

www.jagranjosh.com

SBI PO EXAM QUESTION PAPER 2010



- Box	Test-I: Reasoning (High Level)	1) None 2) One 3) Two 4) Three 5) More than three
1.	If 'R' denotes '-'; 'Q' denotes 'x'; 'W' denotes '+'; and 'A' denotes '+', then 42 W 7 R 8 A 6 Q 4 = ? 1)-22 2)-168 3)22 4)28 5) None of these Mohan walked 30 metres towards South, took a left turn and walked 15 metres. He then took a right turn and walked 20 metres. He again took a right turn and walked 15 metres. How far is he from the starting point? 1) 95 metres 2) 50 metres 3) 70 metres 4) Cannot be determined 5) None of these What should come next in the following letter series based on English alphabet? CEA IKG OQM ?	10. In a certain code THRIVES is written as SIUHRDU. How is SOULFUL written in that code? 1) VPTKKTE 2) VPTKETK 3) TPVKKTE 4) TNRKMVG 5) None of these Directions (Q. 11-15): In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III & IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts. 11. Statements: Some trains are cars. All cars are branches. All branches are nets. Some nets are dresses.
	1) STW 2) WUS 3) SWU 4) UWS 5) None of these	Conclusions: I. Some dresses are cars. II. Some nets are trains.
4.5.6.	The positions of how many digits in the number 59164823 will remain unchanged after the digits are rearranged in descending order within the number? 1) None 2) One 3) Two 4) Three 5) More than three What should come next in the following letter series? PQRSTABCDEPQRSABCDEPQRSABCDPQ 1)R 2) T 3) A 4) B 5) None of these In a certain code language, 'how can you go' is written as 'ja da ka pa', 'can you come here' is written as 'na ka sa ja' and 'come and go' is written as 'ra pa sa'. How is 'here' written in that code language? 1) ja 2) na 3) pa 4) Data inadequate 5) None of these	III. Some nets are trains. III. Some branches are trains. IV. Some dresses are trains. IV. Some dresses are trains. I) Only I and III follow 2) Only II and IV follow 3) Only I, III and IV follow 5) None of these 12. Statements: Some pencils are kites. Some kites are desks. All desks are jungles. All jungles are mountains. Conclusions: I. Some mountains are pencils. II. Some jungles are pencils. III. Some mountains are desks. IV. Some jungles are kites. 1) Only I and III follow
7.	How many such pairs of letters are there in the word TRIBUNAL each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet? 1) None 2) One 3) Two 4) Three 5) More than three	2) Only I, II and III follow 3) Only III and IV follow 4) Only II, III and IV follow 5) None of these
8.	In a certain code DOWN is written as '5@9#' and NAME is written as '#6%3'. How is MODE written in that code? 1)%653 2)%@63 3)%5@3 4)%@53	13. Statements: All papers are clips. Some clips are boards. Some boards are lanes. All lanes are roads. Conclusions: I Some roads are boards.
9.	5) None of these How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters LGEU using each letter only once in each word?	II. Some lanes are clips III. Some boards are papers.
		IV. Some roads are clips.



	1) Only I and I 2) Only I and I			syn	Directions (Cabols δ, @, ©,				
	3) Only I, II an				ning a illustra				
			5) None of these	10	'P @ Q' mean		mallert	han O'.	
14	Statements:				'P % Q' mear				qual to O.
	Statements.	Some clocks			'P * Q' mean				
		Some tyres a			'P δ Q' means				Bullia
		Some wheel			'P@Q' mean				lerthan Q'
	Conclusions:				Now in each				
	Contradiction		neels are clocks.	. giv	en statement				
			heels are pens.	con	clusions I, II, I	II and IV giv	ven belo	w them is/are	definitely
			ises are clocks.	true	and give you	r answer ac	cording	ly.	
	1) None follow		2) Only I follows		Statements:				VdM
	3) Only II follo		4) Only III follows		Conclusions	L R * D)	IL V *R	
	5) Only IV foll					III. D@!		IV. M % D	
15	Statements:		re hammers.		1) None is tru	ie			
	Deliteration	No hammer			2) Only III is				
		Some rings			3) Only IV is	true			
		All doors are			4) Only either	r III or IV is	true -		
	Conclusions:	L Some w	indows are stones.		5) Only either	r III or IV ar	nd II are	true	
			indows are rings.	22.	Statements:	F%N,	NOW	, WdY,	YHT
			low is a stone.		Conclusions	: L F% V	V	IL T%N	
		IV. Some rin	ngs are stones.			III. N%Y	1	IV. T% W	1
	1) Only I follo				1) Only I and	III are true	2) Or	nly I and IV a	re true
	2) Only II follo				3) Only II and				
	3) Only III foll				5) None of th				
	4) Only either		'S	23.	Statements:		HR,	R%F,	F@K
	5) Only either	I or III and II	follow		Conclusions			IL FHT	
	Directions (O.	. 16-20): Stud	y the following information	n		III. R% F		IV. KHT	
car			ons given below:		1) None is tru	ne	2) 01	nly I is true	
	A. B. C. D. E.	F, G, H and	K are sitting around a circ	le	3) Only II is t	rue	4) 01	nly III is true	
fac	ing the centre. I	is fourth to t	the right of A, who is third	to	5) Only IV is	true			
the	right of B. K is	fourth to the l	eft of B and third to the rig	ht 24.	Statements:	J@F,	FdN,	N % H,	HCG
of I	O. C is third to t	he right of H.	E is second to the left of C	ì	Conclusions	: L GHN	1	IL NOJ	
	Who is fourth					III. FHJ		IV. JdG	
	1)C	2) A	3) D		1) Only I and	II are true			
	4)K	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	nadequate		2) Only I, II a		ue		14
17.	What is E's po				3) Only II, III				
	1) Second to t		2) Third to the right		4) All I, II, III				
	3) Fourth to th		4) Third to the left		5) None of th	nese			
	5) Fifth to the			25.	Statements:	DdT, T	raR,	ROM,	M%K
18.	Who is third t		K?		Conclusions	: L R@1	D	IL R%D	
	1)F		2)E			III. KHT		IV. MdT	
	3)G		4) Data inadequate		1) Only either	r I or II is tr	ue		
	5) None of the				2) Only III ar				
19	Who is on the		ght of F?		3) Only either			rue	
	1)B		2)G		4) Only eithe				
	3)E		4) Data inadequate		5) Only eithe				
	5) None of the				Directions				ons abou
20			mbinations is the third person	on im	portant questi				
			d the second person?		ween 'strong'				
	1) GFB	2)BGH	3)ADC		guments are th				
		2,0011	7,						
	4) KEC	5) EGF		rel	ated to the ques	stion, "Weak	argum	ents are those	wnichai



of minor importance and also may not be directly related to the question or may be related to a trivial aspect of the question.

Each question below is followed by three arguments numbered (A), (B) and (C). You have to decide which of the arguments is a 'strong' argument and which is a 'weak' argument.

26. Statement: Should there be a cap on drawing ground water for irrigation purposes in India?

Arguments: (A) No, irrigation is of prime importance for food production in India and it is heavily dependent on groundwater in many parts of the country.

(B) Yes, water tables have gone down to alarmingly low levels in some parts of the country where irrigation is primarily dependent on groundwater, which may lead to serious environmental consequences.

(C) Yes, India just cannot afford to draw groundwater any further as the international agencies have cautioned India against it.

1) Only (A) and (B) are strong

2) Only (B) and (C) are strong

3) Only (A) and (C) are strong

4) All (A), (B) and (C) are strong

5) None of these

27. Statement: Should there be a complete ban on setting up thermal power plants in India?

Arguments: (A) Yes, this is the only way to arrest further addition to environmental pollution.

(B) No, there is a huge shortage of electricity in most parts of the country and hence generation of electricity needs to be augmented.

(C) No, many developed countries continue to set up thermal power plants in their countries.

1) None is strong

2) Only (A) is strong

3) Only (B) is strong

4) Only (C) is strong

5) Only either (A) or (B) is strong

28. Statement: Should there be a restriction on the construction of high-rise buildings in big cities in

Arguments: (A) No, big cities in India do not have adequate open land plots to accommodate the growing population.

