2/18/12 Code: A-20

Code: D-21 Subject: DATA COMMUNICATION & NETWORKS
Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

NOTE: There are 11 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 16 marks. Answer to Q. 1. must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- Answer any THREE Questions each from Part I and Part II. Each of these questions carries 14 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1	Cł	noose the correct or best alternative	e in the following:	(2x8)		
	a.	The maximum number of unconfirmed frames that can be outstanding at any one time with SDLC is				
		(A) 4	<b>(B)</b> 7			
		(C) 14	<b>(D)</b> 8			
	b.	CLP field is used in ATM cell header	· to			
		<ul><li>(A) detect and correct single bit erro</li><li>(B) indicate type of frame</li></ul>	ors			
		<ul><li>(C) provide flow control</li><li>(D) to discard cell when necessary</li></ul>				
	c.	c. In which type of switching do all the datagrams of a message follow the same channel				
		<ul><li>(A) circuit switching</li><li>(C) virtual circuit packet switching</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) data gram packet switching</li><li>(D) message switching</li></ul>			
	d.					
		<ul><li>(A) DTE to DCE</li><li>(C) DCE to DCE</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) DTE to DTE</li><li>(D) DCE to DTE</li></ul>			
	e.	USRT performs the following function	n/s			

To decrease attenuation and distortion of a signal, a line can be

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		<ul><li>(A) multiplexed</li><li>(C) amplified</li></ul>	• •	grounded conditioned		
	g.	VLF propagation occurs in				
		(A) troposphere	(B)	ionosphere		
		(C) surface	, ,	space		
	h.	h. A maximum cable length of 50 feet is specified in standard				
		(A) EIA-232	<b>(B)</b>	EIA-449		
		(C) EIA-423	<b>(D)</b>	EIA-422		
				RTI		
		Answer any THRE	E Questions.	Each question carries 14 marks.		
Q.2	a.	. With neat diagrams give an account of OSI layering. Discuss in brief functions of each layer w emphasis on the network layer and its services to above layers.  (8)				
	b.	With a neat flow chart give al an example.	_	alog methods and explain their relevance to modems wit		
	c.	Calculate the highest bit rate and the signal to noise ratio be	•	ne channel given, the bandwidth of the line to be 3000H (2)		
Q.3	a	. What is HDLC? Explain is superior to SDLC frame form		at and its various fields with a neat diagram. How is (8)		
	b.	What is line encoding? List the factors considered for selecting a line-encoding format. Draw and explain line-encoding formats for AMI and Manchester code.  (6)				
Q.4	a.	Write a note on error detect sequence 10011101.	tion and corre	ction methods. Construct the Hamming code for the b		
		b. With neat diagrams communication.	discuss Fran	ne relay and explain why it is unsuitable for real-time (7)		
Q.5	a.		~	odulator with an input bit rate $(f_b)$ equal to 20 Mbps and the minimum double-sided Nyquist bandwidth $(f_N)$ and		

the baud rate. (5)

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b. What is TDM? With the help of a block diagram, explain how it works. What is statistical TDM? What is its advantage? Discuss its frame format. (9)

Q.6 a. With the help of neat diagrams, explain the 802.3 frame format and its working. How does 4B/5B encoding guarantee that there will be no sequences of four or more 0s in the data field?(7)

b. Explain any two shortest path routing protocols you have studied. Explain why adaptive routing techniques are superior to non-adaptive routing? (7)

## PART II Answer any THREE Questions. Each question carries 14 marks.

- Q.7 a. What is the difference between N-ISDN and B-ISDN? Discuss the functions of ISDN physical layer? (7)
  - b. How does ATM differ from frame relay? List and briefly define the ATM service categories. What are the services provided by AAC? (7)
- Q.8 a. Draw and discuss the IP Datagram frame format. Discuss in detail the various fields. What is subnetting? (10)
  - b. Show by calculation how many hosts per network each IP address class A, B, and C can have. (4)
- Q.9 a. Discuss the problems of hidden station and exposed station in a wireless LAN. Discuss MACAW algorithm. (10)
  - b. What are the two popular approaches to packet switching? (4)
- Q.10 a. Discuss about different networking devices. What is a firewall? Explain its role with reference to OSI model.

  (10)
  - b. How are HTTP and the WWW related to the internet? (4)
- Q.11 Answer the following in brief:
  - (i) Distinguish between a null modem and intelligent modem. (5)
  - (ii) Distinguish between circuit switching and packet switching. (4)
  - (iii) Congestion control methods. (5)