

Roll No. ....

Total No. of Questions : 09]

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**Paper ID [EC203]**

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MAY-08

**B.Tech. (Sem. - 3<sup>rd</sup>)**

**ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS AND  
INSTRUMENTATION (EC - 203)**

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

**Instruction to Candidates:**

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.
- 3) Attempt any **Two** questions from Section - C.

**Section - A**

(10 x 2 = 20)

**Q1)**

- a) Why is sensitivity of the a.c. scale of a multimeter less than the d.c section?
- b) What are the different types of strain gauges? Name four resistance materials used in wire and foil gauges.
- c) What are the different methods of data transmission?
- d) Define accuracy and precision related to measuring instruments.
- e) Differentiate between active square wave generator and passive square wave generator.
- f) Nixie tube display is based on what principle?
- g) What is the function of a data acquisition system?
- h) Explain the electron gun assembly in C.R.T.
- i) What are the advantages and disadvantages of thermocouples?
- j) Draw the block diagram of a general telemetry system.

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P.T.O.

### Section - B

(4 x 5 = 20)

- Q2) Draw and explain the block diagram of a function generator.
- Q3) What is gauge factor? A resistance wire strain gauge uses a soft iron wire of small diameter. The gauge factor is +5.2. Neglecting the piezo-resistive effect. Calculate the Poisson's ratio.
- Q4) Explain the working of C.R.O with the help of diagram?
- Q5) Explain the working principle of Nixie tube.
- Q6) With the help of neat diagram, explain the position telemetering system.

### Section - C

(2 x 10 = 20)

- Q7) (a) Explain the construction and working of electronic multimeter.  
(b) Compare LED and LCD in respect of:  
(i) Construction material (ii) Working principle.
- Q8) (a) Give details of magnetic tape recorders.  
(b) Differentiate between current and potential transformer.
- Q9) (a) A circuit consisting of a coil, a resistance and a variable capacitor connected in series is tuned to resonance using a Q meter. If the frequency is 500kHz, the resistance  $0.5\Omega$  and the variable capacitor set to 350 pF. Calculate the effective inductance and resistance of the coil, if the Q meter indicates 90.  
(b) Explain the working of LVDT with diagram.