(B) Yes, only the builders and developers benefit from the construction of high-rise buildings.

(C) Yes, the Govt should first provide adequate infrastructural facilities to the existing buildings before allowing the construction of new high-rise buildings.

1) Only (B) is strong

2) Only (C) is strong

3) Only (A) and (C) are strong

4) Only (A) is strong

5) None of these

29. Statement: Should road repair work in big cities be carried out only late at night?

Arguments: (A) No, this way the work will never get completed.

(B) No, there will be unnecessary use of electricity.

(C) Yes, the commuters will face a lot of problems due to repair work during the day.

1) None is strong

2) Only (A) is strong

3) Only (C) is strong

4) Only (B) and (C) are strong

5) Only (A) and (B) are strong

30. Statement: Should all the deemed universities be derecognised and attached to any of the Central or State universities in India?

Arguments: (A) Yes, many of these deemed universities do not conform to the required standards of a full-fledged university and hence the level of education is compromised with.

(B) No, these deemed universities have been able to introduce innovative courses suitable to the requirement of various industries as they are free from strict Govt controls.

(C) Yes, many such universities are basically money-spinning activities and education takes a backseat in these institutions.

1) Only (A) and (B) are strong

2) Only (B) and (C) are strong

3) Only (A) and (C) are strong

4) All (A), (B) and (C) are strong

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 31-35): In each question below is given a statement followed by three assumptions (A), (B) and (C). An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

31. Statement: The police authority cordoned off the entire locality for the entire day and stopped all vehicular movement for the visit of a top functionary of the government in view of the threat perception and advised all the residents in the area to limit their movement outside their dwellings.

Which of the following assumptions is/are implicit in the above statement?

(A) The police personnel may not be able to control the vehicular movement in the locality and may seek help from the armed forces.

(B) People living in the locality may move out of their houses for the day to avoid inconvenience.



- (C) The Govt functionary may request the police authority to lift the ban on the movement of residents of the locality outside their dwellings.
- 1) None is implicit
- 2) Only (A) is implicit this habit 2 q tradition liter are no
 - 3) Only (B) is implicit
 - 4) Only (C) is implicit
 - 5) Only (B) and (C) are implicit
- 32. Statement: The apex body controlling universities in the country has decided to revise the syllabus of all the technical courses to make them focused towards the present needs of the industry, thereby making the technical graduates more employable than they are at present.

Which of the following assumptions is/are implicit in the above statement?

- (A) Technical colleges affiliated to different universities may not welcome the apex body's decision and may continue with the same syllabus as at present.
- (B) The industry may welcome the decision of the apex body and scale up their hiring from these colleges.
- (C) The Govt may not allow the apex body to implement its decision in all the colleges as it may lead to chaos.
- 1) None is implicit
- 2) Only (A) is implicit
- 3) Only (B) is implicit
- 4) Only (C) is implicit
- 5) Only (A) and (B) are implicit
- 33. Statement: Govt has urged all the citizens to use electronic media for carrying out their daily activities, whenever possible, instead of using paper as the manufacture of paper requires the cutting down of a large number of trees causing severe damage to the ecosystem.

Which of the following assumptions is/are implicit in the above statement?

- (A) Most people may be capable of using electronic media to carry out various routines.
- (B) Most people may have access to electronic media for carrying out their daily routine activities.
- (C) People at large may reject the govt's appeal and continue using paper as before.
- 1) Only (A) is implicit
- 2) Only (B) is implicit
- 3) Only (A) and (B) are implicit
- 4) Only (C) is implicit
- 5) None of these
- 34. Statement: The Govt has decided to auction construction of highways to private entities in several blocks across the country on build-operate-transfer basis.

Which of the following assumptions is/are implicit in the above statement?

- (A) An adequate number of private entities may not respond to the Government's auction notification.
- (B) Many private entities in the country are capable of constructing highways within a reasonable time.
- (C) The Govt's proposal of build-operate-transfer may financially benefit the private entities.
- 1) Only (A) and (B) are implicit
- 2) Only (B) and (C) are implicit 3) Only (B) is implicit
- 4) Only (A) and (C) are implicit 5) None of these
- Statement: The airlines have requested all their bona fide passengers to check the status of flight operations before leaving their homes as heavy fog is causing immense problems to normal flight operations.

Which of the following assumptions is/are implicit in the above statement?

- (A) Majority of the air passengers may check the flight status before starting their journey to the airport.
- The Govt may take serious objection to the notice issued by the airline company.
- Majority of the passengers may cancel their tickets and postpone their journey till the situation becomes normal.
- 1) None is implicit
- 2) Only (A) is implicit
- 3) Only (B) is implicit
- 4) Only (C) is implicit
- 5) Only (A) and (C) are implicit

Directions (Q. 36-40): Below is given a passage followed by several possible inferences which can be drawn from the facts stated in the passage. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon its degree of truth or falsity.

Mark answer 1) if the inference is 'definitely true', ie it properly follows from the statement of facts given.

Mark answer 2) if the inference is 'probably true' though not 'definitely true' in the light of the facts given.

Mark answer 3) if the 'data are inadequate', ie from the facts given you cannot say whether the inference is likely to be true or false.

Mark answer 4) if the inference is 'probably false', though not 'definitely lalse' in the light of the facts given.

Mark answer 5) if the inference is 'definitely false', ie it cannot possibly be drawn from the facts given or it contradicts the given facts.

The deterioration in the overall asset quality of banksgross Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) are reportedly 27% higher at the end of December 2009 than at the end of December 2008 - is not surprising. Any slowdown in growth is bound to trigger a rise in NPAs as more and more companies default on loan repayments. The effect would be pronounced when the slowdown coincides with a severe global recession. But for



the restructuring of loans permitted by the Central Bank on fairly generous terms, NPAs would have been still higher. Prudent banks that took care while sanctioning loans and then monitored the post-sanction disbursement diligently should be able to weather the crisis. But it is one thing to have NPAs rise because of a cyclical downturn, and quite another to have them rise because of policy errors that are entirely within the realm of policymakers. And this is what we need to guard against. Excessively low interest rates skew the risk-reward equation by making projects that are actually not viable appear viable till interest rates reverse and the same projects cease to be viable! It is now well established that long periods of unduly low interest rates encourage banks to take more risks. A low interest rate regime driven by an easy money policy rather than macroeconomic fundamentals leads to excessive expansion of credit. It incentivises banks to take on more risk in search of higher returns and to misprice

- Higher NPAs indicate shortcomings in disbursement and follow-up of credit given by banks.
- The Central Bank always allows banks to restructure their loans in the event of rise in NPAs.
- Lower interest rate cycle projects commercially unviable projects as viable.
- Low interest rate on credit reduces the capacity to absorb various unaccounted risk factors.
- 40. Banks' NPAs occur only due to economic factors.

Directions (Q. 41-45): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Following are the conditions for selecting Senior Manager-General Banking in a bank:

The candidate must -

- (i) have secured at least 60 per cent marks in Std XII.
- (ii) have secured at least 55 per cent marks in Graduation in any discipline.
- (iii) have secured at least 60 per cent marks in Postgraduate degree/diploma in Management/ Economics/Statistics.
- (iv) be at least 25 years and not more than 35 years as on 01-03-2010.
- (v) have post qualification work experience of at least 2 years as General Banking Officer in a bank,
- (vi) have secured at least 50 per cent marks in the written examination.
- (vii) have secured at least 40 per cent marks in the Personal interview.
- In the case of a candidate who satisfies all the above conditions except
- (a) at (iii) above, but has secured at least 60 per cent marks in CA or ICWA, the case is to be referred to VP-Recruitment.
- (b) at (vii) above, but has secured at least 65 per cent marks in the written examination and at least 35 per

cent marks in the personal interview, the case is to be referred to President-Recruitment.

In each question below are given details of one candidate. You have to take one of the following courses of action based on the information provided and the conditions and subconditions given above and mark the number of that course of action as your answer. You are not to assume anything other than the information provided in each question. All these cases are given to you as on 01-03-2010.

Mark answer 1) if the data provided are inadequate to take a decision.

Mark answer 2) if the case is to be referred to VP-Recruitment.

