GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Subject code: 150605 Subject Name: Structural Analysis- III Date:29/06/11 Total Marks: 70 Time:10:30 am to 1:00pm **Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. (a) Differentiate between stiffness method and flexibility method. 0.1 07 (b) Explain the terms. (i) shape factor (ii) collapse load 07 **Q.2** (a) Define 'dome'. Derive the expression for meridional thrust for a 07 spherical dome subjected to uniformly distributed load. (b) Develop stiffness matrix for the plane frame shown in fig.1 07 Neglect axial deformations. OR (b) Determine value of M_p for a plane frame loaded upto collapse load as 07 shown in fig.1. (a) Analyse the beam shown in fig. 2, by stiffness method. Q.3 07 (b) Analyse the beam shown in fig.2, by flexibility method. If support A 07 and C are replaced by hinge supports. OR A spherical dome has 6 m span and 1.25 m rise. It is subjected to load 07 **Q.3 (a)** of 600 N/m², including self weight and a lantern load of 800 N at crown. Take thickness as 150 mm. Calculate stresses in the dome. (b) A conical dome has 9 m span and 4.5 m rise. It has a thickness of 07 100mm. It is subjected to load of 4900 N/m², including self weight and a concentrated load at vertex of 9000 N. Calculate stresses in the dome. (a) A curved beam circular in plan symmetrically supported on six 07 **Q.4** columns has a radius of 5 m, carries uniformly distributed load of 70 kN/m, including self weight. Calculate S.F., B.M., T. M. at 10⁰ interval. (b) Derive the expression for $M\phi$ and $T\phi$ for a curved beam fixed at ends. 07 OR (a) Calculate the shape factor for hollow rectangular section having outer **Q.4** 07 dimension 300 mm X 150 mm and thickness 10 mm. (b) Determine the collapse load for the beam shown in fig.3. 07 (a) Develop flexibility matrix for the plane frame shown in fig.4. **Q.5** 07 (b) List and explain the stresses in spherical dome. 07 OR **O.5** (a) Differentiate between straight beam and curved beam. 07 State and explain 'static theorem' and 'kinematic theorem' of plastic 07 **(b)** theory.





fig.2 Q3 (0) & (6)

