B3.3-R3: SOFTWARE ENGINEERING & CASE TOOLS

NOTE:

- 1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR questions from 2 to 7.
- 2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

1.

- a) Explain the advantages and the disadvantages of making use prototyping process model for the purpose of software development.
- b) What is the difference between black box and white box testing?
- c) Explain any two approaches for the subsystem design. Which one do you think is better?
- d) What are the outcomes and artefacts generated in the architectural analysis?
- e) What is dependability of software? What are the various dimensions of dependability?
- f) What is meant by the software versions and release? Illustrate by an example.
- g) Explain the role of recursive testing and its role in the integration testing.

(7x4)

2.

- a) What are requirement specifications and how are they different from the software specifications.
- b) Derive two different metrics for software availability and give their utility.
- c) Use cases play an important role in deriving software requirements. What are the ways in which the use cases by verified for correctness?

(6+6+6)

3.

- a) Explain what could be the different non-functional requirements for a word processing editor.
- b) State reasons as to why is the Rational Unified Process said to be use-case driven.
- c) What is reverse engineering? How can a CASE tool help in the reverse engineering of software?

(5+6+7)

4.

- a) What is stress testing? In which situations do we carry out the stress testing? Give examples.
- b) What are the different parts of configuration management planning?
- c) How can we validate a design of the software? What is a good design? Enumerate the various features.

(6+6+6)

5.

- a) What are the various methods for requirements elicitation for an object-oriented description of a system?
- b) Explain the big bang testing approach to software testing?
- c) What are the advantages and disadvantages of the component approach to software design?

(6+6+6)

6.

- a) Explain the difference between a subsystem and a package?
- b) Discuss the metrics for a class?
- c) Explain, how does the object oriented approach to software development help to make extensible software design?

(6+6+6)

- 7. a)
- b)
- Differentiate between design patterns and frameworks?
 What is the role of domain analysis in making the business use cases?
 Elaborate any techniques for measuring the usability of a good user interface design? c) (5+6+7)