) earthquakes 4) heart ailments	4) Inter-Services Digital Network
	The police have decided to the theatre	184. MIS stands for
	following a bomb scare.	1) Management Information Scheme
	1) eradicate 2) evacuate	
	3) eject 4) expel	2) Message Information System
		3) Message Information Scheme
	Human Resource Management is an of mind rather than a set of techniques ( )	4) Management Information System
		185. TRIP is an abbreviation for (
_		1) Trade Related Intellectual Property
	3) evolution 4) authority	Trade Regulated Intrinsic Property
		Trade Regulated Intellectual Property
	VAT stands for ( )	4) Trade Related Intellectual Property
1	1) Video Audio Terminal	Choose the correct Answer:
	2) Value Added Tax	186. "You have put a sopke in my wheel" mean
1	3) Very Attractive Tarif	
<i>'</i> :		
	SOHO stands for	l :
77.	SOHO stands for ( )  1) Sub Office Head Office	H TOU HAVE CITATED ODSIACIES FOR INC.
77.	1) Sub Office Head Office	
77.	Sub Office Head Office     Soft Option Hard Option	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?
77.	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order  2) A statement
77. \$	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office 4) Saff Officer Higher Officer	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order 2) A statement 3) A suggestion 4) A declaration
77. \$	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office 4) Saff Officer Higher Officer Customs duty is levied when	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order  2) A statement
77. \$	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office 4) Saff Officer Higher Officer  Customs duty is levied when 1) Goods are exported	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order 2) A statement 3) A suggestion 4) A declaration
77. \$	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office 4) Saff Officer Higher Officer  Customs duty is levied when 1) Goods are exported	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order 2) A statement  2) A suggestion 4) A declaration  188. "Arun called on Yusuff yesterday" means  1) Arun phoned Yusuff
77. \$	1) Sub Office Head Office 2) Soft Option Hard Option 3) Small Office Home Office 4) Saff Officer Higher Officer Customs duty is levied when	187. "Shall we advance the meeting by a day?  1) An order 2) A statement 3) A suggestion 4) A declaration  188. "Arun called on Yusuff yesterday" means
76. Y	1) Video Audio Terminal  Yalue Added Tax 3) Very Attractive Tarif 4) Viutual Aptive Terminal	4) Trade Related Intellectual Property  Choose the correct Answer:

189.	John : W	hen are ye	ou taking u	p your new	T :	3) Politicians	are time cons	cious and her	nce declay	
Mary: I am keeping may fingers crossed.  Mary's statement means that						their decis 4) Politicians so ruin the	ions, thus rui are too busy nation.	to serve the	racy. nation and	
	1) She has	decide not	to take up the	e assignment.	Fill in the blanks with appropriate phraselverh/					
1	2) She is for	olding her h	ands.			p <i>reposition :</i> It was a site		which		
She has decided to take up the assignment.     She has not yet taken a decision.						193. It was a situationwhich no escape wa				
190.	"The orga	nisation is	strapped for	r cash at the			from	3) of	4) on	
moment"means  ()  Y) The organisation has little money at the						A leader ca	n easily see	the r	use of his	
	V) The or	ganisation	has little m	oney at the		1) through	2) into	∕3') in	4) to	
moment. 2) The organisation has a lot of money.						I the ca	ar; there was	a tree acro	ss the road	
3	) The orga	misation is	on a spendin	ney.		1) must stop		will stop	( )	
4	) Cash in	flowing into	the organis	ation.		3) have to st My patience		had to stop		
191. "	Hundred	s of theft of	ases are no	ticed every		1) wear out		worn out	( )	
٧	veek and t	that is just	the tip of t	he iceberg"	1	3) is worn		wore out		
		ice means	e known and	( )		The captain	with his so	ldiers	( )	
2	) Many mo	ore thefts ar	e brought to	i reported.	1	1) are comin	,	have been	coming	
13	) Many mo	ore occure h	out are not re	ngnt.		3) is coming		have come		
4	) It is so fre	ezing to not	ice that hund	reds of thefts	198.	It wast	to watch 1	endulkar's	splendid	
	take plac	e every we	ek.			1) a delight	ful 12	a delight	( )	
		ing politic	ians ruip o	iemocracy"		<ol><li>defighful</li></ol>	ly 4	delight		
	eans -			( )	199.	in the manager successful in intimitate crisis (				
1,	ruin deme	is are not pu	inctual and th	nerefore they	_	diffusing 2) detonating				
23			eir views to	suit powers	3) defusing 4) deranging 200. His arguments cut no with me ( )					
)/	that be an	d therefore	they ruin de	emocracy.			nts cut no 2) bread	with ii 3) snow	A) cake	
				-		1)100 2	.) orcad	3) 3110W	A) Carc	
					EY					
1) 3	2) 4	3) <b>3</b>	. 4) 2	5) 4	6) 3	7) 1	8) 3	9) 2	10) 4	
11)3	12) 3	13) 3	14) 3	15) 4	16) 3	17) 2	18) 3	19) 3	20) <b>3</b>	
21) 2	· 22) <b>3</b>	23) 4	24) <b>2</b>	25) 1	26) 3	27) 4	28) 2	29) 1	30) 4	
31) 3	32) 4	33) 1	34) 2	35) 1	36) 3	37) 2	38) 4	39) 2	40) 4	
41)4	42) 4	43) 3	44) 3	45) 1	46) 3	47) 1	48) 2	49) 3	50) 2	
51)1	52) 1	53) <b>3</b>	54) 2	55) 3	56) 4	57) 2	58) 3	59) 4	60) 1	
61) 4	62) 3	63) <b>3</b>	64) 2	65) 1	66) 4	67) 1	68) 4	69) 4	70) 2	
71) 4	72) 3	73) 2	74) 1	75) 3	76) 3	77) 1	78) 4	79) 3	80) 4	
81)1	82) 4	83) 1	84) 3	85) 1	86) 2	87) 3	88) 2	89) 1	90) 2	
91)3.	92) 2	93) 1	94) 3	95) 4	96) 2	97) 4	98) 2	99) 2	100) 3	
101) 2	102) 3	103) 3	_ 104) 4	105) 2	106) 2	107) 3	108) 1	109) 2	110)3	
111)4.	112) 3	113) 2	114) 4	115) 3	116) 1	117) 2	118) 4	119) 1	120) 2	
121) 4	122) 4	123) 2	124) 3	125) 4	126) 1	127) 1	128) 1	129) 3	130) 2	
131) 4	132) 4	133) 3	134) 2	135) 2	136) 3	137) 4	138) 3	139) 4	140) 4	
141) 3	142) 2	143) 4	144) 3	145) 4	146) 3	147) 4	148) 3	149) 2	150) 3	
151) 1	152) 4			155) 3	156) 1	157) 3	158) 1	159) 4	160) 2	
161) 3		153) 1	154) 4				168) 4	169) 3	170) 2	
171) 4	162) 2	163).1	164) 3	165) 4	166) 2	167) 1		179) 3	180) 1	
	172) 1	173) 3	174) 2	175) 1	176) 2	177) 3	178) 4		190) 1	
181) 1 191) 3	182) 3	183) 2	184) 4	185) 1	186) 4	187) 3	188) 2	189) 4 199) 1	200) 4	
14114	.192) 2	193) 2	194) 3	195) 4	196) 4	197) 3	198) 2		1 /1833 4	