Mark answer 3) if the case is to be referred to President-Recruitment.

Mark answer 4) if the candidate is to be selected.

Mark answer 5) if the candidate is not to be selected.

- 41. Kesav Vora was born on 8th November 1978. He has secured 65 per cent marks in Std XII and 60 per cent marks in Graduation. He has secured 58 per cent marks in MA Economics and 60 per cent marks in ICWA. He has been working in a bank as a generalist officer for the past two years after completing his education. He has also secured 50 per cent marks in the written examination and 45 per cent marks in the personal interview.
- 42. Arindam Ghosh has been working in a bank as a generalist officer for the past four years after completing his post-graduate diploma in management with 60 per cent marks. He has secured 50 per cent marks in the written examination and 40 per cent marks in the personal interview. He has also secured 70 per cent marks in Std XII. He was born on 25th February 1975.
- 43. Sohan Majhi has secured 65 per cent marks in BSc and 70 per cent marks in MSc Statistics. He has been working in a bank as a generalist officer for the past three years after completing his postgraduation. He has secured 55 per cent marks in the written examination and 50 per cent marks in the personal interview. He was born on 8th July 1982.
- 44. Neha Salve has been working in a bank as a generalist officer for the past four years after completing her post-graduate degree in Economics with 60 per cent marks. She has secured 60 per cent marks in both graduation and Std XII. She was born on 24th August 1979. She has secured 70 per cent marks in the written examination and 38 percent marks in the personal interview.
- 45. Neeta Jaiswal was born on 2nd June 1980. She has been working in a bank as a generalist officer for the past three years after completing her postgraduate degree in Economics with 60 per cent marks. She has secured 68 per cent marks in HSC and 58 percent marks in BCom. She has also secured 50 per cent marks in both the written examination and personal interview.



Directions (46-50): In each of these questions there are two sets of figures. The figures on the left are Problem Figures (four figures and one question-marked space) and those on the right are Answer Figures indicated by number 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. A series is established if one of the five Answer Figures is placed at the "question-marked space". Problem Figures form a series if they change from left to right according to some rule. The number of the Answer Figure which should be placed in the question-marked space, is the answer. All the five figures, ie four Problem Figures and one Answer Figure placed in the question-marked space should be considered as forming the series. Study the following question. 4) 5) 1) 2) 3) If we place the Answer Figure 4 in the question marked space it makes a series which indicates that one vertical line is added in each figure. So the answer is '4', Note that if we go by only one aspect of 'number of lines', Answer Figure 3 may also fit in. So you have to consider all different aspects. Now solve the following questions. **Answer Figure Problem Figures** Δ 46. 2) 3) 4) 5) 3) 4) 2) 111 111 1111 1111 11 IIII III 111 11 111 48. 11 IIII 1111 III II 11 111 1111 IIII IIII 2) 3) 4) 5) 1) Δ 0 5 49. 5) 1) 2) 3) 4) 1 100 BB m m 1 B + 50. BT 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)



Test-II: Data Analysis And Interpretation

Directions (Q. 51-55): Study the following table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Numbers (N) of Six types of Electronic Products Sold by Six different stores in a month and the price per product (P) (price in Rs 000) charged by each Store.

Store	1	1		В	TA	C]	D	20	E		F
Product	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N	P
L	54	135	48	112	60	104	61	124	40	136	48	126
M	71	4.5	53	3.8	57	5.6	49	49	57	5.5	45	4.7
N	48	12	47	18	52	15	54	11.5	62	10.5	56	11
0	52	53	55	48	48	50	54	49	59	47	58	51
P	60	75	61	68	56	92	44	84	46	76	59	78
Q	43	16	44	15	45	14.5	48	15.6	55	18.2	55	14.5

51. The number of L type products sold by Store F is what per cent of the number of the same type of products sold by Store E?

1)76.33

3)83.33

4) 115

5) None of these

52. What is the ratio of the total number of N and L type products together sold by Store D and that of the same products sold by Store A?

1) 119:104

2) 102:115

3) 104:115

4) 117:103

5) None of these

53. What is the average price per product charged by all the Stores together for Product Q?

1) Rs 14,700

2) Rs 15,700

3) Rs 15,200

4) Rs 14,800

5) None of these

What is the difference in the amount earned by Store A through the sale of P type products and that earned by Store B through the sale of Q type products?

1) Rs 38.4 lakhs

2) Rs 0.384 lakh

3) Rs 3.84 lakhs

4) Rs 384 lakhs

5) None of these

55. What is the total amount earned by Store C through the

sale of M and O type products together?

1) Rs 2719.2 lakhs

2) Rs 271.92 lakhs

3) Rs 2.7192 lakhs

4) Rs 27.192 lakhs

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 56-60): Study the given information carefully to answer the questions that follow:

An organisation consists of 2400 employees working in different departments, viz HR, Marketing, IT, Production and Accounts. The ratio of male to female employees in the organisation is 5:3. Twelve percent of the males work in the

HR department. Twentyfour per cent of the females work in the Accounts department. The ratio of males to females working in the HR department is 6:11. One-ninth of the females work in the IT department. Fortytwo per cent of the males work in the Production department. The number of females working in the Production department is ten per cent of the males working in the same. The remaining females work in the Marketing department. The total number of employees working in the IT department is 285. Twenty two percent of the males work in the Marketing department and the remaining work in the Accounts department.

56. The number of males working in the IT department forms approximately what per cent of the total number of males in the organisation?

1)5

3)21

4)8 5)18

57. How many males work in the Accounts department? 1)170 2)165

4) 160

5) None of these

The total number of employees working in the Accounts department forms what per cent of the total number of employees in the organisation? (rounded off to two digits after decimal)

1) 19.34

2) 16.29

2)2

3)11.47

4) 23.15 5) None of these

The number of females working in the Production department forms what per cent of the total number of females in the organisation?

1)7 4) 15 5) None of these

What is the total number of females working in the HR and Marketing departments together?

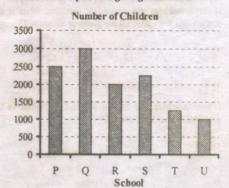
1)363

2)433 3)545

4)521 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 61-65): Study the graphs carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Total number of children in 6 different schools and the percentage of girls in them







- 61. What is the total percentage of boys in schools R and U together? (rounded off to two digits after decimal) 2)72.45
- 5) None of these 4) 75.83 62. What is the total number of boys in School T? 1)500 2)600 3)750
- 4)850 5) None of these 63. The total number of students in school R is approximately what per cent of the total number of students in school S? 2)75 3)78
- 1)89 5)94 4)82 64. What is the average number of boys in schools P and Q
- together? 3) 1450
 - 1) 1425 2) 1575 4) 1625 5) None of these
- 65. What is the ratio of the number of girls in school P to the number of girls in school Q?
 - 1)27:20 2) 17:21 3)20:27
- 4)21:17 5) None of these Directions (Q. 66-68): Study the given information

carefully and answer the questions that follow: A basket contains 4 red, 5 blue and 3 green marbles.

- /66. If three marbles are picked at random, what is the probability that either all are green or all are red?

- 5) None of these
- 67. If two marbles are drawn at random, what is the probability that both are red?

- 5) None of these

- 68. If three marbles are picked at random, what is the probability that at least one is blue?

