Physics

1. The slit width, when a light of wavelength 6500Å is incident on a slit, if first minima for red light is at 300 1×10-6m a) b) 5.2×10-6m C) 1.3×10-6m d) 2.6×10-6m 2.Newton's rings are observed by keeping a spherical surface of 100cm radius on a plane glass plate. The wave length of light used is 5880Å. If the diameter of the 15th bright ring is 0.59cm, the diameter of the 5th ring is 0.226cm 0.336cm a) b) 0.446cm c) d) 0.556cm 3. The resulting intensity after interference of two coherent waves represented by v1a1cost and v2a2cos2t will be a1+a2 c) a12-a22 a) a1-a2 b) d) a12+a22 4.In a young's experiment, one of the slit is covered with a transparent sheet of thickness 3.6×10−3cm due to which position of central fringe shifts to a position originally occupied by 30th bright fringe. The refractive index of the sheet, if λ =6000Å is a) 1.5 b) 1.2 C) 1.3 d) 1.7 5. In young's double slit experiment with monochromatic light of wave length 600nm, the distance between slits is 10–3m. For changing fringe width by 3×10–5m the screen is moved away from the slits by 5cm b) the screen is moved by a) the screen is moved by 3cm towards the slits 5cm towards the slits C) d) both (a) and (b) are correct 6. When two coherent monochromatic light beams of intensities I and 4I are superimposed, what are the maximum and minimum possible intensities in the resulting beams? 5I and I b) 5I and 3I 9I and I d) a) c) 9I and 31 7.In young's double slit experiment when violet light of wave length 4358Å is used, then 84 fringes are seen in the field of view, but when sodium light of certain wave length is used, then 62 fringes are seen in the field of view, the wave length of sodium light is 6893Å b) 5904Å c) 5523Å d) 6429Å a) 8.In an interference pattern the position of zeroth order maxima is 4.8mm from a certain point P on the screen. The fringe width is 0.2mm. The position of second maxima from point P is 5.1 mm b) 5 mm c) 40 mm d) 5.2 mm a) 9.If young's double slit experiment is performed in water, the fringe width will decreases b) the fringe width will increase a) C) the fringe width will remain unchanged d) there will be no fringe 10. The first diffraction minimum due to single slit diffraction is θ , for a light of wave length 5000Å. If the width of the slit is $1 \times 10 - 4$ cm, then the value of θ is _ 300 b) 450 600 d) 150 a) C) 11.2 non-coherent sources emit light beam of intensities I and 4I. The maximum and minimum intensities in the resulting beam are 9I and 3I a) b) 91 and 51 C) 5I and I d) 51 and 31 12.Light propagates 2cm distance in glass of refractive index 1.5 in time t0. In the same time t0, light propagates a distance of 2.25 cm in a medium. The refractive index of the medium is a) 4/3 b) 3/2 C) 8/3 d) none of these 13. Two wave fronts are emitted from coherent sources of path difference between them is 2.1 micron. Face difference between the wave fronts at that point is 7.692 π . Wave length of light emitted by source will be 5386Å b) 5400Å c) 5460Å d) 5892Å a) 14.A spherical air bubble in water will act as convex lens concave lens c) a) b) glass plate d) plano convex lens 15.A concave lens can be used as a simple magnifier if the object lies

