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Total No. of Questions: 10]

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B.Pharmacy (Sem. - 2nd)

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY-III

(Organic Chemistry - I)

SUBJECT CODE: PHM - 1.2.4 (2k9 Batch)

<u>Paper ID</u>: [D0149]

[Note: Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Four questions from Section B.
- 3) Attempt any Three questions from Section C.

Section - A

Q1)

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$

- a) What are Lewis acids give one example.
- b) Which is stronger acid of following pair and why? Hydronium ion or water.
- c) What is optical purity?
- d) Give two applications of Grignard reagent.
- e) Draw and specify R & S configuration of 3- bromohexane.
- f) What do you understand by racemic modification?
- g) What is dipole moment give example?
- h) What are atomic orbital.
- i) Define bond dissociation energy.
- j) Define melting point.
- k) Define term conformation.
- 1) What are nuclephiles. Give two examples.
- m) Define diastereomers with one example.
- n) What are homolytic & heterolytic reaction.
- o) Define Metamerism.

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 $(4\times 5=20)$

- Q2) Explain the Huckel 4n+2 rule with examples and draw its significance.
- Q3) Give mechanism of reaction of different types of organometallic compounds with alkyl halides.
- Q4) Discuss mechanism of hydroboration oxidation.
- Q5) Discuss effect of solvent on SN² vs SN¹ reaction giving example.
- Q6) Differentiate between stereoselective and stereospecific reaction with example.

Section - C

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- Q7) Explain why benzene undergo electrophillic substitution whereas alkene undergoes addition reaction.
- Q8) Write note on the following:
 - (a) Chlorofluorocarbons and their threat to life on earth.
 - (b) Phase transfer catalysis.
- Q9) Define the terms-carbocation, carbonium and carbenium ion. What are different type of reactions of carbocations studied by you so far. Give suitable example.
- **Q10**)How do you account for the observations that aldehydes and ketones undergoes nucleophillic addition to carbonyl group whereas acyl derivatives undergoes nucleophillic substitution.