- 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 69-70): Study the given information carefully and answer the questions that follow:

A committee of five members is to be formed out of 3 trainees, 4 professors and 6 research associates. In how many different ways can this be done if -

- 69. The committee should have all 4 professors and 1 research associate or all 3 trainees and 2 professors? 3)24
 - 2)13
- 5) None of these 4)52 70. The committee should have 2 trainees and 3 research
 - associates? 1)15 2)45 4)9 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 71-75): Study the tables carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Number of candidates (in lakhs) appearing in an entrance examination from six different cities and the ratio of candidates passing and failing the same

City	A	В	C	D	Е	E
Number of Candidates	1.25	3.14	1.08	2.27	1.85	2.73

Ratio of candidates passing and failing within the city

City	Passing	Failing	
A	7	3	
В	5	3	
C	4	- 5	
D .	1	3	
E	3	2	8
F	7	5	*

- 71. What is the ratio of the number of candidates failing the exam from City D to that of those failing the exam from City A? 1)289:42 2)42:289 3)227:50
 - 4)50:227 5) None of these
- 72. The number of candidates appearing for the exam from City C is what per cent of the number of candidates appearing for the exam from City B? (rounded off to the nearest integer)
 - 1)27
- 2)34 5)38
- 3)42
- The number of candidates passing in the exam from City F is what per cent of the total number of candidates



appearing from all the cities together? (rounded off to two digits after the decimal)

1) 12.93

2) 14.46 4) 11.37

5) None of these

74. Which city has the highest number of students failing the entrance exam?

1) F 3) B

2)C 4)D

5) None of these

75. What is the number of candidates passing the exam from City E?

1) 13,000 3) 1,13,000

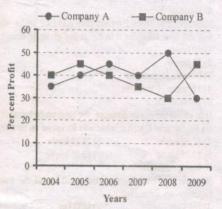
2) 11,10,000 4) 11,000

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 76-80): Study the graph carefully to uswer the questions that follow:

Per cent profit made by two-companies over the years

 $Per cent \ Profit = \frac{Income - Expenditure}{Expenditure} \times 100$



76. If in the year 2004 the expenditures incurred by Company A and B were the same, what was the ratio of the income of Company A to that of company B in that year?

1)27:28

2) 14:23

4) Cannot be determined

5) None of these

 If the amount of profit earned by Company A in the year 2007 was Rs 1.5 lakhs, what was its expenditure in that year?

1) Rs 1.96 lakhs

2) Rs 2.64 lakhs

3) Rs 1.27 lakhs

4) Rs 3.75 lakhs

5) None of these

78. What is the average per cent profit earned by Company B over all the years together?

1) 19 3) 12

2)24 4)37

5) None of these

79. If in the year 2008, the incomes of both the companies A and B were the same, what was the ratio of the expenditure of Company A to the expenditure of Company B in that year?

1)21:25

5) None of these

2)7:9

3) 13:15

4) Cannot be determined

What is the ratio of the arrount of profit earned by Company A to that by company B in the year 2009?

1)2:3

2)4:7

3)11:15

4) Cannot be determined

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 81-85): Study the given table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Percentage of marks obtained by five students in five different subjects in a school

Subject	English	Science	Mathe- matics	Social Studies	Hindi
Student	(100)	(125)	(150)	(75)	(50)
Rahul	67	84	70	64	90
Veena	59	72	74	88	84
Soham	66	90	84	80	76
Shreya	71	66	80	66	86
Varun	63	76	88	68	72

Figures in brackets indicate maximum-marks for a particular subject.

81. What is the average marks obtained by all the students together in English?

1)64.6

2)60.4

3)66.7

4) 68.4 5) None of these

82. What is Varun's overall percentage in the examination?

1) 81.5 2) 78.2 3) 75.4

4)69.8

5) None of these

83. What is the ratio of the total marks obtained by Veena and Shreya together in Mathematics to the marks obtained by Rahul in the same subject?

1)11:5

2)7:9

3)5:11

4) 9:75) None of these84. If in order to pass the exam a minimum of 95 marks is needed in Science, how many students pass the exam?

1) None 4) Two 2) Three 5) Four 3) One

85. What is the total marks obtained by Sohan in all the subjects together?

1)396

2)408

3)402.5

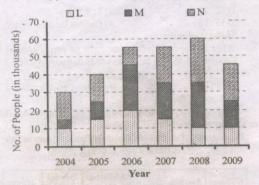
4)398.5

5) None of these



Directions (Q. 86-90): Study the given graph carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Number of people (in thousands) using three different types of mobile services over the years



- 86. What is the average number of people using mobile service M for all the years together?
- 3) 16666
- 5) None of these
- 87. The total number of people using all the three mobile services in the year 2007 is what per cent of the total number of people using all the three mobile services in the year 2008? (rounded off to two digits after decimal)
 - 1)89.72
- 2) 93.46
- 3)88.18
- 4)91.67
- 5) None of these
- 88. The number of people using mobile service N in the year 2006 forms approximately what per cent of the total number of people using all the three mobile services in that year?
 - 1)18 3)11
- 2)26 4)23
- 5)29
- 89. What is the ratio of the number of people using mobile service L in the year 2005 to that of those using the same service in the year 2004?
 - 1)8:7 3) 19:13
- 2)3:2 4) 15:11
- 5) None of these
- 90. What is the total number of people using mobile service M in the years 2008 and 2009 together?
 - 1)35,000 3)45,000
- 2)30,000 4) 25,000
- 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 91-95): Study the table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Distance (in km) travelled by six trucks on six different days of the week

Truck → Day ↓	P	Q	R	S	Т	Ü
Monday	240	250	320	325	330	300
Tuesday	320	264	308	314	318	314
Wednesday	324	294	330	312	310	325
Thursday	288	300	310	278	260	275
Friday	366	302	288	292	270	268
Saturday	292	284	260	274	280	242

- 91. What is the average distance travelled by Truck S on an the days together?
 - 1) 198
- 2)296
- 3) 199
- 4)299
- 5) None of these
- If the speed of Truck P on Monday was 19.2 km/hr, what was the time taken by it to cover the given distance?
 - 1) 10 hours
 - 2) 11 hours
 - 3) 9 hours 30 minutes
 - 4) 12 hours 30 minutes
 - 5) None of these
- 93. If to travel the given distance, the time taken by truck Q on Friday was 8 hours, what was its speed on that day?
 - 1) 42.50 km/hr
- 2) 28.25 km/hr
- 3) 37.75 km/hr
- 4) 32.25 km/hr
- 5) None of these
- What is the total distance travelled by all the trucks together on Saturday?
 - 1) 1623 km
- 2) 1632 km
- 3) 1263 km
- 4) 1362 km
- 5) None of these
- 95. If on Tuesday, Truck R and Truck T travelled at the same speed, what was the ratio of the time taken by Truck R and that taken by truck T to cover their respective distances?
 - 1) 154: 159
- 2) 142:167
- 3) 161:173
- 4) Cannot be determined
- 5) None of these

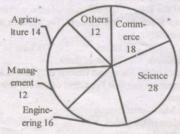


Directions (96-100): Study the following pie-charts carefully and answer the questions given below:

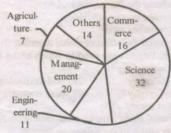
Discipline-wise Breakup of the Number of candidates appeared in Interview and Discipline-wise Break up of the

Number of candidates selected by an organisation Discipline-wise Breakup of Number of candidates

appeared in Interview
Total Number of Candidates Appeared
In the Interview = 25780
Percentage Distribution



Discipline-wise Break-up of Number of candidates selected after Interview by the organization Total Number of Candidates selected After Interview = 7390 Percentage Distribution



- 96. What was the ratio of the number of candidates appeared in interview from other disciplines and the number of candidates selected from Engineering discipline respectively (rounded off to the nearest integer)?
 1) 3609: 813
 2) 3094: 813.
 3) 3094:1035
- 4)4125: 1035
 5)3981: 767
 97. The total number of candidates appeared in interview from Management and other discipline was what percentage of number of candidates appeared from Engineering discipline?

1)50 2)150

3) 200 4) Cannot be determined

5) None of these

 Approximately what was the difference between the number of candidates selected from Agriculture discipline and number of candidates selected from Engineering discipline?

1)517 2) 665 3)346 4)813 5)296

99. For which discipline was the difference in number of candidates selected to number of candidates appeared in interview the maximum?