within the focal length c) beyond f b) between f and a) 2f at 2f d) 16.For an equilateral prism the angle of minimum deviation is 300. Then the refractive index of the material of the prism is 1/2 2 2 d) 22 a) b) C) 17.Luminous flux is expressed in Lumen b) Candela C) Weber d) Lue a) 18.Light travels through a glass plate of thickness d. If n is the refractive index of glass and c is the velocity of light in vacuum, the time taken by light to travel through the glass plate is n/cd nc/d nd/c b) C) d) a) ndc 19. What is the magnification when an object is placed at 2f of a convex mirror 1/33/2 b) 2/3 d) a) C) 1 20.A tank is filled with water up to a height of 12.5 cm. The apparent depth of a needle at the bottom of the tank is (n of water =1.33) 12.5 cmb) 16.6 cmd) 9.4 cm c) 11.17 cm a) 21.A man under water in a lake is viewing a boy standing on the bank of the lake. Then for him the boy appears to be shorter b) taller c) of the same size d) a) 16 cm 22.A convex mirror placed at a distance of 20 cm from a candle forms a virtual image at the same position as that formed by a plane mirror at a distance of 12 cm from the candle. What is the focal length of the convex mirror? 20 cm b) 15 cm c) 10 cm d) 5 cm a) 23.When light travels from 1 medium to another that remains unaltered is speed b) wave length frequency C) d) a) intensity 24. The length of a telescope is 100 cm and magnification is 19. The focal length of the objective and eve piece are 85 cm and 1 cmc) 90 cm and 10 cm b) 95 cm and 25 a) None of the above cm d) 25.In a compound microscope the object produces a magnification 10 and evepiece produces a magnification 5. The overall magnification produced by the compound microscope is 2 50 a) b) 5 C) 2 d) 26. The colour of the sky is due to scattering of light a) b) refraction of light C) interference of light d) reflection of light 27.An object is placed at a distance f/2 from a convex lens of focal length f. The image will be at a) 3f/2, real and inverted b) one of the foci, virtual, double the size of the f/2, real and inverted d) f. virtual and erect object c) 28. Two thin convex lenses of focal length 10 cm and 15 cm are combined together, the focal length of the combination is 25cm b) 12.5cm c) 15cm d) 6cm a) 29. The focal length of a convex lens is minimum for violet c) red b) blue d) green a) 30.A biconvex lens of focal length 20 cm is cut out into two plano-convex lenses. The focal length of each part is 10 cm b) 20 cm c) 30 cm d) 40 cm a) 31. The minimum distance between the object and its real image formed by a convex lens of focal length f is 1.5 f 3 f a) b) c) 4 f d) f 32. The refractive index of prism depends on angle of the prism deviation produced by the prism c) b) a) intensity of light d) wave length of light 33.It is possible to observe total internal reflection when light travels from air to glass air to water water to glass d) a) b) C) glass to water www.examrace.com

34.A concave lens has focal length f. A real object placed at a distance f in front of the lens from the pole produces an image at infinitv at f/2 a) b) at f C) d) at 2/f 35. The image formed by a plane mirror is real and same size as the objectb) a) virtual, same size as the object c) real and magnified none of these d) 36. The limit of resolution of the eve is one minute at a distance x from the eve. Two persons stand with a lateral separation of 3cms. To see the two persons just resolved by the naked eve. x should be about 20km b) 15km c) 10km d) 30km a) 37. In the displacement method of measuring the focal length of a convex lens, the length of the images in the two positions of the lens between the object and the screen is 9cm and 4cm respectively. The length of the object is 6.25 cmb) a) 1.5 cm c) 6 cm d) 36 cm 38. The refracting angle of a prism is A and the refractive index of the material of the prism cot A/2, the angle of minimum deviation is 180-2A 180-A b) 90-A a) 180-3A c) d) 39.A ray of light travels from vacuum into a medium of refractive index n. The angle of incidence is found to be twice the angle of refraction. The angle of incidence is 2sin-1nd) $\cos -1n/2$ b) $2\cos -1n/2$ c) a) $2\sin - 1n/2$ 40.An object placed at distance 'a' from the focus of a convex lens forms its real image at a distance 'b' from the focus. The focal length of the mirror is ab b) ab c) a+b2 d) ab a) 41. The distance between a point source of light and a screen is doubled. The intensity of light on the screen will be Four times the original value b) half of the original value c) a) two times the original value one quarter the original value. d) 42. From the following which one is used for studying ultra violet light? prism of crown glass prism of flint glass prism of a) b) C) prism with combination of flint and crown glass quartz d) 43.Electromagnetic waves are longitudinal waves b) transverse waves neither a) C) longitudinal nor transverse d) 🦳 stationary waves 44.If there are no atmosphere the average temperature on the surface of the earth would be a) lower b) higher c) same as now d) 00C 45.displacement current was first produced by a) Ampereb) Henry c) Maxwell d) base 46.Pick out the odd one which has extremely short wave length much shorter than that of visible light and can be emitted from the nucleus of an atom. UV radiation b) d) beta radiation c) y radiation a) infra red radiation 47. The TV transmission tower in Delhi has a height of 240m. The distance upto when the broadcast can be received [taking radius of earth to be 6.4×106m] 100 km b) 60 km c) 55 km d) 50 km a) 48.All the members of electro magnetic spectrum have same frequency velocity c) wave length b) d) a) wave number 49.Infra red spectrum lies between radio and micro wave region visible and UV region b) C) a) micro wave and visible region d) UV and X-ray region 50. Choose the waves relevant to telecommunications. ultra violet b) visible c) infra red d) a) micro waves