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HISTORY & CIVICS

Allo	wed. 22 Hours		s: 100
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Fill i	in the blanks, choosing the correct answers from the	options given	n in the
brac	kets:	10 ×	1 = 10
1.	The French Ambassador met the Prussian King at		
	(Ems. Rome, Constantinople)		
2.	Africa was considered as continent.		
	(Now Ped Park)		
3.	Russia signed the Treaty of 'Brest-Litovsk with		
	(Austria, Germany, France)		
4.	Red Army was headed by		
	(Lenin, Stalin, Trotsky)	Who prostor	
5.	The Permanent International Court had its headquarte	ers at	
	(Belgium, The Hague, Geneva)		Turn ove
	Fill	Fill in the blanks, choosing the correct answers from the brackets: 1. The French Ambassador met the Prussian King at (Ems, Rome, Constantinople) 2. Africa was considered as	Pill in the blanks, choosing the correct answers from the options given prackets: 10 > 10 > 10 > 10 > 10 > 10 > 10 > 10

	ь.	The policy of Doctrine of Lapse was introduced by
		(Wellesley. Bentinck, Dalhousie)
	7.	The Cabinet is headed by the
	1 : 20	(Speaker. Prime Minister, President)
	8.	The headquarters of the SAARC is at
		(New Delhi, Bangladesh, Kathmandu)
	9.	The First NAM Conference took place at
01		(Belgrade, Indonesia, New Delhi)
	10.	The newly elected President of U. S. A. is
		(Hillary Clinton, Barack Obama, George W. Bush)
II.	Ans	wer the following in a word or a sentence each : $10 \times 1 = 10$
	11.	Who was the leader of the Fascists?
	12.	What did Russia build in 1961 ?
	13.	Where did Buddha preach his first Sermon?
7.	14.	Name the Mathematical genius of India.
	15.	Who may be called the first 'Modern Man' of India?
	16.	Who was the founder of the Indian National Congress?
	17.	Who presides over the meetings of the Lok Sabha?
	18.	What bills can be introduced only in the Lok Sabha?
		Give the expansion of AIDS.
	20	Who is the present Chief Justice of India?

III. Match the following:

5 = 1 x 3 What was the policy of Biamarck ? A) a) 1911 21. Arya Samaj b) 1914 22. Quit India Movement 1875 c) 23. First World War 1942 24. First International 1864 e) 25. Chinese Revolution $5 \times 1 = 5$ B) a) Bangalore 26. House of the People b) Nuclear Physicist 27. Gomateswara Lok Sabha c) 28. ISRO Cabinet Mission d) 29. M.Saha Sravanabelagola. e) 30. C. R. Atlee

IV. Choose any four of the following topics and answer all the questions given under each topic: $4 \times 5 = 20$

31. Imperialism:

- a) What is Imperialism?
- b) Name two main forms of Imperialism.
- c) Name the continents which were backward during Imperialism.
- d) Who put forward the theory of 'White man's burden'?
- e) What led to the international tensions?

32. Bismarck:

- a) What was the policy of Bismarck?
- b) What is Dreikaiser Bund?
- c) Who was the ruler of France at the time of Franco-Prussian War?
- d) What is referred to as 'a red rag on a Gallic bull'?
- e) Who were the members of Triple Alliance?

33. Nationalist Movement in Asia and Africa:

- a) What is the new name of Burma?
- b) What is Vietminh?
- c) Who were the four Asian Tigers?
- d) What is Mau-Mau?
- e) Who was the first Black President of South Africa?

34. The Sarajevo Tragedy:

- a) What was the Sarajevo Tragedy?
- b) When did this Tragedy take place?
- c) Against whom did Austria declare war?
- d) Who were the members of the central powers?
- e) Who were the members of the allied powers?

35. Cold War:

- a) What is Cold War?
- b) Name the Super Powers at the end of World War II.
- c) Name any one area of conflict, during the Cold War.
- d) Expand NATO.
- e) What was Russia's replay to NATO?

36. Constitution of India:

- a) What is a constitution?
- b) What does the word 'preamble' mean?
- c) Who was called the Architect of the Constitution of India?
- d) Name two leaders of the constituent assembly.
- e) When did the constitution come into effect?

37. Impact of British Rule on India:

- a) Who introduced the rule of Law?
- b) What did the rule of Law ensure for the Indians?
- c) What helped the development of National Consciousness?
- d) Who won the Nobel Prize for Physics?
- e) Where did Jamshedji Tata start the Indian Institute of Science?

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38	Status	of Women	in	India	
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- a) Name the women philosophers of the Vedic period.
- b) Name the social evils of the Medieval period.
- c) What is the practice of killing female children called?
- d) Where did the women from all over the world gather in 1995?
- e) What was the message proclaimed at the gathering?
- V. Answer any four of the following in a page each:

 $4 \times 5 = 20$

- 39. Write a note on Taff Vale case.
- 40. What were the teachings of the Theosophical Society?
- 41. What were the causes for the failure of League?
- 42. How did British get Egypt?
- 43. Give the main provisions of the Treaty of Versailles.
- 44. Briefly account for the failure of the Revolt of 1857.
- 45. What is Drug addiction? Explain the various types.
- 46. What are the functions of the President?

VI. Answer any two of the following in not less than 2 pages each: $2 \times 10 = 20$	
47. Trace the growth of Socialist movement.	
48. Describe the causes of World War II.	
49. Give an account of Nazism in Germany.	
50. Describe the growth of Language and Literature.	
51. Describe Gandhiji's contribution to the freedom struggle.	
52. Describe the aims and organs of the United Nations Organisation.	
VII. 53. Mark the following places on the outline map of world provided: $5 \times 1 =$	5
a) The sick man of Europe.	
b) The centre of Fascism.	
c) The country where first atom bomb was dropped.	
d) The country referred as "Cutting of the Melon".	
e) The country where Apartheid is practised.	over

- 54. Mark the following places on the outline map of India provided: $5 \times 1 = 5$
 - a) Birth place of Gandhiji.
 - b) The place where the shore temple exist.
 - c) The city where 'A Dream in Marble' is situated.
 - d) The place where Vivekananda Rock is situated.
 - e) The Gateway of India.