1) Management 2) Engineering 3) Science

4) Agriculture 5) None of these

100. Approximately what was the total number of candidates selected from Commerce and Agricultural discipline together?

1)1700

2) 1800

3)2217

4) 1996 5) 1550

Test-III: General Awareness

- 101. What is the full form of the term 'NPA' as used in banking environment?
 - 1) Not Profitable Assets 2) New Potential Accounts
 - 3) Non Performing Assets 4) Net Performing Assets
 - 5) None of these
- 102. As per recent reports, many countries are planning to introduce "Tobin Tax", the idea of which was given by a Nobel prize winner economist James Tobin in 1978. Tobin Tax, if implemented, will be levied on which of the following?
 - On the interest income of corporates earned through major investments
 - 2) All cash transactions
 - 3) Services availed specifically by an elite group of people
 - 4) Foreign exchange transactions
 - 5) None of these
- 103. As per news reports, the Indian Economy is poised to hit high growth once again. It is estimated that the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) may be somewhere in the range of 6.25% -7.75% in the current fiscal. But at the same time the economy has to face certain challenges also. What could these challenges be?
 - (A) Maintaining balance between price stability and exchange rate
 - (B) Capital flow may not be adequate as many Flls are still not comfortable with Indian markets.
 - (C) Industrial sector is still under pressure and not showing much improvement.

1) Only A

2) Only B

3) Only C

4) All A, B & C 5) None of these

104. Which of the following countries has decided that from October 2018 no cheques should be issued or honoured there, and all the payments should be made and accepted in electronic form only?

1) USA

2) Russia

3) United Kingdom

4) Australia

5) None of these



- 105. In commodity exchanges in India, Index Futures are not permitted, as some of the provisions of the FCRA do not allow the same. What is the full form of FCRA?
 - 1) Foreign Commodities Regulation Act
 - 2) Forward Commodities Repurchasing Act
 - 3) Forward Contracts Regulation Act
 - 4) Financial Contracts Reformation Act
 - 5) None of these
- 106. As per the findings of the expert group headed by Dr Suresh Tendulkar, a substantial number of people in India still live Below Poverty Line. What is that number in terms of percentage?
 - 1)25% 4)47%
- 2)37%
- 3)41% 5) None of these
- 107. As per the findings of the World Bank, which of the following recent developments in rural areas has doubled the income of rural households, raised literacy rate by 10% and appreciated land prices by up to 80%?
 - 1) Relief packages to the farmers
 - 2) Construction of all weather roads
 - 3) Recharging of water bodies
 - 4) Rainwater harvesting
- 5) None of these
- 108. As decided by the Reserve Bank of India, all the villages with a population of 2000 will have access to financial services by the end of
 - 1)2009-10
- 2)2010-11
- 4) 2012-13 5) None of these
- 109. As reported in various newspapers, the Reserve Bank of India is planning to allow more and more banks to function as "Local Area Banks". This will help RBI in the implementation of which of the following of its plans/ drives?
 - (A) Financial Inclusion
 - (B) Rural Banking
 - (C) Mobile and e-Banking
 - 1) Only A 2) Only B
 - 4) Only A & B 5) None of these
- 110. During his visit to Trinidad in November 2009, the Indian Prime Minister signed a Nuclear deal between India and 1) Canada 2) Brazil 3) Saudi Arabia
 - 4) Tanzania 5) None of these
- 111. Which of the following is/are the objective(s) of the new industrial policy of the Govt of India?
 - (A) To transform India into a major partner and player in the global trade
 - To maintain a sustained growth in productivity
 - (C) To become the biggest exporter of horticultural products in South East Asia
 - 1) Only A 4) Only B & C
- 2) Only B 5) All A, B & C
- 3) Only A & B

3) Only C

112. The Chief Executive Officers (CEOs) of the APEC held an important summit in Singapore in November 2009. What is the full form of APEC?

- 1) Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation
- 2) Afro-Pacific Economic Council
- 3) Asia Pacific Economic Council
- 4) Alliance for Promotion of Economic Cooperation
- 5) None of these
- 113. Which of the following Gulf countries has decided recently that despite the objections raised by certain countries, it will construct 10 more Uranium enrichment plants to strengthen its position in the world?
 - 2) Iran 3) UAE
 - 4) Kuwait 5) None of these
- 114. Which of the following countries was the winner of the Asia Cup Hockey Tournament for women held in November 2009?
 - 1) India
 - 2) Japan

3) China

- 4) South Korea 5) None of these
- 115. The leaders of the European Union (EU) named Herma Van Rompuy as the first President of the EU Rompuy is the present
 - 1) Prime Minister of Britain
 - 2) President of Ukraine
 - 3) Prime Minister of Russia
 - 4) President of Italy
 - 5) Prime Minister of Belgium
- 116. Which of the following is not one of the Monitorable Targets of the 11th Five Year Plan (2007-12)?
 - 1) To increase the average GDP growth rate
 - 2) To increase the literacy rate
 - 3) To increase energy efficiency
 - 4) To improve sex ratio
 - 5) To minimize the effect of global warming
- 117. Cryogenic Engines are used in which of the following areas of technology?
 - 1) Atomic Energy
- 2) Food Technology
- 3) Oceanography 5) None of these
- 4) Space Research
- 118. The National Rural Employment Guarantee Act is now known by which of the following names?
 - 1) Indira Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - 2) Rajiv Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - 3) Jawaharlal Nehru Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - 4) Mahatma Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - 5) None of these
- 119. Which of the following initiatives is/are taken by the Govt. of India to boost the development of agriculture?
 - (A) Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme
 - (B) Fertiliser Subsidy Scheme
 - (C) Public Distribution System (PDS) 3) Only C
 - 1) Only A 2) Only B
 - 4) Only A & B 5) All A, B & C
- 120. Which of the following is/are true about the Indo-US Economic and Financial partnership deal made in November 2009?



(A) The objective of the deal is to strengthen bilateral engagements and understanding.	130. A program that generally has more user-friendly interface than a DBMS is called a
(B) Work jointly on some financial and infrastructure related projects.	1) front end 2) repository 3) back end 4) form 5) None of these
(C) The deal was signed during the visit of the Foreign	131. When you instal a new program on your computer, it is
Ministers of both the countries to South Africa for	typically added to the menu. 1) All Programs 2) Select Programs
Global Economic Summit 2009.	3) Start Programs 4) Desktop Programs
1) Only A 2) Only B 3) Only A & B 4) Only A & C 5) None of these	5) None of these
121. Which of the following countries has signed a deal to	132. Which of the following contains information about a
supply a fleet of 150 J-10 Fighter Jets to Pakistan? 1) France 2) Canada 3) Russia	single "entity" in the database like a person, place, event, or thing?
4) USA 5) China	1) query 2) form 3) record
122. Which of the following terms/names is not associated	4) table 5) None of these
with banking/financial trade in India?	133. Which of the following is a key function of a firewall?
1) Automated Clearing House	1) Monitoring 2) Deleting 3) Copying
2) Provision Coverage Ratio	4) Moving 5) None of these
3) Market Stabilisation Scheme	134 are a type of inexpensive digital camera that
4) Credit Default Swaps 5) Double Fault	remains tethered to a computer and are used for
123. The standard protocol of the Internet is	videoconferencing, video chatting, and live Web
1) TCP/IP 2) Java 3) HTML	broadcast.
4) Flash 5) None of these	1) Webcams 2) Webpics 3) Browsercams
124. Digital photos and scanned images are typically stored	4) Browserpics 5) None of these
as graphics with extensions such as bmp,	135. Who amongst the following is the author of the book The Rediscovery of India?
png, jpg, tif or gif. 1) vector 2) bitmap	1) Meghnad Desai 2) Romila Thapar
3) either vector or bitmap 4) neither vector nor bitmap	3) Mulk Raj Anand 4) Amit Chaudhary
5) None of these	5) None of these
125. A is a computer attached to the Internet that	136. Some banks which were not able to meet their priority
runs a special Web server software and can send Web	sector lending targets are now allowed to do so by
pages out to other computers over the Internet	purchasing Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLC).
1) web client 2) web system 3) web page	Which of the following agencies/organizations is/are
4) web server 5) None of these	authorized to issue these certificates?
126. After a user has saved and deleted many files, many	(A) Micro finance Institutions
scattered areas of stored data remain that are too small	(B) Non Banking Finance Companies
to be used efficiently, causing	(C) NABARD
1) disorder 2) turmoil 3) disarray	1) Only A 2) Only B 3) Only A&B
4) fragmentation 5) None of these	4) All A, B & C 5) None of these
127. Which of the following books has been written by VS	137. Market Research is useful for 1) deciding proper marketing strategies
Naipaul? 1) The Last Hero 2) Bliss Was in That Dawn	2) deciding the selling price
1) The Last Hero 2) Bliss Was in That Dawn 3) Train to Pakistan 4) A Tale of Two Cities	3) choosing the right products
5) A House for Mr Biswas	4) choosing the sales persons
128. Which of the following is the communications protocol	5) All of these
that sets the standard used by every computer that	138. A call means
accesses Web-based information?	1) shout out to somebody
1) XML 2) DML 3) HTTP	2) profession or business
4) HTML 5) None of these	3) visiting friends
129. Which of the following converts all the statements in a	4) visiting prospective customers
program in a single batch and the resulting collection of	5) after-sales service
instructions is placed in a new file?	139. Conversion means
1) compiler 2) interpreter 3) converter	1) meeting a prospective client
4) instruction 5) None of these	2) interacting with a prospective client



