## SemIII /Re0]I.T. | GIDI & Data Base monagement / Dec. 09

Con. 5520-09.

## (REVISED COURSE)

SP-7439

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N	ot	es	
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1)	Question number 1 is compulsory	
2)	Solve any 4 questions from question number 2 to 7.	
- 3)	Assume appropriate data where necessary.	
4)	All questions carry equal marks.	
Q1) a) 8	Explain Database architecture in detail.	12
b)	Explain Murphy's low of GUI Design and standard of GUI.	08
Q2) a) (	Consider the following database, give an expression in SQL,	12
E	Employee (employee-name, street, city ,date of join)	
٧	Vorks (employee-name, company-name, salary)	
C	Company (company-name, city)	
N	/lanages (employee-name, manager-name),	
1	] Find all employees in database who live in the same cities and on the same	
9	Street as do their manager.	
2	] Find all employees who earn more than average salary of all employee of their company	r
2	1) Give all employee of XV7 at 10% rise	

b) Explain following relational algebra operator in detail,
i) select , ii) project , iii) Cartesian product , iv) rename

4) Find all employees who join in the month of March

5] Delete the Smith belonging to XYZ Company.

avoidance scheme.

- Q3) a) Explain time stamp ordering protocol and Thomas write rule in detail.

  b) Explain shadow page recovery mechanism in DBMS.

  10
- Q4) a) what is dead Lock? How it is detected? Discuses different types of deadlock 10
  - b) Draw the ER diagram for the university database, and convert it into relational database. 10

(25) a) Answer the following,		10
give use of msgbox ,input box	with example	
State and explain use of OLE		
• Significance of option Explicit		
Difference between List Box a	and Combo box	
Use of MDI form		
<b>b)</b> Explain ACID Properties of trans	saction and state diagram.	10
Q6) a) what is DBA? Explain it's funct	tion in detail.	10
b) Define serializability? Explain o	conflict and view serializability	10
Q7) Write notes on any four,	•	20
1) Validation based protocol		
2) Checkpoint recovery mechani	sm	
3) Weak entity set and strong er	ntity set	
4) Mapping constraints		
5) Total participation, partial par	ticipation, unique key, primary key, and partia	l key.