# Third Year B.Sc. Degree Examination August/September 2010

Directorate of Distance Education Course

(Freshers)

## **CHEMISTRY**

Paper-IV: Chemistry

Time: 3 hrs]

[Max.Marks: 85

Note: 1) This paper consists of Four sections. Answer all sections.

2) Write equations and neat diagrams wherever necessary.

#### **SECTION - A**

I. Answer in a word, phrase or a sentence:

10 X 1 = 10 Marks

- 1. Define Beers' law.
- 2. Write clausius Mossatti equation.
- 3. What are transition elements?
- 4. Define BOD.
- 5. What is dosimetry?
- 6. What is the total number of element of symmetry present in cubic system?
- 7. What is meant by chemotherapy?
- 8. Write the IUPAC name of the metal complex  $K_3$  (Fe (CN)<sub>6</sub>)
- **9.** What is meant by racemisation?
- 10. What are miller indices?

### **SECTION - B**

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5 X 3 = 15 Marks

- 11. Explain Walden inversion with an example.
- 12. Mention the synthesis of indigo.
- 13. Explain the principle of chemical actiono meter.
- 14. How is Telfon manufactured? Mention its uses.
- 15. Explain factors affecting stability of complex ions.
- 16. State and explain the laws of photochemistry.
- 17. Derive Bragg's equation.

# SECTION - C

III. Answer any FIVE of the following: $5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ Mg}$						
	18.		Explain the photosynthesis of Hcl from H <sub>2</sub> and Cl <sub>2</sub>			
	10.			4 Marks		
	10		What is photosensitization? Give an example.	2 Marks		
	19.	1	photoenical care.	4 Marks		
	•	b)	and depression of ordered tayor.	2 Marks		
	20.		Discuss asymmetric synthesis with an example.	4 Marks		
		b)	How is pyridine synthesized?	2 Marks		
	21.	a)	Explain acid rain with chemical reactions.	4 Marks		
		b)	Write the structure of the following: i) Oxine ii) EDTA	2 Marks		
	22.	<ol> <li>a) Define dipole moment, what is its units? How does dipole moment help is differentiating the geometries of Cis and transforms of 1.2 – dichloro ethane.</li> <li>4 Mark</li> </ol>				
		b)	Define the following terms:			
			<ul><li>i) Plane of Symmetry</li><li>ii) axes of symmetry</li></ul>	2 Marks		
	23.	a)	Discuss the free radical mechanism of addition polymerization.	4 Marks		
		b)	How is ethyl aceto acetate prepared from ethyl acetate?	2 Marks		
	24.	a)	Explain the terms: i) Linkage isomers ii) Hydrate isomerism	2 Marks		
•		b)	What are microwave active and inactive molecules? Give an example	. 2 Marks		
			SECTION – D			
IV.	Answer any THREE of the following:					
	25. a) Discuss the construction of spectro-photometer and determination of absorption bond.					
		b)	Derive an expression for moment of inertia of heteronuclear diatomic rigid rotator.	molecule as 3 Marks		
		c)	What are electromagnetic radiations? Give an example.	2 Marks		
	26.	a)	On the basis of VBT, explain the formation of [Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>-4</sup>	5 Marks		
	b) Name and draw the structure of the different geometrical isomers complex [Pt (NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>2+</sup>					
	,	c)	What are postulates of VBT?	2 Marks		

	27.	a)	Discuss the structural elucidation of Alizarin.	5 Marks
		b)	What are chromophores and auxochromes? Give an example.	3 Marks
		c)	Explain the synthesis of antipyrine.	2 Marks
	28.	a)	Discuss the mechanism of radiolysis of water.	5 Marks
		b)	The microwave spectrum of Hcl molecule consists of series of equidista with spacing 12.8 cm <sup>-1</sup> . Calculate the bond length of the molecule.	ance lines 3 Marks
		c)	Sketch the vibrational energy levels of diatomic molecule considering as	a simple 2 Marks

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