- 3) converting an employer into an employee
- 4) converting a seller into a buyer
- 5) converting a prospective client into a buyer
- 140. Customisation means
 - 1) acquiring more customers
 - 2) regulating customers
 - 3) special products to suit each customer
 - 4) more products per customer
 - 5) All of these
- 141. Modern styles of marketing include
 - 1) digital marketing 2) tele-marketing
 - 3) e-commerce
- 4) e-mails solicitation
- 5) All of these
- 142. The acronym HTML stands for
 - 1) High Transfer Machine Language
 - 2) High Transmission Markup Language
 - 3) Hypertext Markup Language
 - 4) Hypermedia Markup Language
 - 5) None of these
- 143. e-Marketing is the same as
 - 1) virtual marketing
- 2) digital marketing
- 3) realtime marketing 4) All of these
- 5) None of these
- 144. Value-added services means
 - 1) costlier products
 - 2) larger number of products
 - 3) additional services 4) at par service
 - 5) None of these
- 145. Aggressive Marketing is necessitated due to
 - 1) globalisation
- 2) increased competition
- 3) increased production
- 4) increased job opportunities 5) all of these
- 146. Computers connected to a LAN can
 - 1) run faster
 - 2) share information and/or share peripheral equipment
 - 3) e-mail
 - 4) go online
 - 5) None of these
- 147. Efficient marketing style requires
 - 1) proper planning 2) good communication skills
 - 3) teamwork
 - 4) knowledge of products
 - 5) All of these
- 148. The performance of a salesperson depends on
 - 1) salary paid
 - 2) sales incentives paid
 - 3) size of the sales team
 - 4) ability and willingness of the salesperson
 - 5) team leader's aggressiveness
- 149. The sole aim of marketing is to
 - 1) increase sales
 - 2) increase the number of employees
 - 3) increase profits
 - 4) increase production
 - 5) All of these

- 150. Lead generation means
 - 1) tips for selling tactics
 - 2) tips for better production
 - 3) generating leaders
 - 4) likely sources for prospective clients
 - 5) All of these

Test-IV: English Language

Directions (Q. 151-165): Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions given below them. Certain words/phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Passage-I

Directions (Q. 151-160): Despite the economic crunch worldwide that saw pulverization of some of the largest banking and finance giants, Indian banking houses have managed to show positive growth this quarter. Some of India's leading national banks have posted a net profit rise of more than 40% over the last quarter amid global turmoil. This would come as a big shot in the arm for the investors and consumers of these banks even though apprehension is mounting on other banking and broking firms worldwide. One of the main reasons behind the success of these banks this quarter, would be their direct backing by the Government of India. People take solace in their investments in public sector watching the bailout packages being cashed out by governments all over the world to save big business houses.

Other private banks in India have also reported a substantial net profit over the last quarter. Given the international and domestic scenario, one cannot put this down as a mundane achievement. While others are on a costcutting spree and firing employees, Indian companies are actually working on boosting staffing in banking and broking sectors. This can be seen as a big boon in the days to come when the current recession eases and the economy gradually comes back on to the fast track. The finance minister has assured Indian public about the sound health of all Indian banks. This could also be evident from the fact that there have been no mergers and takeovers in Indian banking sector in a contrast to world scenario where finance houses are looking for mergers to cut costs on operations. We definitely are not looking to thrive; rather we are looking for growth. It is just that the pace of growth is a little slow now as compared to a year or two before. These are hard times to test the hard. The weak in business and career will be weeded out and it is sometimes very beneficial for business in the long run.

- 151. What, according to the author, is the reason for the success of Indian national banks in this quarter?
 - 1) Indian national banks do not have any commitments in troubled foreign markets.
 - 2) These banks can never face financial crisis because of their sheer size.



- 3) These banks are ready to give loans at a very low rate of interest
- 4) The public is ready to invest in these banks because of the knowledge that these banks get strong support from the Government.
- 5) None of these
- 152. What does the phrase 'shot in the arm' as used in the passage mean?
 - 1) Shock
- 2) Fear
- 3) Encouragement
- 4) Anxiety
- 5) None of these
- 153. How, according to the author, is the current recession beneficial?
 - 1) Worldwide companies have realised that India is a strong power to reckon with.
 - 2) India is surging ahead of the other Companies throughout the world.
 - 3) After the recession is over international companies will turn to India for investment.
 - 4) Recession is bringing down the prices of essential commodities.
 - 5) None of these
- 154. What, according to the author, will be a big boon in the days to come?
 - 1) The economy coming back on the fast track
 - 2) The slowing down of the economy
 - 3) Increased hiring in Indian financial sector in times of economic slowdown
 - 4) The cost cutting carried out by all the companies
 - 5) None of these
- 155. Which of the following statements is/are definitely true in the context of the passage?
 - (A) India has not been affected by the economic slowdown.
 - (B) Indian banks are showing growth in this quarter despite the recession.
 - While banking industry in the West was severely affected by recession in the past, it is now gradually recovering and showing a positive growth.
 - 1) Only (A)
- 2) Only (B)
- 3) Only (C)
- 4) Only (A) and (B)
- 5) Only (B) and (C)
- 156. Which of the following strengthens the finance minister's statement about the sound health of Indian banks with respect to the passage?
 - (A) There have been no acquisitions and mergers of Indian banks.
 - (B) The Indian banks are recording a positive growth.
 - (C) Layoffs have been observed worldwide.
 - 2) Only (A) and (C)
 - 1) Only (A) and (B) 3) Only (A)
- 4) Only (B)
- 5) All (A), (B) and (C)

Directions (Q. 157-158): Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

- 157. TURMOIL 1) danger
- 2) shock 5) chaos
- 3) sadness
- 4) fear 158. PULVERIZATION
 - - 1) polarisation 2) mashing
 - 3) debasement
 - 4) fall 5) crushing

Directions (Q. 159-160): Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning of the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

- 159. THRIVE
 - 1) succeed
 - 2) deteriorate
 - 3) worry
 - 4) tremble 5) strive
- 160. MUNDANE
 - 1) extraordinary
 - 2) regular 3) severe
 - 4) visionary
- 5) routine Passage-II

Directions (Q. 161-165): Modern bio-technology, especially the creation of genetically modified crops, is often presented as a magic solution or universal panacea for the problems of poverty, inadequate nutrition and even environmental degradation across the world. Conversely, there are people who present the picture of tech-generated monsters and major human health hazards being created by science. Many of the technological changes currently in the process of being utilised in agriculture can have unforeseen consequences, and their safety and future viability are far from secure.

The reality, as always, is far more complex than either of these two extremes. Even today the total food production in the world is adequate to feed the hungry of the world; the problem is rather one of unequal distribution, which deprives a large part of the population of even their minimal nutritional requirements. Similarly, farmers, especially in developing countries, face many problems such as lack of infrastructure, poor or unstable market access, volatile input and output prices etc that biotechnology does not address, much less solve.

It is true that transgenic plants can offer a range of benefits which are above and beyond those which emerged from more traditional innovations in cultivation. It is suggested that such new technology offers more effective pest resistance of seeds and crops through genetic control mechanisms, which also reduces the need for pesticide use and leads to improved yield. A basic question, of course, is whether the new GM technology is safe, and whether this is absolutely crucial since the effects may only be known much later. The jury is still very much out on this matter, and the controversy does not appear to be resolved quickly.

