

Explain what are db_options used for?

How many Test Cases do we need to write for a particular application?(For example, for this AllInterview.com?)

can we drive a class from delegate?

What is web.config. How many web.config files can be allowed to use in an application?

- 1. 5-2-3*5-2 will give 18 if
- (a)- is left associative,* has precedence over -
- (b) is right associative,* has precedence over -
- (c) is right associative, has precedence over *
- (d)- is left associative,- has precedence over *

```
2. printf("%f", 9/5);
```

prints

- (a) 1.8,
- (b) 1.0,
- (c) 2.0,
- (d) none

3. if (a=7)

printf(" a is 7 ");



else printf("a is not 7"); prints (a) a is 7, (b) a is not 7, (c) nothing, (d) garbage. 4. if (a>b) if(b>c)s1; else s2; s2 will be executed if (a) a <= b, (b) b>c, (c) $b \le a$ and $a \le b$, (d) a>b and b<=c. 5. printf("%d", sizeof("")); prints (a) error (b)0 (c) garbage (d) 1.



6.	value	of	automatic	variable	that is	declared	but i	not i	nitialized	will	be
(a) ()										

- (b) -1,
- (c) unpredictable,
- (d) none,

```
7. int v=3, *pv=&v;
printf(" %d %d ", v,*pv);
output will be
```

- (a) error
- (b) 3 address of v,
- (c) 3 3
- (d) none.

8. declaration

enum cities{bethlehem,jericho,nazareth=1,jerusalem}

assian value 1 to

- (a) bethlehem
- (b) nazareth
- (c)bethlehem & nazareth
- (d)jericho & nazareth

1. Max number of nodes in a binary tree with height 3 is 20 : Ans: False



2. 10,20,30,40,50,60 : give the order when put in a queue and in a stack
Ans : Queue : 10,20,30,40,50,60
stack: 60,50,40,30,20,10
3. Debugging is the process of finding
Ans : logical and runtime errors
4. trace the error:
void main(){
int &a
/* some other stuff here */
3
Ans: syntax error

5. a problem with a function named 'myValue' will be given and asked to find the value of main() for an argument of 150,



Ans: 150

6. locate the error int arr (20); Ans: syntax error. find(int x,int y) { return ((x<y)?0:(x-y)):} call find(a,find(a,b)) use to find (a) maximum of a,b (b) minimum of a,b (c) positive difference of a,b (d) sum of a,b 2. integer needs 2bytes , maximum value of an unsigned integer is (a) { 2 power 16 } -1 (b) {2 power 15}-1 (c) {2 power16}

3. y is of integer type then expression

3*(y-8)/9 and (y-8)/9*3 yields same value if

(a)must yields same value

(d) {2 power 15}



- (b)must yields different value
- (c)may or may not yields same value
- (d) none of the above
- 4. 5-2-3*5-2 will give 18 if
- (a)- is left associative,* has precedence over -
- (b) is right associative,* has precedence over -
- (c) is right associative,- has precedence over *
- (d)- is left associative,- has precedence over *

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5. printf("%f", 9/5);
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prints

- (a) 1.8,
- (b) 1.0,
- (c) 2.0,
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.

6. if (a=7)

printf(" a is 7 ");

else

printf("a is not 7");

prints

- (a) a is 7,
- (b) a is not 7,



```
(c) nothing,(d) garbage.
```

```
7. if (a>b)
if(b>c)
s1;
else s2;
s2 will be executed if
(a) a <= b,
(b) b>c,
(c) b \le a and a \le b,
(d) a>b and b<=c.
8. main()
{
inc(); ,inc(); , inc();
}
inc()
{ static int x;
printf("%d", ++x);
prints
(a) 012,
```

(b) 123,



- (c) 3 consecutive unprectiable numbers
- (d) 111.
- 9. preprocessing is done
- (a) either before or at begining of compilation process
- (b) after compilation before execution
- (c) after loading
- (d) none of the above.

```
10. printf("%d", sizeof(""));
prints
```

- (a) error
- (b)0
- (c) garbage
- (d) 1.

```
11. main()
{
int a=5,b=2;
printf("%d", a+++b);
}
```

(a) results in syntax,



- (b) print 7,
- (c) print 8,
- (d) none,
- 12. process by which one bit patten in to another by bit wise operation is
- (a) masking,
- (b) pruning,
- (c) biting,
- (d) chopping,
- 13. value of automatic variable that is declared but not intialized

will be

- (a) 0,
- (b) -1,
- (c) unpredictable,
- (d) none,

14. int v=3, *pv=&v;

printf(" %d %d ", v,*pv);

output will be

- (a) error
- (b) 3 address of v,
- (c) 3 3
- (d) none.



```
15. declaration
enum cities{bethlehem,jericho,nazareth=1,jerusalem}
assian value 1 to
(a) bethlehem
(b) nazareth
(c)bethlehem & nazareth
(d)jericho & nazareth
16. #include<conion.h>
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
char buffer[82]={80};
char *result;
printf( "input line of text, followed by carriage return :\n");
result = cgets(buffer);
printf("text=%s\n",result);
(a) printf("length=%d",buffer[1]);
(b) printf("length=%d",buffer[0]);
(c) printf("length=%d",buffer[81]);
(d) printf("length=%d",buffer[2]);
```



- 17. consider scanf and sscanf function, which is true
- (a) no standard function called sscanf
- (b) sscanf(s,...) is equivalent to scanf(...) except that input charecter are taken from string s.
- (c) sscanf is equivalent to scanf.
- (d) none of above.

```
18. #include <stdio.h>
main()
{
char line[80];
scanf("%[^\n]",line);
printf("%s",line);
}
```

- (a) compilation error . illegal format string.
- (b) terminates reading input into variable line.
- (c) and (d) other two options.
- 19. problem was big so i couldn't remember . simple one.

20 . ceil(-2.8) ?

what scanf do?

(a) 0



- (b) -3.0
- (c) -2.0
- (d) 2
- 21. for(p=head; p!=null; p= p -> next) free(p);
- (a) program run smooth.
- (b) compilation error.
- (c) run time error.
- (d) none of above.

22. int
$$x[3][4] = {$$

{1,2,3},

{4,5,6},

{7,8,9}

ι

(a)
$$x[2][1] = x[2][2] = x[2][3] = 0$$

- (b) value in fourth column is zero
- (c) value in last row is zero
- (d) none of above.
- 23. problem was big so i couldn't remember . simple one.



```
24. main ()
{
printf("%u", main());
}
(a) print garbage.
(b) execution error
(c) printing of starting address of function main.
(d) infinite loop.

25 . int a, *b = &a, **c =&b;
....
....
a=4;
```

- (a) doesnot change value of a
- (b) assign address of c to a.
- (c) assign value of b to a.
- (d) assign 5 to a.

** c= 5;

- 26. problem was big so i couldn't remember . simple one.
- 27. problem was big so i couldn't remember . simple one.



28 . answer : swapping of values .

29 . simple one.

30.i = 5;

i = (++i)/(i++);

printf("%d" , i);

prints,

- (a) 2
- (b) 5
- (c) 1
- (d) 6