The trouble is that most governments in developing countries have relatively low food and beverage regulatory standards, and public systems for monitoring and surveillance



of such items are poor or non-existent. This leaves them open Directions (Q. 166-170): Each question below has two for entry and even dumping of a range of agricultural products blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits of the new technology, which may not pass regulatory the meaning of the sentence as a whole. standards in the more developed countries. 166. A controversial plan to build an immense dam in Brazil's 161. Which of the following is true in the context of the passage? 1) Genetically modified crops have been universally rainforest was stalled when it a formidable bloc in ecologists and indigenous tribes alike. recognised as a solution to poverty and environmental 1) resulted, hostilities 2) gained, supporters degradation. 2) The only way to improve the deficit in food 3) attracted, opponents 4) lead, protesters 5) drew, proponents requirement and food production in the world is adapting genetically modified crops. 167. According to a recent survey, sales figures of high-end 3) Genetically modified crops produce more yield as cars have seen an growth in the past year, which shows that Indian consumers have compared to yield from the traditional methods 4) Taking advantage of absence of regulatory standards, the impact of recession. scientists have been dumping new products in the 1) unprecedented, negated 2) unbelievable, suffered markets without appropriate approval. 3) unusual, worsened 5) None is true 162. Choose the word/group of words which is most similar 4) insignificant, endured in meaning to OPEN printed in bold as used in the passage. 5) adequate, proven 168. The National Knowledge Commission has said that India 1) Vulnerable 2) Capable 3) Threatened in education if it has to will have to bring 4) Uncertain 5) Weak 163. Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite emerge as the most workforce of the world. in meaning to VOLATILE printed in bold as used in the 1) changes, biggest 2) reforms, talented 3) alleviation, skilful 4) quality, brighter passage. 1) Never-ending 2) Meagre 3) Valuable 5) outcomes, demanded 169. Norway has stolen a march over other developed 4) Irreversible 5) Stable that it would reduce 40% of its 164. The author of the given passage seems to be definitely countries by 1) suggesting the use of traditional methods of greenhouse gas emissions by 2020 and -neutral by 2030. agriculture as against bio-technology by developing countries owing to their poor regulatory standards 1) allowing, turn 2) posing, grew 3) estimating, exist 2) in favour of utilizing bio-technology as a tool for 4) perceiving, arising 5) declaring, become alleviation of poverty in the world. 3) urging the policy makers to improve infrastructural 170. According to the language experts, children should facilities so that farmers can maximize the benefits of begin talking in their mother tongue rather than a foreign affect their compgenetically modified crops language which can rehension abilities leading to serious language-based 4) unconvinced of the long-term effects and rationale later in their lives. for immediate requirement of genetically modified 1) significantly, abilities 2) appropriately, achievements. 5) None of these 165. Why, according to the author, is genetic modification of 3) severely, advantages crops not an answer to the problem of hunger in the world? 4) adversely, problems (A) People being highly doubtful of the long-term effects 5) positively, issued Directions (Q. 171-175): In each of the following of genetically modified crops, do not buy the products grown by such methods. questions four words are given, of which two words are most (B) The problem of hunger in the world is not due to nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words which are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning and inadequate production of food but due to unequal indicate the number of the correct letter combination, by distribution of it. (C) Many developing countries have banned genetically darkening the appropriate oval in your; answer sheet. modified products as developed countries have been 171. (A) instigate (B) enquire (D) interpret using these countries as dumping grounds for new (C) construe 1) A-C 2) A-B 3) C-D genetically modified products. 1) Only A 2) Only B 3) Both B and C 4) B-D 5) A-D 4) Both A and C 5) None of these



(C) enlightened		(B) superfluous	180. Which of the following sentences should be the FIFT
	0) 1 7	(D) surplus	after rearrangement?
1)A-C	2) A-B	3)B-C	1)D
4) B-D	5) A-D	dette soft hervey treate the	4)E
173. (A) appalling		(B) sinister	Directions (Q.181-190): In the following passage the
(C) perturbed	o delegate	(D) threatening	are blanks, each of which has been numbered. The
1)A-B	2) B-D	3)A-C	numbers are printed below the passage and against each
4) A-D	5) D-C	min the of sentences are successful	five words/phrases are suggested, one of which best fits th
174. (A) imprison		(B) torture	blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word/phras
(C) excruciate		(D) extract	in each case.
1)B-D	2) B-C	3)A-B	Economic growth figures for the first quarter of th
4) C-D	5) A-C		financial year seem to support the claim that the worst ma
175. (A) pertinent		(B) impolite	be over for the Indian economy. The gradual revival is als
(C) irrelevant		(D) insecure	an indication that the government's economic stimulu
1)A-C	2) B-D	3)C-D	package is (181). What could, however, upset the positive
4) A-D	5) B-C		outlook is the drought which (182) large parts of the country
		: Rearrange the following	and its impact on overall growth. Even though the monsoo
		and (F) to make a meaningful	had picked up (183), the rains received were grossly (184
paragraph and then a	answer th	e questions which follow:	There are clear (185) that farm output, particularly cereal
(A) According to	it, organi	ised retail stores are not wolves	will fall drastically. Insufficient rain is bound to shoot up the
at the doors o	offriendly	neighbourhood grocery stores	(186) of agricultural commodities and that would impact the
as there is ro	om for ex	pansion of both.	economy as a whole. The drought would also (187) a drast
(B) Many have	been cr	ying foul over the entry of	reduction in rural employment and consumption beside
organised re	tail stores	expressing concern over their	inflation in the prices of food articles.
impact on sn	nall store	owners.	Food prices have been (188) since the past few month
(C) The final win	nner in th	e competition, however, is the	and lower agricultural production is likely to (189) th
common ma	n who ge	ts to choose between the most	situation. The government has said that food grain from the
		n turn fights with the runaway	
inflation in p	orices of e	essential commodities.	buffer stocks will be used to keep prices (190). Subsidise
		al for expansion, it is doubtless	food grain is necessary in these times, but its effectivene
		vners face a decline in profit in	will depend a lot on the distribution system.
			181. 1) impractical 2) ambiguous 3) failing
initial years	if organ	ised retailers set up stores in	4) working 4) weakening
initial years the vicinity.	if organ	ised retailers set up stores in	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study	if organi	ised retailers set up stores in	4) working 4) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 5) reverted 4) reverted 5) reverted 5) reverted 6) r
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long	conducte way towa	ised retailers set up stores in do over a period of two years ards allaying these fears.	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact,	conducte way towa , however	ised retailers set up stores in and over a period of two years ands allaying these fears. The years off once they learn to	4) working 4) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 5) reverted 4) reverted 5) reverted 5) reverted 6) r
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the	conducte way towa , however competi	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. r, wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances	4) working 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al	conducte way towa , however competi l around.	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 22. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll	conducte way towa however competial around.	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to the tion which in turn enhances on the	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 22. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement	conducte way towa, however competi Il around. lowing se ent?	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances on the should be the FIRST	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 22. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A	conducte way towa , however competi Il around. lowing se ent? 2) B	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The retailers set up stores in the down a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The retailers set up stores in the store in th	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 255) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D	conducte way towa, however competial around. lowing seent? 2) B 5) E	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances ontences should be the FIRST 3)C	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll	conducte way towa, however competi Il around. lowing se ent? 2) B 5) E cowing ser	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The retailers set up stores in the down a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The retailers set up stores in the store in th	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement	conducte way towa, however competial around. lowing seent? 2) B 5) E owing selent?	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances on the control of the c	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 22. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A	conducte way towa, however competial around. lowing seent? 2) B 5) E owing selent? 2) E	d over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances ontences should be the FIRST 3)C	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F	conducte way towa, however competi II around. lowing seeent? 2) B 5) E owing seeent? 2) E 5) C	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years and allaying these fears. It, wears off once they learn to the tion which in turn enhances and the turn enhances and the turn of turn of the turn of turn of the turn of the turn of the turn of turn of the turn of tu	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll	conducte way towa, however competi II around. lowing seeent? 2) B 5) E owing seeent? 2) E 5) C lowing see	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to the tion which in turn enhances and the turn enhances are should be the FIRST and all and all all and all a	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear	conducte way towa, however competi Il around. lowing seent? 2) B 5) E owing sel ent? 2) E 5) C lowing seerrangeme	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of two years ards allaying these fears. The description of the desc	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear 1) A	conducte way towa, however competi ll around. lowing seent? 2) B 5) E owing seent? 2) E 5) C lowing seerrangeme 2) B	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to the tion which in turn enhances and the turn enhances are should be the FIRST and all and all all and all a	4) working 5) weakening 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 25 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen 4) improve 5) challenge
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangeme 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangeme 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear 1) A 4) E	conducte way towa, however competi ll around. lowing see ent? 2) B 5) E 5) C lowing see errangeme 2) B 5) F	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. The wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances intences should be the FIRST 3)C Intences should be the THIRD 3)D Intences should be the SIXTH nt? 3)C	4) working 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 122. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen 4) improve 5) challenge 190. 1) unprofitable 2) futile 3) maximum
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear 1) A 4) E 179. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear	conducte way towa, however competi ll around. lowing see ent? 2) B 5) E 5) C lowing see errangeme 2) B 5) F following se	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. To wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances intences should be the FIRST 3)C Intences should be the THIRD 3)D Intences should be the SIXTH nt? 3)C g sentences should be the	4) working 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 122. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen 4) improve 5) challenge 190. 1) unprofitable 2) futile 3) maximum 4) growing 5) down
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangement 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rearrangement 1) A 4) F	conducte way towa, however competi ll around. lowing see ent? 2) B 5) E 5) C lowing see errangeme 2) B 5) F following se	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. To wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances intences should be the FIRST 3)C Intences should be the THIRD 3)D Intences should be the SIXTH nt? 3)C g sentences should be the ment?	4) working 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 122. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen 4) improve 5) challenge 190. 1) unprofitable 2) futile 3) maximum 4) growing 5) down Directions (Q. 191-195): Which of the phrases (1), (2)
initial years the vicinity. (E) But a study goes a long (F) This impact, take on the efficiency al 176. Which of the foll after rearrangeme 1) A 4) D 177. Which of the foll after rearrangeme 1) A 4) F 178. Which of the foll (LAST) after rear 1) A 4) E 179. Which of the f	conducte way towa, however competi ll around. lowing see ent? 2) B 5) E 5) C lowing see errangeme 2) B 5) F following se	ised retailers set up stores in ad over a period of two years ards allaying these fears. To wears off once they learn to tion which in turn enhances intences should be the FIRST 3)C Intences should be the THIRD 3)D Intences should be the SIXTH nt? 3)C g sentences should be the	4) working 182. 1) strike 2) affected 3) exposed 4) reverted 122. 5) altered 183. 1) unseasonably 2) unfavourably 3) presently 4) meagrely 5) later 184. 1) inadequate 2) enough 3) missing 4) ample 5) atrocious 185. 1) contradictions 2) advices 3) reasons 4) results 5) indications 186. 1) production 2) requirement 3) prices 4) yield 5) labour 187. 1) trigger 2) lead 3) result 4) contribute 5) dampen 188. 1) improving 2) balanced 3) stable 4) increasing 5) decreasing 189. 1) aggravate 2) amend 3) smoothen 4) improve 5) challenge 190. 1) unprofitable 2) futile 3) maximum 4) growing 5) down



grammatically correct sentence? If none of the sentences is appropriate, mark (5) as the answer.

- 191. Although information technology has entered the homes offices and hearts of many citizens of India.
 - India provides the highest number of IT experts to the world every year
 - many people in rural areas still remain ignorant of its immense benefits
 - government has done its best by funding research in this field appropriately
 - the face of communication in the years to come would change completely from the bygone years
 - 5) None of these
- 192. While the environment-friendly nuclear energy could make a large addition to the energy resources,
 - experts have a lot of expectations from this cleaner method of producing energy
 - the government is determined to extract maximum out of this technology in the near future
 - international lobby has been pressurising the developing nations to shift their energy production from coal to nuclear power.
 - the problem of locating adequate numbers of uranium reserves to run the reactors is yet to be sorted out
 - 5) None of these
- experts proposed the idea of a common school system.
 - 1) Overlooking the fundamental right of quality education of every child in India
 - 2) Since the curricular requirements of a rural child is different from an urban child
 - Based on the fact that difference in the quality of schools acts as a ground for discrimination
 - Since a large percentage of Indian children are getting free education
 - 5) None of these
- 194. _____, the soil today is nowhere as rich in native minerals as it used to be some centuries ago.
 - As there is a growing consent among farmers regarding limiting the use of chemical fertilizers
 - As the chemical inputs in agriculture improved the yield many folds
 - Owing to the uninhibited use of chemical inputs in agriculture
 - Awareness among farmers regarding the side-effects of chemical farming grew when
 - 5) None of these
- 195. As allegations of crores of rupees changing hands to permit illegal mining began to fly thick and fast,
 - government ordered an enquiry which exposed a nexus between mine operators and bureaucrats
 - it caused great damage to the surrounding ecosystem and the environment in general

- the officials have been irresponsible in failing to bring it to the notice of the court in time
- the powerful mining lobby had bribed the officials to obtain permit for mining on ecologically sensitive land
- 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 196-200): In each of the given sentences, select the sentence which would either follow or precede the given sentence in grammatically and conceptually appropriate manner. The instruction is given at the end of every statement.

196. Unfortunately, however, these slum dwellers are looked upon by the society as an appendix causing ills in the urban society.

Which of the following sentences would immediately **precede** the above sentence?

- Health officials have been warning the government against the transmission of contagious diseases from the slum areas to other parts of the city.
- Slum dwellers not only play a significant role in urban economy but also provide cheap labour for everyday work of the cities.
- A recent report suggested that 34 per cent of government land is illegally occupied by the slum dwellers.
- 4) The slum dwellers live in sub-human, unhygienic conditions in their tiny shanties and are very often hubs for criminal activities.
- 5) None of these
- 197. However, since the beginning of the nineties, free market forces have been allowed to play for ensuring all-round development in Indian markets as well.

Which of the following sentences would immediately **precede** the above sentence?

- Entry of various market forces increased the competition faced by the indigenous organisations
 manifold
- The severe shortage of newest technology and products in the late 1980s ended with the entry of foreign players in the Indian market.
- A major roadblock faced by the foreign investors was the poor infrastructural facilities which was however overtaken by the prospects seen in the huge market.
- India had been following a very selective and conservative economic policy during the late 1980s.
- 5) None of these
- 198. That was mainly because only two per cent of the total farmers could actually comprehend the lengthy procedures to obtain the loan and be benefited from it. Which of the following sentences would immediately precede the above sentence?
 - Many moneylenders have been making the most out of this situation and providing loans to the rest of the farmers at inflated prices.



- There is thus an urgent need to make the schemes and policy as simple and farmer-friendly as possible.
- A new loan scheme started by the government a couple of months ago proved to be a huge failure and utterly unpopular among the farmers.
- This situation can be improved by providing mediators to carry out a follow-up of the lengthy official procedure for the farmers.
- 5) None of these
- 199. The foreign embassy has put forward a demand to the government that prosecution may be carried out on a foreign land and not in the country to which the terrorists belong.

Which of the following sentences would immediately follow the above sentence?

- Army arrested the terrorists responsible for kidnapping four foreign tourists after a daylong operation.
- The foreign ministry has offered all possible help to the government for hunting down the terrorists involved in it.
- Government has politely declined the request to handover the arrested terrorists for prosecution outside the country.

- 4) The arrested terrorists were sentenced to life imprisonment after being prosecuted by a panel of international judges.
- 5) None of these
- 200. This is because most of the institutes for higher learning lack the basic infrastructure, trained staff and equipment necessary for the physically challenged.

Which of the following sentences would immediately precede the above sentence?

- Many physically challenged people have been performing as well as other students perform in their studies.
- The percentage of illiterate, physically challenged people in rural areas is considerably more than that in the urban areas.
- According to a recent survey, only two out of nearly 200 universities in India have adequate number of books in Braille.
- 4) Although government has been making many provisions to improve higher education in India, no attention has been paid to the education of the physically challenged students.
- 5) None of these